The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 13,937. SYDNEY, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1882. 20 PAGES. PRICE 2d.

Births.

BOYD.—November 26, at her residence, 7, Tivoli-terrace, Point Piper-road, Mrs. G. H. Boyd, of a daughter.

DYASON.—November 24, at her residence, Alexandria, the wife of William B. Dyason, of a daughter.

GRIFFITH.—November 26, at her residence, Segenhoe, Waverley, the wife of William Griffith, of a son.

TURNER.—November 27, at 1, Bainbridge-terrace, Stanmore-road, Mrs. E. W. Turner, of a daughter.

WILSHIRE.—November 21, at Baramangera, Coppabella station, the wife of A. T. Wilshire of a daughter.

WRIGHT.—At her residence, Walgett, the wife of W. H. Wright, storekeeper, of a son, stillborn.

Marriages.

BAKER—SWEET.—November 28, at St. John's, Bishopsthorpe, Wiston Baker, M.D., Government Medical Officer, Fiji, late of The Thorns, Heathfield, Sussex, to Alice, third daughter of Lewis William Sweet, Esq., of Glebe Point, Sydney, late of Newton Abbott, Devonshire. Home papers please copy.

SHERRIFF—WILLIAMS.—November 21, at St. Thomas' Church, Balmain, by the Rev. E. D. Madgwick, John D. Sherriff, post and telegraph master, Bowral, to Mary Louisa, eldest daughter of P. C. Williams, of Pembarwood, Forest Lodge.

Deaths.

CORNISH.—In fond and affectionate remembrance of George Cornish, who died on November 29th, 1877, aged 31 years, the eldest son of the late Benjamin Cornish, leaving an affectionate wife and child to mourn their loss; beloved by all that knew him. Not lost, but gone before.

FOX.—November 27, at Trinity Parsonage, Kelso, suddenly, Phebe Eliza, fifth daughter of the late William Fox, of Shaldon, Devon.

HURLEY.—On the morning of November 27, at his residence, Alpha House, Campbelltown, John Hurley, aged 86 years.

MANNING.—November 25, at Windsor, Alice Nellie, beloved infant daughter of Charles and Emily Manning, aged 3 months and 3 days.

RIGG.—November 27, at Fivedock, Alethea Rigg, youngest daughter of Samuel and Agnes Rigg, aged 8 months.

SPRAY.—November 17, at the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. James Spray, 6, Bourke-street, Mary Ann, relict of the late Mr. John Spray, late of Woollahra, aged 69 years.

WADDINGTON.—In affectionate remembrance of my dear brother, Robert Waddington, who departed this life 29th of November, 1881, aged 39 years.

WARREN.—In affectionate remembrance of our dear mother, Sarah Warren, who died November 29, 1874, aged 56 years.

WOOD.—In loving remembrance of the late William Wood, aged 52, native of Kent, England, late of Clarence-street, Sydney, died 2nd July, 1869; also Mary Ann, wife of the above, aged 47, native of Sydney, died 29th November, 1870.

AGENCE HAVAS, 8, Place de la Bourse, Paris.—AGENTS for THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, the SYDNEY MAIL, and the ECHO, in France and Belgium. Advertisements can be received and files of the above newspapers inspected. London address: AGENCE MITCHELL, 85, Gracechurch-street.

Shipping.

DIRECT SERVICE TO ENGLAND.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The Company's Steamships (under contract with the Victorian Government for the Conveyance of H.M. Mails) will be despatched as under, from the Company's Wharf, at the Circular Quay, direct to LONDON via Colombo, calling at Melbourne, Glenelg, and King George's Sound.

Steamer.	Tns.	Commander.	L. Syd. 12 noon.	L. Melbourne.	Leaves Glenelg.
Kaisar-i-hind	4023	J. C. Babot ...	... Dec. 1	Dec. 7	Dec. 9
Rosetta ...	3502	A. E. Barlow ...	... Dec. 15	Dec. 21	Dec. 23
			1883.		1883.
Assam ...	3038	G. W. Brady ...	... Dec. 29	Jan. 4	Jan. 6
Ballarat ...	4700	P. S. Tomlin...	... Jan. 12	Jan. 18	Jan. 20
Clyde ...	4124	E. M. Edmond, R.N.R.	Jan. 26	Feb. 1	Feb. 3

and thenceforth every alternate week.

Rates of Passage Money to Plymouth or London:—£70 first and £45 second class.

Brindisi, Venice, or Trieste, £65 first, and £40 second class, inclusive of cost of transit through Egypt.

RETURN TICKETS TO EUROPE granted at greatly reduced rates.

Passengers, cargo, and parcels are booked through to India, China, and Japan.

For all information, apply at the Company's Offices, 247, George-street.

J. WEIR, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TO PASSENGERS DESIROUS OF AVOIDING THE HEAT AND DISCOMFORT OF THE RED SEA.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA, under contract with New South Wales and New Zealand Governments, 1882.

The magnificent steamships of this line leave Sydney for San Francisco (calling at Auckland and Honolulu) every fourth THURSDAY, at 3 p.m. as under:—

Steamer.	Tns.	Date of Departure.
AUSTRALIA ...	2400	Nov. 30, 1882 Mar. 22, 1883 July 12, 1883
CITY OF NEW YORK	3200	Dec. 28, 1882 April 19, 1883 Aug. 9, 1883
ZEALANDIA ...	2400	Jan. 25, 1883 May 17, 1883 Sept. 6, 1883
CITY OF SYDNEY ..	3200	Feb. 22, 1883 June 14, 1883 Oct. 4, 1883

Passengers are booked to any point on the principal Railroad Routes in the United States and Canada, or through to Liverpool, London, or Paris, &c., with special advantages; and may, without extra cost, avail themselves of the Southern Pacific Railroad (with its connections) now open; thus avoiding the winter's cold of the more Northern Route; and for a slight additional charge may go through the Southern States to New Orleans, and thence to New York.

Passengers have choice of the unrivalled Atlantic steamships of Cunard, Inman, White Star, and other lines. And ALL first-class passengers are allowed 250lb. baggage FREE OF CHARGE.

Tickets are good until used, and allow passengers to stop off as long as they choose, to visit all places of interest in America and Canada. Stop over privileges are also allowed on steamers' tickets for Auckland and Honolulu.

THROUGH FARE TO LONDON,
FIRST CLASS ... ... £66 and upwards.

Time cards, railway maps, and guide books showing all routes to any point in United States may be had on application.

Drafts, payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.

For rates of passage and freight, and all other information, apply to

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., General Agents, 1, Bent-street, Sydney.

PACIFIC MAIL S. S. COMPANY.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF WOOL TO NEW YORK, BOSTON, MONTREAL, TORONTO, AND PORTLAND (MAINE).

Arrangements have been made for the direct and rapid transmission of Wool to the abovenamed cities, on a through Bill of Lading, at very favourable rates per steamer and rail.

For rates of freight and all information, apply

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., General Agents.

R.M.S. AUSTRALIA, for SAN FRANCISCO.

All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in triplicate on the special forms to the undersigned by noon THIS DAY, Wednesday, otherwise they will not be recognised.

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

ORIENT LINE.

The following Steamships, belonging to the ORIENT CO. and the PACIFIC CO., will leave SYDNEY, at daylight, on the undermentioned dates, for LONDON, via Melbourne, Adelaide, Diego Garcia (at steamer's option), the Suez Canal, and Naples:—

Ship.	Tons.	Date.	Ship.	Tons.	Date.
Potosi ..	... 4219	Dec. 9	Chimborazo..	3847	Dec. 30
Orient...	... 5386	Dec. 16	John Elder ...	4152	Jan. 13

and fortnightly thereafter.

SALOON PASSENGERS allowed to break their journey.

ORIENT PARCELS EXPRESS:—2s 6d per foot, or 6d per lb.

PASSAGES FROM LONDON can be granted in Sydney.

MANAGERS IN LONDON:—F. GREEN and CO., and ANDERSON, ANDERSON, and CO., Fenchurch Avenue, E.C.

PASSAGE MONEY, 15 to 70 guineas. Full particulars on application to

G. S. YUILL,
267, George-street. General Manager in Australia.

STEAM TO LONDON, VIA THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

FOR THE FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.

The STEAMSHIP HANSA, classed May, 1882, 100 A1, 3024 tons register, 400 h.p., will be despatched as above.

This swift full-powered steamer offers special inducements to STEERAGE PASSENGERS for the CAPE of GOOD HOPE, having roomy and well ventilated accommodation in 'tween decks, and being the only opportunity of getting direct to the Cape.

SHE HAS JUST COMPLETED the VOYAGE from EUROPE to THIS PORT via HONOLULU, MAKING AN AVERAGE speed of 12 KNOTS.

The steamer has been docked, cleaned, and painted, and is being loaded at the Central Wharf.

The bulk of her cargo has been engaged, only a limited space being now available, for which early application is requested.

For freight or passage apply to

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

Wool received at Central Wharf Stores.

HUDDART PARKER LINE.

NOTICE to PASSENGERS and SHIPPERS for MELBOURNE.

The undersigned will despatch their steamships (when practicable) as follows, from Russell's Wharf, foot of Margaret-street:—

Nemesis ...	2000 tons	P. Le Neven ...	FRIDAY, 1st December, afternoon.
Wendouree	2500 tons	W. H. Emmerson	FRIDAY, 8th December, afternoon.

Saloon Passage, £1 10s.
Second Cabin, 15s.

Second cabin passengers supplied with bedding and victualled free.

HUDDART, PARKER, and CO., Russell's Wharf, foot Margaret-street.

TASMANIAN S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS WILL LEAVE THE TASMANIAN WHARF—

For HOBART, via EDEN:
S. ESK, on or about THURSDAY, 30th November, at noon.
For HOBART Direct:
S. TASMAN, TUESDAY, 5th December, at noon.
For LAUNCESTON, via EDEN:
S. CORINNA, on or about THURSDAY, 7th December, at 4 p.m.
[illegible] on day of sailing.

[illegible] W. WILLIS, Agents, [illegible]

QUEENSLAND ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Under contract with the Queensland Government.

The splendid steamship ROMA, 2817 tons, 500 h.p. (nominal), will be despatched from Moreton Bay for London, via the Northern Queensland ports, Aden, and Suez Canal, on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.

This vessel has magnificent accommodation for first and second class passengers.

No Canal dues. Return tickets issued at great reductions.

Fares to London: Saloon, 60 guineas; second class, 40 guineas; steerage, £18.

For rates of freight, plans of cabin, and full particulars, apply

GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents, 93, Pitt-street, Sydney.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN S.S. COMPANY Limited.

STEAM TO HONGKONG, calling at TOWNSVILLE, COOKTOWN, THURSDAY ISLAND, and PORT DARWIN.

The steamship MENMUIR, 1940 tons, WINTHROP ELLIS, Commander, will leave the COMPANY'S (Smith's) WHARF, MILLER'S POINT, on DECEMBER 12, taking cargo for all ports.

For freight or passage, apply to

GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents, 93, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL.

FOR THE FEBRUARY SALES.

The fast and powerful steamship KILLARNEY, H. O'Neill, commander, 1701 tons, 250 h.p., having the whole of her deadweight on board, and LARGE GENERAL ENGAGEMENTS, will meet with quick despatch for the FEBRUARY SALES, and leave on or about the 2nd DECEMBER.

She has been DOCKED, CLEANED, and PAINTED, and Capt. O'Neill is convinced his passage will not exceed FIFTY DAYS.

WOOL is NOW BEING RECEIVED at FLOOD and CO.'S STORES, Circular Quay.

This steamer, so well and favourably known in the China tea trade, for the splendid condition she lands her cargo, and her FAST PASSAGES, offers splendid opportunities to shippers.

IMMEDIATE APPLICATION IS NECESSARY

For freight to

GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents, 93, Pitt-street.

Sydney, November 16, 1882.

STEAM TO LONDON DIRECT, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

The magnificent full-powered steamship DEVONSHIRE, 1513 tons net register, 100 A1 at Lloyd's, A. PURVIS, Commander.

This fine steamer will be despatched direct to London, via Suez Canal, in ample time for the February Wool Sales, and will be docked before leaving.

For rates of freight or passage, apply to

YOUNG and LARK, Agents, Moore-street.

Wool received at Talbot's Stores.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY intend despatching their Steamers for the following ports, viz.:—

MELBOURNE.—Ly-ee-Moon, this afternoon, Wednesday, at 6; and City of Adelaide, Saturday afternoon, at 5.

ADELAIDE.—Ly-ee-Moon will take cargo for transhipment at Melbourne.

NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA).—City of Melbourne, Friday, 1st December, at noon.

LEVUKA (FIJI), SUVA (FIJI) } Ganges, this day, Wednesday, at noon.

BRISBANE.—Victoria, about to-morrow afternoon, Thursday, at 4; Ranelagh, Saturday, at noon; and Glanworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.

MARYBOROUGH.—Ranelagh, Saturday, at noon.

ROCKHAMPTON.—Ranelagh, Saturday, at noon.

BUNDABERG.—Leichardt, from Brisbane, about 30th instant.

BROADSOUND.—Steamer early.

GLADSTONE.—Leichardt, from Brisbane, about 30th instant; and Victoria, from Sydney, about to-morrow afternoon, Thursday, at 4.

PORT MACKAY.—Glanworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.

BOWEN.—Victoria, about to-morrow, Thursday afternoon, at 4; and Glanworth (for passengers only), Tuesday afternoon, at 4.

TOWNSVILLE, CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY), PORT DOUGLAS, ISLAND POINT } Victoria, about to-morrow, Thursday afternoon, at 4; and Glanworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.

COOKTOWN WHARF, CARDWELL, KEPPEL BAY } Glanworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.

N.B.—Steerage passengers are victualled and supplied with bedding.

Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.

Applications for fares and freights may be made at the Branch Office, corner of King and York streets, or Head Office, Circular Quay.

Parcels are received at the Branch Office on the day of departure of the steamers up to one hour of the advertised time.

The Traffic Manager will be in attendance there daily between the hours of 12 and 3.

FRED. PHILLIPS, Acting Manager.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS AND SHIPPERS FOR MELBOURNE.

The A. S. N. Co. will despatch their splendid steamship LY-EE-MOON, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at 6, and CITY OF ADELAIDE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 5.

Steerage passengers are victualled and supplied with bedding, and a liberal dietary scale included in passage money. Freights at current rates.

FRED. PHILLIPS, Acting Manager.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and ROCKHAMPTON.

The undersigned will despatch their STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF and the NEW WHARF, foot of King-street. Offices—42, King-street.

FOR MELBOURNE.		
BARRABOOL ...	E. Johnson ...	FRIDAY, at 4 p.m.
RODONDO ...	J. R. Clark ...	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.
FOR BRISBANE.		
YOU YANGS ...	E. Boult ...	SATURDAY.
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South ...	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.
FOR MARYBOROUGH.		
YOU YANGS ...	E. Boult ...	SATURDAY.
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South ...	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON.		
YOU YANGS ...	E. Boult ...	SATURDAY.
KEILAWARRA	J. H. South ...	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5.

Cargo received for the above ports every day. Fore cabin passengers supplied with bedding and victualled free.

The fares per Barrabool, which will leave Sydney on FRIDAY, have been reduced to 15s steerage and 30s saloon.

W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, 42, King-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

REDUCTION of FARES by FRIDAY'S STEAMER.

The Favourite S.S. BARRABOOL, 1500 tons, will leave the New Wharf, foot of King-street, On FRIDAY, at 4 p.m.

The fares per Barrabool, which will leave Sydney on Friday, have been REDUCED to 15s steerage and 30s saloon.

W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, 42, King-street.

STEAM TO BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, AND ROCKHAMPTON.

The fast and favourite S.S. YOU YANGS, Ed. Boult, commander, will leave the New Wharf, foot of King-street, on SATURDAY.

W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, 42, King-street.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, LIMITED.

REGULAR COMMUNICATION TO ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

FROM SYDNEY.

FOR AUCKLAND, GISBORNE, NAPIER, WELLINGTON, LYTTELTON, AND PORT CHALMERS, DUNEDIN.
ARAWATA, 1100 tons, THURSDAY, 7th December.

FOR WELLINGTON, LYTTELTON, AND PORT CHALMERS, DUNEDIN, transhipping to out ports.
WAKATIPU, 1796 tons, about FRIDAY, 15th December.

FROM MELBOURNE.

FOR BLUFF, PORT CHALMERS, and all NORTHERN PORTS.
TE ANAU, 1652 tons, WEDNESDAY, 29th November.
ROTOMAHANA, 1727 tons, TUESDAY, 5th December, via HOBART.

FREDK. W. JACKSON, 26, Pitt-street.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, LIMITED.

EXCURSION SEASON, 1882-83.

During the months of DECEMBER, JANUARY, and FEBRUARY tickets will be issued at REDUCED RATES to and from all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

Round Tickets, via Auckland, to Melbourne, or vice versa £17 0 0
Ditto ditto, Wellington, ditto ditto 15 0 0

Passengers can stop at ports en route, but must finally re-embark before 31st March, 1883.

WEST COAST SOUNDS.

The usual annual excursion will be resumed this season. One of the Company's steamers, probably the s.s. Tarawera, will leave Port Chalmers about the end of January, and will visit Milford, Dusky, Carwell, and other principal Sounds on the West Coast. For all further particulars apply to

FREDK. W. JACKSON, [illegible]

STEAM TO PORT ADELAIDE DIRECT.

The splendid new s.s. BIRKSGATE, 1443 tons register, 1200 h.p. indicated, A. M'KENZIE, Commander, will sail, if practicable, from the new wharf, King-street, on MONDAY, 4th December, at noon.

The attention of passengers is specially directed to the very superior accommodation of this magnificent steamer.

Intending shippers are particularly requested to engage freight before sending any goods to the wharf, where cargo will be received on the day prior to and on the day of sailing. Bonded goods sailing day only.

L. M'LAREN, Agent, 247, George-street, Over P. and O. Co.'s offices.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, AND MORPETH.

FROM THE LIME-STREET WHARF:
THIS NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, at 11, the KEMBLA.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, THURSDAY, for cargo only, the BOOMERANG.

Bonded Goods will not be received after 4; other cargo not after 5 p.m.

H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.

FROM SYDNEY:
THIS NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, for cargo only, the LUBRA.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, THURSDAY, at 11, the MORPETH.
ON FRIDAY NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.

Goods received for Clarence Town THIS DAY.

Freight payable in Sydney.

Bonded goods will not be received after 4; other goods not after 5 p.m.

J. W. LEE, Acting Manager.

Offices—foot of Market-street.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS to

WOLLONGONG.—Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, at 11 p.m.; Wednesday and Friday, 10 a.m.; Friday, 6 p.m.; Saturday, noon.
KIAMA.—Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, 11 p.m.
SHOALHAVEN.—Tuesday and Friday, 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.
CLYDE RIVER.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.
MORUYA.—Friday, 6 p.m.
MERIMBULA.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.; Saturday, noon; cargo, 11.
TATHRA (for BEGA).—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.; Saturday, noon; cargo, 11.
EDEN.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.; Saturday, noon; cargo, 11.
BERMAGUI.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; passengers only.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVER S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.

CITY OF GRAFTON, for GRAFTON, TUESDAY NIGHT, at 9.
QUEEN OF THE SOUTH, for MACLEAY RIVER, SATURDAY NIGHT, at 9.
CORAKI, for RICHMOND RIVER, FRIDAY, 8th December.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

Clarence Wharf, Sussex-street.

RICHMOND RIVER.

S.S. PLATYPUS, via Newcastle and Clarence River, FRIDAY next.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary, C. and R. R. S. N. Co.

Clarence Wharf, Sussex-street.

CLARENCE RIVER.

The S.S. HELEN NICOLL, H. Chudleigh, master, will leave the Market Wharf, foot of Market-street, On SATURDAY NIGHT, at 9. Saloon comfortable, well ventilated, and amidships.

NIPPER and SEE, 120, Sussex-street.

RICHMOND RIVER.

The S.S. LISMORE, 500 tons, advertised yesterday to sail on Friday (in error), will positively sail from Russell's Wharf, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 2 p.m.

B. B. NICOLL, 9, Sussex-street.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS DAILY.

Despatched from Sydney, 7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.45, 6, 11.15.
" " Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 11.45, 2.30.
" " Manly, 8.10, 8.45, 12, 3.30, 5, 5.30, 7.
On Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 p.m. from Sydney, and 9 p.m. from Manly.

RETURN FARE, 1s 6d; CHILDREN, 1s.
SATURDAY and SUNDAYS—Special Time-table.

HUNTER'S HILL & PARRAMATTA STEAMERS FROM KING-STREET TO HUNTER'S HILL and GLADESVILLE—7, 9, 10, 11, 12.30, 1, 3, 3.45, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15.
TO COCKATOO, HUNTER'S HILL, and VILLA MARIA—7, 9, 10, 11, 12.30, 1, 3, 3.45, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15, 7.45, 9.30, 11.15.
Addl., Mon., Tues., Thurs., 6.15 a.m.
TO DRUMMOYNE PARK—7 a.m., 10 a.m., 3, 3.45, 6.15 p.m.
TO FIVE DOCK and BURWOOD—7.7 a.m., 10, 12.30, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15.
TO PARRAMATTA, RYDE, &c.—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5.
FROM PARRAMATTA—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.
FROM FIVE DOCK—7.45, 8.30, 11 a.m., 2.45, 5.15, 6.10.
FROM GLADESVILLE—8, 8.45, 10, 11.15, 12, 2, 3, 4, 5.15, 6, 6.25.
FROM HUNTER'S HILL—7.5, 8.15, 9.5, 10.15, 11.30 a.m.; 12.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.35, 6.25, 7.5, 8.45, 10.20 p.m.
FROM VILLA MARIA—7, 7.45, 8.55, 10, 12, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8.40, 10.15.
FROM DRUMMOYNE PARK—7.10 a.m., 9.10, 11.35, 3.20, 6.20.
ADDL. FROM FIVE DOCK—Mon., Wed., Sat., 7.15 p.m., and to Ryde, 11.15 p.m. Fares, lowest rates.

HUNTER'S HILL AND LANE COVE STEAMERS LEAVE
LIME-STREET at 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15.
LANE COVE, at 7, 8, 8.50, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15.
SUNDAYS, LIME-STREET, 10, 11, 2.30, 2.45, 6.15, 7.15.
LANE COVE, 9, 12, 1, 5.15, 6, 7.15.
Extra on THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, Lime-street, 11.30 p.m. Lane Cove, 10 p.m. Fare, 1s.

FOR LEVUKA Direct.—Barque CANOPUS will receive cargo on THURSDAY next, and have prompt despatch. For freight or passage, apply to

M. H. HORWITZ, Agent, 42, Pitt-street.

FOR LONDON.

WOOL RECEIVED AT CENTRAL STORES.

The fine A1 Aberdeen clipper ship CIMBA, 1117 tons register, John Finnister, commander.

This splendid clipper is now receiving cargo, and, having large engagements, will receive prompt dispatch.

For terms, &c., apply to Captain Finnister, on board; or to

DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.

FOR LONDON.

The undersigned will despatch the undermentioned ships on the following dates:—

Name.	Tons.	Commander.	Date.
PHASIS ...	... 1490	J. Chrystal	... November.
LA HOGUE ...	... 1331	F. Wagstaff	... December.
HAWKESBURY	... 1120	H. Osborne	... January.
PARRAMATTA	... 1521	W. Goddard	... January.

To be followed by other first-class ships.

ALFRED LAMB and CO.

FOR LONDON.

Now loading at Central Wharf,

The magnificent A1 clipper ship PHASIS, 1490 tons register, J. Chrystal, commander, has large engagements, and will receive quick despatch. For freight, &c., apply to

ALFRED LAMB and CO., Agents, Macquarie-place.

WOOL received at Central Stores.

THE ABERDEEN LINE.—FOR LONDON.

The Favourite Clipper Ship PATRIARCH.

INTENDING PASSENGERS are invited to inspect this superb vessel. Saloon accommodation only. An experienced surgeon accompanies the ship.

Passage money, £40.

Apply to Captain PLATER, on board, at Circular Quay; or to

MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., 6, O'Connell-street.

THE ABERDEEN LINE, FOR LONDON.

The favourite regular trader CHRISTIANA THOMPSON, 1070 tons register, R. Murray, Commander, is now loading as above, and having large engagements, will have early despatch.

For terms of freight apply to

MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

Wool received at Talbot and Co.'s Stores.

FOR LONDON.

The splendid 100 A1 Clipper Barque, ANGLO-NORMAN, 864 tons Register, A. DAVIDSON, Commander, will be despatched on the 15th DECEMBER, having nearly the whole of her cargo engaged.

Intending passengers are invited to inspect her very superior accommodations. Apply to Captain Davidson, on board at Grafton Wharf, or to METCALFE, SIDDELEY, and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

Wool received at Flood's Blackwall Stores.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

The undermentioned first-class ships will be despatched for London punctually as under:—

Name.	Tons.	Master.	To sail.
Smyrna ...	... 1350	R. Jamieson	November
Dharwar ...	... 1300	— Hutcheson	November.

To be followed by other well-known first-class vessels. For freight and all particulars apply to

DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO., Agents, [illegible]

FOR LONDON.

The magnificent clipper Ship SMARNA, A1 at Lloyd's, 1305 tons, Robert Jamieson, commander, will leave in November. The attention of intending passengers is requested to the saloon accommodation, one cabin of which is still vacant. Having the greater portion of her cargo on board, she will have punctual despatch. Early application for the remaining space is necessary to

DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO., 5, Bent-street.

Cargo received at Parbury's stores.

FOR LONDON.

The General Shipping Company's favourite regular trader, LOCH ETIVE, 1235 tons register, William Stuart, commander, having large engagements, will be promptly despatched.

The attention of intending passengers is specially invited to her spacious saloon and second cabin accommodation.

For freight or passage apply to

MASON BROTHERS.

SHIP DRUMBURTON, FROM LONDON.

Consignees by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for Dibbs' Wharf. The ship will not be responsible for loss of or damage to cargo after it is landed, and all goods impeding the discharge will be entered, landed, and stored in Dibbs' Bond, at expense and risk of consignees.

Bills of lading must be produced, freight paid, and orders for delivery obtained from the undersigned, before any cargo can leave the wharf.

YOUNG and LARK, Agents, Moore-street.

Captain COWELL will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his crew.

SHIP JERUSALEM, FROM LONDON.

Consignees by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for Town's Wharf. The ship will not be responsible for loss of or damage to cargo after it is landed, and all goods impeding the discharge will be entered, landed, and stored in Towns' Bond at the expense and risk of consignees.

Bills of lading must be produced, freight paid, and orders for delivery obtained from the undersigned, before any cargo can leave the wharf.

MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., Agents.

S.S. BARCELONA, from HAMBURG, ANTWERP, and LONDON.

All ACCOUNTS and CLAIMS against the above vessel must be rendered in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned, not later than NOON on WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant.

JOHN FRAZER and CO., Agents.

GRECIAN, FROM LONDON.

CONSIGNEES are respectfully requested to TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the wharf, otherwise we will be compelled to have it stored.

GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents.

CHARTER.—Newcastle to Honolulu.—Wanted, Vessel about 500 tons capacity. A. S. WEBSTER, Gresham-street.

WANTED to purchase a Steam LAUNCH, must be in good order and good power. Jas. Burns, Macquarie-place.

WANTED to Rent, VESSEL, carry 80 to 35,000 feet timber. Bate and Muston, 113, Pitt-street.

WANTED to Charter or Purchase, a small BOAT, of good power, for harbour purposes. Address Secretary Port Jackson Steamship Company, Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, a stout C.B. DINGY, sails and gear complete, newly done up. Bethel, Department Public Instruction.

BOAT and YACHT VARNISHES.—We keep a regular supply of these celebrated VARNISHES, by the eminent makers, Messrs. Mander Bros., of Wolverhampton. The Varnishes are in high repute with Boating Men and the Public at Cowes and in the Thames, and are in every way most suitable for the waters here.

BUZACOTT and ARMSTRONG, Ship Chandlers, Market-street.

SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, £1,000,000. Unlimited Liability. Reserve Fund, £80,000.

NEW SOUTH WALES AGENCY.

Directors:
Michael Metcalfe, Esq., Chairman.
T. R. Allt, Esq. T. H. Kelly, Esq.
R. C. Close, Esq. W. B. Walford, Esq.

Every description of Marine and Fire Insurance effected at the lowest current rates. Claims for losses promptly settled, and can be made payable at any of the Company's branches in England, North and South America, China, Natal, Fiji, Noumea, and all the Australian colonies.

M. METCALFE and CO., Agents, 9, Bridge-street, Sydney.

Lectures.

A POPULAR LECTURE on INDIA, entitled "Stirring Scenes in the Land of the Tiger," will be delivered at the Protestant Hall, Castlereagh-street, THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, 29th instant, by JAMES INGLIS, Esq., late Indian Commissioner at the Melbourne Exhibition. The lecture will be illustrated with a large number of REMARKABLE SPECIMENS of Indian Fabrics, Weapons, Idols, and Products. During the lecture Mr. Inglis will introduce some Eastern Music never previously heard by an audience in this city. Admission, FREE.

COLLECTION in aid of Regent-street Presbyterian Church Building Fund. Mr. Inglis is one of the most graphic and popular lecturers of the day (see opinions of the press), and has very kindly consented to lecture in aid of the above object.

SPECIAL ALLUSION will be made to the System of LAND TENURES IN INDIA with reference to the Great Land Question now before the country.

The Hon. JOHN MARKS, M.L.C., will take the chair at 8 o'clock. Doors open at 7.30.

Pianist, Mrs. T. J. CURTIS.

REV. T. B. STEPHENSON, B.A., LL.D. (Founder of the Children's Home, England), will deliver TWO LECTURES, as follows:—

THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, in the York-street Church. Subject: "The History of a Fusee Box; or, Child Life in London."

FRIDAY, December 1st, in the Protestant Hall. Subject: "The Waste and Wealth of Child Life;" a résumé and an appeal.

Each Lecture will commence at 7.45 o'clock, and will be accompanied by pictorial, photographic, and musical illustrations.

A collection will be made on each occasion in behalf of the Home.

N.B.—These will be the ONLY LECTURES Dr. STEPHENSON can give in Sydney.

SCHOOL OF ARTS, BURWOOD.

A READING from Standard Authors by Rev. THOMAS KEMMIS, DECEMBER 4.

JOHN DAWSON, Esq., will take the Chair at 8 o'clock.

PROPHECY.—H. HUSSEY is again on a Visit to Sydney, and will (D.V.) LECTURE on the above subject in a few days. Particulars in future advertisements.

Religious Announcements.

REDFERN CONGREGATIONAL SABBATH SCHOOL.

ANNUAL MEETING THIS EVENING in the Schoolroom, at rear of Church, Cleveland-street. Chair to be taken at 7.45. Addresses will be delivered, and selection of music rendered with orchestral accompaniments.

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.—St. Andrew's Day, November 30, being also the anniversary of the consecration of the Cathedral, the following services will be held, both choral:—

11 a.m.—Preacher, the Rev. Canon Moreton.
7.30 p.m.—The Right Rev. the Bishop of Melanesia.
Holy Communion at 11 a.m.

Calls on Shares.

NORTH SHORE STEAM FERRY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Final CALL of Two Shillings (2s) per share has been made, and will be payable at the Offices of the Company, Circular Quay, on or before FRIDAY, 1st December proximo.

By order of the Board of Directors.

THOMAS FIELD, Secretary.

Circular Quay, 7th November, 1882.

HARTWOOD COPPER MINING COMPANY (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given that the Directors have, this day, made a CALL (the second) of 6d per share, payable at the Company's Office, 131, Pitt-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, December 12th next.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.

Sydney, November 21, 1882.

Exhibition Notices.

NEW SOUTH WALES COMMISSION for the AMSTERDAM INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1883.

Intending Exhibitors are reminded that the time for receiving APPLICATIONS for SPACE for General Exhibits CLOSES on the 6th DECEMBER next, and for WINE Entries on the 15th DECEMBER next.

The Commission has obtained the concession of free railway carriage and half rates by steamer for all exhibits. Special labels for exhibits by rail and steamer, entitling to concessions, may be obtained on application to the undersigned. Exhibitors to state the number of cases or packages.

ALEXANDER CUMMING, Secretary.

N.S.W. Commission for Amsterdam International Exhibition, 127, Macquarie-street, 24th November, 1882.

WOOLLAHRA AMATEUR HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, POULTRY, and KENNEL CLUB.

SPRING SHOW.

THURSDAY, 7th December
FRIDAY, 8th December.

At the CONGREGATIONAL SCHOOLROOM, POINT PIPER-ROAD.

Entries close at noon 5th December.

SAML. SYMONDS, Hon. Sec.

Personal.

IF Mr. T. HOPKINS, late of Temora, will call at E. M'Carthy's, coach builders, Pitt-street, he will hear something to his advantage.

IF this should meet the eye of ERNEST HERMAN, or AMANDUS PETERSEN, sons Heinrich Petersen, Controller of Rates, Holstein, Germany, they are requested to write to their sister Wilhelmine. Address Biedermann, Mayfield, and Sons, Adelaide, South Australia.

JOHN WALLACE BARNETT, in 1860-1 in Melbourne, afterwards went to Queensland, send address M., Gordon and Gotch. Note.—If dead, any person giving information will be gratefully thanked.

MR. RAPHAEL, kindly return Book as soon as possible. M. T., 370, Riley-street.

MR. YORK is requested to call on Mr. White, Arcade Hotel, immediately.

MRS. MARGARET TOOHEY.—Will you kindly return to a new home; all is forgiven.

MRS. J. T. O'SHEA.—Letter for you, General Post Office.

W. FULL is requested to communicate with F. J. Ash, of Andover, England. Address Post-office, Christchurch, New Zealand.

Lost and Found.

KNAPSACK, containing artists' material left in saloon carriage of 9 a.m. train to Bathurst, 4th November. £1 reward on returning same to P. N. Russell and Co., 377, George-street.

LOST, Gold BROOCH, between Sydney and Newtown; reward. 99, Albion-street, Surry Hills.

LOST, splashed CANARY at noon, Saturday; reward. Miss Murray, Lorneleigh, Stanmore Road.

LOST, between Liverpool and Gipps streets, Gold EARRING, with bird and fringe. Reward, 221, Macquarie-st. S.

LOST, Woollahra or Newtown tram, Jet LOCKET, gold and pearls. Reward, 1, Barrow-road, South Kingston.

LOST, from No. 3, Francis-street, Enmore, Newtown, a Male FERRET; reward.

LOST, CANARY, white wings. Reward, 9, Burnett-street, Pitt-street, Redfern.

LOST, a CANARY. Reward upon delivery at Carrias House, Walker-street, St. Leonards.

LOST, in George-street, between Pfahlert's Hotel and King-street, a pair Gold EYE-GLASSES. Finder rewarded by calling at Pfahlert's Hotel.

LOST, between Hunter-street and Albion-street, a gold BROOCH, red opal stone. £1 Reward. Apply 99, Albion-street, Surry Hills.

LOST, a CHEQUE, drawn by C. Jones, in favour of Blow and Mellidy, for the sum of £31 16s. The public are cautioned against negotiating it, as payment is stopped.

LOST, Sunday afternoon, between Forest Lodge and Circular Quay, lady's gold Lever WATCH; owner's name inside. £1 reward. 3, Mabel-terrace, Forest Lodge, off Pyrmont Bridge-road.

ONE POUND Reward.—Lost, Chestnut MARE, branded ~~ off shoulder, C~~ near shoulder. J. Vaux, butcher, Fig-street, Ultimo.

REWARD.—Lost, a Hen CANARY. H. Phillips, 473, Pitt-street, next to Christ Church.

REWARD, £1.—STRAYED from my residence, Bonnie Doon, Cook's River, 26 GEESE. Myles M'Rae.

STRAYED, from Blackfriars Estate, cream-coloured MARE. £1 reward. J. Clark, Wattle-street, Chippendale.

TAKEN by mistake, on Saturday morning, from the counter of David Jones and Co., a small Black BAG, containing purse. Would the lady please return it to the above counter.

THE public are CAUTIONED against receiving the following CHEQUES, they having been stolen, viz.:—On Commercial Bank, for £30, drawn by J. T. B. Wedderburn in favour of 2115; on City Bank, £10, drawn by J. Morrow in favour of J. Rayner; and £2, drawn by H. Matthews in favour of J. Rayner. Payment stopped. J. Rayner, 35, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

WILL the finder of PARCEL left in Glebe Point tram yesterday morning please leave it at tram office, Elizabeth-street.

FOUND, a DINGY. Owner can have it by paying expenses. D. Gallacher, Gipps-street, Balmain.

FOUND, a white GOAT. Apply Merrylands Station.

FOUND, a Parcel of MATS, also two GOATS. Apply gardener, University.

Meetings.

REFORM CLUB.—The usual half-yearly General MEETING of Members, of which due notice has been given, will be held THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 2 o'clock p.m. Business: General.

FREDERIC C. ROOKE, Secretary.

MASONIC.—Lodge Pythagoras, No. 17, Emergency Meeting, This Evening, Temple, 7. Passings and Raisings.

MASONIC.—SYDNEY LODGE OF MARK MASTERS, No. 25, E.C.—Regular MEETING. Advancements at 7.45 o'clock, THIS EVENING.

FRANCIS B. DAVIDSON, P.G.M.O., Secretary.

NO. 66, L.O.L. Monthly MEETING will be held in No. 3 Room, Protestant Hall, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock; business very important. THOS. JESSEP, W.M., T. H. DUFFIN, Secretary.

NO. 3, DERRY L. O. L.—Special MEETING, THIS EVENING, in conjunction with Nos. 4, 9, 18, 25, 53, 58, and 82 L. O. L., 10, Wesley-school, Chippendale, at 8 sharp. By order. W. M.

NO. 30 PIONEER, AND 47 BELMORE, L. O. LODGES, will hold a United MEETING, in the Oddfellows' Hall, Queen-street, Woollahra, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp. Every Member, and also Brethren of other Lodges, particularly requested to attend. Business of the utmost importance. By order of the W.Ms.

ROBERT W. NESBITT, H. POLLARD } Secs.

NO. 1 L. O. L. meets in the Protestant Hall, Castlereagh-street, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Urgent business. Every member requested to attend. Visitors invited. A. J. Pring, secretary.

ENNISKILLEN L. O. L., No. 25.—Special MEETING THIS EVENING, 8 o'clock, Wesley Church Schoolroom, Chippendale. Business—Redfern Election. By order of W. M. JAMES C. AIR, Sec.

PITT-STREET LITERARY and DEBATING SOCIETY.—Business: Report of Committee for reorganising the Society. Debate on Dissolution of Parliament.

H. SLATYER, Hon. Sec.

LIBERAL ASSOCIATION DEBATING CLUB.—Debate TO-NIGHT, 212, Castlereagh street.—"That, at the general election, Liberals should support candidates opposing the Parkes-Robertson Ministry." Visitors invited. J. Pettigrew.

WOMENS' Christian Temperance Union.—No Meeting till Wed., 7th Dec. Prayer Meet. every Wed. evg., 7.30.

HIGHLAND SOCIETY'S MUSICAL UNION.

ANNUAL CONCERT on ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, November 30.

See Programme in last Saturday's Herald.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.

Established 1849.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special MEETING of the members of this Society will be held in the board room at the Head Office, 87, Pitt-street, Sydney, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of January, 1883, for the purpose of confirming the amendments in Bylaws V., X., XIX., and XX., submitted and adopted on 22nd November, 1882.

Dated at Sydney this 28th day of November, 1882.

By order of the Board.

ALEXANDER J. RALSTON, Secretary.

THE HAYMARKET PERMANENT LAND, BUILDING, AND INVESTMENT COMPANY, Limited.

The SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the CORN EXCHANGE, HAYMARKET, THIS DAY, the 29th INSTANT, at 7.30 p.m.

Business:
To receive the Report and Balance-sheet for the past year.
The declaration of a Dividend.
To decide who the retiring directors shall be.
To elect two Directors.
To elect two Auditors.
To consider and decide such other business as may be brought before the meeting in accordance with the Articles of Association.

By order of the Board.

GEO. BAKER WALKER, Manager.

The retiring Directors and Auditors are eligible for re-election, and have given the necessary notice of their intention to again offer their services.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.

Established 1869, and Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

NOTICE is hereby given that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of this Association will be held at the Principal Office, George and Wynyard streets, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the 8th December next, at half-past 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of amending the following Bylaws, viz.:—

III. Qualification of Directors.
VI. Notice by Candidates.
VII. Mode of Voting at General Meetings.
X. and XI. Verbal Amendments.
XXXIV. Election and Remuneration of Auditors.
XLII. Notice of General Meetings.
LIII. "Surrender Values" to keep policies in force.

Slips in detail of the proposed amendments can be obtained by Members on application at the Principal Office.

By order of the Board,

J. C. REMINGTON, Secretary.

Sydney, 2nd November, 1882.

A MEETING of Shareholders of the Albion Gold-mining Company, Kerripit, will be held at 311, George-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December next, at 2.30 p.m. Important.

JOHN COGHLAN.

Sydney, November 28, 1882.

MOUNTAIN HOME COPPER COMPANY, LIMITED.

The fourth half-yearly ordinary General MEETING of Shareholders in the above-named Company will be held at the Company's offices, 313, George-street, Sydney, on THURSDAY, 21st day of December, 1882, at noon, to receive the Directors' Half-yearly Report and Balance-sheet, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

By order of the Board,

S. MAC DONNELL, Secretary.

Sydney, November 28, 1882.

SILKS. SILKS.

THE BALANCE OF THE SHIPMENT recently placed in this market, as announced two months ago, is now offered on the same advantageous terms. This magnificent parcel has, it is almost needless to observe, astonished silk buyers, confirmed our advices from London, and our reputation here. The receipt of this consignment has met the test of a discriminating public, and evidenced, far beyond our most sanguine expectations, that the announcement in these columns was a sufficient guarantee to our customers of the unusual value placed before them, and of the enterprise which dictated the extraordinary purchase. No words of ours can, in a fair degree, enhance the fame of these choice goods. We desire, therefore, but to enumerate some of the remaining lines, and to solicit an inspection from any purchaser who may not as yet have favoured us with a call. In view of the COMING HOLIDAYS and CHRISTMAS FESTIVITIES, we would direct attention to the fact that this Department offers facilities for THE PURCHASE of a RICH SILK DRESS at a PRICE NEVER BEFORE APPROACHED IN SYDNEY, and which places such within the reach of well nigh every buyer of Drapery.

Black Silks, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, 3s 11d, 4s 6d, 4s 11d, to 9s 6d.

These we can highly recommend, both for appearance and wear.

Black Satin Merveilleux, 2s 11d, 3s 11d, 4s 11d, 5s 6d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d.

Black Satin Duchesse, 4s 6d, 7s 6d, 8s 6d.
Extra value, beautifully bright, and soft.

Black Sultana Silks, 3s 6d, 6s 6d.
Rich, durable, and reliable.

Coloured Trimming Satins, 50 shades to select from, 2s 6d per yard.

Coloured Duchesse Satins, 4s 6d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d, a grand range of colours, with Brocaded Satins, Moires, and Watered Silks to match.

Coloured Satin Merveilleux, 3s 11d, 5s 11d, 20 shades to select from, with Brocaded Satins to match, at 4s 11d.

Black Brocaded Satins, 3s 6d, 4s 11d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d.

Black Moire Francaise, 6s 6d, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 9s 6d.

Washing Silks, in checks and stripes, 2½d, 2s 11d, 3s 6d, 3s 11d, 4s 11d.

Foulard Satins and Silks, an immense assortment of colours; also, in black and white, 2½d, 2s 6d, 3s 6d, 3s 9d.

N.B.—This line, at 2½d, is quite worth double the price we are selling at.

We are also submitting a choice assortment of the latest novelties in Costume lengths.

Richest Brocades, with plain Satins, Silks, or Surahs to match, from 3½ to 20 guineas.

FARMER and COMPANY.

FARMER'S NET CASH SYSTEM.

This system certainly offers advantages unknown where credit obtains. Equitable alike to both buyer and seller, it is from its inception, and in its development, possessed of facilities and advantages which fairly command astonishment when contrasted with any results of a credit system. A DIRECT SAVING OF 25 PER CENT. is no mere hyperbole, but a fact seen and realized, and unhesitatingly guaranteed to every one of our patrons. Buyers will do well to investigate the advantages presented by our house, all tending to their especial and ultimate benefit. The prestige secured is ever acting to advance the favour with which our goods are regarded, whilst we are ever attentive in supplying the wants of our patrons.

FARMER and COMPANY.

MILLINERY FOR THE SEASON.

STRAW GOODS FRESH AND NEW.

A well-selected parcel of Straw Hats and Bonnets for Ladies' and Children's wear just now opened. All the newest shapes in French and English goods. We are showing STRAW HATS FOR THE SEASON AT FROM 1s to 3s 6d EACH, worth quite double the price. Exquisite Millinery to hand, in richest tints, suitable for any and every complexion. Marvellous Flowers and Feathers; no mean attempt is now being made to equal nature's own lovely productions. Ladies' Trimmed Straw Bonnets, 18s 6d to 35s; ditto French Millinery, 30s to 50s.

FARMER and COMPANY.

FARMER'S Black SILKS, 2s 6d.

FARMER'S Black SILKS, 2s 6d.

UNDERCLOTHING.

In this Department we are showing a special line in beautiful Costume Skirts in Black Lustres, Cashmeres, and Satin. Every lady should see them, and for anyone requiring a Black Dress without the delay in making, they are specially worthy of attention. They are beautifully trimmed with Satin, Moire, and Broche, well lined and put together. Our prices range from only 13s 6d to 63s.

We have also in this Department the following items deserving a look:—

Ladies' Sateen Skirts, in plain and Pompadour, from 2s 11d to 7s 6d.

Zephyr ditto, trimmed lace, 3s 11d to 8s 6d.

Ladies' Flannel Wrappers in all the summer colours, 21s to 42s.

Ladies' Breakfast and Tea Gowns, in embroidered Cashmeres, 35s to 63s.

Children's Costumes, in Zephyr Cloth, from 5s 6d to 9s 6d; in new materials, trimmed Pompadour, Satin, and Lace, from 10s 6d to 25s. All sizes on hand.

Young Ladies' Costumes in Zephyr, Pompadour, Sateen, White Pique, and rich Coloured Silks, in sizes to fit young ladies from 12 to 16 years of age. Prices from 21s to 4½ guineas.

Improvers and Crinolinettes, 4s 6d to 9s 6d.

Boys' Holland Coats, trimmed Cardinal and Navy, from 4s 6d to 6s 6d.

NEW FRENCH FIGURE REGULATOR CORSETS, IN ALL SIZES.

FARMER and COMPANY.

MANTLES FOR THE SEASON.

A large stock of Summer Mantles, of latest designs and superb value. A special opportunity now offered for the purchase of garments in this department. Spanish Lace Fichus, from 12s 6d to 27s 6d. Spanish Lace Mantles, 27s 6d to 5 guineas. Spanish Lace Mantillas, wonderful value, extra sizes amongst them, no lady need fear we cannot suit her, 47s 6d to 63s. Cashmere Fichus, trimmed jet and lace, from 8s 6d to 25s. Cashmere Mantles, from 25s to 3½ guineas. Chenille Capes, trimmed jet and lace, 37s 6d. Satin de Lyon Mantles, from 31s to 7 guineas. Brocaded Silk Dolmans, 35s to 5½ guineas. Children's China Silk Dust Mantles, from 13s 6d to 19s 6d. Ladies' China Silk Dust Mantles, from 15s 6d to 27s 6d.

FARMER and COMPANY.

COSTUMES FOR THE SEASON.

EVERY GARMENT A MODEL for style and manufacture. Every description of Texture, every description of Trimming is included in our productions. Every care and attention paid to any orders placed. The most competent supervision guaranteed. We quote Ladies' Sateen Costumes in Pompadours, in the newest patterns, 27s 6d to 4 guineas. Zephyr Cloth, in blue, pink, and new French tints, 55s to 70s. Coloured Silks in Broche, Surahs, &c., unprecedented for beauty, from 6 to 16 guineas. Seasonable Materials, Nuns' Cloths, Beiges, Cashmerettes from 21s to 6 guineas. Ball, Dinner, and Evening Costumes too diverse to here mention. An inspection solicited.

FARMER and COMPANY.

A SPECIAL NOTE.

1000 SATEEN COSTUMES.

A special purchase of our Mr. Farmer's, in London, at something under Manufacturers' prices. Splendid patterns, stylishly cut, good quality, and well made. Sure to be cleared off in a few days. Price really worth noting:—16s 6d, 18s 6d, 27s 6d.

FARMER and COMPANY.

SATEENS, CAMBRICS, and PRINTS.

THE POSITIVE SOUVENIRS OF A CASH SYSTEM. Every conceivable design, and just replenished by a magnificent shipment ex Mail. We feel we have but to announce this fact to ensure a still greater demand for these favourite goods. We also mention that we have a large supply of prints at 4½d per yard (everyone wonders how these goods are sold at the price, as the quality is marvellous), also at 6½d, 7½d, and 8½d per yard. Matchless alike in designs and value.

FARMER and COMPANY.

DRESS MATERIALS.

The enormous sales of the past two months in this department have not interfered with our leading lines to their extinction, as we are daily replenishing our fixtures. A choice, fashionable, and seasonable collection now on hand. In it will be found—

Farmer's renowned French Beiges, 6d, 7½d, 8½d, 10½d, 12½d, 15½d, 15d, and 18d

Farmer's fashionable Chintz Beiges, 15½d and 15d

Nun's veiling in single and double widths, all qualities and colours

Fine Taffetas and French de Laines, in all colours for the present season

Farmer's Fancy Knickerbocker and Check Tweeds, specially for duced for ladies' summer wear

Farmer's French Carmelites for dust cloaks

Farmer's Lace-trimmed Robes, from 35s

Estamene Serges for boating costumes, 18d per yard.

The above are at prices generally acknowledged to be nearly one-half below the ordinary scale. Special attention is solicited.

FARMER and COMPANY.

JUVENILE COSTUMES.

Some really marvellous dresses now to hand. Prices in London about half as much again as we are offering them at. In all the newest materials, beautifully trimmed with Satins, Silks, and Laces of the most fashionable tints and makes. In sizes to fit children from 8 to 10, and from 12 to 16 years respectively, at from 25s to 55s. To purchase such materials as they are made of, and to make them up at home, would cost considerably more money. For Christmas wear and for presents we would solicit inspection, as they are something quite beyond the usual value for the price.

FARMER and COMPANY.

MOSQUITO NETS.—Unprecedented value now being shown at this counter. 72-inch at 6½d per yard; 90-inch, 9½d and 11½d; 108-inch, 1s and 1s 3d; 120-inch, 16d and 18d. A really good net at these extremely low prices.

A large shipment to hand of these, and also better qualities.

FARMER and COMPANY.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT AT FARMER'S.

NEW SUMMER HOSIERY.

Ladies' Brown BALBRIGGAN, 11½d, 13½d, 16d, 18d, 21d

Ladies' White Cotton, 12d, 16d, 18d, and upwards

Ladies' and Children's Coloured Cotton, fancy stripes, from 11½d per pair

A remarkable parcel of 300 dozen of Ladies' Ribbed Cotton, full fashioned in Navy, Seal Brown, and Black at 8½d, WELL WORTH 2s 6d PER PAIR

Ladies' and Children's Lisle Thread, in navy, cardinal, seal brown, sky, pink, cream, and other new and fashionable colours, also in new stripes, now very much in demand

Children's Ribbed Cotton, with spliced knees and heels, well adapted for school wear. These we have in all colours

Ladies' and Children's Black Balbriggan and Lisle Thread, from 2s 6d per pair. These goods are of a new and superior dye—the ANCHOR DYE—a fast black, free from all facing. We specially recommend a trial of these goods

Spun Silk in all sizes and colourings, beautifully and curiously embroidered

Children's Fancy SOCKS, from 6d per pair

Ladies' and Children's Merino, India Gauze, Spun Silk VESTS and Combination GARMENTS, in great variety.

Theatrical and Opera HOSE, TIGHTS, &c., &c.

FARMER and COMPANY.

CHINA SILK HELMET HATS.

We are now displaying in our windows a Hat which is well nigh indispensable in summer, and as last season's trade was extraordinary we determined to make some effort to produce something astonishing for this. We consider we have been successful, for we are now offering for 3s 6d a hat worth double the money. See the display in our windows.

FARMER and COMPANY.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT AT FARMER'S.

Amusements.

GAIETY THEATRE.
Lessees ... ... Messrs. L. M. Bayless and W. Reynolds.
Directress ... Mrs. M. Gladstane-Bayless.
Under the management of Mr. FRANK TOWERS.
SHERIDAN SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN THE SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN MERCHANT SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN OF SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN VENICE. SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN SHERIDAN
SHERIDAN SHERIDAN
Engagement of the Talented and Popular Tragedian
Mr. W. E. SHERIDAN,
Miss LOUISE DAVENPORT,
and a specially augmented and powerful Company.
ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.
VOCIFEROUS APPLAUSE.
RECALLS AFTER EACH ACT.
MARVELLOUS CREATION.
DELIGHTED AUDIENCES.

THIS EVENING, WEDNESDAY, November 29, will be produced in 5 acts, restoring the customary omissions, with the original music, songs, glees, duets, &c., NEW and APPROPRIATE SCENERY by W. Kinchela. Elegant and Artistic Costumes.
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.
SHYLOCK ... ... Mr. W. E. SHERIDAN
PORTIA ... ... Miss LOUISE DAVENPORT
Business Manager for Mr. Sheridan ... Mr. Sydney Hall
Doors open at 7.15. Commence at 8. Carriages 10.40.
Reserved seats at Nicholson and Co.'s, 325, George-street.

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST, ASHFIELD.
A CONCERT, in aid of the Organ Fund of the above Church, will be given in the SCHOOL OF ARTS, ASHFIELD, NEXT MONDAY EVENING, December 4th.
Tickets can be obtained at the Parsonage, of the Churchwardens, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Choir, Organ Fund Committee, Mr. Watson, Ashfield; Woodhill and Murray, Summer Hill, and Burwood.
A. M. NAYLOR, Hon. Sec.

HIGHLAND SOCIETY'S MUSICAL UNION.
ANNUAL CONCERT on ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, November 30.
See Programme in last Saturday's Herald.

AUSTRALIAN JOCKEY CLUB.
1882. 1883.
MIDSUMMER MEETING.
BOXING DAY, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26, under the management of the committee of the A. J. C.

THE HURDLE RACE.
A handicap sweepstakes of 3 sovs. each for starters, with 100 sovs. added; second horse 10 sovs. from the prize. Two miles and a-half.

THE DECEMBER STAKES.
Of 10 sovs. each, 5 forfeit, or no liability if declared by day of general entry for summer meeting, with 200 sovs. added. For two-year-olds. Colts, 8st. 10lb.; fillies and geldings, 8st. 7lb.; second horse, 50 sovs. from the prize. The winner of the Maribyrnong Plate to carry 7lb.; or of any other race (not a handicap) of the value of 100 sovs., 4lb. extra. Five furlongs. Entries closed with 74 subscribers.

THE SUMMER CUP.
A Handicap sweepstakes of 10 sovs. each, 5 forfeit, or no liability if declared by day of general entry for Summer Meeting, with 250 sovs. added; second horse 50 sovs. from the prize. A winner of any handicap of the value of 100 sovs. after the declaration of the weights, to carry 5lb.; of 200 sovs., 7lb. extra. One mile and a-half. Entries closed with 80 nominations.

THE AMATEUR HANDICAP.
A Piece of Plate, value 50 sovs., and 50 sovs. in specie, with a sweepstakes of 2 sovs. each for starters, to go to second horse. For three-year-olds and upwards. Welter handicap. A winner of any handicap after the declaration of the weights to carry 5lb. extra. To be ridden by amateurs, members of any recognised racing club, to be approved of by the committee. One mile and a-quarter.

THE SELLING PLATE.
Of 100 sovs. For three-year-olds and upwards. Weight for age. The winner to be sold for £125; 7lb. allowed for each reduction of £25 on selling price down to £25. One mile and a-quarter.

THE TWO-YEAR-OLD PLATE.
Of 100 sovs. Colts, 8st. 10lb.; fillies and geldings, 8st. 8lb. The winner to be sold for £200; 7lb. allowed for every reduction of £50 on selling price down to £50. If entered not to be sold, to carry 7lb. extra. Five furlongs.

THE A.J.C. HANDICAP.
A Handicap Sweepstakes of 5 sovs. each for starters, with 150 sovs. added; second horse 25 sovs. from the prize. For three-year-olds and upwards. The winner of any handicap, after the declaration of the weights, to carry 10lb. extra. One mile and a furlong.

The General Entries of the above Meeting are to be made at the office of the A.J.C. or V.R.C. Secretary on or before 4 p.m. on THURSDAY, 30th November, 1882.
Handicaps to be declared on or before THURSDAY, 14th December, 1882.
Entrance for each race, one sovereign.
No entry will be received for any of the above races, except upon the condition that all disputes, claims, and objections arising out of the racing shall be decided by the Committee, or those whom they may appoint, their authority to be supreme, and their decision to be final and conclusive on all questions arising out of or connected with the carrying out of this programme.
No entry will be received on any pretence whatever after the hour named.
A.J.C. Rules.
By order.
T. S. CLIBBORN, Sec. to A.J.C.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.
INTERNATIONAL CRICKET MATCH.
INTERNATIONAL CRICKET MATCH.
ALL-ENGLAND 11 V. 11 NEW SOUTH WALES.
ALL-ENGLAND 11 V. 11 NEW SOUTH WALES.
HON. IVO BLIGH'S TEAM.
FRIDAY, SATURDAY, MONDAY, and TUESDAY, 1st, 2nd, 4th, and 5th DECEMBER.
Gates open at 10.30 a.m.
Play to commence at 12 o'clock noon.
Adjournment for luncheon at 1.50 p.m.
Play resumed at 2.15 p.m.
Pass cheques issued between 1 and 2 only.
Stumps drawn at 6 o'clock.
All vehicles and horses must be removed from the ground before 10.30 a.m. each day.
No carriages or horses allowed on the ground.
All dogs found within the enclosure are liable to be destroyed.
Tramcars will run to the ground every few minutes.
Betting strictly prohibited.
Ground rules strictly enforced.
Admission to ground 1s.
Grand Stand and Lawn 2s 6 extra.
JAMES PERRY,
Secretary Association Cricket Ground.
267, George-street.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.
NO PRACTICE ON THE GROUND TO-DAY and TO-MORROW, EXCEPT FOR ENGLISH AND NEW SOUTH WALES TEAMS.
By order.
JAMES PERRY, Sec.
267, George-street.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.
PRACTICE on the Association Ground TO-DAY and THURSDAY for the English and New South Wales Elevens only. No Club Practice until after the match.
JOHN M. GIBSON, Hon. Secretary.

NEW SOUTH WALES CRICKET ASSOCIATION.
The following PLAYERS have been selected to represent New South Wales in the match against the Hon. Ivo Bligh's Team:—
Messrs. Allen, Callaghor, Davis, Evans, Geary, Hiddlestone; Messrs. Marr, Moses, Powell, Turner, Wearne, Nunn 12th.
The New South Wales Players are requested to meet on the ground THIS AFTERNOON to elect a Captain.
JOHN M. GIBSON, Hon. Secretary.

HON. IVO BLIGH'S ENGLISH TEAM v. NEW SOUTH WALES.
THE CITY CATERING COMPANY will provide the LUNCHEONS and REFRESHMENTS in the GRAND STAND.
LADIES' REFRESHMENT ROOM specially provided.
LUNCHEON 2s 6d for the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Grand Stand and Lawn.
N.B.—Owing to the inconvenient crushing to get at luncheon last season the committee have opened up a doorway to the southern dining hall, thereby devoting to the PATRONS OF THE GRAND STAND twice the sitting accommodation of last season.
Gentlemen need therefore feel no hesitation in taking ladies to luncheon, as there will be ample room for all.
CITY CATERING COMPANY,
815, George-street.

BOROUGH CHALLENGE CUP.—Balmain v. Glebe: The following gentlemen please attend practice, Rev. Jas. Cosh's Paddock, THIS AFTERNOON, and until further notice:—Messrs. Reid, Barnes, Creer, Julian, Franklin, M'Carthy, Chidgey, Fitzpatrick, Nelson, A. Ferguson, Hill, Cohen (2), H. Boyd, Knight, Lee, Falconer, Carroll (2), Kemp, Harrington, Alderson, A. Fox, T. Kinnimont, M'Donald, Holland, Whitehead, J. Stewart, J. Reynolds, and S. Coy. Committee also attend.
Wm. M'KINNON, Hon. Secretary.

CAMPERDOWN C. C. Disengaged December 2, 9, 16. H. Burne, secretary, Church-street, Camperdown.

CRICKET.—Domain GROUND to LET, Saturday, 2nd December. Apply Reginald C. Allen, 122, Elizabeth-street.

PARRAMATTA ALFRED C.C. disengaged Saturday, 2nd December, own ground. W. A. BRODIE, Hon. Sec.

HIGHLAND SPORTS.
NEW YEAR'S DAY, 1883.
Programme of Sports. See particulars in next Saturday's Herald.

NOTICE TO PEDESTRIANS.
For Programme of Sports at next HIGHLAND GATHERING, on NEW YEAR'S DAY, see next SATURDAY'S HERALD.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

THEATRE ROYAL.
Lessee ... ... Mr. Samuel Lazar
Treasurer ... ... Geo. L. Goodman
Doors open at 7.15; overture at quarter to 8. Carriages at 11.
Under the management of Messrs. WILLIAMSON, GARNER, and MUSGROVE.
THE ROYAL COMIC OPERA COMPANY.
SIXTH WEEK of LA MASCOTTE.
THE INTEREST INTENSIFYING WITH EACH SUCCEEDING REPRESENTATION.
Crowded Houses Nightly.
NOTWITHSTANDING the ELECTION EXCITEMENT, and various attractive amusements, it still remains THE RAGE OF SYDNEY.
TO-NIGHT, AND UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, at quarter to 8 precisely, TERMINATING AT ELEVEN.
AUDRAN'S LATEST COMIC OPERA, in 3 Acts and Tableaux,
LA MASCOTTE Miss MAGGIE MOORE LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE Miss NELLIE STEWART LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE Miss IDA OSBORNE LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE Miss MAGGIE STEWART LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE Mr. W. H. WOODFIELD LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE Signor VERDI LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE Mr. HARRISON LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE Mr. E. KELLY, and LA MASCOTTE
LA MASCOTTE Mr. H. R. HARWOOD. LA MASCOTTE
A PERFECT ARMY OF AUXILIARIES.
Musical Director and Conductor, Signor PAOLO GIORZA.
SUPERB ARRAY OF COSTUMES.
MAGNIFICENT SCENERY by GEORGE GORDON.
No free list. Box plan open daily at Theatre from 11 till 4, seats secured six days in advance, and tickets for all parts of the house obtained also at Lloyd's, next theatre. Seats secured by telephone.
HENRY R. HARWOOD, Business Manager.

THEATRE ROYAL.
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME.
WANTED, 60 handsome and shapely LADIES OF THE BALLET.
Apply Mr. E. M'LEAN, stage door, 11 k.

WANTED, good smart NEEDLEWOMEN and MACHINISTS. Apply stage door Theatre Royal, after 10 this morning.

EUPHONIC ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY.—REHEARSAL THIS and EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING, for Society's Concert. Ladies' Orchestra Meet every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 4 o'clock. H. Graham.

JOHNSTON'S Steak and Chop House, and Australia Wine Saloon, Market-street, opposite Markets. Soup, meat, cheese, salad, tea, coffee or wine, 9d. Ladies' refreshment room and lavatory. Hocking's high-class wines.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail Herbalists, treat all diseases. 240, George-street North.

ADVICE Gratis.—Dr. JACKSON, 10, Macquarie-street South. Medicines moderate.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, on Gold, Vulcanite, &c. Marshall Brothers, Dentists, 106, Market-st. East. Fees mod.

ARTHUR COOPER and CO., Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants, 871, Pitt-street, near Liverpool-street.

ACCOUCHEMENT BELTS, Waterproof Sheeting, Nursing Stays, Nursing Aprons, &c. E. WAY, Pitt-street.

A CARD.—MAPPIN BROTHERS, Plain and Fancy Paper Box Manufacturers. Awarded first prize medals exhibitions of 1874, '76, and '77; special prize, 1878; first prize, 1881. 75, Bathurst-street West.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, from a single tooth to a complete set; for appearance, mastication, and articulation, a perfect fit guaranteed; charges moderate. Mr A. EMANUEL, Dentist, Market-chambers, George-street, opposite Markets.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH made on the latest English principles. Mr. J. E. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist, from London, guarantees perfect fit, mastication, and natural appearance, at a very moderate cost. Painless extraction by Gas. 32, College-street, near Museum.

A. A. DEBNEY and CO., successors to HOBSON and WHITING, GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS, &c., 13, HUNTER-STREET, SYDNEY.

A CARD.—J. SEBASTIAN WILKINSON, F.R.C.S. London, 15 years Surgeon and many years Senior Surgeon to the Central London Eye Hospital; also many years Senior Surgeon to the Western Ophthalmic Hospital, London. Address 225, Macquarie-street, Sydney.

BEST and Cleanest Dinner in Sydney, 1s. Emery's, 579, Brickfield-hill. A Ladies' Room and Lavatory.

DR. GEORGE ON LEE, late of College-street, having returned from Europe, will see patients as usual, at 46, Wynyard-square North, Sydney.

E. WAY, Pitt-street. E. WAY, Pitt-street. FAMILY MOURNING, EVERY REQUISITE. E. WAY, Pitt-street. E. WAY, Pitt-street.

GAS STOVE Victory cooking daily. Grilling over the flame to-day. Raleigh, inventor, 253, Elizabeth-street.

GARDENING.
JOHN G. TRESEDER, Nurseryman and Seed Merchant, undertakes the laying out and furnishing gardens. Please apply to his Seed Warehouse, 16, Royal Arcade, Sydney.

J. WALTON, the Petersham Newsagent, Crystal-street.—Early delivery in Stanmore, Leichhardt, and Marrickville.

J. LAWLER, 608, GEORGE-STREET (established 1860), is the best House in New South Wales to purchase Iron Bedsteads, Brass Bedsteads, Children's Cots, Austrian Chairs, American Chairs, Palliasses and Mattresses, Kapok Curled Hair, Cotton, Flock, Fibre, and Flax.

MRS. HOLLAND, Dress and Mantle Maker, 158, Phillip-street. Latest styles. Perfect fit guaranteed.

THE Ladies' DINING-ROOM, with separate entrance, at Temperance Hall, Pitt-street. Dinner, 1s; tea, 9d.

TRAVELLERS BY SEA and LAND.
Portmanteaus, Trunks and Bags, Ladies' Reticules, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fitted Bags, Dressing Cases, Tourist Bags, Writing Folios, Post Bags, Purses and Wallets, a large variety to select from.
JOHN BRUSH, 403, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

W. G. HIBBLE, House Decorator, 98, King-street, Newtown. Designs furnished.

Business Announcements.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
We hereby give NOTICE that we have THIS DAY admitted Mr. JAMES BORDLEY BROWN, Auctioneer, lately of Inverell, as a PARTNER in our Business of Auctioneers, Property Salesmen, and Valuators, and the same will henceforth be conducted under the name and style of WITHERS, CALLAGHAN, and BROWN, at the premises now occupied by us, 136, Pitt-street.
Witness our hands this twenty-seventh day of November, 1882.
G. WITHERS,
JOHN CALLAGHAN,
J. B. BROWN.
Witness—R. L. MURRAY, J.P.

E. WAY, Draper, Pitt-street. E. WAY, Draper, Pitt-street. BABY LINEN, LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING, TRAVELLING OUTFITS. E. WAY, Draper, Pitt-street. E. WAY, Draper, Pitt-street.

LEGAL.—Mr. F. J. PERKS, Solicitor, &c. (from the office of the late Mr. S. C. Brown), has commenced practice at Wentworth-court, Elizabeth-street.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
Mr. JOHN DANKS has Removed from 119, Liverpool-street, to his new Warehouse, 363, Pitt-street, Sydney, where a new and well assorted stock of Chandeliers, Gasfittings, Plumbers' and Engineers' Brassware, &c., will always be on hand.
Note the NEW ADDRESS, 363, Pitt-street, Sydney.

OWNERS of blocks of Land suitable for Cutting-up. Every facility offered by the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, as to placing same in the Market for Sale. The Company are also prepared to undertake Outdoor Sales of every description, with prompt and efficient attention. Fullest information at their Auction Mart, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Mr. D. SCOTT desires to inform his friends and patrons that he has sold the whole of his negatives to Mr. H. KING, Photographer, 316, George-street, who will supply copies that may be required at any time.

TURKISH BATH, BLIGH-STREET.
The BATH will be open for Ladies THIS AFTERNOON, from 2 till 10 o'clock.
C. A. SHERWIN, Manager.

P. E. BOUND, late of 259, Bourke-street, has removed to 267, George-street, first floor.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
D. HADKINS has Removed from 220, Castlereagh-street, to 273, Sussex-street. Tea Chests and Refrigerators made to any pattern or size, offices and shops fitted up, and glass cases made. All work done with despatch.

REMOVAL.—Our Offices have been REMOVED from Wentworth-court to 77, Pitt-street, Sydney, formerly occupied by the late Mr. S. C. Brown.
JONES and JONES, Solicitors.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
We hereby give NOTICE that we have THIS DAY admitted Mr. JAMES BORDLEY BROWN, Auctioneer, lately of Inverell, as a PARTNER in our Business of Auctioneers, Property Salesmen, and Valuators, and the same will henceforth be conducted under the name and style of WITHERS, CALLAGHAN, and BROWN, at the premises now occupied by us, 136, Pitt-street.
Witness our hands this twenty-seventh day of November, 1882.
G. WITHERS,
JOHN CALLAGHAN,
J. B. BROWN.
Witness—R. L. MURRAY, J.P.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
NOTICE is hereby given that on and after 1st December next, the BUSINESS hitherto carried on at the Southern Branch of this Bank, 537, George-street, Brickfield-hill, will be TRANSFERRED to the NEW OFFICES, at the corner of George and Campbell streets, and the Branch will henceforth be known as the HAYMARKET BRANCH.
F. A. A. WILSON, Manager.
Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—Mr. T. W. WARREN, Manufacturer's Agent and Importer, has REMOVED his business from 317, George-street, to larger and more commodious premises, No. 56, Clarence-street.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manager ... ... W. J. Wilson
Directress ... ... Emelie Melville
Manager for Miss Melville ... ... T. S. Cassell
Treasurer ... ... W. P. Morrison.
EMELIE MELVILLE OPERA COMPANY.
No Free List, Press excepted.
SIXTH WEEK SIXTH WEEK of this UNAPPROACHABLE ORGANISATION.
Notwithstanding its great success, POSITIVELY LAST FOUR NIGHTS of GIROFLE-GIROFLA.
The most artistic performance to be seen in Sydney.
EMELIE MELVILLE as the Twin Sisters,
CHARLES HARDING as Marasquin,
EDWARD FARLEY as Mourzouk,
T. S. CASSELLI as Don Bolero.
SATURDAY, December 2, Offenbach's favourite Comic Opera, LA PERICHOLE.
Powerful Chorus. Enlarged Orchestra.
Conductor—LEON CARON.
Opera terminates at 10.45.
Reserved Seats at HUENERBEIN'S, 411, George-street.

WANTED, at once, THOROUGHLY COMPETENT CHORISTERS, male and female, for a long engagement with the EMELIE MELVILLE OPERA COMPANY.
Also, Fifty attractive young ladies.
Apply at the Opera House at 10.30 to-day.

PRODUCE MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.
FIRST GRAND PICNIC will be held on THURSDAY, the 30th of November, 1882, at the Sir Joseph Banks Hotel, Botany. Young Australian Band engaged. Buses leave Fay's Hotel, 10.30 a.m. sharp. Tickets may be obtained from the following members of the Committee:—Messrs. Garrard and Booth, H. Goddard, Moore and Brown, J. Boyd, J. Corless, J. Stafford, J. W. Twyman, Caldwell and Howe, T. Death, M. O'Neil, and H. Galvin.
THOMAS BOOTH, Secretary.

DON'T FORGET the Cambridge C.C. Quadrille Party THIS EVENING, at C. Hall's Assembly Rooms, Sussex-street. Double tickets, 2s 6d. Dancing at 8.
D. KRON, Hon. Sec.

SCHNAPPER FISHING.—YOUNG MAT, from Botany Wharf, THURSDAY next, on arrival of 8.37 tram from Sydney. Tickets, 5s, at Mr. J. Emerson's, King-street. Bait provided.

WILD FLOWERS in full bloom, Native Roses, Waratahs, &c. Beautiful waterfalls, shady walks, extensive and lovely views, unlimited freedom to gather flowers and ferns. The most delightful spot for family picnics. Boats for hire in the lake-like bay, adjoining the wharf. Steamers from No. 4 Jetty, Circular Quay, hourly. Fare—6d return; children, 3d ditto.

CHOWDER BAY Pleasure Grounds can be engaged for schools and other picnics, at Chowder Bay Office, Circular Quay, with steamer licensed to carry 260 passengers. Picnic parties catered for.

FISH RIVER CAVES.—A coach will run from Manor House, Mount Victoria, every alternate week. Plenty of shooting on the road; kangaroos, hares, &c. Visitors should send early notice to George Atkin, Mount Victoria.

POINT PIPER — COOPER ESTATE.
Magnificent DEEP WATER FRONTAGES, extending from ROSE BAY to DOUBLE BAY, for AUCTION SALE, on the GROUND, at 3 p.m., SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
Lithos. ready.
See auction advertisement.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

Musical Instruments.

PIANOFORTES at W. H. PALING'S, 352, GEORGE-STREET.
by every Renowned Maker in the World, guaranteed to withstand Extreme Climates. PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES PIANOFORTES by every Renowned Maker in the World, guaranteed to withstand Extreme Climates.
The TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM, TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM, TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM, has BEEN ESTABLISHED for THIRTY YEARS, THIRTY YEARS, THIRTY YEARS, and IS THE MOST LIBERAL in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.
W. H. PALING begs most respectfully to inform intending purchasers that his great experience in the Australian colonies enable him to SUPPLY AN ARTICLE BETTER SUITED IN EVERY WAY to THIS TRYING CLIMATE.
A RESPONSIBLE GUARANTEE given with EACH INSTRUMENT.
A GRAND STOCK of AMERICAN ORGANS, by all the best makers, amongst which are the CELEBRATED BELL ORGANS.
BEST in THE WORLD. BELL ORGANS BELL ORGANS BELL ORGANS BELL ORGANS BELL ORGANS BEST in THE WORLD.
W. H. PALING has JUST OPENED eight CASES OF MUSIC, all THE POPULAR WORKS OF THE DAY.
W. H. PALING has PIANOFORTES for HIRE, ORGANS for HIRE, HARMONIUMS for HIRE.
W. H. PALING has SOME VERY EXCELLENT SECOND-HAND PIANOFORTES, at VERY LOW PRICES.
W. H. PALING, agent for S. and P. Erard, Pleyel, Soufleto, Kirkman, Schiedmayer, Hundt and Sohn, Challen and Son; Trost, Lerden and Co., Aucher, Bell and Co., Waters, Smith Organ Co.
352, George-street, opposite Wynyard-street.

AUGUST HUENERBEIN.
THE ROYAL PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE, 411, George-street, OPPOSITE ROYAL HOTEL.
BLUTHNER'S FAMOUS PIANOFORTES, BLUTHNER'S PRIZE PIANOFORTES, Unrivalled for keeping in tune, Excellence of finish.
PIANOS by Lipp, Ronisch, Schwechten, Steinweg, Rosener, Thurbel, Wehage, Siewert, Manthey, Grand, Biese, Erhardt, Mannsfeldt, Schmidt, Simon, Phillippe Frère, Erard, Bord, Aucher, Challen and Son, &c., &c.
JUST ARRIVED, 30 AMERICAN ORGANS, ex Samaria. Inspection is respectfully invited.
TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
MUSIC. MUSIC. MUSIC.
The very latest music always in stock. Music Stools, Insulators, Save-alls, &c., &c.
A. Huenerbein has a large number of second-hand pianos on hand, from £10 to £40.
A magnificent GRAND PIANO, by Bluthner, the property of the Civil Service Musical Society, is now for SALE; price, £85.
Pianos tuned, repaired, and taken in exchange.
AUGUST HUENERBEIN, 411, George-street.

PIANOFORTE TAUGHT on the premises by experienced teachers.

BRINSMEAD'S superb PIANOS; cash or time payments. Royle and Co., Bond-street.

PIANOS.—We invite inspection of our first-class Stock for private SALE, or at regular Auction Sale every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3; terms most liberal. George F. Young and Co., 285, Pitt-street.

PIANO.—Handsome WALNUT UPRIGHT GRAND by G. Simon, double oblique, over-strung on strong iron frame, 7 octaves, beautifully finished, delicate in touch, and of extreme brilliancy of tone, sound and durable, embodying all the most modern improvements; price VERY LOW. Inspection invited. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Pianoforte Warehousemen, Spring and O'Connell streets.

PIANO.—Lady wishes to sell superior iron-frame Cottage, sacrifice; £18. 431, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

TO PROFESSORS and others.—A Clergyman, lately from England, has for DISPOSAL a 4-octave Dummy PIANO, and 4-octave small portable HARMONIUM, 4 stops; both instruments worth £30. Purchaser may have them for £20; almost new. Address Musicus, Sydney Herald Office.

WALNUT Cottage PIANO for Sale (Rosener), trichord, iron bound; bargain for cash. 29, Botany-st., S.H.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Government Notices.

Department of Public Works, Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

TENDERS for PUBLIC WORKS and SUPPLIES.
TENDERS are invited for the following Public Works and Supplies. For full particulars see Government Gazette, a file of which is kept at every Post Office in the colony.
Tenderers may be in attendance when the tenders are opened, and the name of the successful tenderer will be announced, if possible, before the duties of the Board have terminated.
No tender will be taken into consideration unless the terms of the notice are strictly complied with.
The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Nature of Works and Supplies.	Dates to which Tenders can be received at this office.
Supply of Ironmongery, Ship Chandlery, Anchors, and Chains, Engineers' Stores, Plate, Bar Iron, &c., Castings, Steel and Files, Copper and Lead Pipe, Oil, Paints, &c., Wrought Scrap Iron Forgings, Ship Plates, Angle Iron and Angle Bucket Links, Building Materials, and Surveyors' and Architects' Materials for 1883, Harbours and Rivers Department	11 o'clock, 5th December.
Supply of Ship Chandlery and Ironmongery, Roads Department	
Supply of Coals for Government Dredges and Tugs, and for Fitzroy Dock for 1883	
Erection of Station Buildings at Rylstone, on the Mudgee Extension	
Supply of Billet Wood, to be delivered at Singleton, Murrurundi, Armidale, Narrabri, and Boggabri, G. N. Railway, during 1883	
Supply of Billet Wood for Bringagee Pumping Engine, during 1883	
Wharf, Store, and Approach, North Creek, Richmond River	11 o'clock, 12th December.
Wharf and Approach, Bellinger River Heads	
Wharf, Bridge, and Approach, at Commandant Hill, Macleay River	
Wharf at Summer Hill, Macleay River	
Construction of Settling Tanks, Filter Beds, and Clean Water Tank, in connection with Bathurst Water Supply, being contract No. 3	
Alterations to Court-house, Bundarra	
Additions Railway Station, Wellington, G. W. Railway	
Bridge over Birie Creek, at Goodooga	11 o'clock, 19th December.
Erection of Court-house, Newtown	
Lease of Wentworth Ferry, during 1883	
Bridge over Tuena Creek, on Goulburn and Tuena Road	

Note.—Attention is called to the sales by auction Leases of Ferries for 1883, published in Gazette of the 13th October ultimo.
JOHN LACKEY.

Police Department, Inspector General's Office, Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

SITE FOR POLICE STATION, MOUNT VICTORIA.
Wanted, an Allotment of LAND, of not less than 60 feet frontage at Mount Victoria as a site for a Police Station.
Offers to be addressed to the Inspector General of Police, up to the 15th December.

YOU WILL FIND it a pleasure to walk through the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Open until 9 p.m.

Public Notices.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
In Lunacy.
In the matter of FREDERICK BARNETT, a person of unsound mind. And in the matter of the Lunacy Act of 1878.
All Persons having in their possession any property whatsoever belonging to the Estate of the above-named Frederick Barnett are hereby required to forthwith deliver the same to the undersigned, the duly appointed Committees of the Estate, or their Solicitors, on or before the first day of December next, after which date legal proceedings will be instituted to recover the same without further notice.
Dated this 24th day of November, A.D. 1882.
J. F. FLETCHER, R. D. HARNETT, Committees.
STEPHEN, LAURENCE, and JAQUES, Solicitors for the Committees, 81, Pitt-street, Sydney.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by Indenture of Assignment of even date herewith, made between WILLIAM HENRY HILL, of Sands'-lane, off George-street, Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Broker, of the first part, JAMES STEWART, of Sydney aforesaid, Merchant, and ROBERT PHILLIPS, of Sydney, aforesaid, Broker, trustees for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, of the second part, and the several persons and bodies corporate, creditors of the said William Henry Hill, whose names are mentioned in the first schedule thereunder written or thereunto annexed, and all other the creditors of the said William Henry Hill, of the third part, all the estate, property, assets, and effects of every description soever, and wheresoever situate, of him the said William Henry Hill, have been released and assigned unto the said Trustees, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, for the benefit of all the creditors of the said William Henry Hill; and that the said deed duly executed and attested as by law required is now lying at the Office of Thomas Read, Solicitor, the Arcade, King-street, Sydney aforesaid, for inspection and execution.
Dated at Sydney, this twenty-second day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.
WM. H. HILL.
JAMES STEWART.
ROBERT PHILLIPS.
Witness to the signature of the said William Henry Hill—Geo. Rattray, J.P.
Witness to the signature of the said James Stewart—Geo. Rattray, J.P.
Witness to the signature of the said Robert Phillips—Geo. Rattray, J.P.

KENDALL FUND.
Further SUBSCRIPTIONS will be RECEIVED by the SECRETARIES or the TREASURERS, addressed to the Athenæum Club, Castlereagh-street; by any member of the Committee; by Mr. F. Ross Fairfax, addressed Herald Office; by Mr. Wynne, addressed Daily Telegraph Office; or by Mr. Hogue, addressed Evening News.
Gentlemen having lists will please communicate with the Treasurer, at the Athenæum Club, as the Committee wish to close the Fund as soon as possible.
A further list will be published in a few days.
W. B. DALLEY, SAMUEL COOK, Hon. Treas.
P. J. HOLDSWORTH, T. BUTLER, Hon. Secs.

THANKS.—I beg to tender my sincere thanks to Miss NORTH, Miss GORDON, and the SUBSCRIBERS generally for the handsome sum collected on behalf of myself and children on the occasion of the sudden death of my late husband.
ELIZA MURPHY.

DR. and Mrs. FLATAU wish to thank their numerous friends, both in town and country, for the great sympathy shown for their late bereavement. Bonaira, Forest Lodge, 28th November, 1882.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the re-issue of BOOKS will commence on MONDAY NEXT, instead of Friday.
JOHN HENDERSON, Secretary.

TURKISH BATH, BLIGH-STREET.
The Bath will be OPEN for ladies THIS AFTERNOON, from 2 till 10 o'clock.
C. A. SHERWIN, Manager.

NOTICE.—If J. J. SHARPE does not complete his contract with J. Warden, his partner, J. Warden, will receive all that is due at completion.
JOHN BUTTERWORTH.

NOTICE.—All connection between Mr. T. LAMBERT PHILLIPS and the undersigned having ceased, he is no longer authorised to transact any business on our account.
ROBERT PHILLIPS and CO.

NOTICE.—If JOHN ALEXANDER, Contractor, does not proceed with the erection of Cottage for me at Darlington, on or before the 30th November, 1882, I shall finish same at his risk, according to contract. James Meader.

NOTICE.
All CLAIMS against the Estate of the late ROBERT RIDDELL, Stonemason, are requested to be sent to the undersigned forthwith.
JOHN RIDDELL,
No. 8, East-street, off Brisbane-street, Surry Hills.

BOWENFELS COAL COMPANY.—NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. A. B. BLACK of 247, George-street, Sydney, has been appointed MANAGER of the above Company. All business communications and orders for coal must in future be addressed to him. Dated this 28th day of November, 1882.
A. H. M'CULLOCH, Jun., Solicitor for the Company, 121, Pitt-street, Sydney.

COMPETITION.—TO CIVIL ENGINEERS AND OTHERS.
The Harbour Board of Napier, Hawkes Bay, N. Z., hereby call for DESIGNS for a HARBOUR to be constructed at the Port of Napier. Such designs to be in accordance with conditions which will be supplied on application. A premium of £500 (five hundred pounds) will be given for the design which is selected and approved by the Judges, who will be engineers of good standing.
Plans of the present harbour, the roadstead and bay, which have been prepared for the purpose, and which will be accompanied with all necessary data, will be supplied on application to the Engineer to the Board, at Napier. A charge of two guineas for such plans, &c. will be made.
The conditions, plans, &c. can also be obtained at the Herald Office.
By authority of the Board.
FRANCIS E. SAUNDERS, Engineer, Napier Harbour Board.
Harbour Board Office, Napier, October 3, 1882.

ARCHITECTS, CIVIL ENGINEERS, and Others.
The Wharfage Improvement Association invites Competitive DESIGNS for a system of Wharfage Accommodation for Sydney. Full particulars at the Office, 40, Hunter-street.
HENRY CHAS. MITCHELL, Secretary.

NORTH SHORE. NORTH SHORE.
POSTPONED. POSTPONED.
THE CARLOW ESTATE
THE CARLOW ESTATE.
Until SATURDAY, the 9th December.
BARKER and CO., St. Leonards.

POINT PIPER WATER FRONTAGES.
SALE DAY, SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
LITHOS. on application to BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

OYEZ, OYEZ, OYEZ!—To the Electors of glorious Sydney, the chiefest amongst any amount of thousands of cities. We want your cheerful smiling faces to come to the election, and poll manfully at our Auction Sale of Landed and Household Properties on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11, by the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, Corn Exchange. So wire in, and prove to the northern end of the city that they are not going to have it all their own way. So come to the end of the sunny south, where the atmosphere is pure.

TOYS.—We, as manufacturers' agents, can hold out inducements to buy of us. American Novelty Co., Pitt-street.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

TO ARCHITECTS.
The Committee of the Rockhampton School of Arts invite DESIGNS, accompanied with an Estimate of Cost, for a new SCHOOL OF ARTS.
A Premium of FIFTY POUNDS will be given for the design approved of by the Committee, which design will become their property.
Designs to be sent to the Secretary, G. POTTS, Junr., School of Arts, Rockhampton, Queensland, from whom all particulars can be obtained, on or before the 14th February, 1883.

NOTICE.
The AUSTRALIAN WINE COMPANY, Limited, No. 8 and 8½, Mill-street, Hanover-square, London W., GIVE NOTICE that they must not be confounded with the late AUSTRALIAN WINE-GROWERS COMPANY, Limited; neither are they connected with any other company or firm in London.
JAMES COCKS, Manager.
September 8, 1882.

BURRAGA COPPER-MINING AND SMELTING ASSOCIATION.
COPPER ORES purchased, delivered at the Company's Smelting Works, Lithgow.
For information apply to LEWIS LLOYD, Bathurst, or to W. J. WESTON, 5, Spring-street.

MORT'S WOOL WAREHOUSES, SYDNEY.
LIBERAL ADVANCES made on WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, TALLOW, HIDES, WHEAT, TIN ORE, and Other Produce, for SALE or SHIPMENT.
MORT and CO., Wool Warehouses, Circular Quay, and Darling Harbour, Sydney.

R. GOLDSBROUGH and CO., LIMITED.
In which are amalgated THE AUSTRALASIAN AGENCY AND BANKING CORPORATION, LIMITED, and R. GOLDSBROUGH and CO., Wool Brokers, and Stock and Station Agents, 4, Spring-street, Sydney,
beg to announce that their Sales of Fat Stock (at Homebush), Station and Freehold Properties, Sheepskins, Hides, Tallow, and General Station Produce, will be under the superintendence of Mr. GEORGE MAIDEN.
The Wool Department will remain under the control of their staff of expert officials, who will take charge of and sell to the best advantage all consignments entrusted to their care.
Sydney, September 1, 1882.

JAMES MOIR AND CO., Stock, Station and General Commission Agents, 38, Margaret-street, Sydney.
Liberal advances made on STATIONS and STOCK; also on WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, and all COLONIAL PRODUCE consigned to them for sale or shipment.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Limited, WOOL and PRODUCE BROKERS, FAT STOCK SALESMEN, STOCK and STATION AGENTS.
OFFICES and STORES, CIRCULAR QUAY, SYDNEY.
SALES:
WOOL and SHEEPSKINS, at the Wool Stores, Macquarie-place—Mondays and Tuesdays during the season, and every second Monday during the off season.
HIDES, TALLOW, HAIR, and HORNS, at the Produce Stores, Circular Quay—every Friday.
FAT STOCK, at Homebush—on Mondays and Thursdays.
STORE STOCK and STATIONS for sale—Particulars on application.
CONSIGNMENTS shipped on owners' account at current rates.
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES, if required, on all consignments, whether for sale, shipment, or storage.
ACCOUNT SALES and PROCEEDS rendered promptly.
Any information required in reference to sales, advances, freights, &c., will be sent on application.

I APOLOGISE to Mrs. JOHN RILEY, Broughton-street, Glebe, for the words made use of by me concerning her, having no foundation whatever.
(Signed) H. WHITNEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED will make liberal advances on WOOL or other PRODUCE consigned to their London House.
YOUNG and LARK.

ADVANCES made on Wool, Metals and other Colonial Produce for Sale here, in London, or elsewhere. Credits granted for purchase of goods, and indents executed on the most favourable terms, through our London house, Messrs. WATT, GILCHRIST and CO., 5, East India Avenue, Leadenhall-street.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
Lloyd's Agency.

WOOL and OTHER PRODUCE INSURED, FROM STATION THROUGH TO LONDON, BY THE CORNWALL INSURANCE CO., at Lowest Rates of Premium.
GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., Agents.
348, George-street.

TO THE STOCKOWNERS OF NEW SOUTH WALES and QUEENSLAND.
Gentlemen,—At the end of this month the agreement entered into by the Fat Stock Agents' Associations some four years since will expire. You will remember that previously the charge made for selling Fat Stock here was 2½ per cent. With the view of helping to keep the Homebush market steady it was thought advisable then to rebate the Sydney Meat Preserving Co. ½ per cent. on all stock sold by auction at Homebush; and in order to meet this the rate of commission was raised to 3½ per cent., which has been the ruling rate since. At a late meeting of the Associated Fat Stock Agents it was decided that no rebate be allowed the Meat Preserving Co. after the 14th November, 1882. As this rebate is now abolished, it is not my intention to bind myself by joining any association; and I have decided to sell Fat Stock at the rate of commission customary here for many years, viz.,
2½ PER CENT.
It is also my intention to give personal supervision to the drafting of stock consigned to me, and to pay such attention to the business as will not fail to give you satisfaction.
Account sales, with cheque for net proceeds, paid day after sale.
The business I have now established will, I trust, be a guarantee that any consignments you may favour me with shall have every attention, and be sold advantageously.
Soliciting the favour of your business,
I am yours faithfully,
JOSEPH LEEDS.
257, George-street, Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

GAS STOVE Victory cooking daily. Grilling over the flame to-day. Raleigh, inventor, 253, Elizabeth-street.

POINT PIPER WATER FRONTAGES.
SALE DAY, SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
LITHOS. on application to BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

Educational.

CANDIDATES tutored for Matric., Law, and Civ. Serv. Exams. Classes at residence. J. A. DOBBIE, of Syd. University, visiting tutor to ten of the principal ladies' colleges in Sydney. Merville House, op. Alberto-ter., 31, Darlinghurst-road.

HOLIDAY TUITION.—Classes now forming; special advantages to backward pupils. Tutor, Herald Office.

MISS E. A. FOXALL, Teacher of Singing and Piano. Private Lessons and Class Singing. 92, Oxford-street.

MISS WOODS, Teacher of Music. 201, Albion-street, Bourke-street.

MOUNT VICTORIA Public School.—Mr. H. G. Ricards has a few vacancies for boarders. £10 per quarter.

MR. WOOD, Principal, Superior Public School, Petersham, receives Weekly & Quarterly Boarders, at Gramanda.

MUSIC.—Mr. F. MORLEY, 47, Surry-street, Darlinghurst, will have a few Vacancies after Xmas vacation.

MUSIC Taught at pupil's residences; terms very moderate. Apply 34, Waterloo-street, Surry Hills.

MRS. HOLLAND'S Dressmaking Class for young ladies, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 158, Phillip-street. Hours from 10 to 4. Terms on application.

MR. A. ROBERTO PULLIN, Artist, gives LESSONS in Freehand Drawing, Crayon, Water Colour and Oil Paintings, Linear and Aerial Perspective, Solar and Artificial Light and Shade, Flower Painting, &c.
Schools, Colleges, and Convents attended.
Private Lessons at Studio, Central-chambers, corner of George and Market streets.
Hours of attendance—11 till 1 p.m., Wednesdays.
2 First Prizes, Sydney Intercolonial Exhibition, 1875; 2 First Prizes, Queensland Intercolonial Exhibition, 1876; Prize Sydney International Exhibition, 1880-1, and numerous other honours.

PIANO, Harmonium, Singing.—Mr. HARWOOD, Professor of Music, 346, Victoria-street, near St. Vincent's.

SUMMER-HILL.—Pianoforte and Vocal Instruction, at moderate terms. Address Master, 140, Oxford-street.

SINGING AND PIANOFORTE.
Mrs. KINLOCH has RESUMED teaching at her residence, Moidart, close to Redmyre station.

TO YOUNG LADIES.—Private LESSONS in Reading and Writing. Mrs. Smith, Annie Cottage, Prospect-street, Erskineville-road, Macdonaldtown.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.—Two little Girls (under 12) would be received by Protestant lady as BOARDERS; motherly care and attention bestowed; thorough English and music. For terms and particulars address English Home, Herald Office.

YOUNG Lady is anxious to receive young PUPILS for the Piano, vicinity of Glebe or Forest Lodge; £1 1s per quarter. Tempo, Herald Office.

GOVERNESSES' HOME, conducted by Mrs. Cochot, 2, Victoria-terrace, Darlinghurst, top of William-street.

ELECTORS SOUTH SYDNEY ECTORATE.—To be or not to be; ah, there's the rub. Take potluck, and attend the immense concourse that is expected at the THURSDAY'S Sale, November 30, Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, Corn Exchange, Haymarket. Never mind, a time will come. Nonsense, take time by the forelock, and buy some of the many properties they have for sale on that day. So plump straight for the Company, that they may head the poll for civility and prompt attention.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Tenders.

ANNUAL SUPPLY for the BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, for the year 1883.
The undermentioned articles being required for the establishment of the Benevolent Society at Sydney, persons willing to supply the same are requested to forward TENDERS, addressed to the Secretary, at the office of the Society, Pitt-street South, on TUESDAY, the 19th December, at noon.
Beef, best quality, at per lb.
Mutton, ditto ditto, ditto
Veal, ditto ditto, ditto
Pork, ditto ditto, ditto
Corn beef, ditto ditto, ditto
Beef suet, ditto ditto, ditto
Flour, fine, at 100lb.
Ditto, 20 per cent, ditto
Bread, fine, best quality, at per 2lb. loaf
Bran, at per bushel of 20lb.
Newcastle coal, at per Imperial ton, 2240lb., delivered at the establishment
Wood, at per ton 2240lb., delivered
Coffins, large and small, each delivered, painted black
Ditto, ditto ditto, ditto, covered with black coburg
Interments
Milk, at per quart, delivered.
Tenders to be for six or twelve months, endorsed "Tenders for supplies to Benevolent Society." Those for bread and flour must be accompanied by samples of the articles. Sample also of the material to be used in covering coffins to be submitted.
Particulars of the above can be obtained from the Manager (Mr. F. Jentson), at the office of the Asylum.
The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
I. J. JOSEPHSON, Hon. Secretary.
Sydney, November 24, 1882.

ASYLUM FOR DESTITUTE CHILDREN RANDWICK.
ANNUAL SUPPLIES FOR 1883.
The undermentioned articles being required for the abovenamed institution, persons willing to supply the same are requested to forward TENDERS, addressed to the House Committee, accompanied by samples (where practicable), up to MONDAY, 11th December next:—
Section I.—Bread; II.—Meat; III.—Groceries; IV.—Fuel; V.—Boots; VI.—Printing Annual Report.
Printed forms of tender, with the estimated quantities required and every information connected therewith, may be obtained, and samples seen, on application to the Superintendent, at the Asylum, Randwick.
D. A. THOMAS, Superintendent.
Randwick Asylum, November 11, 1882.

BOROUGH OF CAMPERDOWN.
TO OWNERS OF PROPERTY.
TENDERS for suitable premises to be used as Temporary Council-chambers, Library, Reading Room, Offices, and Residence, will be received at the present Council-chambers, until 4 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 5th December proximo.
Persons tendering must state at what rate per annum, or per month, they are willing to let their respective premises.
Tenders to be addressed to the Mayor and marked "Tender."
WM. PIDCOCK, Council Clerk.
Council-chambers, November 22, 1882.

NEW SOUTH WALES COMMISSION AMSTERDAM INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1883.
TENDERS will be received until MONDAY, 4th December, at 12 o'clock, for 55 or more SHOW CASES for the Exhibition of Wool at Amsterdam. A sample of the cases required may be seen at the Office of the Commissioner, 127, Macquarie-street, after 1 p.m., on THURSDAY, 30th instant.
ALEX. CUMMING, Secretary.
127, Macquarie-street, Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

SEPARATE TENDERS wanted for Joiners' Work, Plastering, Painting and Plumbing Work of 11 large Houses. Apply for plans, &c., on North Glebe-road, near St. John's-road, W. Hill.

TO BUILDERS.
TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of the WESLEYAN CHURCH in Macquarie-street, PARRAMATTA.
The works may be tendered for as follows:—
1. Excavation, drainage, masonry, and brickwork.
2. Carpenters' and joiners' work, and finishing trades.
3. Cementing and plastering.
4. The whole of the works in one sum.
Plans and specifications may be seen upon application at the offices of the Architects, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before WEDNESDAY, 20th DECEMBER.
MANSFIELD BROTHERS, Architects, 121, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TENDERS are hereby required for the finishing of the Great Western Hotel, Katoomba, Blue Mountains, at the risk of the former contractor.
For plans and specifications apply to the Architect, 160, Pitt-street, Sydney.
JNO. KIRKPATRICK.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of Two Houses on the Annandale Estate. Tenders close 9th December. Plans and specifications at FOX BROS.', 217, Pitt-street.

TENDERS are invited for Erection of Villa Residence, Hunter's Hill, on or before 30th instant. Plans, &c., at our Offices, 120, Elizabeth-street.
ELLIS and SLATYER, Architects.

TENDERS—Masons, for Erection of Baker's Oven; Carpenters, for Shed 40 x 13; Painters, for some outside work.
J. W. C. FLOWER, Agent, 176, Pitt-street.

TENDERS for Plastering 2 rooms and hall, W. B. Cottage, Hensbridge, Burlington-st., off West-st., St. Leonards.

TENDERS wanted, for Plastering House, in Darling-street, Lyndhurst. Apply on the job. R. Minell, builder.

TENDERS wanted, to Sink a Tank, at Marrickville. Apply J. Whittaker, builder, Morehead-street, Redfern.

TENDERS for GLAZING and PAINTING greenhouse, labour only, at Commodore residence, Potts' Point.

TENDERS wanted for the PLASTERING of 2 houses. W. Baker, Lackey-street, St. Peters.

TO PAINTMAKERS.—Wanted, Tenders for grinding and mixing 20 tons dry paints with oil. B., Box 61.

WANTED, TENDERS, for cementing and Plastering six houses. Apply John Kellett, near Keating's Railway House Hotel, Botany-road.

WANTED, Tenders, Brickwork two Houses (labour only). Branch Bros., Riley and Devonshire streets.

Horses and Vehicles.

BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., IMPORTERS of AMERICAN BUGGIES of every description, EXPRESS WAGGONS, And SINGLE and DOUBLE HARNESS.
Office and Stores, York-street, Wynyard-square.

ANGUS AND SON, COACHBUILDERS and IMPORTERS, 99 and 101, Castlereagh-street.
A large and varied stock of vehicles always on hand of the very best quality. Shipments received monthly. Illustrated catalogues free. Patentees of the "Angus Buggy," also the "Shaft Detacher."
Medallists and Special Prizeholders. Established 1868.

O'BRIEN and CO., 276, Pitt-street, manufacturers of the "Struck Oil" Double-seat Buggy.

O'BRIEN and CO., 276, Pitt-street, manufacturers of the celebrated "Hampshire" Double-seat Buggy.

O'BRIEN and CO., 276, Pitt-street, manufacturers of the celebrated Florentine Double-seat BUGGY.

HANDSOME HORSE for SALE, saddle or buggy. Hever's Stable, Pitt-street, near Post Office.

FOR Private SALE, Pair of handsome Bay HORSES 16 hands, with stylish LANDAU and HARNESS, to be seen at Oatlands, Parramatta. For particulars apply W. Garling, Fennelly's Bazaar.

BUGGIES, BUGGIES, WAGGONS, CARTS, &c.
The largest, cheapest, and best assortment in the colony. Buggies, £26; Waggons, £23; Spring-carts, £13, at JOHN ROBERTSON'S STEAM COACH and BUGGY MANUFACTORY, Pitt-street, near Haymarket.
N.B.—Country visitors are invited to inspect the works.

FOR SALE, Bay GELDING—HN by Bulginbar—16 hands high, saddle or harness, splendid goer, trial given, £4. Apply between 8 and 10 a.m., or 6 and 10 p.m. 20, Wells-street, Redfern.

KEARBY BROTHERS, Coachbuilders and Importers of American Buggies, have now on SALE, ex late arrivals—
Tray Buggies (Abbott style), top and no-top
Oppenheim Jump-seats, top and no-top (new style)
Basket Phaetons, 4-seated
Cutunder Turnout Seats
Concords, Piano-boxes, and Buckboards
Turnout seats and Express Waggons
Double, shifting, and single American Harness.
Note the address—252, Pitt-street, near Park-street.

QUIET Buggy and Saddle HORSE, stand tram, £12. Spring-cart Horse, £8. Knight, 179, Castlereagh-street.

NEW Spring-cart Horse and Harness, £22; good spring Van Horse and Harness, £22. Knight.

DOUBLE-SEAT BUGGIES, £20 and £25; Abbott's Tray Buggy, £35; Sociable, £12; Pagnel Cart, £10. Knight.

LIGHT cut-under Sociable Brake, lamps, £45; Victoria Hooded Phaeton, £55. Knight, 179, Castlereagh-street.

SURVEYOR'S Waggon and Harness, £35; Hawker's large Waggon, £35; new Spring Carts, £13. Knight, Cast.-st.

FOR SALE, a double-seated BUGGY, with lamps and brake, 86, Oxford-street.

FOR SALE, good strong CART, nearly new, £7; a bargain. Apply 126, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

NEW Family SOCIABLE, warranted, £55; 3 new Dexter's Patent Double Buggies, £48 each, warranted; strong family Sociable, £30; hooded double-seated Buggy, £27; strong Waggon, £20; Van, carry 1/2cwt., £12; new Cart, £8; Dray and Harness, £12; Grocer's Cart, £16; Pagnel Cart, £9; Van, £8; Sociable Cart, £10; Tray Buggy, £27; Hawker's Cart with tilt, £20; strong Hawker's or Surveyor's Waggons, £35; light Express Waggons, £26 each; Invalid Phaeton, £10; single hooded Buggy, £28. E. M'CARTY and CO., 161, Castlereagh-st.

NEW Single Buggy Harness, £5 set; Side-saddle, £3; Springcart Harness, £4; Waggon Harness, £7. M'Carty.

NEW Springcart, Horse, and Harness, £24; Van, Horse and Harness, £20; Saddle, £2. M'Carty, Castlereagh-st.

NUGGETTY Horse, for trial, £9; Van dorse, £13; Buggy Horse, £10; pair Waggon Horses, £25. M'Carty.

CHOICE BOOKS for Christmas Presents, at English prices. Christmas and New Year's Cards. Kirby's, Pitt.

FOR SALE, a staunch old HORSE, suit wood cart, £5. 27, Charles-street, Woolloomooloo.

QUIET PONY for sale, suit children, go in saddle and harness; low price. 103, Queen-street, Woollahra.

BAY quiet Sociable Horse, £18; black first-class Buggy Cob, £14; child's Pony, £12. WOOLLER'S.

GREY stylish Buggy and Saddle Horse, £20; double-seated Buggy, £21; Single Buggy, £15. WOOLLER'S.

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Stock, Shares, and Money.

MUTUAL LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY. 43, HUNTER-STREET, near Herald Office. MONEY ON EASY TERMS TO MALE OR FEMALE, from £5 upwards, repayable at 6d in the £, by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments, on all kinds of securities. Advances on leasehold and freehold properties WITHOUT EXPENSE OF MORTGAGE, at a low rate of interest. Apply to the Manager, 42, Hunter-street.

LOANS ON LIFE POLICIES. THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA, Limited, Grants LOANS on its POLICIES up to half the amount assured when guaranteed by approved sureties. These loans are repayable by quarterly instalments, including principal and interest. Form of Application may be obtained at the Office, 32, Hunter-street.
HENRY F. FRANCIS, Resident Secretary.

THE COMMERCIAL BUILDING AND INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED. Offices—5, SPRING-STREET, SYDNEY. Directors: The Hon. S. A. Joseph, M.L.C., Chairman. H. E. A. Allan, Esq. | J. R. Street, Esq. A. C. Garrick, Esq. | A. S. Webster, Esq. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £200,000; PAID-UP CAPITAL, £40,000. MONEY received on FIXED DEPOSIT for three months and upwards.
J. STUART-MASON, Manager.

MONEY RECEIVED ON FIXED DEPOSIT by the METROPOLITAN MUTUAL PERMANENT BUILDING and INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION, Limited, 246, PITT-STREET, Sydney, nearly opposite School of Arts. Capital, £50,000, with power to increase to £100,000. Directors: ALEXANDER THOMSON, Esq., Chairman. ROBERT CHADWICK, Esq. | JAS. B. ELPHINSTONE, Esq. JOHN HARDIE, Esq. | W. A. HUTCHINSON, Esq. HUMPHREY RICHARDSON, Esq. HIGHEST current rates of interest given for FIXED DEPOSITS. Liberal advances made on freehold and leasehold properties.
ROBERT W. CONWAY, Manager.

INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT PERMANENT BUILDING LAND AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY. Offices—171, York-street. Deposits received to any extent—4, 5, and 6 per cent. allowed upon sums deposited for 3, 6, and 12 months.
WILLIAM JARRETT, Manager.

TO Gentlemen in the Civil Service, Clerks, and others.—MONEY advanced on deposit of Deeds, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, personal and other security; repaid by easy terms at lowest interest. Cosmopolitan Loan Office, 110, Elizabeth-street.

EQUITABLE P. BENEFIT BUILDING, LAND, AND SAVINGS INSTITUTION, 248, Pitt-street. Borrowers for purchasing or building properties may be assisted in their efforts upon the usual safe and liberal terms, which have hitherto made the society so deservedly popular. Weekly payment per £100, only 5s 4d. To DEPOSITORS.—The greatly expanding business enables the capitalist to obtain for his money the highest prevailing rate of interest. All requisite information may be obtained at the office, 248, Pitt-street.
THOMAS MILLER, Manager.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. UNION LOAN, MORTGAGE, and DISCOUNT COMPANY, 760, George-street, Haymarket (First Floor). MONEY advanced same day as application, without any preliminary expense, upon PERSONAL or other securities. LOANS granted upon SECOND mortgage. MONEY advanced upon the Equity of Redemption of Mortgages. LOANS granted upon ALLOTMENTS or sections of city or suburban estates (subdivided or intact). MONEY advanced upon HOUSES, COTTAGES, or WORKSHOPS, erected or in course of erection. LOANS granted upon DEPOSIT OF DEEDS, freehold or leasehold, for SHORT or any periods, without expense. MONEY advanced on GENERAL MERCHANDISE, either free or bonded. Repayable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments, or to suit borrowers.

Loan.	Weekly Repayment.	Monthly Repayment.
£300	£1 10 0	£6 5 0
200	1 2 6	4 10 0
150	0 16 8	3 5 0
100	0 11 8	2 6 0
75	0 8 4	1 16 0
50	0 5 10	1 4 6
40	0 4 4	0 17 6
30	0 3 1	0 12 6
20	0 2 2	0 10 0

All communications made either personally or otherwise treated in the utmost Confidence, and will have strict and prompt attention. No costs or charges made whatsoever, if loan or loans are not entertained or granted. For further information apply at the Offices.
WM. P. SMAIL, Secretary.

THE ANGLO-AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT FINANCE, AND LAND COMPANY, Limited. (Registered under the Companies Act.) Head Offices, 359, George-street. DIRECTORS: Henry Gorman, Esq., J.P., chairman. Francis A. Wright, Esq., M.P., vice-chairman. William Clarke, Esq., M.P. | John Woods, Esq., J.P. Benjamin James, jun., Esq. | W. H. Paling, Esq., J.P. MANAGER: Wm. Shenstone. THIS COMPANY ADVANCES on LAND HOUSE PROPERTY BOND CERTIFICATES, MERCHANDISE, and other securities. DEPOSITS RECEIVED at LIBERAL INTEREST. (Specially guaranteed.)

BORROWERS from Building Societies and Tradesmen,—Think. Ought you not to secure a policy in the Australian Mutual Provident Society, an amount sufficient to cover outstanding liabilities in the event of death, and so prevent your property or business being sacrificed? Insure at once and secure bonus. December, 1883, next month, closes financial year. Send for prospectus or call. B. SHORT, Chief Sydney Agent, Arcade entrance.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. COLONIAL MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANKING COMPANY'S OFFICES, 220, Market and Castlereagh streets. The operations of the Company embrace the following branches:—
1. Promissory notes, acceptances, bills of exchanges, discounted daily.
2. Mortgages effected on city, suburban, and country properties.
3. Money advanced on deposit of deeds, with or without transfer, and on leaseholds, shares and scrip of public companies, bills of sale, bonded certificates, merchandise; also on good personal security, payable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
4. Reversionary interests, annuities, and life interests in estates, purchased, or advances made thereon as required.
All communications, private, confidential, or otherwise, addressed to the undersigned, will have strict and prompt attention.
D. BARNETT, General Manager.

MONEY LOANS GRANTED at MODERATE INTEREST, on FURNITURE (without possession), DEEDS, BOND CERTIFICATES, SHARES, or OTHER SECURITIES. PAYABLE to SUIT CONVENIENCE. NO DEDUCTIONS MADE from amount required, which will be PAID IN FULL WITHIN TWELVE HOURS of APPLICATION. Bills discounted. MONTE DE PIETE, Central Loan Office, 98, Castlereagh-street, two doors south of King-street.

MONEY.—Various sums for advance upon Mortgage of freehold City or Suburban Properties, at current rates. HERON and SMITH, Solicitors, 53, Hunter-street, Sydney.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. REAL AND PERSONAL ADVANCE COMPANY, 124, Oxford-street. Office Hours—9 to 5; and in the evening on Mondays and Saturdays, from 7 to 9. This Company, with a view to arrange the EASIEST and MOST CONVENIENT manner for borrowing sums of money, will, from this date, advance to those requiring temporary accommodation upon the undermentioned securities, viz.:—
Mortgage
Second Mortgage
Personal
Farming Properties, Cattle, &c.
Promissory Notes
Bills of Sale
Certificates, Merchandise
Reversionary Interests, &c., &c.,
at the following scale of repayments, if required:—

Loans of	By Instalments of
£500	£2 0 0 weekly
300	1 10 0 "
200	1 0 0 "
100	0 10 0 "
50	0 6 0 "
30	0 4 0 "
20	0 3 0 "
10	0 2 6 "

Monthly or quarterly payments may be arranged. The Company will also advance upon buildings in course of erection, and are purchasers of land, house property, stocks-in-trade, and all classes of merchandise. Prompt attention to all communications may be depended upon, also the utmost privacy observed. Offices, 13th November, 1882.

LONDON MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANK. Interest not deducted from advance required. 109, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH (next St. James' School). OLDEST ESTABLISHED OFFICE IN SYDNEY. ADVANCES at LOW INTEREST PROMPTLY MADE UPON Bills of Sale (without possession;—the security of one or two householders, Freehold and Leasehold Properties (no mortgage need), P. Notes, Legacies, and any REASONABLE SECURITIES. Repayments to suit convenience. All communications and interviews held strictly confidential. FORMS GRATIS. Address THE SECRETARY. Office hours, 9 to 6 p.m.; Monday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 9.

TO LEND, £25,000 on city and suburban properties. Forbes, Mills, and Co., 89, King-street.

THE NATIONAL PERMANENT BUILDING, LAND, AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY. Offices, 23, Park-street. TRUSTEES: A. H. M'Culloch, jun., Esq., M.L.A. A. Elkington, Esq. DIRECTORS: Alderman John Young | Ellis Robinson, Esq. Thos. Macgregor, Esq. | J. T. E. Gibbs, Esq. F. A. Wright, Esq., M.L.A. Fixed Deposits received at highest current interest. £25,000 waiting to be Advanced. ALLOTMENTS for SALE, Golden Grove. Ditto ditto, Burwood. Ditto ditto, Balmain. ON BUILDING SOCIETY'S TERMS.

ELECTORS of SOUTH SYDNEY.—"Veni, vidi, vici" is exactly what the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, want you to do in your own interests. We are not so minded as the paternal Government, asking you to poll so early as 8 o'clock in the morning; but after a good breakfast, we ask you, one and all, to record your votes in our favour, by attending our Land and Property Sales Room, at the Corn Exchange, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 o'clock.

TO LEND, £5 to £500; personal security, repayable by instalments. J. G. Read, M'Coy's-chambers, 10, Park-street.

IMMEDIATE and Liberal Advances made on mining scrip, bank shares, bond warrants, &c., for periods as required. Trade bills discounted at slight advances on bank rates. Address Box 433, General Post Office.

THE ADVERTISER, having a large capital at his disposal, is prepared to make immediate Cash ADVANCES to persons in want of accommodation, at an extremely low rate of interest, on all descriptions of securities, without the necessity of a bill of sale, or any publicity whatever. All communications strictly private. Confidence, Box 2??, General Post Office.

MY HOUSE IS MY CASTLE. THE MUTUAL PROVIDENT LAND, INVESTING, AND BUILDING SOCIETY, Limited, 724, GEORGE-STREET, HAYMARKET.
N.B.—THE FIRST ISSUE OF SHARES TO THE EXTENT OF ONE-FIFTH OF THE CAPITAL HAVING BEEN TAKEN UP, the DIRECTORS HAVE AUTHORISED ANOTHER ISSUE OF £10,000 AT PAR, FOR WHICH EARLY APPLICATION IS NECESSARY.
By order of the Board. E. J. HENRY, Manager.
CAPITAL ... £50,000 In 2000 Shares of £25 each (with power to increase to £100,000). Of three series as follows:—
No. 1. Paid-up Shares to bear an additional 1 per cent. per annum of the net profits.
No. 2. Call Shares of £12 10s paid up, balance in monthly payments of 5s, to bear an additional ½ per cent per annum of the net profits.
No. 3. Contributing Shares 5s per share on application. 2s 6d per share on allotment, and balance in monthly calls of 5s per share, with participation of profits.
Directors: Alderman Robert Fowler, J. P., Chairman. John Starkey, Esq. | John M'Evoy, Esq. Frank Senior, Esq., J.P. | John Syme Dunlop, Esq. Alderman J. F. Smith. Bankers: The Mercantile Bank of Sydney. Valuator: R. P. Richardson, Esq. (of Messrs. Richardson and Wrench).

PERMANENT MUTUAL BENEFIT BUILDING SOCIETY. Offices—313, George-street, near Wynyard-street. This is the oldest Permanent Society in Sydney. It is prepared to advance to any extent on completed buildings or on houses in course of erection in the city or suburbs; the loans to be repaid by monthly instalments as low or lower than those of any other society; borrowers sharing also in the surplus profits. Prospectuses and full particulars may be had on application at the office.
RANDOLPH NOTT, Secretary.

INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT PERMANENT BUILDING, LAND, AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY. IMPORTANT TO BORROWERS. No valuation or other fees charged. Arrangements may be made as to repayments to suit all classes of borrowers. Prospectus and all information at the Society's Offices, 171, York-street.
WILLIAM JARRETT, Manager.

INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT PERMANENT BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY. FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS ready to be advanced on Freehold or Leasehold Security, repayments spread over any reasonable number of years. Intending Borrowers before deciding would do well to apply at the Offices of the above Society, where they can make arrangements as to repayments and terms to suit their convenience.
WILLIAM JARRETT, Manager. 171, York-street.

TRUST FUNDS for investment on Mortgage of approved securities, in town or suburbs; also, some large sums for investment on country freehold, at low interest. BRADLEY and SON, Solicitors, 58, Margaret-street.

SYDNEY AND SUBURBAN MUTUAL PERMANENT BUILDING AND LAND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION, Limited. DIRECTORS: W. S. BUZACOTT, Esq., Chairman. JAMES THOMPSON, Esq., Vice-Chairman. JOHN CALLAGHAN, Esq. | R. L. MURRAY, Esq., M.L.A. DAVID MACKEY, Esq. | JAMES WARD, Esq. This Association offers SPECIAL advantages to BORROWERS. All imposts abolished and lowest scale of charges. FIXED DEPOSITS and money at CALL received at highest current rates. SMALL SAVINGS also received at LIBERAL INTEREST. ☞ MINERVA-CHAMBERS, 126, PITT-STREET, opposite New General Post Office.
S. H. LEWIS, Manager.

TO Gentlemen in the Civil Service, Clerks, and others.—MONEY advanced on deposit of Deeds, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, personal and other security; repaid by easy terms at lowest interest. Cosmopolitan Loan Office, 110, Elizabeth-street.

THE COSMOPOLITAN LOAN OFFICE. 110, Elizabeth-street, Sydney. ADVANCES made on any BONA-FIDE SECURITY. We quote SPECIAL CHEAP RATES, which will be adhered to.

Borrowers of	receive	by repaying
£5	£4 7s 6d	5s weekly
10	8 15 0	10s "
15	13 2 6	15s "
20	17 10 0	20s "
50	43 15 0	50s "

and pro rata for any amount. ABOVE PAYMENTS MODIFIED to suit customers. Advances made to pay off existing Loans on advantageous terms. LIBERAL REBATE allowed upon settlements prior to due date. COMMUNICATIONS held CONFIDENTIAL and receive PROMPT ATTENTION. Hours, 10 to 5.
D. CASHMORE, Proprietor.

MONEY ADVANCED without security, at moderate interest and easy terms of repayment. No delay. All transactions held strictly private. Mr. G. W. GODWIN, 178, Phillip-street, near King-street.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND and BUILDING SOCIETY. NOTICE TO BORROWERS. Owing to the continued stringency of the money market, the rate of interest charged to borrowers will be advanced to 8 per cent., on and from the 1st January next.
J. W. BIBBY. 313, Pitt-street.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND and BUILDING SOCIETY. The SAVINGS BANK Department of this Society is open daily, for receipts and payments. Current rate of interest. 5 per cent. No notice required for withdrawals.
J. W. BIBBY. 313, Pitt-street.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND and BUILDING SOCIETY. Established, 1875. Reserve Fund, £25,000. Deposits received up to any amount. 7 per cent. interest on fixed deposits for 12 months.
J. W. BIBBY. 313, Pitt-street.

ELECTORS.—Free and Independent Electors, from all points of the compass, south for choice, being that point that the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, Corn Exchange, is situated. We can offer you a choice bill of fare, if you will put in an appearance at our Sale of Landed Properties on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11. No deception in our opinions on the great topic of the day yclept the Land Act. Our acts will prove most unmistakably far better to purchasers than any Government Act, as we veritably give good values in exchange for the rhino. So pro bono publico, and may you all attend the grandest mart in the colony.

Stock and Stations.

FOR SALE, first-class Pastoral Properties (stocked and unstocked) in Southern, Central, and Northern Queensland, Northern Territory, and Kimberley, Western Australia. Also, 56,000 ewes, 6,000 weaners, 14,000 wethers, 800 rams, from best flocks, 3,000 head of cattle.
E. W. LAMB, 263, George-street.

ESTATE IN GIPPSLAND. FOR SALE, 1500 acres good Agricultural and Fattening LAND (known as Fulham), 4 miles frontage to the never-failing Thomson River, 3 miles from Sale township; first-class 10-roomed house and outbuildings; also, 4-roomed cottage and garden; divided into 6 paddocks; 200 acres under crop, which is looking well. This is an opportunity which seldom occurs for securing a splendid estate close to a town (connected by rail with Melbourne) in such a healthy climate. Price, £10 per acre.
R. GUTHRIDGE and CO., Sale.

FOR SALE, IN THE NORTH KENNEDY DISTRICT, QUEENSLAND, a splendid, heavily grassed, well-watered, fattening RUN, comprising an area of 75 square miles of open basalt hills. The grasses are of the Blue and Mitchell kinds, and abundance of herbage. Price, £1250 cash. For full particulars, apply
MACDERMOTT, LOUGHNAN, and SCARR, 283, George-street, Sydney.

WILLIAM SLOANE AND CO., Agents for PASTORAL PROPERTIES and SUGAR ESTATES. SYDNEY—81, PITT-STREET. Melbourne—The Exchange. Brisbane—160, Elizabeth-street. Townsville—Flinders-street. Mackay Agency—W. H. Paxton. London House: Young, Ehlers, and Co., 32, Great St. Helens, E.C.
AGENTS FOR—Money Wigram and Sons', Limited, Line of Steamers. Australian and New Zealand Mortgage Company, Limited, London. Capital, £1,000,000. Melbourne Mackay Queensland Sugar Co., Limited. Burdekin Delta Sugar Co., Limited. Melbourne Exchange Freehold Property Co., Limited, Melbourne. Alpin, Brown, and Co., Limited, Townsville.
ADVANCES MADE on STATION PROPERTIES, or on WOOL or other produce consigned to them for sale either in the colonies or London.
PASTORAL PROPERTIES FOR SALE in each of the colonies; special attention being directed to a number of stocked and unstocked SHEEP and CATTLE STATIONS in the North and South Gregory, Mitchell, and Burke districts of Queensland, as well as first-class well-watered unstocked SHEEP COUNTRY, close to the Queensland boundary, in the Northern Territory of South Australia, and in the Kimberley district of Western Australia.
Stock for sale in all the colonies. Particular attention is directed to several lots of first-class sheep from Riverina and other districts for sale.
Particulars or lists of Stations and Stock in our hands for sale may be had on application.

EWES, Wethers, and Weaners for SALE near Canonbar. Mr. M'Culloch, Wentworth-court, Elizabeth-street.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

YOU WILL FIND it a pleasure to walk through the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Open until 9 p.m.

Public Companies.

AUCKLAND NATIVE LAND COLONISATION CO., LIMITED.
CAPITAL ... £500,000 In Shares of £1 each.
200,000 shares are offered in Auckland, Sydney, and Melbourne. 300,000 shares are reserved.
The shares are to be called up as under: 1s on application; 1s on allotment; and the balance as required, in calls of 1s each, at intervals of not less than three months.
If the Company is not formed the Deposits will be returned in full.
Sydney Committee of Reference (no local board being required). The Hon. Sir G. Wigram Allen; Dr. Fischer; John Keep, Esq. | William Macmillan, Esq. (Messrs. A. Macarthur and Co.); Ebenezer Vickery, Esq.

Accompanying this memorandum is the original prospectus of the Company, issued in Auckland; but, as the nature of dealing in native lands is not understood here, these few words are offered in explanation of the project.

The lands of the native tribes of New Zealand are held by the tribe, and not by the individual members of the tribe. They use them within their boundaries at will for cultivation or other purposes, but cannot part with them until they have been surveyed by a licensed Government surveyor, and the exact area ascertained. Immense tracts of land are, therefore, at present unused altogether. When the owners of a block of native land decide upon placing it in the Native Land Court, at their request a survey is made and the area ascertained. It is then advertised in the Government Gazette, to be adjudicated upon at a certain time and place, when all natives having claims to the block must attend. The Court, after hearing the claimants, grant a certificate of title to the owners, and allot to them their interest in the block. The Court in all cases reserves an ample area for the use of the tribe, which cannot be sold. The block can then be sold by the natives holding the certificate, and the transfer to the Company is registered under the Land Transfer Act, the Government being responsible for the area and title.

The position of the Company can be illustrated thus:—Negotiations are now on foot for the purchase of two large blocks of land, one of which is at present going through the Court, and Hunuu Puke, one of the Provisional Directors, holds a large interest in the same.

The greater field of operations contemplated are several blocks in the King country, between Te Awamutu and Taranaki, estimated to contain over four million acres. The lands to be operated on commence within one hundred miles of Auckland, and are accessible by rail within three miles, trains running daily. The population on this area is not above 4000 souls at the outside, and in this body of natives the title to this land is vested. The natives do not utilise more than 1500 acres of this vast area.

The operation of sale is beneficial to both sides. The natives have wealth in land which they cannot realise, and purchasers of land are waiting for opportunities of settlement they cannot get.

The Company steps in and solves the difficulty. The land in bulk is worth about 8s per acre, and sells, when cut up, for rates varying from £1 10s to £5 per acre, averaging about £3 10s.

A great deal of the land in question is agricultural land, which will yield 40 bushels of wheat, or 60 bushels of oats, to the acre. The larger part is fern land, which, when laid down in English grasses, will carry 4 long-woolled sheep to the acre. There is very little bush or forest land in this block.

The calls to be made on the shares are very small, as the titles take some time to pass through the Native Court.

The prospectus explains the various ways in which it is proposed to effect the purchases, and pay the native owners.

An extract from the European Mail of 8th September, 1882, is appended, which will show that a large English Company is being formed for the same purpose, and it must be obvious that gentlemen residing on the spot are more likely to work the idea successfully than a management so distant as London. The profit on these purchases and sales is very large, and nothing is required but honourable and intelligent management to realise it. The transaction is profitable to buyer and seller, and the demand for lands thus liberated is greater than the supply.

It need only be added that no promotion-money is paid to any one. The only charge on the Company will be the brokerage and ordinary expenses of floating the scheme.

Application must be made in the annexed form, and accompanied by a cheque for the application-money. No allotment will be made under 100 shares.

J. MULLENS, Broker to the Company.
34, Hunter-street, Sydney, 6th November, 1882.

MELBOURNE, November, 1882.
I, Kennedy Hill, of Auckland, Provisional Director of the Auckland Native Lands Colonisation Company, limited, do hereby certify the above explanation of the prospectus is a correct account of the objects and prospects of the Company. As a resident in Auckland for 12 years, and acquainted with the district of the King Country to be operated upon, I speak from intimate and personal knowledge.
KENNEDY HILL.
Witness—JAMES SMALLEY.

Extract from the European Mail, of 8th September, 1882.
The following paragraph has gone the round of the London papers, and we believe it has been officially supplied:—"Two important meetings were held at the latter end of the session in the Conference Room of the House of Commons, at which many prominent members of Parliament and others were present, to take into consideration a scheme for the arrest of the decay of the native race in New Zealand, and for the establishment of permanent peace between the native and European races. The effort was suggested by the presence in this country of the three New Zealand chiefs, who will shortly return to their native land, and by whose hands it is proposed to send a letter to the chiefs in New Zealand, suggesting the scheme for their consideration and recommending it for their adoption. The need for some such scheme is said to exist in the fact that, contrary to the policy of the chiefs, the native lands are being rapidly alienated, and the proceeds squandered without any permanent provision for the future maintenance of the race, except in some cases by certain inalienable reserves, and it is anticipated, if this system continues unchecked, the race will before long be thoroughly pauperised and degraded, and rapidly disappear. It is proposed, by means of an agency or association, to be originated in this country, to which all the waste lands may be transferred for the purpose of opening up colonisation, and sale, to invest by way of sinking fund, the prime value, or first cost of the land, as it is gradually sold at enhanced values to settlers, in permanent inalienable annuities, to be granted by the Government of New Zealand in favour of the individual owners of the land and their heirs, as long as they may have any, and the shareholders in the association to share with the native owners in any further profit or improved value of the land. The quantity of land proposed to be dealt with in this plan is 10,000,000 acres, the prime value 8s per acre, the enhanced value 40s per acre, and on the assumption that 200,000 acres would be sold annually it is estimated that within a minimum of 13 years or a maximum of 18 years all the present owners of the waste lands of the colony will have entered into the enjoyment of the interest on the capital value of their land, or £4,000,000, and there will be still left on hand a fund in land for subsequent sale and subdivision of about £14,000,000. Although suggested in the interest of the natives, it is said to be somewhat doubtful if the co-operation of the race can be secured, seeing the inter-tribal jealousies which exist, and the host of enemies which it will arouse, as it is calculated to overturn the existing system of land-sharking, by which unscrupulous men have lived and fattened on the natives, and who will necessarily misconstrue and malign the motives which have suggested the innovation, and who will do their utmost to arouse the suspicions and opposition of the natives. The chiefs at present in this country are said to strongly advocate the plan; but it is doubtful whether their influence is such as to secure perfect accord amongst the tribes whose support it is desirable to obtain, in order to carry out the scheme in its entirety. The movement has received the approval and support of the Earl of Shaftesbury, the Bishops of London, Liverpool, and St. Asaph, Sir Penrose G. Julyan, K.C.M.G.; the Deans of Canterbury and Peterborough, Canon Liddon, the Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, M.P.; Mr. Alderman Fowler, M.P.; Mr. Alderman W. M'Arthur, M.P.; Mr. Alexander M'Arthur, M.P., and several other influential gentlemen."

In criticising the scheme the *Daily News* remarks:—"This is a mere sketch of a scheme which will have to be worked out in a very careful and elaborate detail. It will, of course, have the violent opposition of the 'land sharks,' and of all the colonists who benefit by the unjust treatment to which the natives are now subject. It will probably be viewed with distrust by many of the Maoris themselves. But it has at least the advantage of suggesting a mode by which the waste lands can be opened up without doing any injustice to their owners. It is a sort of scheme for pensioning off the natives, who would then be quietly provided for. If the Maori race should die out the Colonial Government would be its heir; if it survived, the Maoris would be practically fundholders under the New Zealand Government. If the Maori difficulty can be met in some such way as this it will be fortunate for both races. The three chiefs who are about to return to their countrymen will use their influence to urge it on their acceptance, and they will at the same time be able to assure the Maori people that their complaints have not been unnoticed in England."

PROSPECTUS of the AUCKLAND NATIVE LANDS COLONISATION COMPANY, Limited.
Capital, £500,000, in 500,000 shares of £1 each.
200,000 Shares are now offered to the Public. 300,000 Shares to be Reserved for Natives in future issue.
One Shilling payable upon Application. One Shilling upon Allotment. Calls not to exceed One Shilling each, to be made at intervals of not less than Three Months.

Provisional Directors:

J. B. Whyte, M.H.R.	W. R. Vines
G. B. Morris, M.H.R.	T. T. Masefield
J. Chambers	John Reid
C. C. M'Millan	Kennedy Hill
E. R. Claude	Franz Scherff
Geo. Holdship	Major Jackson
Hunaina Puke	Captain Colbeck
Ko Kaukiuta	

with power to add to their number.
Bankers: The Bank of New Zealand. Brokers: The Auckland Brokers' Association. Solicitors: Jackson and Russell. Secretary pro tem.: Franz Scherff.

The objects of the AUCKLAND NATIVE LANDS COLONISATION COMPANY (LIMITED) are the acquisition and settlement of native lands in the North Island of New Zealand upon terms which will be to the mutual advantage of the native owners, of the shareholders in this company, and of the colony in general. In order to carry out this object, it is proposed:—
1. To acquire interests in lands in such way as the natives may prefer, either by purchase by lease, or by acting as their agents on such terms as may be agreed upon.
2. To pay for such interests acquired at the option of the native owners, either cash, paid-up shares, or debentures, for the whole or any part thereof, as circumstances and mutual advantage may dictate.
3. To allow the native owners who take paid-up shares interest at the rate of 5 per cent. upon the amount of the paid-up shares in excess of the amount paid up on contributing shares.
4. To issue to any native owner declining to take cash or paid-up shares debentures of stipulated amounts bearing interest at 5 per cent.
5. The capital required to carry on necessary operations of the company to be provided by colonial and European shareholders, and such capital shall be employed in defraying expenses of management, completing titles, effecting surveys and subdivisions into farms and township lots, opening means of access, conducting the sale and leasing of lands, promoting the formation of special settlements, and generally in utilising the lands vested in the company to the best advantage.
6. To set apart and legally secure adequate and inalienable reserves for the benefit of the native owners.
7. To convey to the Government an agreed percentage of land as required for public works and other purposes, at a figure slightly in advance of cost price.
8. To induce native owners to become large shareholders, to settle permanently upon lands the titles to which have been individualised, and to be represented on the directorate.

It is a well-known fact that the profits arising from the purchase and sale of native lands in the North Island are enormous, and it is equally well known that such profits have up to the present time been confined to the capitalist alone, because of the many obstructions arising from the laws relating to native lands, and to the large expenditure of money required for purchases the same.

The Auckland Native Lands Colonisation Company, Limited presents to small investors advantages identical with, and in excess of those enjoyed at the present only by capitalists, the shares having been fixed so low that men of small means may be placed on the same footing as the capitalist.

No more fitting opportunity than the present could be seized for the purpose of attaining the objects aimed at by this company, because
1. The quantity of fertile Crown lands in the North Island at the present time available for settlement is insufficient to meet the demand.
2.—The Government have ceased operations in purchasing native lands.
3.—The natives owning land in the King Country are almost unanimous in their desire to bring their valuable lands under the operation of the Land Court and dispose of them to Europeans.
4.—It is confidently anticipated that the Government will favour the establishment of this Company, which will go far to relieve them from all anxiety about providing for the future wants of the natives.

This company will place all land acquired under "The Lands Transfer Act," so that the title will be indefeasible, and it will then be able to dispose of the same at great advantage. The land will be sold for cash, or on deferred payments, or disposed of in the manner most conducive to the interests of shareholders.

Under these circumstances it is believed that the establishment of the Auckland Native Lands Colonisation Company (Limited) will provide for the natives the readiest and most beneficial method of placing their lands for sale, lease, or settlement. The ever-increasing demand for lands in New Zealand amongst all classes of colonists and intending emigrants from Great Britain, the rich quality of the lands in the King Country, the fact that they are within easy access by rail from Auckland, their suitability for occupation, and their annually-increasing value, are considerations which present to investors a prospect of remuneration unequalled probably by any proposal ever submitted to the public.

Applications for shares will be received by the Secretary, at his Offices, Fort-street, until TUESDAY, the 31st October, 1882.
Auckland, September 29, 1882.

Form of Application for Shares.
To Mr. JOSIAH MULLENS, Broker for the Auckland Native Lands Colonization Company, Limited.
I request that you will allot me .... Shares in the above Company, and I hereby agree to accept the same, or any less number that may be allotted to me, subject to the provisions of the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association constituting the Company. I hand you herewith the sum of £...... being a deposit of one shilling per share.
(Signature) ....
(Name in full) ....
(Occupation) ....
(Address) ....
No.......... Received ....

CITY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Limited. Capital, £500,000; Subscribed, £150,000. Offices, Waterloo Chambers, 458, George-street. DIRECTORS: John See, Esq., M.L.A. | J. P. Garvan, Esq., M.L.A. John T. Toohey, Esq. | P. Hogan, Esq., J.P. Patrick Stanley, Esq., J.P. | W. Fraser Martin, Esq., M.L.A. Profits divided with policy-holders every year. All damages by lightning and gas explosion paid. All kinds of fire risks taken at LOWEST RATES.
JAMES MURPHY, Manager.

PACIFIC FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SYDNEY. Capital—£1,000,000. DIRECTORS: B. Saddington, Esq., Chairman. Alfred C. Garrick, Esq. | Louis Phillips, Esq. W. H. Eldred, Esq. | J. B. Hoare, Esq. Marine and Fire risks of every description accepted at current rates.
E. L. MONTEFIORE, Manager.

CITY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. Limited. Offices—Waterloo-chambers, 458, George-street, Sydney. DIRECTORS: J. See, Esq., M.L.A. | E. Barton, Esq., M.L.A. Dr. Power | F. B. Freehill, Esq., M.A. P. Hogan, Esq., J.P. | D. O'Connor, Esq., M.L.A. J. P. Garvan, Esq., M.L.A. AUDITORS: J. R. C. Miles, Esq. (Bass and Miles, accountants) W. G. Winton, Esq. Life Assurance in all its branches transacted at lowest rates of premium.
J. P. GARVAN, Managing Director.

Building Materials.

GEORGE F. MURPHY, Sole surviving Partner of the late J. MURPHY and SON, REGENT HOUSE, 869, George-street, Railway Bridge. CENTRAL PLATE GLASS, PAPERHANGINGS, and GENERAL PAINT, OIL, and COLOUR STORES. Painters and Plasterers' Colours, Wood Preserving Oil, and Every article in the Oil and Colour Trade always in stock. Trams stop at the door.

GIBSON'S REFRIGERATING PAINT, for IRON, SLATE, OR GLASS. The following speaks for itself:—"The glass roof of the Sydney Arcade has been covered with Gibson's Refrigerating Paint, and the result has been a reduction of the temperature within the building to a remarkable degree, conducing to the comfort and convenience of those whose business demands their constant attendance there. The preparation can be recommended to all requiring a cool roof. "(signed) DAVID MOSES, Secretary." Sydney Agents: R. O. HOLTERMANN and CO., 674, George-street.

TO BUILDERS.—LAWRENCE and CO., Lime Merchants, Railway Station, Newtown. Most reasonable terms.

SHEET ZINC, Lead, Brass, Copper, and Tin Pipe. JOHN DANKS, 363, Pitt-street.

ENAMEL BATHS, Enamel Sinks, Enamel Urinals Sanitary Ware. JOHN DANKS, 363, Pitt-street.

SLATES.—Slates, all sizes. Bangor and American now selling below cost, at W. Cary's, Railway Bridge.

A MARBLE CHIMNEYPIECE and Register Grate, 65s. Splendid assort. Registr. Grates. Carey, R'way Bridge.

AMERICAN REDWOOD SHINGLES and DOORS, landing. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

DRESSED American SHELVING, now landing, for SALE. Goodlet and Smith, 493, George-street.

SHEET LEAD, all sizes, now landing. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

PLATE GLASS.—A large assortment just landed. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

SHEET GLASS, 15, 21, and 26oz., coloured and ornamental. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

ROLLED PLATE GLASS.—Diamond and rough cast plate. GOODLET and SMITH, 493, George-street.

RICHMOND RIVER SAWN PINE, ex Victory. 6 x 1 T. and G. Flooring, best quality seasoned, 20s 100 feet. Battens, Scantling, Rough Boards, price low. STREET BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

SLATES, Slates.—Bangor and American, at lowest rates; Marble Mantelpieces, and Register Grates, Cement, Plaster, Lead, Galvanised Iron, Guttering, Ridging, &c. G. E. Crane and Son, City Cement Stores, Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

MILLER AND HARRISON, Albion Wharf. TIMBER of all descriptions, rough or dressed. SHINGLES, Laths, Palings. GALVANIZED IRON and GUTTERING. CEMENT. DOORS and Sashes, all sizes. JOINERY of all kinds made to order. BALTIC, in DEALS, or cut as required. OREGON SPARS, DEALS, and T. and G., full cut.

TIMBER DELIVERED to any part of the harbour by steam launch. MILLER and HARRISON.

W. C. FALLICK, Pitt-street, has the largest and cheapest stock of Builders' Ironmongery in the city.

LIME.—Pure Marble LIME, and Dennis' Welsh Fire Clay. Marble Lime Company's Depot, 5, King-street.

BRITISH PLATE AND SHEET GLASS, Oils, Lead, Colours, Brushware, Paperhangings, Varnishes, &c., &c. The largest and best assorted Stock in the colony. JAMES SANDY and CO. (late Thomas Edens), BRITISH PLATE GLASS WAREHOUSE, 271 (late 255), George-street.

BALTIC DEALS, 13s per 100 feet, super. Sawn Hardwood, Oregon, Redwood Flooring and Lining Boards, all kinds. STREET BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

POST and RAILS, Paling, Laths. BLUEGUM FELLOES, Spokes, Naves. IRONBARK Girders, &c., &c. STREET BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

THE FAIRFIELD BRICK AND TILE CO. are prepared to supply Sand-stock BRICKS of every variety at lowest current rates. A. T. JACOB, Manager, Fairfield-street.

TO BUILDERS, TELEGRAPH CONTRACTORS, and Others.—W. WOOLF, late of George-street West, is prepared to execute orders for every description of Turnery on the shortest notice. Steam Saw and Turning Mills, Castlereagh-street, Redfern.

OLD BRICKS for SALE. Apply on job, Angus's Coach Works, Castlereagh-street.

LATHS, a bargain, 30,000, 3 feet, split. R. H. Howard, Commercial Hotel, Elizabeth-street South.

H. H. GROTH.—Satin and Gold Papers, Ceiling Papers, Figures, Coats of Arms. 330, George-street.

H. H. GROTH.—Genuine Champion's White Lead, Oils, Turps, Dry Colours, Canvas. 330, George-street.

H. H. GROTH.—Manders Brothers' Varnishes, Liquid Gold, Glue, Harland's Varnishes. 330, George-street.

KALSOMINE, COLOURING, KALSOMINE. TRY IT. H. H. GROTH, 330, George-street.

RUBBER PAINT. RUBBER PAINT. TRY IT. H. H. GROTH, 330, George-street.

STOREKEEPERS, send for our cheap WALL PAPERS, 3d. H. H. GROTH.

EXPIRATION OF LEASE. RETIRING FROM BUSINESS. The undersigned has for SALE, at REDUCED PRICES:—60,000 feet all kinds of galvanised iron, gutter; Ogb corrugated iron, all lengths; flat iron, all gauges; Davis' best flat iron, all gauges; sheet lead, lead pipe, lead traps and lead washers; galvanised iron water-pipe, and fittings; cast iron pipe; galvanised hoop iron, for brackets; spikes, all lengths; and pipe hooks; galvanised iron rivets and washers, galvanised roofing screws, washhand basins, and urinals. Copper pans for patent w. cs. J. A. BROWN, 238, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, a quantity of second-hand SLEEPERS. Apply Topham, Angus, and Co., 702, George-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, Galvanised Iron, Ashlar Stone, Timber, Joists, Flooring Boards, Rafters, Beams, good Bricks, cheap. Apply 97 and 99, Sussex-street, north King-street. Also, good Verandah, all complete.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Drapery, Haberdashery, &c.

TERMINATION OF PARTNERSHIP. THE GREAT CLEARING SALE IS NOW ON AT ALL OUR SHOPS. THIS IS A RARE CHANCE for DRESSMAKERS, MILLINERS, SHOPKEEPERS AND OTHERS. ANOTHER CHEAP LIST FOR TO-DAY.

TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Brook's Best Glace Cotton, 200 yards, 1s 3d dozen.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Berlin Wool, best quality, full weight, 10½ quarters.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Coats' Best Machine Cotton, 400 yards, 2s 6d dozen.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Marshall's Best Thread, 3d. reel.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Coats' Best Glace Cotton, 200 yards, 10½d dozen.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Best Country Pins, yellow papers, 1s 3d dozen.
TO-DAY.	Great Bargains Great Bargains	TO-DAY.
Clark's Glacé Cotton, 200 yards 8½d dozen.	Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains	Mixed or Short White Pins, in ounces, very best, 1s 8d lb.
TO-DAY.	Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains	TO-DAY.
Evans' Best Crochet Cotton, 1s 6d dozen. reels.	Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains	Best Knitting Cotton, Morley's or Alexander's 1s 9d lb.
TO-DAY.	Great Bargains Great Bargains	TO-DAY.
Milward's Needles, very best, 1s 3d dozen papers.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Hank Worsted White, Black, or Grey, 1s 6d lb.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Black Silk, on reels, Crown and Cushion quality 1s 4½d dozen.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	India Twill Tapes, all sizes, 4½d dozen.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Blind Cord, red and green, 8½d dozen.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	Hairpins, in nice fancy boxes, 5d dozen boxes.
TO-DAY.	Riley Brothers Riley Brothers	TO-DAY.
Women's Silver Thimbles, large size, 4d dozen.	Riley Brothers Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains	Round White Stay Laces, best, 4d dozen.
TO-DAY.	Great Bargains Great Bargains	TO-DAY.
Linen Buttons, sizes, 14 to 30, 7½d gross.	Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains	Worsted Stay Laces, extra long, 3d dozen.
TO-DAY.	Great Bargains Great Bargains	TO-DAY.
Large assortment Choice Perfumery, very cheap.	Great Bargains Great Bargains Great Bargains	Best Brown Windsor Soap, 1s 6d dozen cakes.

N.B.—This is a BONA-FIDE SALE to reduce stock, in order that partnership matters may be more easily settled.

Hawkers, Dealers, and Country Storekeepers supplied at special rates.

RILEY BROTHERS, BRICKFIELD-HILL.
RILEY BROTHERS, 165, OXFORD-STREET.
RILEY BROTHERS, 386, George-street, near King-street.
RILEY BROTHERS, GOULBURN.
RILEY BROTHERS, NEWCASTLE.

HORDERN'S IN PITT-STREET.
The reason why everything always looks so fresh and nice and new at HORDERN BROTHERS' is, because we do such quick trade that goods have no time to become SHOPWORN. Our Windows show this to be a fact.

Any person can see at a glance that our prices are reasonable, aye, even economical. This is the reason we are always so busy. Importing as we do for ready money, and moreover straight from the makers of the goods, we of course are thereby enabled to place upon the counter goods at the very lowest price.

Come TO-DAY, or if you reside away in the country, send for
New Shapes in Stays and Corsets
New Shapes in Sunshades and Parasols
New Millinery Trimmed from Models, ex Peshawur
New Carpets and Linoleums
New Styles in Sateens, wonders of beauty
New Floorcloths, Mattings, and Staircloths
New Gloves up to 11 buttons (a lucky number)
New Styles in extra long Hosiery
New Styles in Lace, Capes, and Fichus
New Styles Cashmere Mantles (very light)
New Styles in Brocade Mantles
New Styles in Lace Curtains.

N.B.—You are specially invited to notice our GUINEA BONNETS, selling rapidly.

Don't forget the address—HORDERN BROTHERS', Drapers, Dressmakers, Milliners, Mercers, &c., &c., 174, 176, 178, 209, 211, Pitt-street, near all Trams and 'Buses.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY. DAVID JONES and COMPANY.
We IMPORT our HOSIERY direct from the Factories recognised as the best and foremost in the world.
OUR HOSIERY will compare favourably for prices with any offered in the colony.
OUR HOSIERY stands pre-eminent for variety, excellence, and durability.
OUR HOSIERY is written for from Queensland, the finish is so superior.
OUR HOSIERY is written for from Victoria. The styles and prices command recognition.
OUR HOSIERY is written for from South Australia, the qualities are so desirable.
OUR HOSIERY is written for from Tasmania, the completeness and ranges of sizes being unequalled.
OUR HOSIERY is written for from New Zealand. Sydney tourists please accept our thanks.
A visit of inspection, and comparison if possible, is respectfully solicited.
OUR LIST:—
LADIES' WHITE COTTON HOSE, 13s 6d per dozen to 6s 6d per pair.
LADIES' COLOURED COTTON HOSE, 18s 6d per dozen to 5s 3d per pair.
LADIES' WHITE LISLE HOSE, 34s 6d per dozen to 7s 6d per pair.
LADIES' COLOURED LISLE HOSE, 33s per dozen to 6s 9d per pair.
LADIES' BALBRIGGAN HOSE, 21s per dozen to 7s 9d per pair.
LADIES' COLOURED BALBRIGGAN HOSE, 29s 6d per dozen to 5s 3d per pair.
LADIES' COLOURED SPUN SILK HOSE, 55s per dozen to 13s 6d per pair.
LADIES' BLACK SPUN SILK HOSE, 45s per dozen to 11s 6d per pair.
LADIES' SILK HOSE, from 13s 6d to 25s per pair.
CHILDREN'S PLAIN and RIBBED HOSE in COTTON, LISLE, BALBRIGGAN, SPUN and PURE SILK, from smallest size made 00 to maids'.
CHILDREN'S PLAIN and RIBBED SOCKS, in COTTON, LISLE, BALBRIGGAN, SPUN, and PURE SILK.
DAVID JONES and CO.

A. A. DEBNEY and CO.'S "UNIQUE" SHIRTS. Gentlemen who desire "Unique" Shirts, made specially to measure, would confer a favour on us by ordering as early as possible. Our object is to gain sufficient time for each order to pass through the hands of our Head Seamstress. Our experience is that this system ensures a very much higher standard of excellence than where a short time only is allowed, and each shirt has in consequence to be made without the supervision necessary to secure perfection. No apology need be made by us in proffering this request, as it is obviously as much in the interests of gentlemen as in our own that the superiority of the "Unique" Shirt should be maintained intact.
Stock "Unique" Shirts.—We guarantee every shirt to fit properly, and we keep every size, dressed, and ready for use. Price, from 6s each.
A. A. DEBNEY and CO., Successors to Hobson and Whiting, 13, Hunter-street, Sydney.

AMERICAN DUNGAREES and Firemen's Flannels; best in Sydney. James Johnson, 245, George-street North.

CASH'S CAMBRIC FRILLING IS THE MOST DURABLE TRIMMING for LADIES', CHILDREN'S, and INFANTS' WARDROBES. J. and J. CASH, COVENTRY.

CROWN MOLESKIN TROUSERS. White and Printed.

CROWN MOLESKIN TROUSERS. White and Printed. In Stockman's, Ordinary, and Riding Cut. Can be purchased retail from all Drapers and Storekeepers in the colony, and wholesale from all Warehousemen and Importers. EACH ARTICLE BEARS THE TRADE MARK OF ONE OR MORE CROWNS ACCORDING TO QUALITY.

JUST THE THING I WANT.—A good, sound, solid Leather PORTMANTEAU, 15s, 21s, 30s, large enough to carry a wardrobe for three months. These goods are "cheaper than ever." Ladies' Bags, Dress Trunks, Travelling Boxes, very low figure; Portmanteaus, Coat Cases, much cheaper than they can be bought in London. Purchasers are invited to inspect the immense stock of Leather Goods at our Warehouse, 13, Hunter-street. A. A. DEBNEY and CO., successors to HOBSON and WHITING, 13, Hunter-street, Sydney.

GENTLEMANLY APPAREL.—If you would have well-made, well-cut, and genuine garments, leave your measure with W. HOWES, 474, George-street. Best materials fit, and workmanship: lowest charges.

XMAS! XMAS!! XMAS!!! Make your wives happy. Invest in a pretty Suburban Villa. Attend Haymarket Auction Company's SALE, at 11 o'clock, THURSDAY NEXT, 30th instant. No deception. A large list to choose from.

THOMPSON AND GILES, Denison House, 358, 360, 362, George-street.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
PARASOLS. PARASOLS. PARASOLS.
3 Cases of Choice Goods direct from the manufacturers, which we shall offer cheaper than any other house in the colony for the same class of goods, having been bought at the end of the season at astonishing low prices. An inspection invited, as Ladies will find first-class PARASOLS at very low prices.
We have also a very nice collection of Light Parasols suitable for Wedding and Promenade; and Fancy Parasols of all descriptions.

WASHING DRESS MATERIALS. T. and G. have received another SHIPMENT of those beautiful WASHING FRENCH SATEENS. The designs and colourings are very handsome. We have now upwards of 5000 DIFFERENT PATTERNS to choose from. PATTERNS SENT to all parts of the colony. FASHION-BOOKS and PLATES forwarded by post. And also directions for self-measurement.
French Sateen, with border, 12½d; patterns sent; very handsome.
Large and varied lot of Patterns, in French, from 12½d to 18d; some beautiful patterns.
British Sateen, 10½d, worth 15d.
British Prints commencing in price 4d, 5½d, 6½d, 7½d, all fast colours.
All our last year's French Sateens and Percales reduced to 6½d and 8½d, worth from 13½d to 21d.
THOMPSON and GILES.

FANCY DRESS MATERIALS. We have opened another lot of these beautiful shades in Nun's Cloth, commencing in price at 12d, 14d, 18d, 20d, and a vast collection of other Dress Fabrics. Ladies will find at Denison House the largest stock to choose from, and at prices unequalled in the colony.

MANTLES for summer wear in endless profusion, from small pelerines to large and elegant visites, purchased at a large discount at the conclusion of the Paris Season. They are marked at less than European prices.
Light, soft, and Elegant Cashmere and Satin de Laine Mantles, from 16s 6d to 3 guineas.
Exquisite Satins, Surah and Brocade Mantles, in all the leading shapes, 45s to 4 guineas.
Spanish Lace, the Mantles of the season, in infinite variety, 35s 6d to 5 guineas.
Dust Cloaks in all the new shapes, from 17s 6d.
Our Speciality in China Silk Ulsters in every size, from 52-inch to 65-inch, at 25s 9d.
Light Tweed Ulsters suitable for summer showers or travelling, from 10s 6d to 2 guineas.
Ladies' Macintosh Ulsters in an especially light texture, manufactured expressly for the colonies, 29s 6d.
Carriage, Travelling, and Evening Wraps, in unlimited variety, in Wool, Silk, or Plush.
Children's China Ulsters, all sizes.
THOMPSON and GILES.

SPECIAL IMPORTATION. CHILDREN'S SILK DUST CLOAKS, in all sizes, made to our order. Ladies who have been waiting for the above will kindly accept this intimation.

FURNISHING AND CARPET DEPARTMENT. THOMPSON AND GILES beg to call the attention of the Ladies of Sydney and suburbs to their large importations in BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY CARPETS, some very choice patterns, quite new to the colony, engaged to THOMPSON and GILES.

NEW PATTERNS in LINOLEUMS and FLOORCLOTHS, designs that have not been exhibited in the colony.

COSTUMES. Messrs. THOMPSON and GILES are now showing all the leading Novelties for Summer Wear, including some splendid Toilettes in Surah, Satin, Merveilleux, Gaze de Chine, Plumatis, and Voile Religieuse, suitable for Promenade Garden Parties, Receptions, and occasional wear.
A magnificent variety of Cotton Dresses in superb Alsace Satin de Coton, India Muslins, and Zephyr Ginghams, including a new shipment of our justly celebrated Guinea Sateen Costumes, in all colours.

LADIES' DRESSING GOWNS. THOMPSON and GILES beg to call particular attention to a very choice shipment of Morning Wrappers, some very handsome Silk-trimmed Lace, Cashmere-trimmed Lace, Muslin, trimmed with Guipure and Point Eventail Lace, and other Novelties, which we shall show during the week. Underclothing of all descriptions, a large and varied assortment.
Children's Costumes made up on the premises, all sizes, from 1 years old to 16 years.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT. We are showing VERY CHOICE GOODS in TRIMMED BONNETS and HATS, which we have received by Orient Steamers, being the LATEST FASHIONS that can be procured in the LONDON and PARIS markets. Our assortment of FLOWERS, FEATHERS, HEAD-DRESSES, and LADIES' CAPS is replete with every Novelty.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS and TABLE LINEN. SPECIAL PURCHASE of DAMASK CLOTH and NAPKINS. We are now offering some WONDERFUL CHEAP GOODS in this Department. For example—
Double Damask CLOTH, 3 yards long, 12s 9d, 14s 9d, and 18s 9d.
Damask NAPKINS, 7s 9d, 8s 9d, 12s 9d.
Ditto, 4s 11d, 5s 11d, 6s 11d, 7s 11d.
THOMPSON and GILES' 21s LONGCLOTH, 40 yards for 21s, the best value in Sydney.
AMERICAN SHEETING, LINEN SHEETING. Special value in these goods. Having purchased a manufacturer's stock, therefore we shall offer them at very low prices.
TOILET QUILTS, all sizes.
Patent TERRY QUILTS.
ALHAMBRA QUILTS, for servants' beds, 2s 11d to 3s 11d.

We have just received a Shipment of CHINESE BLINDS, from 8 feet wide 5 feet drop to 12 feet wide 12 feet drop. Spring-blind Rollers. Chinese Fire Screens.

We have just opened 5 cases of LACE CURTAINS, in Guipure Lace, very choice patterns.
Art Curtains, some new designs.
Patent Lace Curtains, great novelties in design.
Nottingham Lace Curtains, all prices, commencing at 5s 11d to 30s, unequalled in the colony for value.
Tapestry Curtains, great variety of styles to suit any furniture, just received by T. and G.
EVERY ARTICLE of FURNISHING can be obtained in our Furnishing Department cheaper than in any other house in Sydney.

UPHOLSTERY of every description manufactured on the Establishment.

PILLOWS, BOLSTERS, BEDS, BEDDING of every description.

THOMPSON and GILES, DENISON HOUSE.

E. WAY, Draper, Pitt-street. E. WAY. MOSQUITO NETS, Extra Value. MOSQUITO NETS, remarkably cheap. E. WAY, Draper, Pitt-street. E. WAY.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, you will find all the Latest Styles and Best Quality in BOOTS and SHOES. ☞ Fresh shipment by every mail steamer. CALLAGHAN and SON, 395, George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel.

NORTH SHORE. NORTH SHORE. POSTPONED. POSTPONED. THE CARLOW ESTATE THE CARLOW ESTATE. Until SATURDAY, the 9th December. BARKER and CO., St. Leonards.

Machinery.

PIPE-SCREWING Machines, Pipe Vices, Tube Cutters, Gas Tongs, Gas Plyers. John Danks, 363, Pitt-st.

BLACKET and DAVY, 119, Bathurst-street. Sole Agents for TANGYE'S well-known STEAM PUMPS. Several hundred are in use in the colonies, and are working in gold mines, coal mines, quarries, brick yards, breweries, tanneries, &c.; also for railway and town water supply, watering stock, irrigating, and many other purposes where the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE pumping machinery is required. Will force to any height, a LONG STEADY STROKE, work at any distance from boiler; are SIMPLE, DURABLE, ECONOMICAL. A large variety of sizes on hand. Catalogues and all particulars free.

WANTED, to purchase a second-hand Bark MILL. Apply, stating price, to John Bridge, Circular Quay.

THE NEWCASTLE COAL-MINING COMPANY, Limited, have for SALE One Tank Locomotive ENGINE, nearly new, by Bayer and Peacock, 14-inch cylinders. STEWART KEIGHTLEY, Manager. Newcastle, 15th May, 1882.

D. AND G. ROBERTSON, York and Market streets, Sydney, have on SALE—
Vertical Engines and Boilers, 2 to 10 h.p.
Vertical and Cornish Boilers, all sizes
Improved Patent Steam Pumps to lift from 1800 to 81,000 gallons per hour } by Shanks and Son.
Steam Cranes and Hoisting Engines
Portable Engines by Clayton and Shuttleworth
Saw Benches, Circular Saws, Vertical Saws
Centrifugal Pumps, portable and stationary
Iron-framed Corn Mill, with French burr stones.
Estimates given for complete Saw-Milling Plant.
Write for particulars of our machinery.

FOR SALE, CORN MILL, by Clayton and Shuttleworth; French Burr Stones, 2.8 diam., with long lay shaft and crane; Portable and Stationary Saw-benches, Breaking-down Saws, &c. Apply D. and W. ROBERTSON, York and Market streets.

FOR SALE, 1" and 2½" Screwing and Tapping MACHINES, with tools and all latest improvements, by best makers. Apply D. and W. ROBERTSON, York and Market streets.

J. A. FAY and CO.'S WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY is pre-eminently suited to all purposes connected with the BUILDING AND CARRIAGE-MAKING TRADES. FAY'S MACHINERY is recognised as the STANDARD all over the world, and no makers have been able to supply the varied and special wants of COLONIAL WOOD-WORKERS with more SATISFACTORY RESULTS. Send for particulars of MACHINES IN STOCK and TO ARRIVE, also for any SPECIAL MACHINERY required. Sole Agents—H. P. GREGORY and CO., 17, Pitt-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, 4 H.P., and 6 H.P. Vertical BOILERS, new and second-hand. Morris Bros., Hay-street.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

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Municipal Elections.

No. 82-80.
Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

ELECTION OF ALDERMEN, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given, in terms of the Sydney Corporation Act of 1879, that the citizens hereunder mentioned have been duly nominated to fill the office of Aldermen for the City of Sydney, viz.:—

MACQUARIE WARD. BURDEKIN, SYDNEY, of 195, Macquarie-street, nominated by CHARLES JAMES ROBERTS, of Potts' Point, and MICHAEL M. M'GIRR, of Summer-hill and York-street—and others.
LEES, SAMUEL E., of 233, Victoria-street, nominated by HENRY CHAPMAN, of William-street, and EDWARD HORDERN, of Darlinghurst-road—and others.

COOK WARD. DAVIES, JOHN, of Bourke-street, nominated by GEORGE HILL, of 207, Albion-street, and W. M. ALDERSON, of Bourke-street—and others.
PARKER, EDMUND REUBEN, of of 338, Crown-street, nominated by DAVID MACKEY, 311, Crown-street, and JAMES HEGARTY, of 480, Crown-street—and others.

FITZROY WARD. M'MAHON, PATRICK, of Roslyn-street, nominated by THOMAS J. CHAPMAN, of 438, George-street, and EDWARD HORDERN, of Darlinghurst-road—and others.
POOLE, JAMES, of 162, William-street, nominated by JOHN STEWART, 308, Upper Dowling-street, and JOHN M'ELHONE, Macleay-street—and others.

DENISON WARD. JONES, EVAN, of Petersham, nominated by MATTHEW HARRIS, Crown-road, Ultimo, and FREDERICK J. GIBBONS, of 117, Sussex-street, and another.
MEEKS, JOHN, of Hereford-street, nominated by JOHN M'LEOD, of 68, Mary Ann-street, and ANDREW M'CREDIE, of 81, William Henry-street.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor.
Chas. H. Woolcott, Town Clerk.

No. 82-79
Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

ELECTION OF ALDERMEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ballot for the election of Aldermen for the City of Sydney will take place between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on FRIDAY, the first day of December, 1882, at the undermentioned places, viz.:—
MACQUARIE WARD—Temperance Hall, Pitt-street.
COOK WARD—Cottage, Crown-street Reservoir.
FITZROY WARD—Premises, No. 163, Palmer-street.
DENISON WARD—Hall's Assembly Rooms, Sussex-street South.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor.
Chas. H. Woolcott, Town Clerk.

DAVIES, FOR COOK WARD.

ALDERMAN JOHN DAVIES
is a CANDIDATE for RE-ELECTION,
and respectfully solicits your Vote and Interest.
POLLING DAY, 1st DECEMBER.
S. KIPPAX, A. M'NEIL } Hon. Secs.

DAVIES FOR COOK WARD.

The Committee and all friends willing to assist in securing the Re-election of Mr. Alderman JOHN DAVIES will please MEET at FREEMAN'S HOTEL, TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp, to make final arrangements for the Polling on the following day.
S. KIPPAX, A. M'NEIL } Hon. Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF COOK WARD.

We, the undersigned, having RETIRED in favour of Mr. E. R. PARKER'S candidature, trust that our supporters will give their Votes and use their interest on behalf of the abovenamed candidate.
DAVID MASON, R. FLETCHER.

COOK WARD ELECTORS.

PUBLIC MEETINGS
of the
FRIENDS and SUPPORTERS
of
Mr. E. R. PARKER
will be held as follows,
when the candidate and other prominent citizens will address the electors:—
THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, 29th instant,
Freeman's Family Hotel, Bourke and Foveaux streets,
8 o'clock.
Also a
MONSTER MEETING
at Mason's Dunmore Hotel, corner of Gipps and Macquarie streets, at 9 o'clock sharp.
ELECTORS ATTEND.
VOTE FOR PARKER,
and be
REPRESENTED.
JOHN P. GREEN, Secretary.

COOK WARD.

The Joint Committees of Messrs. PARKER, MASON, and FLETCHER are requested to meet at the Zigzag Hotel, Crown and Campbell streets, Surry Hills, at 7.30 sharp, every evening.
JOHN P. GREEN, Secretary.

DENISON WARD.

EVAN JONES
is a Candidate, and respectfully solicits your
VOTE and INTEREST.
Polling Day—FRIDAY, December 1, 1882.

DENISON WARD.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of EVAN JONES will be held at Heyland's Friendship Hotel, Bathurst-street, on WEDNESDAY evening, November 29, at 8 o'clock.
W. BASTARD, E. COULTER, T. DEAN, Secs.

DENISON WARD.

EVAN JONES' Sydney, Ultimo, and Pyrmont Committees will MEET at Public Hall, Harris-street, Pyrmont, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, 29th November, at 8 o'clock. 'Bus leaves H. Reynold's Tower Hotel, Parramatta-street, at quarter to 8.
J. G. CARTER, F. BUCKLE } Pyrmont Secs.
THOMAS DEAN, E. COULTER, W. BASTARD } Sydney Secs.
G. FITZPATRICK, W. GOODRICH } Ultimo Secs.
Every member respectfully requested to attend.

DENISON WARD.

A MONSTER PUBLIC MEETING
of the Friends and Supporters of
Mr. Alderman JOHN MEEKS
will be held at
J. Fay's Mansion House Hotel,
George and Engine-streets,
Haymarket,
THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
Electors respectfully invited to attend.
Alderman MEEKS will address the Electors.
THOS. LAW, J. DOWNS, G. FARMAN, R. FOSTER } Joint Secs.

DENISON WARD.

Alderman MEEKS' Central Committee Rooms, at F. Smith's, Burrangong Hotel, Haymarket.

DENISON WARD.

Electors of Denison Ward, Alderman JOHN MEEKS is a Candidate for Re-election.

FITZROY WARD.

P. MACMAHON, J.P.,
IS A CANDIDATE,
and respectfully solicits your vote and interest.
THE COMMITTEE MEET EVERY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Mr. S. PUNCH'S, late Dimond's Hotel, William-street.
WILLIAM KENNEDY, F. A. OATLEY } Honorary Secretaries.

FITZROY WARD.

Mr. JAMES POOLE, 162, William-street,
is a candidate, and respectfully solicits your vote and interest.
The COMMITTEE MEET EVERY EVENING, at Mr. THOS. KEARY'S HOTEL, William-street, at 7.30 p.m. sharp.
THOMAS BIRKS, Chairman of Committee.
M. QUINLAN, J. REYNOLDS, J. E. BAYLIS } Hon. Secretaries.

FITZROY WARD ELECTORS.

L, L, L, L, L, L, Gentlemen made Mr. M'Elhone an alderman; L, L, L, L, L, L, Gentlemen, made Mr. Edward Hordern an alderman; L, L, L, L, L, L, Gentlemen made Mr. Beare an alderman; and L, L, L, L, L, L, Gentlemen, will make Mr. POOLE an alderman on FRIDAY next.
TOM KEARY.

MACQUARIE WARD ELECTORS.

A Final PUBLIC MEETING
of the Friends and Supporters of
ALDERMAN S. E. LEES
will be held
THIS EVENING,
at 8 o'clock,
at Mrs. Murray's Dungate Inn, corner of Castlereagh and Liverpool streets.
F. J. MACKENZIE, THOS. LUTTON, W. T. PEARSON, THOS. JESSEP } Joint Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF MACQUARIE WARD.

VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and Sanitary Reform.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and City Improvements.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and attention to your wants.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and Reduction of Rates.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, and Independence of Action.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, who has done his duty, and is not afraid to face his old constituents.
VOTE for ALDERMAN S. E. LEES, the Popular Candidate.
POLLING DAY, DECEMBER 1.
Temperance Hall.

ELECTORS OF DENISON WARD.

Gentlemen,—In Municipal Elections it should be the aim of each candidate to confine himself to facts, and such matters concerning and bearing upon the economical and beneficial working of the Municipal Council, and not waste the time of the electors at public meetings in attacking and running down the opponent candidates by statements which, if carefully and thoroughly investigated, will be found to have been ventilated with no other object than to throw dust in the eyes of the electors, and endeavour by such means to secure votes. I am accused of "having done nothing" for the ward. I consider it due, not only to myself, but to the electors of Denison Ward, to place before you the following documentary evidence, and ask you, gentlemen, after having read the same, to say if the statement "I have done nothing" is a fact.

Many ratepayers are unable to attend public meetings from various causes, and consequently lose the opportunity of hearing the views of a candidate and asking questions. The following will be found to be a condensed account of a few of "the things I have done" during my term of three years in office as one of the aldermen for your ward. From such account, I trust that each ratepayer will carefully, impartially, and generously arrive at a conscientious conclusion to whom he will record his vote on Friday next, December 1.

I have the honor to remain, yours respectfully,
JOHN MEEKS.

A meeting of the friends and supporters of Alderman John Meeks, one of the candidates for the representation of Denison Ward in the City Council, was held last evening (November 18) at Hall's Turon Inn, George and Harris streets.

Mr. J. Murphy presided, and stated that he had not only closely observed Alderman Meeks during his three years' tenure of office as representative of Denison Ward, and been highly with the way that that gentleman had discharged his duties, but he had been told by several members of the City Council that Alderman Meeks was one of the most zealous and highly respected aldermen of the city. (Cheers.) New blood was well in its way, but to get new blood they should not put out a tried and true servant for the mere sake of putting in an inexperienced and untried man. (Cheers.) He (the chairman) had been a candidate, but he could not justify himself in doing anything to oust a good servant, and he therefore retired. Mr. Meeks had retired altogether from business, and was now prepared to give the whole of his time and services for the benefit of the citizens.

Alderman MEEKS said that, in reference to his opponent, Mr. Evan Jones, he wished it to be understood that he considered that gentleman had a perfect right to contest this or any other ward if he liked; and if the electors thought Mr. Jones a better man than him, they should vote for him. On the other hand, if they thought he had done his duty during the time he had been an alderman he claimed their votes. (Cheers.) Shortly after he went into the Council he seconded a resolution which led to the adoption of the eight-hour system. (Cheers.) He had the pleasure of giving his casting vote in favour of the election of his colleague, Mr. Fowler, and he thought that gentleman had discharged his duties as well as any of his predecessors. The following year he gave his vote in favour of another colleague, Mr. Harris, who had made such an excellent Mayor that he was re-elected. He (Mr. Meeks) had no hesitation in saying that he would give his vote in favour of Mr. Harris's re-election once more. Under the Act which gave the Mayor power to condemn old and dilapidated buildings, Mr. Harris had done great and good service to the city. (Hear, hear.) During the last year Mr. Harris had condemned upwards of 1000 old buildings. (Hear, hear.) As long as a gentleman had the firmness and fearlessness to condemn these old buildings, he was worthy of re-election to the Mayoral chair. There was an Improvement Board created under the Act he referred to. He did not believe in that Improvement Board, which made the more guineas the more sittings it had, but did very little other good. He was not in favour of the Transit Commission. The Corporation made the streets, but the Government got the money. Sir Henry Parkes promised to bring in a bill to remedy this anomaly, but he had not done so. Mr. Meeks referred to the part he had taken in reference to the exposure of the frauds in connection with the Town Hall foundations, the Town Hall plastering, and the removal of coals at the Botany waterworks. He narrated the particulars of the action he had taken in connection with the gas supply. He had been deputed by the City Council to attend a Parliamentary select committee, appointed by the Legislative Assembly to inquire into proposed legislation in connection with the Australian Gas Company, and he had afterwards proposed and assisted at a municipal gas conference. He had much pleasure in stating that now the Gas Company were prepared to meet the Council in a fair spirit. The action he had taken had led to the introduction into the Legislative Assembly, by Mr. Poole, of an amending Gas Bill, which had so commended itself to the Government that Sir Henry Parkes had promised to take the bill up as a Government measure. He intended in future to urge the appointment of a lamp inspector, a meter inspector, a gas examiner, and the erection of indicators. (Cheers.) The necessity for reforms of that kind was generally admitted, and when it was known that the City Council paid the Gas Company £10,000 a year, and the suburbs another £10,000 a year, it would be readily understood that the public had a great interest in this question. (Hear, hear.) It had been said that he had done nothing for the ward. The following figures would show what he had succeeded in having expended in Denison Ward from December, 1879, to December, 1882:—Forming, ballasting, and metalling, £8872 10s.; kerbing and guttering £5394; paving with cube sets, £7500; water mains, £868; sewers, £3250 10s.; lamps, £300; retaining wall and iron railings, £2256; water troughs and drinking fountains, £94; alteration of permanent levels, £500; total, £29,665. (Cheers.) The reduction of taxation seemed to be a popular cry, but it was impossible for the City Council to do those public works without money. He believed that next year the council would get £25,000 from the Government, and they would then be able to relieve the taxation. He strongly urged unity of action on the part of the city and suburban councils. The Melbourne City Council had the benefit of the receipts from publicans' licenses, vehicle licenses, weights and measures, wharfage rates, and abattoir licenses. The Sydney City Council had none of these sources of revenue; but if the city and suburban councils worked together they would bring such influence to bear upon the city and suburban members of Parliament that they would get some such concession made to the municipal councils. He believed that the whole of the city revenue should be devoted to city purposes, and not be used to make roads or build bridges hundreds of miles away in the interior. (Cheers.) Alderman Meeks referred to a number of local matters in connection with the ward, in which he had been actively interested, and promised to devote his earnest attention in the future to the wants of the ward in particular, and the city in general. (Cheers.)

On the motion of Mr. R. Chandler, seconded by Mr. Hutchinson, a vote of confidence in Alderman Meeks was unanimously agreed to.

TO CANDIDATES FOR ELECTION.

Printed ADDRESSES forwarded, post free, newspaper form, as per roll; correct supervision; terms, moderate. By this means each elector can peruse the printed views of the candidate.
COMMERCIAL AGENCY COMPANY,
65, Pitt-street.

THE Royal Furnishing Arcade will be Open this day from 8 o'clock a.m. until 9 o'clock p.m.

Parliamentary Elections.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

The following gentlemen have formed themselves in a Committee to secure the election of
G. H. REID:—

Adams, George
Austin, C. R.
Ayton, Thomas Herbert
Adrain, C. V.
Adrain, C.
Adrain, F.
Baylis, Samuel
Baylis, F. Ernest
Blain, A.
Bain, Lewis P.
Bath, Chas.
Brady, Dr.
Belisario, C.
Brierly, Jas.
Bishop, G.
Belgrave, Dr. T. B.
Baird, Geo.
Baylis, T. E.
Blackmore, Edward
Cohen, H. E.
Cohen, Louis
Coghlan, F. A.
Chapman, T. J.
Clark, P. J.
Cattell, John C.
Crane, C. E.
Cohen, Sidney
Curtis, O.
Curran, J. J.
Carroll, J. V.
Dowling, J. Arthur
Dobbie, J. A.
Ebsworth, Fred.
Eastway, George
Ebsworth, E. A.
Ebsworth, L. F.
Fitzpatrick, M. J.
Fairfax, Alfred W.
Gilchrist, J. O.
Gibson, George
Gray, T. Thornton
Garner, C. W.
Henochsberg, Joseph
Hawkes, M. C. H.
Heydon, C. G.
Hunt, J.
Holmes, H.
Inglis, J. A.
Jones, G. E. Russell
Jones, Dr. Sydney
Josling, J.
Jones, E. E.
Kidman, J.
Kurtz, A.
Lahtd, John
Littlejohn, Thomas
Low, Joseph
Levy, M.
Levy, Samuel
Lewis, Oswald
M'Gregor, Thomas
M'Hugh, E.
M'Donald, J. W.
Munroe, James
Murray, W. G.
Mason, Josiah
M'Millan, Wm.
Moss, Geo.
Montagu, H. N.
Milthorpe, Joseph
Mullens, D.
Moss, Moses
Morris, A.
Manning, W. P.
Maiden, G.
O'Neill, T.
Parker, J.
Poole, Geo. F.
Pitt, R. M.
Quinlan, Matthew
Riley, Fred. J.
Riley, A. J.
Smith, Robert
Savage, Hugh
Sutter, Peter
Shaw, W.
Swaddling, Thomas
Slough, W.
Sly, R. M.
Smith, Bruce
Thompson, Thos. J.
Thornton, Geo. W.
Toohey, J. M.
Uhde, Louis
Vallack, R. G.
Walford, W. B.
Williams, W. S.
Williams, H. D.
West, J.
Wilshire, J. T.
Zollner, L.

GEO. W. THORNTON, WM. M'MILLAN, SAMUEL BAYLIS } Hon. Secs.
Committee Rooms,
Oxford Hotel, King-street.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

G. H. REID
will Address the Electors
of
EAST SYDNEY,
at Oxford Hotel, King-street,
THIS EVENING,
at 9 o'clock.
G. F. POOLE,
President of Trades and Labour Council,
will take the chair.
G. W. THORNTON, WM. M'MILLAN, SAMUEL BAYLIS } Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

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GEO. W. THORNTON, WM. M'MILLAN, SAMUEL BAYLIS } Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF SYDNEY! Go to the Protestant Hall TO-NIGHT, Wednesday, and hear JAS. INGLIS, Esq., on the LAND QUESTION.

LOVERS OF ELOQUENCE, go to the PROTESTANT HALL, TO-NIGHT, Wednesday, and hear JAS. INGLIS, Esq., on THE LAND OF THE TIGER.

ELECTORS OF SYDNEY, go to the PROTESTANT HALL, TO-NIGHT, Wednesday, and hear JAS INGLIS, Esq., on THE LAND QUESTION.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

MR. JOHN M'ELHONE'S
First Public MEETING
in the
TEMPERANCE HALL.
A Public MEETING
of the friends and supporters
of Mr. JOHN M'ELHONE
will be held in the TEMPERANCE HALL,
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
Electors are requested to attend, as Mr. M'Elhone will be present and address the meeting.
W. G. MURRAY, Esq., will take the chair.
M. QUINLAN, J. E. BAYLISS } Hon. Secs.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION

Mr. JOHN M'ELHONE
is a
CANDIDATE.
VOTE FOR HIM,
because—
Who so successful in exposing the iniquities of the Land Law as
JOHN M'ELHONE,
the fearless and independent candidate!

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. JOHN M'ELHONE,
the
FEARLESS CHAMPION of the PEOPLES' RIGHTS,
is a
CANDIDATE.
VOTE FOR HIM.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. JOHN M'ELHONE
is a
CANDIDATE.
VOTE FOR HIM.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney,
is a Candidate.
VOTE FOR HIM.
An excellent opportunity to secure a Reliable Representative.

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JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney,
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VOTE FOR HIM.
An excellent opportunity to secure a Reliable Representative.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney,
for
SOUTH SYDNEY.
He is a Worthy Man.
He is an Honest Man.
A Man of Enlightenment.
THEN VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney,
for
SOUTH SYDNEY.
He is a Worthy Man.
He is an Honest Man.
A Man of Enlightenment.
THEN VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS.

JOHN HARRIS, MAYOR OF SYDNEY,
will Address the Electors of
SOUTH SYDNEY
on WEDNESDAY EVENING,
at 9 o'clock,
from the Balcony of
CRITERION HOTEL,
Riley and Foveaux streets.
WALTER BRADLEY, ESQ.,
will take the chair.
J. WARD, G. STUBBS, R. PARISH } Hon. Secs.
R. MACKEY, Treasurer.

JOHN HARRIS, MAYOR OF SYDNEY,
will Address the Electors of
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will take the chair.
J. WARD, G. STUBBS, R. PARISH } Hon. Secs.
R. MACKEY, Treasurer.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN HARRIS,
MAYOR OF SYDNEY,
will hold a
MASS MEETING
of the
FREE and INDEPENDENT ELECTORS
on
WEDNESDAY, 29th, 1882,
at
FOSTER'S HOTEL,
Goulburn and Macquarie streets.
Chair to be taken 8 o'clock p.m.
J. WARD, G. STUBBS, R. PARISH } Hon. Secs.
ROBERT MACKEY, Treasurer.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

STUDY YOUR OWN INTERESTS,
and the
WELFARE OF THIS SPLENDID RISING COUNTRY.
Send to Parliament a Man of Progress.
VOTE FOR
JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney.

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MAYOR OF SYDNEY,
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MASS MEETING
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ROBERT MACKEY, Treasurer.

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VOTE FOR
JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

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ADDRESS THE ELECTORS
on
WEDNESDAY EVENING,
at the
CRITERION HOTEL, Riley and Foveaux streets.
WALTER BRADLEY, Esq., at 9 o'clock, will preside.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney,
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS
on
WEDNESDAY EVENING,
at the
CRITERION HOTEL, Riley and Foveaux streets.
WALTER BRADLEY, Esq., at 9 o'clock, will preside.

S. BURDEKIN,
for
SOUTH SYDNEY.
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for
SOUTH SYDNEY.
S. BURDEKIN
for
SOUTH SYDNEY.

A Public MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of
S. BURDEKIN
for
SOUTH SYDNEY
will be held at John Parkin's, Royal Albert Hotel, corner Gipps and Macquarie-street South, at 8 o'clock sharp.
S. BURDEKIN
will
ADDRESS the ELECTORS.
W. COCHRAN, W. T. NEWELL, R. LUCAS } Secs.

DAVIES FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

The Committee will please attend at the Central Committee Rooms, London Tavern, Albion and Elizabeth streets, at 11 o'clock sharp, to accompany the Candidate to the Hustings.
S. KIPPAX, A. M'NEIL, G. T. COLLINS } Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS GENERALLY!

ATTEND THE OPENING SALE
of the
THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED, on THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock a.m., and secure yourselves a speedy return of your money with large profits.
Most liberal terms.
No delays. Civility, Integrity, and Punctuality.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

COMMITTEE (with power to add to their number) to secure the return of
WILLIAM THOMAS POOLE.
JOHN P. WRIGHT, Esq., Chairman.
Alderman HUGH WILSON and R. M. WALKER, Hon. Secretaries.

Alderman James Green
" Andrew Wadsworth
" Geo. T. Collins, J.P.
William Beaumont, J.P.
Archibald Forsythe
Edward Hughes
W. J. Hibberd
Saml. T. Whiddon
Robert Andrews
Thos. Milsope
John Geddes
Fredk. Davies
Alfred John Pinel
John Williams
Joseph Outtridge
Azarias Cook
Robert Jas. Parrish
Robert Maze
John Edgeley
W. E. Sawyer
Thomas Bartlett
C. B. Grant
W. M. Moir
Chas. E. Wignell
Christopher Bryant
John M. Walker
Fredk. Bowers
Thos. Jessop
Joseph Hilder
W. Robertson
W. Dimmock
W. Waymark

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

WILLIAM FRASER MARTIN'S
CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

John See, M.P.
Henry Clarke, M.P.
G. L. Carter, M.P.
John Harris, Esq., Mayor
Alderman J. Taylor
Alderman A. Wadsworth
Alderman Young
J. Fraser Ewan, Esq., M.D.
G. Munro (M'Arthur and Co.)
A. L. Nelson, J.P.
S. G. Davison, J.P.
George Wells, J.P.
Captain Calder
F. J. Gibbins
J. Vance
C. B. Bond, J.P.
J. Hawthorne
R. Chandler
R. H. Prescott
J. Cameron
J. R. M'Fadyen
John Campbell
Henry Farnsworth
C. Field
S. Preddy
G. F. Mason
John Corliss
A. Hewlett
Charles Field, J.P.
John M'Mian
N. Hawken
H. Prescott
J. R. Amess
R. Langley
Henry Goddard
W. M. Burns
Henry Field
Daniel Campbell
Donald Campbell
Alex. Campbell
A. Armstrong
John M'Leod
A. Macredie
Geo. Law
W. Kerr
E. Tinsley
Thos. Dean
E. Coulter
F. Hovey
H. Button
John Paul
Geo. Moore
Wm. Moore
J. Forster
W. Hill
J. Menzies
E. A. Jones
T. Brown
R. Meiklejohn
J. Anderson
E. Smith
J. Hill
W. S. Hill
J. Foster
F. Blair
T. Lee
M. Landers
E. Bladen
J. M'Lennon
John Graham
Mark Stephenson
John Grant
C. Shaw
Wm. Elliott
J. Chalmers
J. White
P. Ryan
J. Williams
T. Duncan
T. W. Craven
C. P. Humphries
J. Craig
J. P. Bowden
M. Creelin
Thos. Giblin
Geo. Lance
H. Bethel
W. H. Fisher
R. Henderson
M. Murray
J. Cormack
W. Elliott
T. Golian
T. Lalor
R. Burdon
C. R. Toby
F. J. Barker
H. J. Macintosh
John Smith
H. W. Adlam
D. P. Baldock
Geo. Brown
Geo. Dodd
John Dodd
Oliver Jeffrey
Russel Evans
Geo. Veseys
J. Moran
T. Morrison
J. Wright
J. M'Loughlin
Thos. Dyson
W. Taylor
Gordon Marr
A. M. Coleman
John Stokes
W. Algie
W. Johnson
John Hill
Alex. Barker
John Dwyer
James M'Mahon
W. Greenland
Geo. Thompson
C. Edenborough
F. Wadsworth
B. Marshall
J. G. Thompson
A. C. Dent
J. Blair
J. F. M'Donall
Hugh M'Lusky
W. Graham
J. Beard
C. Stephenson
W. A. Moore
J. O'Brien
J. W. Twyman
R. Lyell
J. Ryan
C. Beattie
S. Williams
H. T. Bovis
J. B. Aird
Peter Green
James Erwin
Henry Jeffrey
William Jeffrey
J. Morrison
C. Barnett
D. Cormack
John M'Rae
J. G. M'Mahon
Thomas Gotto
M. W. Dudley
Joseph De Cross
Colin Thompson
John Spencer
Thomas Spence
James Craig
R. Noden
H. Hext
Thomas Blain
W. H. Sellen
Isaac Bethel
Hugh M'Innes
James Maxwell
J. M'Auley
J. Wallace
A. Anderson
R. C. Toby
Angus M'Innes
J. Thomas
A. M'Leod Davis
John Young
James Dodd
James Murphy
C. Rogers
G. Broadford
J. M'Laughlin
Edgar Iven
John King
W. B. Coleman
J. J. Hill
James Robinson
Stephen Wiltred
F. Fleetwood
J. Cook
John Booth, J.P.
William Inglis
E. A. Jones
W. C. Robinson
T. Elliott
Thomas Clarke
T. Lavender
— Kentf
J. Bradfoot
Alex M'Pherson
W. Richardson
G. M. Pitt, J.P.
Robt. Halliday
Henry Henderson
W. Anderson
E. Brady
A. W. Cormack
Henry Fountain
M. O'Brien
W. Elliott
J. W. R. Clark
James Wallace
J. C. Smith
Robt. Milne
George Stanfield
W. H. Stanwell

PYRMONT and ULTIMO COMMITTEE:

F. Cameroux
W. H. Williams
John Patton
J. B. Amess
J. J. Amess
S. S. Amess
Jas. Healey
Thos Thorburn
Jno. M'Rae
T. A. Webb
W. Webb
W. C. Webb
Colin Shaw
Alex. Muir
J. Belshaw
Jno. O'Brien
John Grant
John M'Leod
A. M'Credie
T. M'Credie
G. Everett
W. Everett
C. Everett
G. Everett, jun.
R. Heyes
W. Stewart
Alex. M'Credie.

THOS. GOLLAN, ALEX. CAMPBELL } Hon. Secs.
Central Committee Rooms, Wynyard Hotel, Clarence and Erskine streets.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

Mr. WILLIAM FRASER MARTIN
will address the Electors,
THIS EVENING,
at 7.30, from Mr. H. V. Hall's Turon Inn,
George-street West.
His Worship the Mayor, John Harris, Esq.,
will preside.
ALEX. CAMPBELL, THOS. GOLLAN } Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

Mr. WILLIAM FRASER MARTIN
will address the Electors,
THIS EVENING,
at 9, from
Mr. Jeffries' Sportsman's Arms, George-street West.
ALEX CAMPBELL, THOS. GOLLAN } Hon. Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION

Mr. WILLIAM FRASER MARTIN'S
General Committee
Meet Every Evening, 7.30,
at CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
Wynyard Hotel,
Erskine and Clarence streets.
ALEX. CAMPBELL, THOS. GOLLAN } Hon. Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

To the Gentlemen, Electors of West Sydney, who did me the honour to sign a requisition asking me to permit myself to be nominated as a candidate for this electorate.—I thank you. Press of business at present precludes me from complying. I beg to assure you that I shall, as heretofore, take a lively interest in forwarding the welfare of not only the constituency, but the community at large, as far as my humble powers shall permit; and should you on some future occasion desire me to be one of your representatives, I pledge myself to comply.
I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your humble obedient servant,
THOMAS PLAYFAIR.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
VOTE FOR ABIGAIL,
Working Man's Candidate.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
VOTE FOR ABIGAIL,
and Eight Hours' System.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
VOTE FOR ABIGAIL,
and Present Education Act.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
VOTE FOR ABIGAIL,
and Railway to Circular Quay.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
VOTE FOR ABIGAIL,
a Man of Integrity.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
F. ABIGAIL will address the Electors at MILLER'S POINT before the Polling Day.

ABIGAIL FOR WEST SYDNEY.
General Committee MEETING, WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp.
T. JESSEP, Hon. Sec.
Central Committee Rooms,
Beattie's Hotel, York-street.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
CAMERON FOR WEST SYDNEY.
VOTE FOR CAMERON,
the Popular Candidate,
and Intelligence, Ability, and Energy.
Mr. ANGUS CAMERON will address the Electors of West Sydney on THURSDAY EVENING, at Jeffries' Sportsman's Arms, Parramatta-street, at 8 o'clock.
HENRY J. WINDON, GEORGE WOODS } Hon. Secretaries.

BALMAIN ELECTORATE.

W. A. HUTCHISON will address the Electors at the following places, as under.
Elswick Hotel, Leichhardt, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING at 8 o'clock; and at
Ahearn's Bald Face Stag Hotel, at 9 o'clock.
Maloney's Hotel, Rowntree-street, on THURSDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
Alderman Smith will preside.
Temperance Hall on FRIDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
J. CAMERON.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

ROBERT BUTCHER
will address the electors THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at Coach and Horses, Randwick, at 9 o'clock.
F. WEBSTER, Secretary.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

ROBERT BUTCHER
will address the electors at Lower Paddington, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at Coachman's Arms, South Head-road, 8 o'clock.
F. WEBSTER, Secretary.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN,
Have you ever heard the little romance about the poor unfortunate widow's mangle?
If not, ask the Mayor of Leichhardt.

FELLOW-ELECTORS OF BALMAIN,—Ask WILLIAM PRITCHARD, Esq., Mayor of Leichhardt, the following words:—
"What about the mangle?"
And no doubt he will reply, "No case, abuse the plaintiff;" but in it there is a horrible tale to unfold.

TO THE ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

Gentlemen,—Parliament having been dissolved, and Redfern having the right to return a third member, I, in accordance with a pledge publicly given by me that as soon as that time arrived my services would again be placed at your disposal, now redeem my pledge. That time has now come, and at the request of a very large number of my old supporters, I again place my services at your disposal, and if you do me the honour of returning me as one of your representatives, my time and whatever ability I possess shall be devoted to your service and that of the country.

It may be remembered that some time since I resigned my seat for Redfern. My reasons for doing so were purely of a private character. I am happy to say they do not exist now.

I had the honour, as your representative 21 years ago, to vote for the Land Bill of 1861. That bill, for a number of years, was worked with the most beneficial results to the people of the country.

Thousands of families settled on the land who, under the old system, could never have had the opportunity of doing so. The author of that bill, whatever may be now said, deserves well of the people of this country, and he is entitled to public gratitude.

I was opposed to many of the amendments made in 1875 and 1880 to the Act of 1861, and now I am asked if I would vote for a bill consolidating the whole of these Acts. That is the present question submitted by the Government to the electors for their decision. I say no, because I have carefully watched the working of these Land Laws. For at least the last 10 years the working of the law has been most destructive to the best interests of this country, and whilst the author of these laws is fighting against everyone who differs from him in his opinion, the squatters are making freeholds of the lands of the country by purchasing the better parts of their runs, and leaving the other portions of little value to the owners, the people of New South Wales; and unless necessary amendments are at once made future generations will curse public men who fail to do their duty by preventing the wilfully profligate manner in which the patrimony of the people has been and is now being dealt with.

Our present system of leasing to the squatters is for five years. If the purely pastoral lands of the country had been under permanent lease for the last 1[illegible] or 15 years, without the right of purchase under any pretence whatsoever, the public estate would now have been quadrupled in value to its owners—the people—and if our public men would deal with the public estate as if it were their own private property, the legitimate progress of settlement of the people on the soil would have been doubled, and the food of the masses of non-producers would be regulated and cheapened to the consumers. From this it will be seen that, under stringent conditions, I would not object to give permanent leases for the purely pastoral lands of the country. If this had been the law, the squatter for his own interest would have expended his money in providing a permanent supply of water, which would mean an increased production of stock and regulating and cheapening the price of beef and mutton to the consumers. No 6d to 8d per lb. as at present.

It will be gathered from my opinions that the working classes are more interested in the proper adjustment of the land laws of the country than any others, they being the largest consumers of the products of the country; and it shall be my earnest endeavour to support such amendments as will have the effect of greatly increasing the number of small holdings and bona-fide settlers, and also provide for a larger revenue from the pastoral lands of the colony.

The Public Instruction Act, I need hardly say, I shall maintain in its integrity. This, however, is not all that is required for the education of the people of this country. When the present Act was before the House I tried to ingraft in it clauses providing for the technical education of the people. Sir Henry Parkes disapproved of amending the bill before the House in that direction, but made a public promise to Parliament that he would bring in a bill to deal with that subject during that session, if time would permit. This promise, I regret to say, is yet unfulfilled, and if elected I shall try and enforce its fulfilment.

We have been promised a bill to extend the principles of local self-government. My past conduct will be the best guide to the electors as to my future action in that respect, knowing as they do that I have always advocated a reform in that direction. The Licensing Act has now been in force for nearly a year, and everyone who has watched its operation and administration must admit the necessity of amendment. Those amendments should be in the direction of properly regulating the business so as not to unduly harass and annoy respectable hotelkeepers, whilst, at the same time, taking care that no injury is done to the public interests.

My views upon other public questions are so well known to all of you that it is unnecessary for me to refer to them in this address. It is my intention, however, to meet you in different parts of the electorate before the polling day, and more fully explain my views upon all matters of interest.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN SUTHERLAND.
Abercrombie-street, Sydney.
28th November, 1882.

JOHN SUTHERLAND'S
First Address
will be given in the
TOWN HALL,
Pitt-street, Redfern,
TO-NIGHT.
Chair will be taken
at 8 o'clock.

JOHN SUTHERLAND is opposed to the present wholesale alienation of the lands of the colony.

JOHN SUTHERLAND is opposed to the gradual accumulation of the whole of the lands into a few hands.

JOHN SUTHERLAND will continue his efforts on behalf of the Working Classes, and strive to obtain the extension of Technical Education.

TO-NIGHT, TOWN HALL.

BOTANY.
JOHN SUTHERLAND
at
Botany Mechanics' Institute,
TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.
JOHN SUTHERLAND
will Address the Electors as follows:—
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Town Hall, Redfern
THURSDAY ditto, School of Arts, Botany
SATURDAY ditto, Town Hall, Waterloo, at 8
SATURDAY ditto, Town Hall, Alexandria, at 9.
J. J. ALLEN, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.
JOHN SUTHERLAND'S COMMITTEE ROOMS,
Belmore Hotel,
George and Redfern streets.
Committee meets every evening to enrol additional names and workers at 8 o'clock.
J. J. ALLEN, Hon. Sec.

REDFERN ELECTION.
THOMAS M. WILLIAMSON will address the electors as follows:—
Sorrell's Hotel, Abercrombie and Vine streets, THURSDAY, 30th, at 7.30 p.m. sharp.
M'Inerney's Bellevue Hotel, Regent-street, THURSDAY, 30th, at 8.30 p.m.
ELECTORS ATTEND,
And hear the intelligent candidate.
The one who has the ability and courage to fully and fearlessly express his political views.
DARCY LEIGH, Hon. Sec.

AUSTRALIANS ROLL UP. Rally round your countryman,
THOMAS M. WILLIAMSON.
Show your appreciation for native talent and worth by placing him at the
TOP OF THE POLL.

ALDERMAN THOMAS M. WILLIAMSON'S COMMITTEE
MEET EVERY EVENING,
at 7 o'clock sharp,
at Central Committee Rooms,
Cricketer's Rest Hotel,
Redfern-street.
DARCY LEIGH, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF GUNNEDAH.

Gentlemen,—Parliament having been dissolved, the duty is cast upon you of electing a representative to the Assembly.

I hasten at the earliest possible opportunity to place my services at your disposal, and to assure you that the experience of the Land Laws gained by me when acting as Inspector of Conditional Purchases, and the knowledge of your magnificent district acquired under the same circumstances entitle me to your consideration.

Upon the Land Laws my mind has been made up for years. I am, as I have always been, a firm believer in the glorious principle of "free selection before survey" over the whole colony introduced by that ever-to-be-venerated patriot and large-hearted, generous-souled estimable man, Sir John Robertson.

I am not in favour of locking up any of the Crown lands by granting leases for either seven, fourteen, twenty-one, or forty years. I do not believe in auction sales of land in pastoral districts nor in swindling improvement of purchases.

With some modifications the bill recently introduced by the father of our land laws is one which, I think, might be made to command the support of every well-wisher of his country.

Business arrangements compel me to remain in Sydney for the present or I would address you in the present crisis at every polling place in your electorate; but I shall seek the very earliest period to give you exhaustively my views upon all the leading political and social questions of the day.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
THOMAS ARGENT.
Sydney, 28th November, 1882.

TO ALL MEMBERS OF THE CIVIL SERVICE.

VOTE only for those Candidates who will pledge themselves to the IMMEDIATE introduction of a Civil Service Bill.
Messrs. G. H. Reid, E. Barton, Dr. Bowker, and J. M'Elhone have ALREADY PLEDGED themselves, if elected for East Sydney, to support such a bill.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE GWYDIR.

Gentlemen,—I am thus early re-seeking your votes and suffrages because her Majesty's representative has thought fit to dissolve Parliament before it had completed two-thirds of its term, at the call of a Ministry that sticks barnacle-like to the ship of State.

The immediate effect of this diplomacy is to keep in power the Government for some months longer to carry on its extensive alienation of our Crown lands, and to continue the irritation that exists between certain sections of our rural population—a policy most distinctly condemned by the majority in a Parliament called together under the auspices of the present men.

I can only characterise such conduct as most un-statesmanlike, unconstitutional, and as showing contempt for the late vote.

I was one of the few who elected Mr Stuart leader of the Opposition, when it was agreed to oppose the attempt to consolidate the old Land Act of 1861 and its amendments, inasmuch as, after 21 years' trial, it had not fulfilled its early promise. It was also decided that indiscriminate selection before survey had only engendered bad blood, had failed to settle a yeomanry on the soil, and had caused fixity of tenure in the worst possible shape—viz., monopoly of the land for speculative purposes. We approved of reducing the deposits on conditional purchases to 2s. per acre, but final payment in 21 years. The present system of auction sales to be abolished; local Land Boards to be appointed to inquire, in open court, into all matters affecting the administration of the law, with right of appeal from its decision; pre-leases to be done away with; reserves to be made on each side of proposed railway lines; a division of the country into pastoral and agricultural areas. These are my political opinions in the present crisis, upon which I elect to take my stand. I shall at an early date meet you and more fully dilate upon my reasons for opposing the Parkes and Robertson Government and their measures and administration.

Trusting that I still hold the confidence that you have hitherto so generously accorded me,
Yours faithfully,
W. R. CAMPBELL.
117, Lankelly-terrace, Macleay-street,
November 22nd, 1882.

THE ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF HARTLEY.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the abovenamed electorate will be held at noon, at the Courthouse, Hartley, on the 11th day of December next, for the Nomination and Election of a Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Hartley. In the event of more than one candidate being proposed, and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on THURSDAY, the 14th day of December next, at the following places:—Lowther, Tarana, Ben Bullen, Porter's Retreat, Hartley, Lithgow Valley, Mount Victoria, Oberon, Rydal, and Wallerawang. The polling will commence at 8 a.m., and close at 4 p.m. of the same day.
JOHN THOMAS LEE,
Returning-Officer.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE HAWKESBURY.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of the Hawkesbury will be held at the Courthouse, Windsor, at noon on TUESDAY, the fifth day of December next, for the Nomination and Election of one Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said Electoral District.

In the event of more candidates than one being proposed, and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on MONDAY, the eleventh day of December next, at the following places. The Polling will commence at 8 a.m. and close at 4 p.m. of the same day, as under:—
Enfield
North Kurrajong
Pitt Town
Richmond
Romery's, near Box Hill
The Mouth of Colo River
Turner's, on the Windsor-road
Upper Colo
Wilberforce
Windsor
Wiseman's Ferry
Putty, at Robert Ridge's.

Before nomination it is required by the Electoral Act that a deposit of FORTY POUNDS must be paid to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.
JAS. D. JOHNSTON,
Returning Officer.
Windsor, November 25, 1882.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE NEPEAN.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Nepean Electorate will be held at the Courthouse, Penrith, at NOON, on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of December next, for the purpose of Nomination and Election of one member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the above-named Electorate.

In the event of more than one Candidate being nominated, and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on TUESDAY, the 5th day of December, at the following places, commencing at 8 a.m., and closing at 4 p.m. of the same day:—
Boland's, on the Bathurst-road; Castlereagh, Emu Plains, Luddenham, Penrith, Eastern Creek, St. Mary's, Sydney.
J. KING LETHBRIDGE,
Returning Officer.
Nepean, 27th November, 1882.

NEPEAN ELECTION—Polling Day, 5th December.

NEPEAN ELECTORS
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
who has always served you faithfully.

NEPEAN ELECTORS
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
who knows your local wants, and will supply them.

NEPEAN ELECTORS
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
and Liberal Land Laws.

FARMERS, FARMERS
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
and Cheap Railway Rates for your produce.

NEPEAN ELECTORS
Vote for
T. R. SMITH,
and present Public Schools Act.

TO THE FREE AND INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Do not be misled. Weigh each candidate in the balance of public opinion, and if found wanting, let your fiat of rejection go forth. We come before you, seeking your suffrages, and not biassed partisans of any colour or sect, but simply as mediators between buyer and seller. That is our mission and avocation. Laying ourselves then out for this particular line, we ask you in all good faith to give us your united support at our LAND and PROPERTY SALE on THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock, Corn Exchange, Haymarket, when the HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED, will do all in their power to satisfy the most fastidious and cantankerous limb of creation, resting assured that mortification will not ensue, unless through diffidence some choice lot is lost. Our grand specific for all complaints is quick bidding and plenty of cash. Should, however, the filthy lucre be scarce, our alterative terms may be found highly beneficial to alleviate the strain on the purse strings. So come and vote "plumpers" for the Southern Mart of the city, where the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, hang out their banners.

ELECTORS of SOUTH SYDNEY.—Hold the lure of something else—immaterial which, so long as you hold and redeem promise made of attending the Great Land and Property Sale at the Haymarket Auction Company, Limited, Rooms, Corn Exchange, on THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock. Our view on the great Land question is that every father, mother, and child should be a landed proprietor; and to meet this great end, our summary of really goods things to be submitted on the above day will place each and all of you in the aristocratic scale at very little cost. So attend, and secure a feather from fortune's cap.

PARKES versus ROBERTSON,
or
GARVAN versus WATSON.
Public and Private Wharfs Questions to wit!
ELECTORS attend to your own interests.
Invest in one or more of the various Properties which will be submitted to public auction, on THURSDAY next,
by the
HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited,
Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

THE KNIGHT OF THE HAMMER
of
THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited,
with his usual urbanity,
WILL PROFESSIONALLY ADDRESS
THE ELECTORS
on THURSDAY NEXT, the 30th INSTANT,
at 11 o'clock a.m.,
at the Company's Property Sale Rooms,
Corn Exchange, Haymarket,
at 11 o'clock a.m.,
on the advisability of every elector becoming independent of the Land Bill, by Purchasing
A SUBURBAN COTTAGE
or an
ALLOTMENT OF FREEHOLD LAND.
For further particulars see advertisements and order of sale.

ELECTORS! ELECTORS! ELECTORS!
PROGRESS! PROGRESS!! PROGRESS!!!
BUYERS IMPATIENT.
SELLERS JUBILANT.
THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, having completed their magnificent and spacious Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket, intend holding their
OPENING SALE
on
THURSDAY next, the
30th November, 1882,
at 11 o'clock a.m.,
when a long list of most desirable
Suburban Residences
and
Allotments will be offered
on Extraordinarily Liberal Terms.
See advertisements and order of sale.
Civility and full information gratis.

TO the Electors of South Sydney.—Don't go to the Poll without one of Collins' Coonanbarra Hats.

THE SHIPPING.—Arrivals, Departures, Mails Outward.
Commercial, &c., &c.
THE ECHO.
AN EVENING JOURNAL.
Price One Penny

A SPECIAL ADVERTISING MEDIUM.
The ECHO is now admitted to be one of the most highly esteemed evening journals published in Australia. Its [illegible] written original matter and carefully selected light reading secure its welcome by every respectable family. Therefore, the advantages to be obtained by those who use its advertising columns are more than ordinarily important.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Parliamentary Elections.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST SYDNEY.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of East Sydney will be held at the Hustings, Hyde Park, at noon, THIS DAY, the 28th day of NOVEMBER instant, for the NOMINATION and ELECTION of FOUR MEMBERS to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said Electoral District.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the number of members required, and a poll demanded, the POLLING will take place on THURSDAY, the 30th day of NOVEMBER, at the Hustings, Hyde Park. The polling will commence at 8 a.m. and close at 4 p.m. of the same day as under:—

A B— Room at the Hustings
C D— Ditto ditto
E F G— Ditto ditto
H I J K— Ditto ditto
L M— Ditto ditto
N O P Q R—Ditto ditto
S T— Ditto ditto
U Z— Ditto ditto

Before Nomination it is required that a deposit of forty pounds must be paid to the returning officer, which must be in cash.

WILLIAM DAY,
Returning Officer.

East Sydney, November 24, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

GENTLEMEN,—As you are aware, the Government were defeated in the Legislative Assembly on the second reading of the Land Bill introduced by Sir John Robertson. In consequence of that defeat, the Crown has been constitutionally advised to dissolve Parliament, and enable the Government to appeal to the constituencies, which advice has been accepted by her Majesty's representative. In this juncture I have the honour again to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages.

The adverse vote arrived at is unprecedented for the conflicting elements included in it. The Government bill was admitted on all hands to be good in itself. In regard to the present land policy of the country, Mr. Stuart, the leader of the Opposition, described the bill as an "immense improvement," and as an "enormous gain." The bitterest opponent of the measure did not point out any new provision in it to which he objected, but voted against it avowedly because it did not go further—did not in fact carry out his ideas of what ought to be the land policy of the Government.

It is worth while to keep in view these ideas of policy, as explained to the Assembly. Five members spoke against the bill, and four of these members expounded views of what ought to be done, essentially differing from one another. All of them, however, agreed that one-half of the lands of this country ought to be locked up in the hands of the squatters for long periods, one of them going the extreme length of suggesting the issue of squatting leases for 40 years, and another, Sir Patrick Jennings, contending that the Crown leaseholders ought to be legally invested with "tenant-rights" at the expiration of their long leases. If the views of these gentlemen were carried into law, it is not difficult to foresee that our boys now attending school would be old men before the public lands handed over to-day to a handful of persons would be again open for settlement by the people of the country. And it may be well asked, in the event of the enactment of any such possible law, what would be the situation of the landless millions of our population 30 or 40 years hence?

But it may be said that we ought to confine ourselves to the programme submitted by Mr. Stuart in opposition to the Government bill. The bill of Sir John Robertson proposed to correct the abuses of the present law, and afford new facilities for the acquisition of land under its provisions, without violating the principles of the settled policy of the country. Mr. Stuart denounces the present system of free selection as "the parent of all the ills, troubles, trials, and difficulties" which have arisen, and as a thing "self condemned;" and yet in the remedies he submits he does not propose to abolish this self-condemned parent of evil, but actually provides for continuing it in a mutilated form over half the lands of the colony. At the same time he proposes to secure the other half of the public lands in the undisturbed possession of the squatters for a long term of years. As a cure for the strife between classes and the bitter contentions, which everybody laments, he would entrench the individual squatter in the secure possession of half—naturally the richer half—of his run of 100,000 or 200,000 acres, where he would be all-powerful to carry on the war against the unfortunate selector who ventured to settle on the other and poorer half of his territory. Another notable device in Mr. Stuart's stock of remedies is the creation of Local Land Courts to settle claims and disputes, which would in every case be under the influence of whatever contending party happened to be most powerful in the district.

So far as the vote on the Land Bill is concerned, the question remitted to the electors is not whether free selection before survey shall be abolished, for Mr. Stuart is not bold enough to propose its abolition; nor yet whether it shall be confined to surveyed areas suitable for agricultural settlement, for that is not proposed by Mr. Stuart; but the real question as between the Government and the Opposition led by Mr. Stuart, is whether the right which every man now possesses under the law to select a home for himself on any part of the public lands shall in future be limited to the worst half of the pastoral runs—the part least suitable for agricultural settlement,—for there can be no mistake about it, that the squatters would take care, in every instance, to secure the best half for themselves.

But there are good grounds for believing that the majority against the Land Bill would have had no existence, if other considerations, altogether apart from the land question, had not influenced certain members in their decision. The Government were well aware that the natural enemies of non-sectarian education—to go no further—were only waiting their opportunity to swell the ranks of the open Opposition in an adverse vote, and every member of this section of the House joined Mr. Stuart. One of the five members who spoke against the Land Bill (Mr. O'Connor) occupied nearly five hours of the public time, the greater part of which was devoted to other sins of the Government than their land legislation.

If the conduct of the Government as a whole, both in their legislative measures and their administrative Acts, led to their defeat, as undoubtedly was the case, it is only just that the Government should be tried on their conduct as a whole; and I, as a member of the Government, have no fear of any impartial examination of our conduct. During the existence of the present Administration we have dealt with several of the largest questions that can engage the attention of the Legislature at any time. Attempts extending over twenty years had been made to settle the difficulties connected with the Church and School lands. Those lands, of immense prospective value, have been secularised and set apart for the cause of education by the measure of the present Government. By our proposals, assented to by Parliament, the immense works for the abundant supply of water to Sydney and other parts of the colony are rapidly approaching completion. We have succeeded in placing effective restrictions on the introduction of Chinese labour, much against the will of Mr. Stuart, in the face of the stubborn resistance of several prominent members of the Opposition we have brought the liquor traffic under something like wholesome regulation, and though the measure is in some respects defective, every observant man must admit the increase of sobriety and good order which has followed in a few months as its most striking result. For many years the most glaring inequalities existed in the representation of the people which in several parts of the colony were felt to be crying grievances. Measure after measure had been introduced to reform these abuses of time in the electoral system without success. By the Act of 1880, introduced by the present Government, the people are now fully and fairly represented in Parliament. And the act of the present Administration, which I hope I may claim as constituting our greatest service to the country, and which is regarded as our unpardonable sin by certain members who joined in the adverse vote on the Land Bill, and by certain orders and sections outside Parliamentary circles, is the Public Instruction Act. By this great measure, which makes munificent provision for the education of the children of the country, all aid from the State for priestly teaching will be withdrawn at the end of the current year. Few Governments anywhere could go before the people with a catalogue of successful legislative measures such as those which constitute our claims to consideration and support.

If Parliament had continued sitting, we should in a few days have introduced a bill to establish local government, which would have given to municipal bodies much larger endowments, and greatly extended powers to carry out public improvements. This and other useful measures, promised at the opening of Parliament, we yet hope to be enabled to carry into law.

While our Parliamentary labours have been going on, the Government have not been negligent in the administration of the public affairs. Useful works have been carried out in all directions, and during our term of office we have nearly doubled the railway communication of the country. Our worst enemies cannot deny the prosperity of the colony, and while in all our efforts we have endeavoured to preserve and elevate her true British character, we have made the name of New South Wales far better known all over the world.

In the part I have taken as your representative in these arduous labours I have made many implacable opponents. Those who want to obtain a giant's hold of the public lands for their own aggrandisement, and those who want to thrust a giant's hand into the public treasury for their Denominational teaching will be against me. Those who love popular ignorance and dislike the sight of orderliness and sobriety will be against me. But I confidently trust to the enlightened judgment and the British public spirit of the great body of the electors to return me again as one of the members for your great electorate.

I remain, Gentlemen,
Your faithful servant,
HENRY PARKES.

Sydney, November 23, 1882.

FRIENDS OF EDUCATION,
Vote for
Sir HENRY PARKES.

FRIENDS OF THE LICENSING ACT,
Vote for
Sir HENRY PARKES.

FRIENDS OF RAILWAY EXTENSION,
Vote for
Sir HENRY PARKES.

VOTE FOR SIR HENRY PARKES
and a
NEW CIVIL SERVICE BILL.

WHO ABOLISHED
CHINESE IMMIGRATION?
Sir HENRY PARKES.

WHOSE GOVERNMENT SHORTENED
THE HOURS OF LABOUR?
PARKES'. PARKES'.

WHO HAS SERVED THE COUNTRY WELL
for THIRTY YEARS?
Why, Sir HENRY PARKES.
THEN VOTE FOR HIM.

WHO SECULARISED
CHURCH and SCHOOL LANDS?
PARKES.
THEN VOTE FOR HIM.

WHO HAS SECURED
PARKS for the PEOPLE?
Why, Sir HENRY PARKES.

WHO HAS FOUND EMPLOYMENT
for the WORKING CLASSES
by thousands?
PARKES' GOVERNMENT.

THEN VOTE for PARKES,
and
Advance
NEW SOUTH WALES.

SIR HENRY PARKES
for
EAST SYDNEY.
CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
Kelly's Edinburgh Hotel,
corner of
Pitt and Bathurst streets.

Secretary in attendance daily.

COMMITTEE MEET EVERY EVENING.

ALFRED WEIPPERT, Secretary.

SIR HENRY PARKES' GENERAL COMMITTEE
will MEET EACH MORNING at 10.30 o'clock, at Kelly's EDINBURGH CASTLE HOTEL, PITT and BATHURST STREETS.

Electors and friends willing to co-operate with the committee are requested to attend and enrol their names, in order to secure the re-election of

Sir HENRY PARKES.

HY. GORMAN } Joint
JOHN S. JAMIESON } Hon. Secs.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

SIR HENRY PARKES' COMMITTEE
will please meet at
KELLY'S EDINBURGH HOTEL,
corner of
Pitt and Bathurst streets,
at 8 o'clock, on
THIS EVENING, 29th November,
to finally arrange everything.

HY. GORMAN } Joint
JOHN S. JAMIESON } Hon. Secs.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—In consequence of the dissolution of Parliament I have the honour once more to offer myself as a Candidate for election as one of your representatives.

I have now so frequently addressed you on all the more important questions connected with our politics, that I think it will be unnecessary, on the present occasion, to refer to any but those matters which are of direct and immediate consequence, in view of the present state of public affairs. Before doing so, however, I consider it only proper to say that in the main my views on all these questions remain unchanged.

While I am of opinion that the Licensing Act is based on the soundest principles, and has accomplished a large amount of public good, I believe that it requires amendment in certain particulars, and for this purpose the subject has already been under the consideration of the Government.

In a short time the abolition of State aid to Denominational education will take effect in accordance with the provisions of the Public Instruction Act. As you are aware, I have already been a warm supporter of this measure, and I am now more fully convinced than ever of its necessity and importance. While I have the honour of a seat in Parliament I shall oppose strenuously any attempt to limit or frustrate its noble purposes.

In view of the important public works of every kind that our great financial prosperity has enabled the Government, with the sanction of Parliament, to undertake, I believe the provisions proposed to made for a large and healty stream of assisted immigration to be most desirable. I am fully aware of the imperfections of the system of immigration as hitherto conducted, but I have every confidence that, under new and improved arrangements, these evils will be entirely obviated.

Having administered in the department under my control, as a member of the present Government, that portion of the Lands Acts which has reference to the occupation of the Crown lands of the country, I know practically the defects of the legislation on the subject; but I believe the bill proposed by Sir John Robertson was a large advance, not only towards the consolidation of the numerous acts on the subject, but also towards their amendment. I am fully convinced, however, that whatever system of legislation may be ultimately adopted with regard to the public lands of the country, it will fail to give complete satisfaction to all classes interested, or to be entirely free from attempts at abuse of the provisions which may be enacted. It will be impossible, however, in a notice like the present to state my more matured views on this important subject. I shall, therefore, defer their statement, as well as criticism of the views which have been proposed by others as a substitution for or as an amendment of the present laws, until I have the opportunity of addressing you personally on this and other subjects.

On three former occasions you have considered me worthy of your confidence, and I trust I may be permitted to say that I have endeavoured to the best of my ability to perform my public duties for your advantage and for the advancement of the country at large. Should you, on the present occasion, again return me to Parliament as one of your representatives, my best services will be placed at the disposal of the constituency and of the country.

Your obedient servant,
ARTHUR RENWICK.

Clarendon House, Hyde Park,
23rd November, 1882.

RENWICK FOR EAST SYDNEY.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
Hodge's Commercial Hotel, King-street.
GENERAL COMMITTEE:

Hon. John Mackintosh, M.L.C.
Alderman James Green
Alderman Lees
Montagu Levy
Angus Cameron
Alderman Dean
George Allen Mansfield
Dr. Milford
Alderman Palmer
William Inglis
John Wetherill
John T. Neale
John Starkey
Joseph Marshall
James H. Neale
John Williamson
Benjamin Rhodes
Dr. Mackellar
John Davies
William Shirlow
A. J. Watt
John Woods
John Geddes
Charles Lewis
J. C. Beare
Gregory Board
Richard Seymour
W. D. Eames
Joseph Lowe
Frank Underwood
Charles H. May
W. A. Prentice
Thomas Peate
Joshua Beaumont
William Wallace
F. E. Sloper
William Hillyer
W. T. Angus
E. T. Penfold
Dr. Hogg
T. Cowlishaw
Richard A. Watson
James Miller
William Starkey
Gibbs, Shallard, and Co.
George Fletcher
Edward Turner
G. B. Modini
Fred. Ebsworth
Joseph Brown
Edward French
James Hall
Henry Burrows
Fred. Withers
Fred. Beaumont
J. Pacey
W. James Watson
Captain Herbert
Henry J. Simpson
Fred. Somers
Fred. P. Saunders
Fred. Martin
J. P. Owen
George Brockstayne
W. W. Birkmyre
Fred. Petersen
Isaac Dunkeld
Frank Bennett
Dr. Jones
E. G. Staniforth
James Beaumont
Marshall Burdekin
George Hurley
James Eve
Charles Kelsey
William Booth
Fred. Gannon
Benjamin James
Richard M'Coy
Robert Cowland
Samuel Ackman
Henry Bearkwell
M. Goulston
Patrick Keating
W. S. White
John H. Hobbs
E. C. Creer
Charles Pearse
Edwin Rice
J. R. Gowing
J. W. Withers, J.P.
J. T. Robinson
J. H. Hoare
Thomas Goldfinch
B. H. Cohen
W. Abbey
Alfred Thorne
R. S. Lawrence
Henry Bowden
Henry West
J. R. Clarke
John P. Green
G. Wright
Henry Sippee
John Walsh
Thomas Brinro
R. W. Wynne
John Norman
J. V. Wiley
Walter Long, jun.

Hon. H. M. Alderson, M.L.C.
Walter Bradley
Arthur Allen
William Stoddard
A. W. Sutton
Enos Dyer
W. H. Hicks
Alfred Cane
Donald Campbell
John Flavelle
George R. Whiting
William Perrey
C. J. Roberts, C.M.G.
George Munro
J. S. Jamison
William H. Little
William S. Kelly
James Clark
William Bailey
John Pope
Samuel Baills
James Kidman
William G. Vial
William Hinton
Dr. Warren
John W. Fox
James A. Pearson
Dr. Day
M. C. Cowlishaw
James Jarvis
Andrew Torning
S. C. Whiddon
Thomas Webster
Peter Murray
James Jones
Samuel Kippax
Joe Cohen
William Thompson
George Smith
Robert Iredale
John Godfrey
R. W. Pitt
John Carruthers
C. G. M'Gregor
Edward Tremain
J. W. Wethers
Robert Henderson
Hugh Patricks
Thomas Jefferey
Charles Trumper
James Poole
David Elphinstone
Thomas Birks
C. D. Pitt
George Weldon
John Wells
Henry Fairfax
W. Herbert
James M'Farlane
William Slough
T. E. Davies
John Porter
John Lea
Alfred Brockstayne
Isaac Brockstayne
John M'Elveney
William Dwyer
Benjamin Backhouse
Dr. M'Kenzie
Alderman Kippax
James Weir
G. F. Jackson
S. Thompson
Walter Long
Edward Perkins
John L. Hordern
Dr. Craig Dixon
P. R. Holdsworth
Thos. L. Nicholson
William Alexander
Fred Hines
J. C. H. Baass
B. Byrnes
George Hansell
Charles Leameare
Michael Kain
Thos. M'Mas
W. Brady
J. R. Love
P. R. Gowing
D. Peters
F. T. Robinson
Henry T. Page
S. C. Whiddon
Charles Perry
P. Mitchell
Thomas Williams
L. D. Younger
Robert Cooper
T. H. Fielding
John Eve
A. H. Skinner
F. Cutter
James Hirsch
Samuel Wright
George Wallace
A. C. Dent
R. J. Parish
M. A. Stephen.

ANDREW ALLAN, Hon. Secretary.

THE HON. ARTHUR RENWICK
for
EAST SYDNEY.

Central Committee Rooms,
HODGE'S COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
King-street.
ANDREW ALLAN,
Hon. Secretary.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—At the request of a number of the electors of East Sydney, I have decided to offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages.

No doubt you have all seen my address to the electors of the Upper Hunter in the daily press, therefore it is unnecessary for me to issue a long address, more particularly so as my career as a member of Parliament is well known to you all.

Seven years ago I was returned as a staunch opponent of the Land Law of 1861, and I have never altered my opinions as to the immense amount of injury that law has done to prevent the settlement of the people on the lands which belong to them, and which has enabled many Crown lessees to act in the most cruel manner to the free selectors.

As I shall address you on the hustings to-morrow, and at the Temperance Hall on Wednesday night, and will then fully explain my views on the land and other questions in which you take an interest, I trust to the satisfaction of a great majority of the electors.

And as I have at all times given an independent vote in Parliament, and at all times exposed abuse and corruption in Parliament and in the City Corporation, I leave myself in your hands with great confidence as to a triumphant result on polling day.

I remain,
Your faithful servant,
JOHN M'ELHONE.

Sydney, 27th November.

MR. M'ELHONE will address the ELECTORS of
EAST SYDNEY at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, Sydney, at 8 o'clock on WEDNESDAY EVENING.

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EAST SYDNEY at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, Sydney, at 8 o'clock on WEDNESDAY EVENING.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

GENTLEMEN favourable to the RETURN of
JOHN M'ELHONE, Esq.,
for EAST SYDNEY, to whose efforts in exposing the abuses fostered by the proposed Land Bill the defeat of the Ministry is mainly attributable, are requested to MEET at KEARY'S HOTEL, William-street,
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING,
at 8 o'clock,
for the purpose of forming a Committee to secure his return.
M. QUINLAN, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

DON'T BE MISLED by misrepresentations, but REMEMBER THE NAME, and ask for JOSEPHSON'S OINTMENT.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—The decisive vote of the Legislative Assembly, condemning the land policy of the present Government, has caused them to appeal to the public in the hope of obtaining at their hands a reversal of that decision. Believing that the rejection of their policy by Parliament was just, I have resolved to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages.

The dissolution of Parliament is solely and wholly the outcome of the emphatic defeat of the Ministry, who, therefore, cannot honourably ask for your judgment, except upon the question so far decided against them. In offering to the Assembly a bill to consolidate and amend the existing LAND LAWS, Sir John Robertson sought at its hands a declaration that those laws are calculated to promote in the highest degree the future prosperity of the colony. There is no question but this for your decision, and I ask for your approval when I say that the operation of those laws has been a continued infringement of natural justice, and that their permanence would mean the perpetuation of falsehood, corruption, and malice. In existing legislation the interests of the bulk of the people have been entirely neglected, while the two classes of agrarian settlers have been set by the ears. The law has produced a scramble between them for land, and this effect is as unerringly the result as if it had been expressly commanded by the Legislature. Every imaginable weapon has been placed in the hands of the squatters and the selectors for the ruin of each other. The result has been, not to break up that monopoly on the part of the Crown lessees, to destroy which was the professed object of the Act of 1861, but to render the position of the would-be settler weaker than ever. He who earnestly desires a moderate freehold for himself and his sons, finds that he fails to acquire one, because he has not studied the system of fraud and trickery by which he must succeed or be defeated. One fact alone is sufficient to show how little chance the bona-fide selector has of securing a home. Seven-tenths of the lands selected have been transferred, and can anyone doubt to what class the transferees belong, or that in most cases the transfers are the mere fulfilment of understandings arrived at before selection? The freehold of the land is so valuable to the community as a whole that it ought not to be parted with, except with the prospect that the land will be turned to the best account. The grazier, if unmolested, requires no freehold to enable him to farm sheep or cattle successfully. It follows that a law which compels him to acquire the freehold, so that he may feed his sheep in peace, is dangerous and extravagant. Therefore, I am against a law which permits stupendous mock auctions with a solitary bidder, and farcical improvement purchases; and I am in favour of a law which shall render these unnecessary to the grazier as weapons of defence, and will deprive him of them as weapons of aggression. This can only be done by separating the two classes. By no other means can you keep their hands from each other's throats. Let the State step between them, giving them secure holdings, and exacting an equitable rent for its leases. I shall not express my views upon this question at greater length just now, because I shall have an opportunity of detailing them orally to you both before and at the nomination.

I was a member of the Parliament which passed the EDUCATION ACT OF 1880. I was and am a firm and active supporter of it, and I regard the present settlement of the question as a generous and permanent provision for our educational needs. At the same time I am dissatisfied with the recent partial and feeble administration of the Act. The teachers have been treated with injustice, their whole staff has been demoralised by the inconsistency and vacillation of the head office, and the evident disinclination to establish High schools is disgraceful.

I am in favour of LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT, not only because it will entrust the distribution of money voted for public works to those whose local knowledge should enable them to make the most of it, but also because a change in this respect will tend to secure the independence of the representatives of the people.

It is almost unnecessary for me to state that I am a FREE-TRADER, and a supporter of RAILWAY EXTENSION.

The operation of the LICENSING ACT has now enabled us to see in what respect it requires amendment. In my opinion it might with advantage be modified so as to mitigate the severity of its application to the respectable trader, and at the same time to guard more completely against the sale of impure or unwholesome liquor.

I believe that the absence of provision for SUPERANNUATION in the Civil Service has led to serious evils, and I would advocate a system of retiring allowances with the view of securing that efficiency without which there cannot be real economy.

I trust that the foregoing summary of my views will be deemed worthy of your approval. Whether that be so or not, they express the principles with which I entered political life, and I believe you will find me tenacious of them. Whatever your opinion may be as to my ability to represent you, I can say with confidence that I am sufficiently well known amongst you to be able to dispense with any protestations of sincerity and fidelity.

EDMUND BARTON.

Sydney, November 22nd, 1882.

EDMUND BARTON
for
EAST SYDNEY.

INTELLIGENCE, ABILITY,
and
STERLING HONESTY.

EDMUND BARTON
for
EAST SYDNEY.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—In this announcement of my candidature for one of the four seats in the Legislative Assembly, to which it is your privilege to elect, I express, in the briefest manner, my views on the great questions of the day. The occasion of the present election is of the gravest character, the Ministry of Sir Henry Parkes having suffered defeat on the question whether the existing Land Laws shall, with slight modifications and codification, be perpetuated, or whether the laws relating to the alienation and occupation of the public lands shall be radically reformed and enacted on an entirely new basis, and in accord with the present requirements and circumstances of the colony. I hold that such radical change is necessary. Having had a practical and intimate knowledge for many years of the working of the existing Land Laws, I am forced to the conclusion that the law of "Promiscuous selection before survey" has proved a most injudicious one, has been in many ways inimical to the best interests of the colony, and has totally failed to settle a happy and prosperous population on the lands in the interior of New South Wales.

My views on this all important subject were expressed in my letter published in the Sydney Morning Herald of September 25th last, and those views in a great measure accord with the "Amendments" tabled in the Legislative Assembly by Mr. Garrett, and with the propositions of Mr. A. Stuart.

These views briefly stated are—

1. Prohibition of transfer of selections (except in cases of selector's death) until all conditions of selections have been fulfilled and all balances to Government paid up.
2. Cessation of all Pre-emptive Leases, Pre-emptive Purchases and of Auction Sales of Crown Lands more than three miles from centre of township of 500 inhabitants.
3. Subdivision of the colony into districts, classification and survey of large areas of land most suitable for settlement in each district or natural zone.
4. The maximum area allowed to selector to vary according to district or zone, from 640 to 8000 acres, at prices ranging from 40s. to 10s. per acre, according to position and quality of selection.
5. As regards the waste lands not immediately required for settlement, the granting of secure tenure to graziers at a just and reasonable rental and on such liberal conditions that temporarily secure from the invasion of "black mailers" they may properly improve their holdings, and may be able to pay a fair rental.

My travels in Queensland and South Australia, where the land legislation has been devised on the above principles, have convinced me of their superiority to our boasted, but pernicious, system of general "free selection before survey," which, however satisfactory in its working for the first few years after 1861, has resulted in reducing year after year the (proportionate to population) area cultivated; in causing the aggregation of huge freehold estates; in setting class against class in endless, costly litigation; in an immeasurable amount of perjury and wrongdoing; in a general lowering of the moral sense of the community, and above all has failed in its intention to settle a race of yeoman freeholders on the land.

As the advancement and prosperity of the whole colony are dependent on the just and equitable settlement of the Land Policy, and as this is the vital question awaiting decision at this General Election, it is imperative that no side issues be allowed to have weight with the Electors.

As an advocate of the above given views I venture to seek your suffrages; as, however, this is my first appearance in the political arena, it is but right that I express myself on the general subjects which have agitated the country at previous elections, and which may happen to be revived in the ensuing Parliament.

Chiefest of these is the Education Act, as regards which I belong to the party on whose banner is inscribed the words, "NATIONAL, COMPULSORY, SECULAR, and FREE."

Am an advocate for the extension of railways and public works and for bringing the railway into the heart of the city of Sydney.

In view of the necessity for large public and private works, the extent of our territory, and the paucity in numbers of our population, I advocate the "extension of immigration."

Am a free trader by sincere conviction, both as regards fiscal policy and as regards the now, I hope, buried question of State-aid to religion. I wish to enter the House of Assembly tied to no party, but willing to give fair and reasonable support to any Ministry which will properly administer our lands and finances, which will carry out needed public works, and which will initiate reforms in our Legislation as required. Though by profession a squatters' agent, I am a New South Welshman, anxious in every way to promote the good of this colony and my fellow colonists; but above all I am an Australian anxious to break down the fictitious barriers which divide the colonies of the Australian group; and most anxious am I to do my mite towards the peaceful settlement of countless millions of laborious (and therefore happy) denizens on the rich lands of Australia, whose task and privilege it shall be to rear a powerful and imposing empire in this sunny Southern land.

G. N. GRIFFITHS.

Richmond Villa.

GRIFFITHS FOR EAST SYDNEY.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

Dr. J. C. Cox
Julian E. Salomons
Robert J. King
Albert A. Smith
David Wilson (Messrs. Mason Brothers)
Frank Macdonald
W. A. Long
Patrick Keane
J. W. Johnson
J. Horbury Hunt
F. G. Weaver
W. H. Mackenzie, senior
C. C. Griffiths
S. A. Stephen
R. B. Wilkinson
E. R. Holt
W. E. Mort
J. T. Keefe
W. C. Willis
R. Smythe
P. Sutton
R. J. Mackenzie
J. R. Gosling
J. Scroggie
J. A. Dowling
C. G. Medcalf
A. S. Webster
Edward Lord
F. Allerding
E. S. Clark
A. Petrie
R. P. Simpson
G. T. Jones
J. B. Hillier
J. M'Namara
R. Hamilton
R. Hamilton, jun.
J. Notting
Henry Davies
J. Marshall
W. Furness
C. Carugati
T. Quinlan
G. J. Waterhouse
A. W. Norton

T. J. Thompson
R. C. Close
W. H. M'Carthy
William Henderson
Geo. T. Jones
W. W. Richardson
H. H. Groth
E. Vickery
H. E. Russell
W. B. Walford
Thomas Peate
W. A. Cottee
W. Macdonald
John Pepper
A. Barden
G. Maiden
J. St. Vincent Welsh
Dr. M. W. Traill
J. C. Hallam
L. P. Bain
W. Cooper
C. Hillyard
J. G. Deeble
David Ramsay
T. R. Lamb
G. A. Murray
George Lewis
A. Sim
P. Kirby
J. Burrows
T. Loveday
C. H. May
E. Pearse
W. Baird, sen.
W. Baird, jun.
R. Dunlop
A. Corderoy
H. Ferrier
J. Farrell
T. Farrell
J. Bley
D. O'Keefe
J. T. Ellis
G. A. Woods
E. Beard
&c., &c.

Will address the Electors TO-NIGHT, at Deeble's Hotel, Woolloomooloo Bay, near Manly Beach steamers, at 8 o'clock.

Committee meet at 1, Hunter-street from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily.

ROBERT J. KING } Hon.
W. BOWMAN CADELL } Secretaries.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

ROLL UP. ROLL UP.

G. NEVILLE GRIFFITHS
will
ADDRESS the ELECTORS of EAST SYDNEY
TO-NIGHT, at 8,
at Deeble's Hotel, Woolloomooloo Bay, near Manly Beach steamers.

Central Committee Rooms, 1, Hunter-street.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

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Central Committee Rooms, 1, Hunter-street.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

DR. BOWKER, finding too many in the field, and not wishing to divide the votes, has retired from the contest. He will not, therefore, address the electors at the Temperance Hall on Wednesday evening.

G. H. REID FOR EAST SYDNEY.

ARRANGEMENT OF MEETINGS.

G. H. REID
will Address the Electors as follows:—
THIS EVENING,
Oxford Hotel, King-street,
at 9 o'clock.

GEO. W. THORNTON }
WM. M'MILLAN } Hon. Secs.
SAMUEL BAYLIS }

Committee Rooms,
Oxford Hotel, King-street.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

ELECTORS willing to enrol themselves on the Committee to secure the re-election of G. H. REID are invited to send in their names to the Committee Rooms, Oxford Hotel, top of King-street.

Committee meets daily—
1.30 p.m.
4.30 p.m.
7.30 p.m.

GEORGE W. THORNTON }
WM. M'MILLAN } Hon. Secretaries.
SAMUEL BAYLIS }

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—At the general election about this time two years ago, I had the honour to address you as a candidate for the representation of your important electorate, and I was gratified by your choice of me as the holder of one of your four seats.

You are now again engaged in the business of a general election, but under very different circumstances, arising out of the rejection by the Parliament of the Land Bill of the Government upon its proposed second reading.

During the continuance of the late Parliament I took an active part in the various important measures which were passed into law, and in every case my vote was given in accordance with previous pledges. The great question of the day is how the land policy of the colony can be equitably settled. I am disappointed with the Land Bill introduced by the Government, which gives us consolidation when we want amendment and reform. I think free selection should no longer be allowed upon the squatters' runs, and that with a reasonable tenure the income from the squatters under the altered circumstances might be doubled or trebled, and to that extent diminish taxation which presses upon the great body of the people. I was one of those who supported the main principles of the Licensing Act, but I consider many of the details oppressive and open to modification; when the State makes a man's occupation lawful, he should not be treated as a criminal engaged in an illegal business, but he should be dealt with fairly and equitably, and I would aid in correcting those errors of administration which are so justly complained of. I fully hold to the opinions which I expressed to you in my published address of November, 1880, and, where legislation has not already taken place, will do my best to give effect to those opinions.

I have every reason to believe, from my repeated success at the municipal elections, that I still retain your confidence, and that it will be shown in my favour on the 2nd December.

Yours truly,
GEORGE L. CARTER.

Belvoir-street, Strawberry Hills,
November 24, 1882.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.
The Independent Candidate.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.
The Working Man's Friend.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.
Your Tried Representative.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.
The Popular Candidate.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Central Committee Rooms,
Murphy's Albion Hotel, Elizabeth and Campbell streets.
Members of the Committee will be in attendance EVERY EVENING.

H. M. DENNES,
Hon. Secretary.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

G. L. CARTER
will address the Electors
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, 29th instant, at 8 o'clock,
Thompson's Family Hotel, George and Goulburn streets.

THURSDAY EVENING, 30th instant, at 8 o'clock.
The Southern Cross Hotel, Devonshire and Elizabeth streets.

FRIDAY EVENING, December 1,
Central Committee Rooms, Murphy's Albion Hotel, Elizabeth and Campbell streets, at 8 o'clock.

After public meeting, a full attendance of committee and friends to make final arrangements to secure Mr. Carter's return.

H. M. DENNES,
Hon. Secretary.

CARTER FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

The Friends and Supporters of
G. L. CARTER
are requested to MEET at the Central Committee Rooms,
Murphy's Albion Hotel,
Elizabeth and Campbell streets,
THIS MORNING,
at half-past 11 o'clock,
to accompany the candidate to the Hustings.

H. M. DENNES,
Hon. Secretary.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

GENTLEMEN,—

At the late election, when I thanked you for the liberal support you accorded me, and which placed me fifth on poll with a very narrow minority, I told you that I should again seek your suffrages, and it is with increased confidence that I now ask you on this occasion to return me as one of your representatives.

Two years ago, hoping almost against hope that something good might have come of the Coalition Ministry, I was prepared to take a seat in Parliament as an independent Ministerialist; now I could not conscientiously do so. That Ministry, strong in promise, has signally failed in fulfilment. It has been a Government of inaction, and has ended in tabling an Amending Land Bill which, proposing to perpetuate the constantly increasing evil of the last one-and-twenty years, I could in no wise support.

This is the one question that you are now called upon to decide—Sir John Robertson's Bill. Will you have it? Yes or no.

On the Education question you will find me sound to the core. I have neither desire nor intention to meddle with it, as I cannot but consider it as having been settled definitely by the expressed wish of the majority.

The Licensing Act has done me individually more good than harm, but, in your interests, requires very serious amendment. It is a rich man's, not a poor man's law. It has altogether failed to promote sobriety or to increase morality.

Local Self-government is more than ever thrusting its claims to notice on public attention. I cannot understand why it has hitherto been treated with such neglect.

It is hardly necessary to refer to Railway Extension, as on that point there seems to be a general concensus of opinion. All that demands action is the interior economy of our railway system. We require more efficient organisation of the staff, stricter economy in working, including reasonable hours and adequate remuneration for those whose duties are most responsible, and upon whom must depend safety of life and limb to the public. Less log-rolling as to route is desirable, doubtless, but seems unattainable.

The sad fate of the Woniora's crew gives solemn warning as to the results attendant on the delay in passing into law such a Plimsoll Act as shall be in accordance with the requirements of the colony. Our Marine Board imperatively demands reconstruction.

I do not approve of the fiscal policy of the Government. One instance will suffice to show in what respect. I see no necessity for the abolition of the duty on maizena. That duty represents what would otherwise be the importers' gain and your loss. To you this article would come no cheaper, no better—to the local manufacturer it would mean ruin. And as with maizena, so with the other articles of which it is proposed to take the duties. Much sooner would I see the duty taken off tea, which we cannot protect, even if we would. Tradesmen and mechanics should see to it that their means of earning a livelihood are not tampered with, in order to enable certain theorists to pose before the world as free-traders. Our present prosperity is entirely owing to the expenditure of borrowed money; and having the future in view, I cannot consent to any tampering with our sources of revenue.

In conclusion, I ask you if you approve of my programme, and can trust me, to give me your confidence, feeling well assured that you will never have cause to repent it. I shall take every opportunity of personally addressing you in the short time allowed me, and am, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,
J. B. OLLIFFE.

Royal Hyde Park Hotel, Sydney.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.

VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.

W. SHARMAN }
W. WALTERS } Hon. Secs.
L. BYRNES }

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

J. B. OLLIFFE'S Committee MEETS
every Evening
at
COMMERCIAL HOTEL, next Toohey's Brewery,
Elizabeth-street, at
8 o'clock.

CIVIL SERVANTS. CIVIL SERVANTS.

My Lines are:
Classification according to ability.
Promotion, according to merit.
Provision for the declining years of those who have faithfully served their country.
Forced Retirement of those with pension past their powers of active service.

In fine, the
RE-ORGANISATION of the CIVIL SERVICE,
on an entirely new basis.
J. B. OLLIFFE.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.
VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.
VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.

J. B. OLLIFFE will Address the Electors of
South Sydney,
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING,
at half-past 8 o'clock,
at the
HAND OF FRIENDSHIP HOTEL,
Queen and Waterloo streets, Chippendale.

VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.
VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.
VOTE FOR OLLIFFE.

W. SHARMAN }
W. WALTERS } Hon. Secs.
L. BYRNES }

J. B. OLLIFFE for SOUTH SYDNEY.

Let there be no mistake! I am a Freetrader; but I am not prepared to see our revenue tampered with, simply because times are prosperous.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—The dissolution of Parliament has given me the opportunity of placing my services at your disposal. In the first Parliament under the new Electoral Act I was chosen on the following principles:—Free trade, eight-hour system, railway extension, restriction of Chinese immigration, licensing reform, local government, and the settlement of population on the waste land of the colony. The education question need not be raised in this contest.

The position held by me has been that of a thoroughly independent member. I have voted for the Government when I thought they were right, and have never hesitated in voting against them when they were wrong.

The Government of the country having had such an enormous majority at their back for so long, became, in my opinion, too arbitrary, as was clearly shown in the extreme nature of some provisions of the Licensing Act, which I am prepared materially to amend, and I did my utmost during the last recess to associate myself with others, in order to insist upon a full and fair consideration of all subjects. However, when the session opened, a thoroughly organised Opposition was formed, and I was enabled to take up my old independent position.

The first great stand made was on the Land Laws of the colony, and on such a question there must be great variety of opinion.

I have been intimately acquainted with the difficulties surrounding land legislation during the last 25 years, and the principle which I have always maintained has been—that no interest, however great or important, must be allowed to stand in the way of bona fide settlement on the soil, and, I believe, that our people would be as likely to give us universal suffrage as to allow the Crown lands of the colony to be again absorbed even in part by a huge squatting monopoly.

Before this squatting monopoly was broken down by Sir John Robertson in 1861, a man could not get an inch of ground except in or around towns to grow a cabbage, much less wheat and other products; within a few years from that date wherever you travelled in the northern country districts you saw prosperous homesteads. Abuses have crept in under the Act, and it must be amended, but it would be suicidal retrogression to give up for some cases of hardship the glorious victory that was won in 1861, in throwing all the lands of the colony open to the enterprising agriculturist in search of a home.

I shall be prepared to give the fullest exposition of my views at my meetings, which will be held every night in different parts of the electorate, and as I am a thoroughly Liberal man in all my views, I hope to meet with your support.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
SYDNEY BURDEKIN.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to solicit a renewal of the trust you reposed in me as one of your representatives in Parliament.

The main question now before the country is how shall our immense territory be dealt with so as to secure bona-fide settlement, a fair rental from the pastoral tenants of the Crown, and also to prevent the aggregation of large estates by private individuals and monopoly by colossal monetary institutions, to the injury of the present and all succeeding generations. Believing that the Land Bill submitted by the Government did not deal with these questions in a satisfactory manner, I voted against it, although on other questions I gave them my cordial support, as I had confidence in their general policy.

The importance of railway communication in opening up and developing the resources of the country cannot be over estimated. I therefore voted for the further extension of the Great Northern line, and also the formation of a new line to connect Sydney with the Illawarra district, and am prepared to advocate the construction of railways and tram lines as rapidly as possible, so as to meet the growing wants of the community, being convinced they are the best investments we can make on behalf of the future population of this colony.

I have ever been an advocate and a firm supporter of the principles embodied in the present Education Act, and I believe that the Licensing Act has proved a great boon to the general public.

I am in favour of a Local Government Bill, and voted for the Criminal Law Amendment Act, and many other measures of a thoroughly practical character, and regret that, owing to the dissolution of Parliament, they have not become the law of the land.

Realising the importance of beautifying and adorning all portions of the city, I voted for and supported the Government in their proposals for the erection of the new Public Library, on the site now occupied by the Benevolent Asylum, in your own electorate.

As you are aware, I have always taken a great interest in the question of water supply for the city, and also in an adequate system of sewerage. I have only to say that any proposals to secure those objects shall have my best and undivided attention, and that I will endeavour to make them as perfect as possible.

I shall address you in the various portions of the electorate, and further explain my views.

Trusting that you will honour me with your confidence, and elect me as one of your representatives,

I remain,
Yours faithfully,
GEORGE WITHERS.

Mornington-terrace, Riley-street, November 25, 1882.

G. WITHERS
and
CITY RAILWAYS.

WITHERS,
HONESTY OF PURPOSE.

G. WITHERS
and
CITY RAILWAYS.

WITHERS,
HONESTY OF PURPOSE.

G. WITHERS
and
CITY RAILWAYS.

WITHERS,
HONESTY OF PURPOSE.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

GEORGE WITHERS,
VOTE for him.

Sound on the
LAND QUESTION.

Sound on the
EDUCATION QUESTION.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

GEORGE WITHERS,
VOTE for him.

Sound on the
LAND QUESTION.

Sound on the
EDUCATION QUESTION.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORS.

GEORGE WITHERS,
VOTE for him.

Sound on the
LAND QUESTION.

Sound on the
EDUCATION QUESTION.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

GEORGE WITHERS
will address the Electors of South Sydney,
as follows:—

At Foster's Hotel, Goulburn and Macquarie streets, THIS EVENING, 29th instant.
Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

At Royal Hotel, Campbell and Bourke streets, on THURSDAY, 30th instant.
Chair will be taken at 8 o'clock.

RBT. MACKEY } Hon.
S. T. WHIDDON } Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

GENTLEMEN,—I do myself the honor to announce that I am a CANDIDATE for your suffrages at the ensuing election, and respectfully solicit a renewal of your confidence.

GEORGE WITHERS.

Mornington-terrace, Surrey Hills.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE for GEORGE WITHERS.
Polling Day—December 2, 1882.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE for GEORGE WITHERS.
Polling Day—December 2, 1882.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE for GEORGE WITHERS.
Polling Day—December 2, 1882.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

GEORGE WITHERS will meet the Electors on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, and he will give a straightforward account of his doings in Parliament during the past two years.

Be early at the meeting, which will be held at M'Evoy's Royal Hotel, Campbell and Bourke streets. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

R. L. MACKEY } Hon.
S. T. WHIDDON } Secs.

SOUTH SYDNEY.

WILLIAM THOMAS POOLE on the Land Bill. He will fight to reduce the squatters' runs, to admit of men of moderate means becoming squatters.

Free Selection after Survey.

No more wholesale Alienation of the People's Inheritance as heretofore.

Get POOLE. Get Free Trade, and General Prosperity will follow.

VOTE FOR POOLE, who has the ability and power to make himself felt in Parliament. He will tolerate no shuffling humbugging, nothing but straightforward, honest legislation.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Honour yourselves by placing POOLE at the head of the poll. The country will thank you. Come to his meetings.

DAVIES FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Mr. JOHN DAVIES will meet and address the Electors at the following places:—

THIS EVENING, 29th instant.
At Parle's Hand of Friendship, Queen and Waterloo streets, Chippendale. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock by Alderman G. T. Collins, Esq., J.P.; and at Krieger's Victoria Park Hotel. Chair to be taken at 9 o'clock by N. Hawken, Esq.

S. KIPPAX }
A. M'NEIL } Hon. Secs.
G. T. COLLINS }

DAVIES FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

The COMMITTEE MEET EVERY EVENING, at the London Tavern, Albion and Elizabeth streets, 7.30 sharp.

J. KIPPAX } Hon.
A. M'NEIL } Secs.
G. T. COLLINS }

DAVIES FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Central Committee Rooms, London Tavern, corner of Albion and Elizabeth streets. Secretaries daily in attendance. Electoral Lists can be seen, and all information connected with the re-election of Mr. JOHN DAVIES can be obtained.

SAMUEL KIPPAX }
A. M'NEIL } Hon. Secs.
J. T. COLLINS }

DAVIES FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

Electors and Friends willing to assist in the RE-ELECTION of Mr. JOHN DAVIES are invited to enrol their names on the General Committee, at the Central Committee Rooms, Albion and Elizabeth streets.

SAMUEL KIPPAX }
A. M'NEIL } Hon. Secs.
J. T. COLLINS }

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

NOMINATION.

To prevent any confusion at the Nomination, the Returning Officer will be at the Hustings, Belmore Gardens, Haymarket, at 11.30 a.m., to receive deposits.

ROBERT FOWLER,
Returning Officer.

South Sydney, November 28, 1882.

WEST SYDNEY.

Mr. DANIEL O'CONNOR'S
FIRST PUBLIC MEETING
in the
MASONIC HALL.

A PUBLIC MEETING
of the Friends and Supporters of
Mr. DANIEL O'CONNOR
will be held in the Masonic Hall,
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING,
29th instant.

The Electors are particularly requested to attend.
Mr. O'CONNOR will be present and address the electors.
Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

G. SMITH } Hon.
P. SAUNDERS } Secs.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

Your Vote and interest are respectfully solicited on behalf of GEORGE MERRIMAN.

Pyrmont Committee Rooms: Holland's Quarryman's Arms, John-street.

WILLIAM COLLINS, M. BYRNES.
Hon. Secs. Pyrmont Committee.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

Your Vote and interest are respectfully solicited on behalf of GEORGE MERRIMAN.

Central Committee Rooms: Queensland Hotel, Erskine and Kent streets.

Alderman J. D. YOUNG, CHARLES BARNETT,
General Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

VOTE for MERRIMAN
VOTE for MERRIMAN
VOTE for MERRIMAN
VOTE for MERRIMAN.
MERRIMAN
for
WEST SYDNEY.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

GEO. MERRIMAN is a CANDIDATE,
and will address the Electors,
at Rickett's Lighthouse Hotel, Bathurst and Sussex streets,
on THURSDAY EVENING, November 30,
at 8 o'clock.

Alderman J. D. YOUNG } Hon.
CHAS. BARNETT } Secs.

GEORGE MERRIMAN
for
WEST SYDNEY.

The General Committee are especially requested to meet at the Central Committee Rooms, Kent and Erskine streets,
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

Pyrmont and Ultimo Committees,
please accept this notification.

Alderman J. D. YOUNG } Hon.
CHAS. BARNETT } Secs.

TO THE ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY

Gentlemen,—It having been decided to appeal to the country upon the great question of land legislation, I take this early opportunity of informing you I shall again become a candidate for one of the four seats in Parliament. I am fully persuaded that it requires much more than the consolidation of the present Land Acts to place the question of settlement upon our waste lands on a sound basis. Free selection before survey has not led to those unmixed blessings which we were taught to believe it would. On the contrary, it has set class against class, and so laid the foundation of future social disaster to the colony.

I am of opinion that agricultural and pastoral areas with some fixture of tenure to the pastoral lessee at increased rentals would go a long way to prevent dummyism, blackmailing, land-grabbing, and all the frauds and false swearing which have been so long practised to the hindrance of true homestead settlement. I shall have the honour of meeting you in the various parts of the electorate before the day of election, and will then fully explain my views upon this and other important questions affecting the public interest.

I remain, your obedient servant,
FRANCIS ABIGAIL.

November 25, 1882.

ABIGAIL FOR WEST SYDNEY

L. MAIDMENT } Pyrmont and Ultimo
W. S. CREWS } Secs.
J. M'LACHLAN }
G. BUXTON } Sydney Secs.
E. SCHOFIELD }
S. CRAWFORD, Esq., J.P.
Chairman of Committee.

Committee will meet Every Evening at 7 o'clock, at Beattie's Gardeners' Arms Hotel, York-street.

THOS. JESSOP, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

F. ABIGAIL
is a CANDIDATE for re-election.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

ANGUS CAMERON is a CANDIDATE.
GIVE HIM A VOTE.

Central Committee Rooms, Swan With Two Necks Hotel, George and Park streets.

CAMERON FOR WEST SYDNEY.

A MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of
Mr. ANGUS CAMERON
will be held at the Burrangong Hotel, George and Hay streets, THIS EVENING, 29th instant, at 7.30 o'clock.
Mr. CAMERON will address the Electors.

HENRY J. WINDON } Hon.
GEORGE WOODS } Secs.

CAMERON FOR WEST SYDNEY.

Mr. ANGUS CAMERON
will address the Electors of West Sydney at Mr. Key's
Glasgow Arms, Ultimo,
THIS EVENING, 29th instant, at 8.45 p.m.

HENRY J. WINDON } Hon.
GEORGE WOODS } Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. JOHN FRASER MARTIN'S Committee meet every Evening at 7.30, Central Committee Rooms, Wynyard Hotel, Erskine and Clarence streets.

ALEX. CAMPBELL } Hon.
THOS. GOLLAN } Secs.

BALMAIN ELECTORATE.

I hereby give notice that a PUBLIC MEETING will be held at the School of Arts, Balmain, THIS DAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1882, at noon, for the purpose of ELECTING TWO MEMBERS to serve in the Legislative Assembly in New South Wales for the electoral district of Balmain.

Before nomination it is requested that every candidate shall deposit with the Returning Officer the sum of £40 in cash.

In the event of more than two members being nominated, and a poll demanded, the Poll will take place at the following places on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, commencing at 8 a.m., and closing at 4 p.m. on that day,

viz.,
Balmain School of Arts
Balmain Council-chambers
Leichhardt Council-chambers
Clark's Iron Store, Erskine-street, Sydney.

THOS. S. ROWNTREE,
Returning Officer.

W. A. HUTCHINSON
FOR BALMAIN.

PUBLIC MEETINGS will be held at the following places as under:—
Elswick Hotel, Leichhardt, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock; and at Ahern's Bald Face Stag Hotel at 9 o'clock.
Maloney's Hotel, Rowntree-street, Balmain, on THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
Temperance Hall, on FRIDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

At each meeting Mr. HUTCHINSON will ADDRESS the ELECTORS.

J. CAMERON.

GARRARD for BALMAIN.—A MEETING of the
Friends and Supporters of Alderman GARRARD will be held THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at Moloney's Hotel, at 7.30; Mestonville Hotel, at 8.30; and Flood's Hotel, at 9.15.

JOHN STEDMAN } Hon. Secs.
W. H. SPEECHLEY }

BALMAIN ELECTORS.

Billy Pritchard's poetry is very good, but much better prose could be made of the history of the unfortunate
WIDOW'S MANGLE.

Vote for the Mayor of Leichhardt when he explains how he distributed the mangle funds.

THE ELECTIONS.

In consequence of the Elections, the Auction Sale of LYNTON HEIGHTS Subdivision, on the Illawarra Railway Line, has been postponed for one week, namely, until
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

Plans ready.

HARDIE and GORMAN

Parliamentary Elections.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN AND LEICHHARDT.

ALDERMAN JOHN TAYLOR
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS

THIS EVENING,
Leichhardt Hotel, 7.30.
Elswick Hotel, 9.

THURSDAY EVENING.
Waterview Hotel, 7.30
Town Hall Hotel, 9.

FRIDAY EVENING.
Albion Hotel, 7.30
Barr's Waverley Hotel, 8.30
Dick's Hotel, 9.30.

W. M. BURNS, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF BALMAIN AND LEICHHARDT.

VOTE FOR JOHN TAYLOR
A Modified Licensing Act.

VOTE FOR JOHN TAYLOR,
and Improved Land Laws.

VOTE FOR JOHN TAYLOR
and Prosperity to the Electors and Country Generally.

BE EARLY AT THE POLL
and GIVE HIM A VOTE.

W. M. BURNS, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN and LEICHHARDT

Alderman JOHN TAYLOR
will
address the Electors,
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING,
Leichhardt Hotel, 7.30.
Elswick Hotel, 9.

THURSDAY EVENING.
Waterview Hotel, 7.30.
Town Hall Hotel, 9.

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Dick's Hotel, 9.30.

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VOTE for JOHN TAYLOR,
a Modified Licensing Act.

VOTE for JOHN TAYLOR,
and Improved Land Laws.

VOTE for JOHN TAYLOR,
and Prosperity to the Electors and Country Generally.

Be EARLY at the POLL,
and GIVE HIM A VOTE.

W. M. BURNS, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF BALMAIN.

Gentlemen,—In soliciting your suffrages as a candidate for one of the seats to represent you in the forthcoming Parliament, I do so believing that, if elected, I can be of service to my country, as also to the electorate with which I am so intimately identified. The question upon which Parliament dissolved was the Land Bill. I need not say that the measure introduced by the present Government was most properly rejected by the late Parliament. The Land Act of 1861 was introduced with the object of encouraging agriculture, and giving an opportunity to the industrious of obtaining a freehold home for themselves, but it was never contemplated by the supporters of that Act at the time that it would open up the road to dummyism, and place in the hands of about a dozen individuals upwards of 2,000,000 acres of the choicest portions of the Crown lands of the colony, for which the general revenue has received a merely nominal amount.

If elected I shall not give my support to any Government that does not bring forward a comprehensive measure that will prevent the continuation of the wholesale alienation of the public estate, and give a larger return to the consolidated revenue. This is a question which must be decided by the ensuing Parliament, and one which must be determined after great and careful deliberation. Legislation upon the licensing of public-houses was much needed, but there are some clauses in the present Licensing Act which are oppressive and ill-defined, and it is admitted on all sides that it needs amending. With regard to local self-government, I shall support any measure that will extend the operations of the present City Improvement Act, and confer greater power upon municipal bodies. I shall, if elected, advocate to the utmost of my power the construction of several routes of tramways throughout the most central and populous parts of the electorate. Tramways wherever they have been extended have been acknowledged to be a great boon to the people, and it is a disgrace to our representation, as also the Government, that Balmain, containing as it does over 12,000 inhabitants, has not even one line of tramway. I am also of opinion that, for the accommodation and convenience of the working classes, it is highly necessary to connect Balmain by tramway with its adjoining districts and the railway lines, as well as the city. I consider that it is absolutely necessary that the shores of Balmain should be connected by bridge with Glebe Point, as also Pyrmont and North Shore, and this I believe to be the only practicable way of uniting North Shore with the city, which is a most desirable object, and which may be attained in the following manner, viz.:—By bridges from Major Christie's Point, Pyrmont, to Balmain, from Balmain to Goat Island, and Goat Island to Blue's Point, North Shore. Along the whole distance runs a reef of hard rock bottom, of which Pyrmont, Balmain, and North Shore are outcrops, and the deepest water at high tide being in one place only 40 feet, and in many places quite shallow. If our late representative, Mr. Garrard, had consulted the interests of Balmain and the colony, at large, this is the project he would have favoured instead of that fanatical, outrageous, and ruinous scheme of the Government, viz., to construct a bridge across the most important part of our harbour, which bridge is to cost the enormous sum of eight hundred and fifty thousand pounds (£850,000), and I venture to assert that the three named bridges, connecting the city with North Shore via Balmain could be constructed at a less cost than that of putting down a single cylinder of the bridge across the harbour from Dawes Point, and be completed in one-fifth of the time. I consider that the large population of Balmain entitles it to a Court of Petty Sessions, as also additional postal and telegraphic accommodation. I am in favour of the entire revision of our marine laws by the introduction of a measure similar to the Plimsoll Act for the protection of our mariners and seagoing public.

I will support the abolition of all tollbars on public roads and bridges, and am happy to say that the tollbar on the Parramatta-road will be removed at the end of this year, for which I take some credit; and it is to be deplored that the tollbars on Pyrmont and Glebe Island bridges have not been also abolished, for, strange to say, at the very moment the new free bridges over Lane Cove and Parramatta River were being formally opened, the lease of the Glebe Island Bridge toll was again being sold for another year. As I have, in my position as Alderman and Mayor of Leichhardt, taken active part in the removal of nuisances from the electorate, in the shape of boiling-down establishments, and as a few persons have of necessity suffered in consequence, I shall, if elected, esteem it my special duty to induce the Government to legislate for the protection of those persons carrying on the important and useful business of boiling down, and other trades deemed noxious. I am, I have been all my life, a freetrader in the broadest sense of the word, and have, during my whole career, taken an active part in obtaining political, social, and commercial liberty for the people. It is said, and pretty generally believed, that every man who is a candidate for Parliamentary or municipal honours has "an axe to grind," and the grinding of some axes is paid for by the people at a very high price; but should I be elected, I assure you that the only axe I will have to grind will be that of assisting to pass wise and judicious legislation, and obtaining for the electorate its just rights. Trusting that you will see fit to return me as one of your representatives,

I remain, yours faithfully,
WM. PRITCHARD.

North Annandale,
November 25, 1882.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN.

Be Sure and Record one of Your VOTES
for
W. PRITCHARD, Mayor of Leichhardt,
a man of energy and fearless character, and who has for the last 50 years identified himself with the cause of freedom and liberality.

ELECTORS OF BALMAIN.

Do Not Pledge Your Votes,
W. PRITCHARD, Mayor of Leichhardt,
is a Candidate for your suffrages, and will take every opportunity of addressing you.
S. G. DAVISON, Hon. Secretary.

BALMAIN ELECTION.

W. PRITCHARD
will address a
PUBLIC MEETING OF THE ELECTORS
THIS (WEDNESDAY) NIGHT,
at the
ATLANTIC HOTEL, NEAR MORT'S DOCK,
at 7.30, and at
THE WHITE BAY HOTEL, NEAR THE ABBATOIRS,
at 8.30.
S. G. DAVISON, Hon. Sec.

W. PRITCHARD FOR BALMAIN.

MONSTER PUBLIC MEETING,
FRIDAY NIGHT, at 8 o'clock,
at Dick's Hotel,
when several representative gentlemen will address the meeting.

S. G. DAVISON, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORATE OF CANTERBURY

To Messrs. A. H. M'Culloch, E. C. Ball, Kelso King, Geo. Hardie, T. J. Thompson, T. Gregg, G. K. Clarke, F. Broughton, G. Pile, J. Y. Mills, John Bennett, T. J. Jones, W. H. Paling, J. C. Remington, M. Metcalfe, W. W. Richardson, R. Hudson, H. R. Way, and the other gentlemen signing the requisition.

Gentlemen,—When first requested to become one of the candidates for your electorate I declined, but after the receipt of your requisition, so numerously and influentially signed, I feel bound to place my services at your disposal.

I shall take an early opportunity of meeting you, and expressing my views upon the various political questions of the day, and am, yours obediently,

S. A. STEPHEN.

Woodside, South Kingston,
November 28, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE ELECTORATE OF CANTERBURY.

Gentlemen,—Two years ago you elected me at the head of the poll as one of your representatives.

I have endeavoured to the best of my ability to advance the best interests of the Electorate and of the Colony, and to carry out the principles which I then enunciated to you, and as I trust and believe that I still retain your confidence, I venture to ask for your votes and influence at the present election.

You are aware of my exertions in connection with the extension of the Railway into Sydney, and that I am a stanch upholder of the principles of the Education Act and of the Licensing Act, although some amendments may be required in the details of the latter Act.

I desire to see at once introduced a Civil Service Bill and a bill to provide for Local Government.

I am not in favour of the Land Bill introduced by the Government.

On these and all other matters I hope to have the pleasure to address you at the meetings which I shall hold throughout the electorate.

I trust that you will again place me in the same proud position as at the last election, and beg to remain

Yours respectfully,
W. H. PIGOTT.

CANTERBURY ELECTORATE.—Mr. WILLIAM HENSON will Address the Electors at Petersham Town Hall, This Evening, November 29, at 7.30; Ashfield, Oddfellows' Hall, on Friday, December 1, at 7.30.

ELECTORATE OF CANTERBURY.

Mr. PIGOTT will address the Electors on
WEDNESDAY, November 29, at School of Arts, Ashfield, at 7.30.
THURSDAY, November 30, at School of Arts, Burwood, at 7.30.
FRIDAY, December 1, at Town Hall, Petersham, at 7.30.
SATURDAY, December 2, at Kogarah and Hurstville.
MONDAY, December 4, at Town Hall, Marrickville, at 7.30.
TUESDAY, December 5, at Town Hall, St. Peters, at 7.30 sharp; and at Cook's River at 9.
WEDNESDAY, December 6, at Canterbury, at 7.30.
THURSDAY, December 7, at Mrs. Clune's West Botany Hotel, at 7.30.
FRIDAY, December 8, at Five Dock, at 7.30; and at Croydon at a quarter to 9.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION.

In pursuance of a Writ received from his Excellency the Governor, NOTICE is hereby given that a Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Central Cumberland will be held at noon, on FRIDAY, December 1st, 1882, at the Pavilion, Moore Park, Liverpool, for the Nomination and Election of two Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Central Cumberland. In the event of more than two candidates being proposed and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on TUESDAY, the fifth day of December, 1882, at the following polling places:—

Blacktown Station	Liverpool, the Courthouse
Bevan's House at the Field of Mars	Parramatta, the Courthouse
Camden-road	Pennant Hills
Cross-roads	Prospect
Baulkham Hills	Ryde, the Courthouse
Denham Court	Schofield's Inn, on the Windsor-road
Gould's Bay	Schoolhouse, Dural
Hawkesbury River	Smithfield, M'Gnarr's House
Gladesville	Wilbow's, near Haslem's Creek on the Parramatta-road
Glanville	Rookwood
Hunter's Hill, the Council Chambers	Sydney, the Central Police Office.
Irish Town	

The Polling will commence at 8 a.m. and close at 4 p.m. of the same day.

CHARLES A. SCRIVENER,
Returning Officer.

Liverpool, November 24th, 1882.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION.

Mr. LACKEY
WILL MEET and ADDRESS the ELECTORS
at the undermentioned places, as follows:—
Castle Hill—THIS EVENING, November 29th, at 7 p.m.
Baulkham Hills—THIS EVENING, November 29th, at 8 p.m.
Field of Mars—On THURSDAY next, November 30th, at 7 p.m.
Pennant Hills—On THURSDAY next, November 30th, at 8 p.m.
LIVERPOOL—On FRIDAY, December 1. NOMINATION at 12 noon.
Smithfield—On FRIDAY, December 1st, at 5 p.m.
Ryde—On SATURDAY, December 2nd, at 6 p.m.
Gladesville—On SATURDAY, December 2nd, at half-past 7 p.m.
Rookwood—On MONDAY, December 4th, at half-past 6 p.m.
Granville—On MONDAY, December 4th, at 8 p.m.

HENRY T. JONES, Hon. Sec.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION.

A MEETING of the Hon. JOHN LACKEY'S COMMITTEE will be held at Weblow's Woolpack Hotel, Parramatta, on FRIDAY, December 1, at 3 p.m., to make arrangements for Polling Day.

HENRY T. JONES, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CENTRAL CUMBERLAND.

Gentlemen,—At an early date you will be called upon to make a choice of two members to represent this large and important electorate. Of the merits or demerits of the several gentlemen who aspire to the honourable position of being returned as members I have nothing to say; my motto through life has been "Measures, and not men." I hope to be pardoned when I say, should you do me the honour of returning me as one of your members, I have time and means which will enable me to give that attention to your local requirements, as well as the more weighty measures which come before the Parliament from time to time. The land question, which brought about the dissolution of Parliament, will have to be dealt with and placed upon a sound basis. As a native of the colonies, and having considerable stake in the land and manufacturing interests in the electorate, I trust I will be able to use my matured judgment and large experience in assisting to settle this vexed question, so that the various class interests that have so long been antagonistic to each other, and prevented in some measure the land from being settled on by an industrious yeomanry, which is most desirable in this prosperous country. I hope to have the pleasure of addressing you at an early date, and lay fully before you my views. Being pledged to no party, having but one aim and object, viz., the welfare of my native country in general, and the district of Central Cumberland in particular, trusting to be favoured with your votes and interests,

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
N. G. BULL,
Cabramatta Park.

November 24th, 1882.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION.

A MEETING
of the Friends and Supporters
of
N. G. BULL
will be held at the following places.

Blacktown, THIS EVENING, November 29th, 6.30 p.m.
Prospect, THIS EVENING, November 29th, 8 p.m.
Parramatta, THURSDAY, November 30th, 7.30 p.m.
Liverpool, FRIDAY, December 1st. Nomination at 12 o'clock noon.
Field of Mars, FRIDAY, December 1st, 7 p.m.
Pennant Hills, FRIDAY, December 1st, 8 p.m.
Castle Hills, SATURDAY, December 2nd, 7 p.m.
Baulkham Hills, SATURDAY, December 2nd, 8 p.m.
Granville, MONDAY, December 4th, 7.30 p.m.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CENTRAL CUMBERLAND.

Gentlemen,—Parliament being dissolved, I am again a candidate for your suffrages. The Government having called for an expression of opinion on the operation of the land laws, I unhesitatingly recorded my vote against the continuance of the present unsatisfactory and, I may almost add, ruinous system of dealing with the Crown lands of the territory; and I now confidently appeal to you to endorse my action. I shall take the earliest opportunity of addressing you more fully on the subject in the different polling places in the Electorate.

A. H. M'CULLOCH, Junr.

Sydney, 23rd November, 1882.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTION.

Mr. M'CULLOCH will address the Electors at the undermentioned places:—
Liverpool—THIS EVENING, 29th instant, at 8 p.m.
Ryde—on Thursday, 30th instant, at 8 p.m.
Blacktown—on Friday, 1st December, at 7 p.m.
Prospect—on Friday, 1st December, at 8 p.m.
Pennant Hills—on Saturday, 2nd December, at 7.30 p.m.
Field of Mars—on Saturday, 2nd December, at 8.30 p.m.
Gladesville—on Monday, 4th December, at 7.30 p.m.
Hunter's Hill—on Monday, 4th December, at 8.30 p.m.

J. J. MOONEY, Secretary.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE GLEBE.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Glebe will be held at the Town Hall, Glebe, at noon on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of November instant, for the NOMINATION and ELECTION of one Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said Electoral District.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the one required, and a poll demanded, the POLLING will take place on FRIDAY, the 1st day of December, at the Town Hall, Glebe, commencing at 8 a.m. and closing at 4 p.m. the same day.

Before nomination it is required that every candidate shall deposit with the Returning Officer the sum of £40 in cash.

MICHAEL CHAPMAN,
Returning Officer.

Glebe, 24th November, 1882.

ELECTORATE OF THE GLEBE

SIR G. WIGRAM ALLEN'S COMMITTEE.

Mr. W. T. Pinhey	Mr. M. Gallagher, sen.
Alderman W. Bull	M. Gallagher, jun.
Alderman Thornley	T. Rigby
Mr. G. Munro	John Gallagher
S. Samper	R. Greer
G. W. Tate	John Kelly
F. W. Artlett	G. A. Mansfield
R. C. Smith	A. M. Allen
T. L. Clarke	E. C. Allen
A. M'Cauley	W. Kilpatrick
R. Kelly	R. Nott
M. Conlon	Joe Dummett
J. Gleeson	Frank Bull
R. W. Meyers	J. G. Purves
W. D. Banks	Walter Church
W. G. Bean	S. Downes
W. Stevenson	W. Harness
W. J. Singleton	C. J. Banks
T. Edwards	H. Dean
A. W. Gilles	E. A. Banks
J. Waight	J. Bullon
J. Tucker	J. Daniells
J. B. Laverack	Walter Scott
J. Meyers	Angus Westman
S. Johnston	Peter Milwain
Gleeson	Alderman Robert Fowler
W. Ballen	Dr. A. A. West
J. Harvey	Mr. John Bennett
John Geddes	W. P. Timmins
A. Thornley, jun.	P. H. Whitfield
S. J. Bull	E. J. Hinder
Fred. Bull	John Greer
N. Waight	John Wilson, jun.
T. R. Smith	H. Oakley
Sydney Smith	C. Royle
T. J. Chapman	D. Elphinstone
C. Perry	J. Wilson, sen.
S. Hague Smith	R. Briant, sen.
J. P. Walker	R. Briant, jun.
H. Field	W. Briant
R. H. Prescott	G. T. Bean
John Tate	G. Spence, sen.
J. Melliday	G. Spence, jun.
J. Kimber	John Irving
John Harris (Mayor)	M. T. Roonan
S. H. Mance	Richard Hind
Thos. Conlon	H. Priestly
S. H. Walker	Herbert Thompson.
John Conlon	

With power to add to their number.

SAM. DUNCAN, THOS. FIELD, Joint Hon. Secretaries.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NEWTOWN.

A Public MEETING of the ELECTORS of the Electoral District of NEWTOWN will be held at the Town Hall, Newtown, at noon, on THURSDAY, the 30th day of November instant, for the Nomination and Election of two Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Newtown.

In the event of more than two Candidates being proposed, and a poll demanded, the POLLING will take place on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of December proximo, at the following places, viz.: Newtown, Central Police Office, Sydney; Camperdown, Darlington, and Macdonaldtown; commencing at 8 a.m., and closing at 4 p.m. the same day.

WILLIAM BAILEY, Returning-Officer.

Stanmore, 24th November, 1882.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

In consequence of the Elections, the Auction Sale of LYNTON HEIGHTS Subdivision, on the Illawarra Railway Line, has been postponed for one week, namely, until
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

Plans are ready.

HARDIE and GORMAN.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORATE.

In consequence of the Elections, the Sale of LYNTON HEIGHTS Subdivision, on the ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE, has been postponed for one week, namely, until
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

HARDIE and GORMAN.

TO THE ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Gentlemen,—

The tenth Parliament of New South Wales has come to an end. The Government, as you are aware, introduced a Land Bill, consolidating in one Act the law now contained in ten Acts, and curing abuses which had arisen under them; also providing for the acquisition of homes on the lands of the colony by citizens who could not at once reside upon them.

Admitting this bill to be "an immense improvement on what had gone before," but impotent for an immediate radical change of the laws of free selection, upon some lines upon which the leading speakers all disagreed among themselves, our opponents defeated us upon the second reading, many of our former supporters voting against us.

This was a vote, in the ordinary course, to oust the present Government from office, and install the Opposition leaders in their place.

If this be the people's will at the present juncture, we shall frankly accept it; but as we do not believe that it is, we appeal to the country, and you will shortly have to give a decisive voice on this appeal as to one Minister at least.

Although this crisis has been brought about by the Land Bill, I believe it to be one involving the best interests of the country in other respects. If the present Government is not the fittest to hold the reins of power, the best interests of the colony require their removal; and if Messrs. Stuart, Jennings, O'Connor, Garrett, and M'Elhone, who obtained so decisive a majority on this question, are fitter to be entrusted with office, the sooner the people declare this unmistakably the better. To explain fully the real questions now placed before the country, to give you a fair account of the past action of the Government of which a year ago you ratified my becoming a member, and to submit to you my own humble attempts to serve the colony and yourselves, would far exceed the limits of a published address. I shall therefore endeavour to meet you on the earliest opportunities at various places in the electorate for these purposes.

Should you demonstrate by your votes at the election that I still retain your generous confidence, I shall indeed feel proud to devote to the service of the country and yourselves the best of whatever poor ability I may possess.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your faithful servant,
W. J. FOSTER.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Mr. FOSTER will address the Electors at the Camperdown Council-chambers, THIS EVENING, 29th instant, 8 o'clock.

G. H. SPARKES, H. W. SWAN, Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN

Your vote and influence are respectively solicited in behalf of the
Hon. W. J. FOSTER.

Central Committee Rooms,
Temperance-hall, Newtown.

NEWTOWN ELECTION.

Mr. FOSTER will Address the Electors at the Council-chambers, Camperdown, THIS EVENING, 8 o'clock.

G. H. SPARKES, H. W. SWAN, Hon. Secs.

NEWTOWN ELECTION.

Mr. FOSTER will Address the Electors at Mr. Wright's Imperial Hotel, on THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Macdonaldtown.

G. H. SPARKES, H. W. SWAN, Hon. Secs.

NEWTOWN ELECTORS.

ELECTORS, do not disfranchise yourselves by voting for Opposition Candidates. Go straight for Messrs. FOSTER and GIBBES.

NEWTOWN ELECTION.

Your vote and influence are respectfully solicited in behalf of
Mr. J. MITCHELL.

NEWTOWN ELECTION.

Vote for
Mr. J. MITCHELL,
who has served you honestly, fearlessly, and independently.

NEWTOWN ELECTION.

Working men, be true to yourselves, and VOTE for MITCHELL.

MITCHELL, the Working Man's Candidate.

VOTE for MITCHELL, who has the ability to think for himself.

VOTE for MITCHELL and the present Education Act.

VOTE for MITCHELL, who has served his apprenticeship.

VOTE for MITCHELL.

VOTE for MITCHELL.

VOTE for MITCHELL.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Mr. MITCHELL will address the Electors
at Mr. Wilkes' Enmore Hotel, Camden-street,
THIS EVENING, 29th instant, at 8 o'clock.

G. H. SCURR, J. G. CLEGG, Hon. Secretaries.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

Mr. MITCHELL'S Central Committee Rooms at
Mr. E. Rodgers' Somerset Hotel,
Station-street, Newtown.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Mr. MITCHELL will address the Electors at the Camperdown Council-chambers,
on THURSDAY EVENING, 29th instant, at 8 o'clock.

G. H. SCURR, J. G. CLEGG, Hon. Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Mr. MITCHELL
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS
at Mr. Smith's Duke of Edinburgh Hotel, Enmore-road,
THIS EVENING, 29th instant, at 9 o'clock.

G. H. SCURR, J. G. CLEGG, Hon. Secretaries.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

F. J. GIBBES will meet and address the Electors
THIS EVENING, 29th instant,
at Town Hall, Camperdown,
at 9 o'clock.

C. T. PIERCE, Hon. Sec.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

Alderman F. J. GIBBES is a Candidate, and will meet and address the Electors throughout the electorate.

See advertisements.

C. T. PEIRCE, Hon. Sec.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

F. J. GIBBES' Central COMMITTEE ROOMS, Town Hall, Newtown.

C. T. PEIRCE, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Gentlemen,—In asking you to return me as one of your representatives, I am simply asking you to thereby endorse in an emphatic manner the vote recently given by the representatives of the whole colony—gentlemen who constituted a reformed Parliament, elected two years ago for the express purpose of dealing with the Land question and other important matters. This reformed Parliament has now spoken by a majority of 10 in terms which cannot be misunderstood, and it remains for all sections of the people to now come forward and support those members who, risking all the inconveniences of a general election, gave their votes as conscience and common sense dictated.

I ask your vote for the purpose of condemning a Government who, after enjoying, by the greatest good nature of members and the constituents, an unprecedented recess of nine months, ruthless sacrificed the only result of the three months' session, by slaughtering the Criminal Law Consolidation Bill which, after being ten years before the country had by great labour of members sitting on both sides of the House been carried through all its stages in the Lower Chamber, and nearly so in the Upper House; but the existence of this bill, which has been loudly called for by all parties, was nothing in comparison if, by throwing that and all other considerations overboard, they could only retain their emoluments a few weeks longer.

I ask your vote against the Government, because in a discreditable manner they availed themselves of a dissolution as a means of escaping from a charge levelled against the Treasurer of a most serious character, and which they knew would otherwise have been followed up by a select committee, notwithstanding that they successfully resisted the appointment of such a committee within a few days of their challenging Mr. Garvan to move for one.

Many other reasons will be adduced why the Government are no longer entitled to your support; but these I will enter upon in my various addresses in different parts of the electorate.

My nine years' residence amongst you must preclude my being altogether a stranger to you, while in Parliament I have ever fearlessly advocated what I thought best for the people, irrespective of its popularity or otherwise.

Trusting to receive a large measure of your support,

I am, Gentleman, yours respectfully,
HENRY COPELAND.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF PADDINGTON.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Paddington, will be held at the Hustings, Paddington, at NOON, on THURSDAY, the 30th day of November instant, for the Nomination and Election of two members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, for the said electoral district.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the number of members required, and a poll demanded, the polling will take place on SATURDAY, the second day of December, at the following polling places:—

DOUBLE BAY, Ocean-street
PADDINGTON
RANDWICK
WATSON'S BAY
WAVERLEY
SYDNEY
LOWER PADDINGTON.

Before nomination it is required that a deposit of £40 must be paid to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.

JOHN MACPHERSON, Returning Officer.

Chesterfield, Waverley,
November 24th, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON.

Gentlemen,—By the extraordinary action of the Government in appealing to the country on their land policy, you will shortly be called upon to exercise your franchise.

At the request of a numerous body of electors I have been induced to come forward as a candidate for one of the vacant seats, and will take the earliest opportunity of visiting the various boroughs of the electorate and fully explaining my views.

Briefly, I may say, that I am opposed to the present Government Amending Land Bill. I am anxious to see a good local Government Bill introduced.

I shall abstain from any interference with the Education Act, as I consider that question permanently settled. I have always been an advocate for free trade.

Having had the honour to be Mayor of Woollahra, and Alderman of the City for the last two years, I believe that the Municipalities Act should receive early attention.

Yours, faithfully,
ROBERT BUTCHER.

PADDINGTON ELECTION.

POLLING DAY, 2nd DECEMBER.
DON'T FAIL to VOTE for
ROBERT BUTCHER,
who has the ability and energy to serve you.

VOTE for FARNELL, STUART, and CO., and Remission of Selectors' Interest.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

To E. VICKERY, Esq.,
Waverley.

Dear Sir,—

We, the undersigned electors of the Electoral District of Paddington, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be nominated as a candidate for the above electorate, and we pledge ourselves, in the event of your consenting to come forward, to use our best endeavours to secure your return.

Yours obediently,

G. Wigram Allen	John Hems
James Watson	H. Humbert
John Fraser	W. J. Denman
Henry Clarke	J. Haigh
A. H. M'Culloch, jun.	James P. Wills
J. M'Laughlin	W. H. Thomas
Charles Moore	Wm. Gregory
John Williams	C. J. Royle
Walter Bradley	G. Fletcher
George Wall	R. C. Dawson
W. Bethune	Waltham Rush
W. Henderson, J.P.	M. Kelly
J. B. Holdsworth	H. G. Nicholls
W. H. Simpson	J. B. Shortland
Thomas Read	W. Lees
J. H. Newman	H. B. Pickering
James Green	M. J. Fitzgerald
J. H. Carruthers	E. Montgomery
R. G. Reading, J.P.	J. Corbett
James Thompson	J. Loutit
S. A. Fullford	C. Bloomfield
Henry Heron	W. Bowmaker
H. G. Nicholls	E. W. Cook
James Ewan	J. Wilmot
William Wiley	G. W. Oldham
H. S. Thompson	James Allen
R. W. Hardie	A. H. Warner
G. Fletcher	C. H. Bean
T. Cowlishaw	J. Muir
H. Ould	Angus Campbell
W. J. Green	Richard Watkins
T. B. Walker	W. Leggo
Henry Kellett	J. Marshall
Charles Bate	R. T. Gibson
E. E. A. Oatley	R. Precious
E. T. Gilbert	J. C. Tucker
T. J. Dickson	A. E. Hough
H. Waddington	H. P. Brailey
T. J. Iredale	John Hornby
J. S. Mailler	S. Hague Smith
George Long	F. W. Jackson
A. P. Wood	A. Leverrier
S. Graham	J. M. Smith
W. Sherlow	L. Jones
E. A. Lorking	Henry W. Chapman
George W. Hill	Chas. Boris
W. H. Thompson	Joseph Light
E. J. Kingston	Paul J. Dunbar
T. Buckland	E. W. Cook, jun.
W. C. Fry	T. R. Walcott
Francis Giles	Ben. Martin
Wm. Steel	Robert M. Morgan
David Yates	A. F. Newman
John Rush	T. White
Joseph Hall	James Watson
James Cavil	W. H. M'Keown, jun.
A. Henderson	G. Hummerstone
D. E. Stewart	C. Hummerstone
L. Goldsmid	E. Hummerstone
Wm. Rush	W. Thomas
W. H. Beale	E. Thomas
Samuel Thompson	R. Lindsay
Alfred Carter	John Allin
J. R. Oakes	Donald Fraser
J. H. Tisdale	John Hope
D. Sands	A. A. Stoneham
A. H. Wilson	H. Wood
Thos. Light	W. Harrison
Wm. Knust	J. Price
James Churchhill	J. M. Hesmot
Thos. Saunders	F. Oatley
John J. Green	Wm. Deane
W. W. Everrett	J. S. M'Elveeney

Edina, Waverley, 27th November, 1882.

The Hon. Sir Wigram Allen, Hon. James Watson, Hon. John Fraser, Hon. Charles Moore, H. Clarke, Esq., M.L.A., J. M'Laughlan, Esq., M.L.A., A. H. M'Culloch, jun., Esq., M.L.A., and the other gentlemen signing the requisition.

Gentlemen,—It is with considerable gratification that I comply with your request to allow myself to be nominated as one of the candidates to represent the Paddington Electorate in the new Parliament.

Should I have the honour to be returned as one of your members I shall do my best in the interests of the colony as a whole, without neglecting the district I shall more immediately represent.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
E. VICKERY.

ELECTORATE OF PADDINGTON.

A MASS MEETING
of the
ELECTORS
will be held in the Council-chambers, Paddington,
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 8 p.m.

E. VICKERY will ADDRESS the ELECTORS.

Also, at the
TEA GARDENS, Waverley, at 9 o'clock.

E. E. A. OATLEY, T. J. DICKSON, W. WILEY, Secs.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

VOTE for W. J. TRICKETT,
the Independent Candidate,
who has served you faithfully.

He is not bunched, but stands entirely on his own merits.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

W. J. TRICKETT will ADDRESS the ELECTORS at the following places:—
TEA GARDENS HOTEL, Waverley, on Wednesday Night, at 8 o'clock.
COACH AND HORSES HOTEL, Randwick, on Wednesday Night, at 9 o'clock.
CASEY'S HOTEL, Glenmore-road, on Thursday Night, at 7.30 o'clock.
ELLIS' WINDSOR CASTLE, Windsor-street, on Thursday Night, at 8.15 o'clock.
GRAHAM'S HOTEL, Point Piper-road, on Thursday Night, at 8.30 o'clock.
M'INERNEY'S HOTEL, New South Head-road, on Thursday, at 9 o'clock.
MORTIMER'S HOTEL, Double Bay, on Friday Night, at 7 o'clock.
WATSON'S BAY, on Friday Night, at 9 o'clock.

W. JAMES,
Hon. Secretary.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

VOTE FOR W. J. TRICKETT
and
Tram to Bondi.

PADDINGTON ELECTORS.

Vote for your old friend, W. J. ALLEN.
Give him a trial this time.

PADDINGTON ELECTORS.

WILLIAM J. ALLEN,
an Independent Candidate, solicits your vote and interest.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

J. C. NEILD
IS A CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION.

Vote for the independent candidate,
J. C. NEILD,
who respectfully solicits
YOUR VOTES and INTEREST
to return him as one of the Members to
REPRESENT YOU in PARLIAMENT.

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON,
RETURN J. C. NEILD
as one of your Representatives to Parliament.
He will faithfully serve you.

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON.
NOMINATION DAY—THURSDAY Next, November 30.
POLLING DAY—SATURDAY Next, December 2.
Be early, and shew your appreciation of the principles of
J. C. NEILD,
and return him as one of your Representatives.

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON,
J. C. NEILD
will address you on
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, November 29, Rushcutter Bay and Double Bay
THURSDAY EVENING, November 30, Graham's Hotel, Point Piper-road.
FRIDAY EVENING, December 1, Haistenberg's, Moncur-street.
At 8 o'clock each evening.

The General Committee meet every evening at 7 o'clock, at their Rooms, Ackland's and Haistenberg's Hotels, Moncur-street, Woollahra.

THOS. S. PARROT, JOSEPH BRIGNELL, E. BLUNSUM, Joint Secretaries.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF PARRAMATTA.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Parramatta will be held at the hustings, in front of the courthouse, Church-street, Parramatta, at noon on WEDNESDAY, 29th day of November next, for the Nomination and Election of one member, to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the abovenamed electorate.

In the event of more than one candidate being nominated, and a Poll demanded, the Polling will take place on Saturday, the 2nd day of December next, at the Courthouse, Parramatta, and at the house corner of Church and Palmer streets, Parramatta, known as the Coach and Horses, commencing at 8 o'clock a.m., and closing at 4 o'clock p.m., same day.

Before nomination, it is required that a deposit of £40 must be made to the Returning Officer, which must be in cash.

JOHN GOLLEDGE,
Returning Officer.

Parramatta, November 25th, 1882.

ELECTORS OF PARRAMATTA.

Do not pledge your votes. Mr. HUGH TAYLOR will be a Candidate.

JAMES SQUIRE FARNELL, Esq.

Dear Sir,—We, the undersigned Electors of the Borough of Parramatta, request that you will allow yourself to be nominated as Member for the Town in the forthcoming Parliament, and we pledge ourselves to use our best endeavours to secure your return.

Wm. Byrnes, M.L.C.
Frederick Cox, J.P.
J. Y. Mills, J.P.
William Miserey
D. D. Henderson
J. H. Withers, J.P.
H. Byrnes, J.P.
W. Goodin, J.P.
S. Purchase
T. A. M. White.

To the abovenamed Gentlemen and the other 174 electors signing the requisition.

Gentlemen,—I have much pleasure in acceding to your request to allow myself to be nominated as a candidate for the representation of the Electorate of Parramatta in the forthcoming Parliament. The question to be determined by the electors is the perpetuation of the present Land Law. As you are aware, it is a subject that has received considerable attention from me, and I shall avail myself of the opportunity of addressing you publicly on that subject.

JAMES S. FARNELL.

Parramatta, 23rd November, 1882.

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.

A Public MEETING of the ELECTORS will take place at the TOWN HALL, Pitt-street, at noon on FRIDAY, 1st December, for the NOMINATION and ELECTION of THREE MEMBERS to serve in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NEW SOUTH WALES for the ELECTORAL DISTRICT of REDFERN.

If there are more candidates proposed than three and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on MONDAY, the 4th December, at the following places:—

TOWN HALL, REDFERN
TOWN HALL, WATERLOO
TOWN HALL, ALEXANDRIA
and
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, BOTANY.

FORTY POUNDS (cash) DEPOSIT must be paid to the Returning Officer before Nomination.

GEORGE RENWICK,
Returning Officer.

TO THE ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

Gentlemen,—The Parliament having been dissolved in consequence of the defeat of the Government upon their land policy, or rather want of a land policy, I again beg to solicit your suffrages.

I do so with confidence, feeling sure you will justify my vote upon this important subject, which is strictly in accordance with the principles I enunciated when first seeking your support.

I believe nothing is of more consequence to the future well-being of this colony than the speedy adjustment of our Land Laws upon some equitable basis, which I think should take the form of dividing the colony where practicable into grazing and agricultural areas, so that the lessees of Crown lands should have a fixed tenure for a reasonable term without any right of purchase, and at considerably increased rental while sufficient areas should at all times be reserved, so that ample provision may be made for the settlement of the country by free selection.

I consider the Land question is the only issue now before the country, and I shall content myself by stating that I hold the same views on all public questions that I expressed when you did me the honour of returning me as one of your representatives in January last.

I shall take an early opportunity of meeting you in all parts of the electorate, and fully explaining my views on all topics of public importance.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
F. A. WRIGHT.

Carisbrooke, Redfern,
23rd November.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Mr. F. A. WRIGHT will address the electors at the following places:—
THIS DAY, November 29, Town Hall, Alexandria.
THURSDAY, November 30, Town Hall, Waterloo.
Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

Committee meet every evening at Central Rooms, Congregational School Hall, Cleveland-street, Redfern, 7.30, entrance George-street.

J. HINCHCLIFFE,
Hon. Secretary.

ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

Gentlemen,—The time has now arrived when you are called upon to make a choice from the several candidates who will seek your suffrages for membership to the New Parliament.

In appealing to you for your support, I have no past career to point to; my claim rests upon the views I hold, and my ability to give practical effect to them, should you choose me as one of your representatives.

No person who knew the state of the Land Law prior to 1861 can for one moment question the enormous amount of good the present law has conferred upon the country. Tens of thousands are now settled upon rich and prosperous farms that would not have been able to do so were it not for the present law; but what has performed so much good in the past is not in its every feature suitable at the present day. The fact that so many have settled upon the land necessitates an alteration. In 1861 selection before survey induced thousands to take up selections who would have had to wait for years before they could obtain a survey of the land.

Time has changed circumstances. The railways we now have to travel with; survey can be facilitated equal to all the requirements, and our policy should be to encourage agricultural districts where the nucleus is already established.

Therefore, I should insist upon survey before selection, and to those who have leases from the Crown I should be prepared to give them a fixity of tenure, subject to a gradual increasing rental, and thereby shut out any possibility of the infamous blackmail trading which unsuccessful politicians have inaugurated, and who, having been sent by their constituents to their original oblivion, have Phœnix-like sprung up around the precincts of the Lands Department, and feed upon the credulity of innocent selectors on the one hand, and avaricious squatters on the other. I believe in the consolidation of the Land laws, with clauses to meet such defects in the present Land law, which time alone has brought about.

The Educational question I look upon as settled, and shall be no party to any interference with it.

The Licensing question requires to be greatly amended in order to make it a useful and intelligent Act, and the experience I have had in the course of my profession will enable me to deal with its defects.

I am in favour, and shall endeavour to obtain for all municipal councils a perpetual endowment, as I cannot understand why borough councils should in this respect hold an inferior position to the city. The withdrawal of the endowment will mean the doubling of municipal rates; and if I am returned I shall throw whatever influence I am possessed of into this matter, as one which I believe has been completely lost sight of, and which is of vital importance to the district of Redfern, which has so many councils working within its area.

It is my purpose to address you throughout the electorate, when I shall go more fully into details.

I am, Gentlemen,
your faithful servant,
THOMAS M. WILLIAMSON.

Redfern House, Redfern.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Alderman THOMAS M. WILLIAMSON will Address the Electors as follows:—Wollaghan's Hotel, Botany, THIS DAY, 29th, at 7.30. Tennyson Hotel, Botany-road, at 8.30 p.m., same date; and at Tierney's Half-way House, at 9 p.m.

DARCY LEIGH,
Hon. Sec.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF ST. LEONARDS.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electorate of St. Leonards will be held at the School of Arts, Lane Cove-road, St. Leonards, at noon on SATURDAY, December 2 next, for the NOMINATION and ELECTION of Two Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of St. Leonards.

In the event of more than two candidates being nominated and a poll demanded, the Polling will take place on TUESDAY, December 5 next, at the following places, viz.:—
St. Leonards—School of Arts, Lane Cove-road.
Sydney—Room at the Masonic Hall, York-street.
Pittwater—Room at the residence of the late Mr. John Collins.
Manly Beach—Pavilion near Pier Hotel.
Lane Cove—Pymble's cottage.
Commencing at 8 a.m. and closing at 4 p.m. of the same day.

It is required that a deposit of £40 must be paid to the Returning Officer before Nomination, which must be in cash.

I. E. IVES,
Returning Officer.

St. Leonards, November 28, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. LEONARDS.

Gentlemen,—By the recent dissolution of Parliament, you are again called upon to exercise your franchise in electing a member, or rather two members, to represent your electorate; and in the belief that the friends who accorded me such generous support on former occasions will still stand to their colours, I once more have the honour to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages.

As you are aware, the chief question of the hour, and on which the present election will probably hinge, is that much-vexed one of our land laws, and I much fear that many a pet theory and many an ambitious venture will be doomed to defeat before such a measure will be perfected as will satisfy all parties; however, we can still express our opinions, and thus briefly I give you mine: I am in favour of fixity of tenure for the squatter at an advance on the present rate of rental, the free selector should have such provision made in his interests, and be subject to such conditions as would effectually protect and encourage the bona fide settler, while at the same time the mere adventurer, whose business is to trade on the energy and industry of his neighbour, would find the field of operations for his contemptible calling materiall restricted. Free selection should, I think, follow, not precede, survey.

The Education question is, in my opinion, not one that should be raised at the present juncture; but I may say that I still retain the same impression as I formed at its advent: that it will eventually conduce to the great good of the people. I am not prepared to say that the administration of the Education Act has been as judicious as it should have been; I incline to think that it has not, but cannot charge any disappointment arising from want of direction to the principles of the Act itself. The Education Act, as it stands at present, has my warmest approval.

The Licensing Act has excited much comment. I do not look on it as a perfect measure, and think it is capable of amendment in many of its features; yet, as a whole, I deem it worthy of support. I cannot but think its effect, so far, has been productive of a certain amount of good, and when subjected to a judicious pruning will prove a very valuable and satisfactory law.

That I am a stanch freetrader is probably already known to the majority of you, and I therefore need scarcely revert to the fact.

I am in favour of immigration so long as the class of immigrants is such as would be beneficial to the country, but an indiscriminate introduction of the refuse from other parts of the world will meet with my strongest opposition.

Local matters may be more properly be deferred until I have the honour of addressing you personally, but it not unfrequently happens that very patriotic people will say, "Oh, we don't approve of merely local members, give us the man who will study the general good of the country." Now, while I admire true patriotism, I have great faith in the maxim that "Charity should begin at home;" and I very much incline that if a member will not honestly devote his attention to the immediate wants of his own constituency, the "good of the country" will be very little added to by his exertions. I hold that the first duty of a member should be to watch the interests of his constituents. This he can do without in any way failing in his duty to the country. A just man at home is a just man to his neighbour. Then, as to local requirements, I am of opinion that, amongst other necessities, the north and south shores of Port Jackson should be connected by a high level bridge, Manly Beach should be joined to North Shore by a bridge over the Spit, and connected with Sydney by tram or rail; similar communication should be effected between the city and the Middle and George's Head fortifications via the high level bridge, so that if ever necessity arose our forts could be manned and supplied without, as at present, having to run under the very guns of an invading force. The establishment of Small Debt Courts in your electorate I look on as an urgent necessity, and one that, if elected, I should give prompt attention to. Provision should be made for a water supply for St. Leonards; and I still adhere to my often expressed conviction that the best source for this will be found in the Lane Cove River. I am aware that it has been recently stated in the press that this matter has been already taken in hand; so have many other things, yet for want of urging them forward they have been permitted to slide gracefully into oblivion.

I think, gentlemen, I have stated sufficient to enable you to form your estimate of my political creed. I am known to the most of you, and it will remain for you to say whether, from what you do know of my actions during my long residence amongst you, I am entitled to the confidence it is necessary you should have in the man you honour by returning as your representative.

I think I may claim, without being deemed egotistical, that for the past 10 years I have identified myself with every movement having for its object the welfare and advancement of the electorate, so far as my humble ability would permit, and though my efforts may not have been wholly successful, I can assure you I am more prone to accept defeat as an incentive to renewed efforts than throw up the sponge.

I shall take an early opportunity of meeting you personally, when I shall be better able to lay my views before you than can be done on paper, and until then

I beg to remain,
Faithfully yours,
B. O. HOLTERMANN.

VOTE for STUART, REID, and CO., and Chinese Immigration.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS

TO THE ELECTORS.

Gentlemen,—In response to your numerously signed requisition that I should offer myself as a candidate for election to the forthcoming Parliament as one of the members for your district, I have much pleasure in placing my services at your disposal.

For upwards of thirty (30) years I have resided in the electorate, and therefore publicly and privately known to the majority of the electors.

I have devoted several years to the politics of my native country, and have had some experience and service as a representative of the people.

Under these circumstances I need not trouble you with a lengthy address, but rely upon personally meeting you at various parts of the electorate during the current week, when I will fully explain my views upon the cause of the present crisis and upon leading public questions.

Briefly, I may state that I am opposed to the land policy of the present Government as expounded by the bill recently introduced and rejected by Parliament.

That, upon local matters, it will be my duty to see that your hitherto neglected constituency receives the amount and extent of recognition which its size and importance demand, and I hope justify you in according to me the honour of being one of your representatives.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours respectfully,
GEO. R. DIBBS.

Sydney, 25th November, 1882.

To Alfred Hilder, J.P.	James Halstead
Alderman Norris	J. S. Newsham
Alderman Jago	B. C. Boake
Alderman Langley	Charles Cowles
Alderman Playfair	W. C. B. Tiley
T. J. Cooke	C. R. Austen
Robert Welcher	John Stevens

And the other gentlemen signing the requisition.

GEORGE RICHARD DIBBS

for
ST. LEONARDS.

Central Committee Rooms—DARTON'S HOTEL, WALKER STREET. Committee meet daily at 7 p.m.
JOHN JAGO, Chairman of Committee.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS.

G. R. DIBBS
will address the Electors at 8 p.m. each day as under:—
WEDNESDAY:
ST. LEONARDS—At School of Arts,
Mr. Alexander Dodds in the chair.
THURSDAY:
MANLY BEACH—Ivanhoe Park Hotel.
Mr. Alfred Hilder, J.P., ex-Mayor, in the chair.
FRIDAY:
NORTH WILLOUGHBY—At School of Arts,
Alderman Fleming in the chair.
SATURDAY:
ST. LEONARDS—At Darton's Hotel,
Alderman Playfair in the chair.

JOHN JAGO,
Chairman of Committee.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE

GEORGE RICHARD DIBBS
WILL ADDRESS
A MONSTER MEETING,
ST. LEONARDS SCHOOL OF ARTS,
THIS EVENING.
CHAIR TO BE TAKEN AT 8 O'CLOCK,
by
Mr. ALEXANDER DODDS.

GEORGE RICHARD DIBBS

FOR
ST. LEONARDS,
Will ADDRESS THE ELECTORS AT
PORTER'S HOTEL, LANE COVE,
SATURDAY NEXT, at 4 p.m.,
HON. RICHARD HILL, M.L.C.,
IN THE CHAIR.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. LEONARDS

Gentlemen,—At the solicitation of many of the electors of the district, I had intended to have offered my services to you as one of your representatives in the Legislative Assembly, my sole desire being to promote the interests of the district.

I have since come to the conclusion that I can best promote those interests by retiring in favour of Mr. C. A. Atchison, in whose behalf I would respectfully request the support of those gentlemen already promised to me.

Yours truly,
ALEX. G. MACKENZIE.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS

TO THE ELECTORS.

Gentlemen,—The defeat of the present Government on the Land Bill will give you again an opportunity of exercising your franchise, and on this occasion you will be called upon to return two members, instead of one as formerly. At the repeated and urgent request of a large body of the electors, I have the honour to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages. I beg to state briefly for your consideration my opinions on the principal subjects demanding attention.

With regard to the Land Bill, I am in favour of such a modification of the present Act as will tend to settle the difference between the squatters and selectors, securing to both parties peaceful possession of what land they may either buy or lease, and requiring from the lessee a much larger rental than he now pays to the Treasury.

I shall use every endeavour to improve the means of communication throughout the district by urging upon whatever Government may be in office the absolute necessity of extending the railway system to the waters of Port Jackson on the north side. I shall also advocate the construction of tramways, including one to Manly, by a bridge over Middle Harbour, across the spit, and the scheme of connecting St. Leonards and Sydney, by a high-level bridge shall also receive my support. I am in favour of immediate action being taken to obtain a sufficient water supply for St. Leonards, and should opportunity offer, I shall do all in my power for the improvement of the market accommodation for the sale of our fruit and other products.

I am not in favour of any change being made in the Education Act.

I trust shortly to have an opportunity of explaining my views at more length, and for the present will only add, that being a resident of the district our interests are identical, and I shall give all local matters my first and earnest attention.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
PHILIP F. RICHARDSON.

Vernon Park, Lane Cove,
St. Leonards,
21st November, 1882.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS.

Mr. P. F. RICHARDSON
will address the Electors
THIS EVENING, Wednesday,
Jenkins' Hotel, Lane Cove-road, at 8 p.m.

ELECTORS OF ST. LEONARDS

Gentlemen,

Parliament having been dissolved consequent on the adverse vote to the Government on the Land Bill, you will shortly be called upon to elect two members, and at the request of a large number of the electors, I beg to offer myself for election as one of your representatives. On the immediate question now referred to the electors of the colony for their decision as to the future method of dealing with the public estate, I am of opinion that alterations are absolutely necessary. The principal one being survey before selection, which I approve of.

The Education question has been settled by the voice of the people, and I will not be a party to disturb it.

With reference to the Civil service of the colony I believe that a scheme for the regulation thereof in all its grades cannot be much longer delayed so as to place it on a footing more just to the country and satisfactory to its individual members.

With regard to the Licensing Act I am in favour of the same as a whole, but think that in its working amendments have shown themselves to be necessary to make it more equal in its operation, and less vexatious to all concerned.

A well considered bill for the formation of Local Government Boards throughout the colony will have my hearty support.

As regards local requirements, and being a local man, with time at my disposal, it will be my constant endeavour, if elected, to try and obtain a proper system of sewerage, a proper water supply, and improved means of communication by means of cable, tramways, &c., to the various parts of the district; a bridge across the harbour, and one across the Spit at Middle Harbour, to be used for a tramway to Manly Beach. I am a strong supporter of the terminus of the Great Northern Railway being at St. Leonards. It is needless for me to say that any movement for the advancement of the electorate to the position which it will undoubtedly assume as the most important suburb of Sydney, will obtain my constant and earnest support.

Yours truly,
C. A. ATCHISON.

TO C. A. ATCHISON, ESQ.,

St. Leonards.

Dear Sir,—We, the undersigned, Electors of St. Leonards, desire that you will permit yourself to be Nominated as a Candidate at the ensuing elections as one of the Representatives for this Electorate in the Legislative Assembly.

We are, dear Sir,
Yours truly,

Edward Lord, Careening Cove
F. Lord, Miller-street
D. W. Ryan, St. Leonards
T. A. Dibbs, Union-street
B. Dibbs
S. W. Green, Mount-street
William Cope, Milson's Point
W. R. Sayers, St. Leonards
G. H. Smith, St. Leonards
Donnelly Fisher, St. Leonards
John Brainwood, St. Leonards
James Monro, St. Leonards
H. R. Monro, St. Leonards
Richard Seldon
J. P. Best
E. Charish
Thos. Jenkins
John Dawson
J. J. Montgomery
Fred. Smith
Captain Robertson
D. W. Dawson
and others.

To Messrs. E. Lord, F. Lord, T. A. Dibbs, D. W. Ryan, and the other Gentlemen signing the Requisition.

Gentlemen,—I have very great pleasure in complying with your request, and will take the earliest opportunity of explaining my views on the various political questions of the day.

Yours truly,
C. A. ATCHISON.

Blue-street, St. Leonards.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE

Mr. ATCHISON will address the Electors at Dind's Hotel, Milson's Point, on THURSDAY NIGHT, at 8 o'clock.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE

Mr. ATCHISON will address the Electors at the Ivanhoe Park Pavilion, Manly Beach, on FRIDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS BEGGING.—

Wanted, any two representatives possessing straightforward and honest intentions, sound common sense, and without being trammelled by party feeling, to come forward for St. Leonards on nomination day, 2nd December next. Their return will be guaranteed.

ELECTORS! ELECTORS!! ELECTORS!!!

THE COMING MAN!
Whether Mr. G. H. Reid is elected or not.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED,
will hold their
FIRST SALE
in their grand Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket
at 11 o'clock, on
THURSDAY NEXT, 30th INSTANT.

Don't delay. Regrets will be unavailing.
Be wise and invest.
Speculation with certainty of large profits.

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PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS.

NOMINATION FOR EAST SYDNEY.

The nomination for East Sydney took place at the hustings, Hyde Park, at noon yesterday, in the presence of an immense crowd of the electors, estimated at one time at not far short of 14,000. There was a considerable amount of excitement, but good humour prevailed on the whole, and the candidates, with the exception of the last one proposed, all got a tolerably fair hearing. Mr. William Day, the Returning-Officer, presided over the proceedings with his usual tact, and all the arrangements were excellently carried out.

Mr. W. DAY (Returning Officer) read the advertisement convening the meeting. He would not detain them, but merely say that he held the writ from the Governor authorising the election. He asked for each candidate a fair and impartial hearing.

Mr. WALTER BRADLEY proposed Dr. Renwick. (Cheers and groans.) It was a great pity they had not more like him. (Applause and groans.) He was a gentleman who had always tried to do his duty. And he thought they wanted men who in their political careers would show as much honesty of purpose as in the conduct of their private business. Dr. Renwick was a man of that stamp, and he hoped they would elect him.

Mr. T. COWLISHAW seconded the nomination.

Mr. S. A. JOSEPH proposed Sir Henry Parkes. (Great cheering, with some groaning.) He esteemed it no small privilege that he should appear before them and ask them to elect a gentleman for the premier constituency who for legislative ability was not to be surpassed by any man in the colony. (Cheers and groans.) As a Minister he had had the prerogative of catering for the happiness of the people, and he was satisfied he had done so successfully. To him they were indebted for some great improvement in social reform. ("No, no"; and disorder.) There were many who through religious prejudice were against Sir Henry Parkes, but he asked them to stifle all religious feelings. He hoped they would have the honour of returning him at the head of the poll. (Hear, hear; and noise.)

MR. HENRY GORMAN seconded the nomination of Sir Henry Parkes. (Cheers and groans.) They owed a debt of gratitude to that gentleman for past services. He asked them to show their gratitude by setting Sir Henry Parkes at the head of the poll.

DR. J. C. COX proposed Mr. George Neville Griffiths for election as a member. Their former candidates had done them the greatest honour; but as Mr. Dangar was not coming forward it was necessary for them to look for a man who thoroughly understood the wants of the people, and who would look after their interests.

Mr. FRANK M'DONALD seconded the nomination.

Mr. H. E. COHEN nominated Mr. Edmund Barton, a young Australian, for their suffrages, and who, by his education and political probity, was worthy of their support. His University career showed that he possessed the intelligence to give full and free expression to his opinions. Although he had not taken a brilliant part in Parliamentary proceedings, their experience of him was such as to cause them to form the fullest hopes. Mr. Barton was bold and fearless in the expression of his political opinions, one who had been consistent, and one who would do credit to himself and to that constituency.

Mr. E. C. BATT seconded the nomination of Mr. Barton, who had not been talking like others in the Parliament and wasting the time of the country. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. W. G. MURRAY proposed Mr. G. H. Reid. (Loud cheers.) They knew him well from his boyhood. He was a member of an honourable profession, he was a young man of great ability, and willing to give the benefit of his ability and services to the country. He was not too old to be unwilling to learn. If politicians came forward and told them that they did not want any changes in the land laws, they would offer an insult to the intelligence of the electors. (Cheers.) The whole country demanded an amendment of the land laws, and he hoped the electors would place Mr. Reid, who supported land reform, where he was on the former occasion—at the top of the poll. (Cheers.)

Mr. SAMUEL BAYLIS seconded the nomination.

Mr. R. B. ARMSTRONG proposed Mr. John M'Elhone. (Loud cheers.) He was a man who had for years rendered great service to the country by his labours in Parliament and whom they could ill afford to lose. (Cheers.)

Alderman BEARE seconded the nomination.

The Hon. JOHN MACINTOSH, M.L.C., desired to propose a man who had for many years rendered the citizens good service in the City Council, and who would make a useful representative of the people in the Assembly. He referred to Alderman James Green. (Cheers and groans.)

Mr. WILLIAM S. KELLY seconded the nomination.

Dr. RENWICK said that on previous occasions he had addressed the electors and had always received a fair and impartial hearing, and he had no doubt that on the present occasion they would not disappoint him in this respect. Some of the candidates who had been proposed for their acceptance on the present occasion had been proposed because they were connected with this country. If they were connected with this country, so was he. If they had rendered the electors services in the past, so had he; and if they had in Parliament supported great public questions, had his tongue ever been silent when any great question claimed the attention of the country? He claimed, therefore, the suffrages of his fellow-citizens on this occasion, as their fellow-citizen, as a member of Parliament who had served them faithfully, and last of all as a Minister of the Crown. (Uproar.) He was here to defend his conduct as a member of Parliament, and he was here quite willingly to express his views on all great public questions, and more especially on the great land question of the country. But before he came to that, he might refer to a note he had received that morning, asking his opinion—asking him whether or not it was desirable to introduce into Parliament a bill to regulate the Civil service of the colony. When he was a member of the House, he had on many occasions had forcibly impressed on him the necessity for such a provision as this, and since he became a Minister he was more fully impressed than ever with the conviction that the matter should be regulated, and that provision should be made for pensions for old and faithful servants. If, therefore, they did him the honour to return him, it would be his endeavour to see that this was carried into practical effect. (Uproar.) He told those gentlemen who were making a noise that they had better hear him patiently, because he would be heard. Of the measures which had lately passed Parliament, and become part of the legislation of the country, some were of the highest importance, and might be considered to a great extent settled, provided that there were returned to Parliament honest and faithful representatives, who would not allow any alteration in the Acts to which he referred. He was heartily glad that the public instruction question had been settled on a proper basis. (Uproar.) But he had no doubt whatever that if some of the gentlemen who were offering themselves as candidates throughout the country were returned, an endeavour would be made to frustrate many of the objects of that Act. (Uproar, and cries of No! No!) Whilst he considered that this education question, as regarded the primary education of the country, had been settled on a sure and proper basis, he thought that the question in itself had not been settled. (Cries, "Never mind that.") He was persuaded that it would be as necessary for Parliament not only to provide for higher education, as this Government had done, but also to make provision for the education of our mechanics and for technical education. (Uproar.) He was glad to see so much enthusiasm on the Education question. Nothing convinced him more of the necessity of that bill than the conduct of many, not only of the electors, but of members of Parliament, in regard to its provisions. But, passing now from that subject, he should like to advert for one or two moments to the Licensing Bill. He considered that the provisions contained in that were of the highest and most praiseworthy character, and that they had accomplished already a large amount of good in our social history; but notwithstanding that, in certain particulars, amendment was required, and already the Government had had under consideration the necessity of amending that measure, so as to make it more suitable for the great purposes for which it was intended. Now there were other questions, such, for example, as the local government question. Whilst he was a member of Parliament he had often been impressed with the fact that undue influence was often brought to bear on the Government by means of log-rolling in connection with the votes given in the House. It was too often a question of roads and bridges. A Local Bill would settle that matter, as it already was settled to a large extent in the neighbouring colony of Victoria. The Government had already provided a bill for that, and he hoped that when the Government was again returned—(Cries: Never! never!)—that measure would be passed into law. He had been asked on several occasions as to whether he would advocate the railway to the Circular Quay. (Uproar.) He had on many occasions supported that railway, and he would do so again. At one time he did oppose its passage through this park, and successfully opposed it, but his views in regard to communication with the Circular Quay by the most suitable route were unaltered. He hoped the time would come when there would be railways throughout the length and breadth of the country. His colleague had developed a scheme by which light railways would traverse the whole of the interior, bringing the produce down to Sydney. Now he came to the land question. (Cheers and uproar.) He had administered the Acts now in force in his department in connection with the great runs of the colony, and he might state fearlessly that at the present moment these runs were returning a larger rental than they had returned for many years back, and there could be no doubt that, year after year, even under the present system, these runs would return to the revenue of the country a larger amount than they did at the present time. (Uproar.) But it had been found that in connection with the Land Acts great imperfections—great defects—existed, not only in regard to legislation, but in regard also to the practical administration of the Acts. We all knew what dummies were. (Uproar.) We all knew what auction sales had done for this country. (Uproar.) We all knew what improvement purchases had done for the country. We all knew what volunteer land orders had done for the country. (Uproar.) The evils which had accrued under these various provisions were acknowledged by everyone who knew anything whatever on the subject. Well, to remedy those defects what did the Government do? They brought in a bill to consolidate, and not only consolidate, but to amend the various Acts, and to remove these evils, which were acknowledged on all hands. And who was the gentleman who brought in that bill? He said fearlessly that this gentleman was one of the greatest benefactors this country had ever had. (Cheers, and "No.") He said fearlessly that Sir John Robertson, who introduced this bill, had done as much in connection with this subject for the advantage of the country as any man who had ever lived in it. (Cheers and uproar.) The proof of it was this—the great principles that were contained in Sir John Robertson's bill were not removed by those gentlemen who opposed the bill. [A Voice: "That is right."] Sir John Robertson proposed that there should be free selection before survey—(approval and dissent)—and who dared to propose that free selection before survey should be wiped out? Not Mr. Stuart, not Mr. Garrett, and not Mr. M'Elhone. (Cheers.) If this free selection before survey had been a curse, why did not these gentlemen propose to remove it altogether? What had been proposed in opposition to this Land Bill? It had been proposed that one-half of the lands should be locked up in the hands of the squatters—(hear, hear)—and with regard to the other half, whichever proposal you adopted—Mr. Garrett's or Mr. Stuart's—hindrances to the free selection of the country, to the settlement of population, existed on all hands. (Noise.) Now, he could appeal to his fellow-citizens as to where the money from the lands had gone. Had it not been spent in the city of Sydney for the improvement of the city and for the improvement of the country? Had not the money raised from the lands been employed for the benefit of all classes of the community? (Cheers.) As one who knew something of the subject, he would say that if we adopted Mr. Stuart's or Mr. Garrett's views, the money that was received as rental from the squatters would be diminished, the same as it had been in South Australia and Queensland. Anyone who knew anything of the subject would state that this would be the practical fruit of the proposals made by these gentlemen. (Uproar.) Sir John Robertson's bill had for its object the removal of all the evils that had grown up under the law, and the question was, whether he had thoroughly succeeded or not. He (Dr. Renwick) would be charged no doubt with inconsistency in his conduct—(cries of "No," and uproar)—in his views with regard to this matter. But whatever Land Bill might be passed, it would fail to give satisfaction to all classes of the community. (Cheers.) It would fail to satisfy squatters, it would fail to satisfy free selectors, and it would fail to give satisfaction to the people at large. (Hear, hear.) Sir John Robertson's bill was a large advance in regard to the land legislation of this country. (Noise.) Of that there could be no doubt whatever—(uproar)—but he only hoped and trusted that whatever system ultimately might be adopted (uproar) it would prevent those feuds between classes that had already occurred in the history of this country, that it would settle upon the land a prosperous peasantry, and bring to the revenue of the colony the money legally belonging to the people. (Uproar.) He had been only a short time in office, but during that time he had established a Diamond Drill Department, and had sent diamond drills into various parts of the country for the development of the water resources of the country. He had taken steps by establishing a separate forestry branch, to protect the timbers and woods of the country. He had put the mining survey branch on a proper footing. In everything he had done he had endeavoured to act to the best of his ability, fearless of all consequences, for the benefit of the country at large. What object could he have in soliciting election—(uproar)—except to benefit his country? He was sure every elector whom he was now addressing must know that it was no pecuniary advantage to him to be in Parliament. (Uproar.) He was sure that every one whom he was addressing was aware that the salary of a Minister was no object to him, and that his only endeavour was to serve the great interests of this country, and have his name associated with those measures which would be perfected, he hoped, in the coming Parliament for the benefit of the country at large, and do such service, even to those who were opposed to him, as should convert them to the opinion that Dr. Renwick was a fit and proper person to represent them in Parliament. (Loud cheers.)

In reply to electors, Dr. RENWICK said he was prepared to answer any question, either from the longer or the shorter catechism. Mr. Forsyth then put into Dr. Renwick's hands a series of questions with respect to the land, which he said he intended to ask of every candidate. Dr. Renwick said he had looked over these questions, and he could tell them that he would support those of them that were for the benefit and advantage of the people of the community. (Interruption, and cries of "Oh.") He was asked about the North Shore bridge. He had always been in favour of that bridge. He had endeavoured, as a member of the House, to move in the matter; as a member of the Government, he had supported the means that had been tried to bring it into effect. A great deal of misunderstanding had arisen in connection with this matter. It had been said that the matter had been taken out of the hands of our own citizens and placed in the hands of an English firm. He admitted that the person who contracted was an Englishman, but he was backed up by some of the men of wealth in Sydney. Further proofs would be found when the papers were printed, which would be in the course of a day or two. They would have been laid on the table of the House had it not been for the premature dissolution which occurred the other day. When the papers appeared every elector would be able to see that the Government had done its best in the matter. (Cheers.)

Sir HENRY PARKES was received with loud and continued applause, mingled with marks of disapprobation. He said that on that occasion their time was of great value, and he would show his respect for their institutions by taking up very little of that time; and in what he had to say he should still respect their valuable time in making no reference whatever to the other candidates. (Cheers.) He would let the other candidates speak for themselves. All he asked was that they would allow him to speak for himself. (Cheers.) Those of them who understood what justice was would listen to what he had to say. (Cheers.) Those of them who were ignorant of their privileges would trifle with them. (Cheers and dissent.) He stood there under peculiar circumstances of responsibility—(hear, hear)—and he claimed to be heard by every person present. (Cheers.) He feared no man, and no man there could prevent him from being heard, so they might just as well listen patiently to what he had to say. He desired to give them his views of the position which he occupied before them and before the country, and it was in the highest degree necessary that they should hear, in order to judge of him, and to judge of the other persons who were candidates for their suffrages. He knew he should be elected—(cheers and groans)—and therefore he knew he would be their future member. (Cheers and groans.) They might as well hear what he proposed to do, and he proposed to benefit nobody so much as those who were making this noise. He should try to educate them. (Cheers and laughter.) They would be told that the Government of which he was a member was defeated in Parliament. (Interruption.) They were defeated, but under such circumstances as to justify them in advising a dissolution. The Government were the only persons who were in a position to form an opinion on the subject. Everybody was occasionally placed in circumstances where it was his duty, and his alone, to do a certain thing. They were placed in such circumstances that it was their duty, and theirs alone, to decide upon their course. And they decided upon—what? Not to shut the electors out of the question, but to appeal to them. (Uproar.) Surely that was a course which they ought to appreciate, and which those who understood their liberties ought to admire. If the Government had sought to keep them from expressing their views in the matter, they might have been blamed; but the Government could not be blamed for referring the whole question to the electors. (Uproar.) The question was this. The Government brought in a bill that would consolidate and simplify the law, and everybody admitted that was a good thing as far as it went. (No.) Everybody admitted that, except idiots—(uproar)—and he did not suppose there were any idiots in that meeting; but this bill also contained provisions which would have the effect of enabling men with greater ease to settle on our public lands. Now, if their opponents had voted against the bill simply, the issue would have been very narrow, but they did not do that. They had proposed a rival bill and a string of propositions, and the Government had a perfect right to remit to the electors not only the Government land bill, but the land bill brought in by the Opposition, because it was laid before Parliament, and because the leader of the Opposition said he was prepared to go to the country upon that bill. Now they must not only consider the Government land bill, but the proposals of their opponents, and he said fearlessly that the proposals of their opponents, if carried into effect, would entirely ruin this country. (Cheers and dissent.) The real question between the Government and their opponents, and which was now remitted to the country, was whether they would lock up half the lands of the colony for a generation in the hands of a few persons, or whether they would trust the question to those who desired to keep the public domain open to the whole people of the country. But he said that this question alone could not be remitted to them. They must consider other portions of the conduct of the Government, and they must consider whether the persons in charge of public affairs were likely to conduct them most to their advantage and the prosperity of the country, or whether they would wish them to be conducted by men who did not agree upon any subject amongst themselves. He would not detain them to tell them what the Government had done, because they knew all about that, and every intelligent and fair-minded man there knew that the measures the Government had passed had been of great benefit and advantage to the country. (Cheers.) He was not going to dilate upon the past acts of the Government, because he knew they could not depend upon the public gratitude for what they had done. (Uproar.) He should just tell them what they purposed doing. It was their intention to establish a large and liberal system of self-government all over the colony, so that the people in the remote districts would be able to manage their own affairs. (Cheers and uproar.) They intended to bring in a measure to amend the Licensing Act, which he contended was a great advance in itself, but which he admitted required to be amended. (Interruption.) And the Government had in prospect a scheme for bringing about if possible the federation of all the colonies. Now these were large questions that were worthy of their consideration and worthy of the consideration of the new Parliament. The Government would try to preserve the British character of their institutions—(uproar)—they would try to consolidate the liberties of the people of the colony, and educate their children, and they would try to preserve the eternal principles of free trade. (Uproar.) They would try, and he had no doubt they would succeed, to continue that flow of prosperity which already had raised this country above any other colony in Australia. (Cheers.) They appealed to them on the position they occupied in reference to the people's lands; they appealed to them on the merits of the great measures that they had carried into law. (Cheers and uproar.) They appealed to them on the great measures the Government proposed in the future, and on the ground of their efforts not only to satisfy the aspirations of the intelligent men who were listening to him now, but to raise from their degradation the poor creatures who were trying to hoot him down. (Applause and uproar.) He had no fear of the result of the election. He knew they would elect his friend, Dr. Renwick, and he had no doubt that he (Sir Henry Parkes) would also be returned as one of their representatives; and he knew that the verdict of next Thursday would receive the concurrence of the whole country. He had nothing more to say, but he asked them on Thursday to go to the poll and vote for the best man. (Cheers, uproar, and hissing.) He had been asked whether he would be in favour of the land being sold for less than £1 an acre. He was not in favour of that. He had also been asked whether he was in favour of abolishing the sale of land by auction. He was not. He was asked whether he thought no land should be sold for permanent settlement except subject to strict improvement clauses. He thought it should be subject to improvement clauses. He was asked whether he would be in favour of land being restricted to one selection. He did not think he could concur in that. He was also asked whether a man should be allowed to select more than 1280 acres. He thought he should. He was asked whether he was in favour of confining selection to proclaimed areas or districts only. If we had to begin afresh he should be in favour of surveyed areas, but it was a very difficult thing and could not now be carried out. He was asked whether he was in favour of pastoral leases not being granted for a longer term than 14 years. He would not grant leases for 14 years. He was asked also whether the lessees of Crown lands should have the right to acquire land by right of purchase. He should certainly limit that right to their homesteads. (Cheers and groans.)

Mr. G. N. GRIFFITHS said that as his friend, Mr. Dangar, told them last night when he took the chair at his (Mr. Griffiths') meeting, it was a fact that the electors of East Sydney had on various occasions been kind to new aspirants for seats in the Assembly. He had recognised this fact, and had seized this great occasion to come forward on a subject which interested not only Sydney and the colony generally, but the whole of Australia. He saw a chance of serving them, and he stepped forward. (Hear, hear.) He should not attack the Government, but if they elected him he should try to assist in putting the land question on a proper footing. (Cheers.) The land law of 1861, good as it was at first, had been proved conclusively to be no longer sufficient for the present requirements of the country, and the people cried out for redress. The Government, which had now been four years in power, yet clung to that power, and appealed to the country on a Land Bill which he felt assured would not meet with the approval of the country. There was, thank God, no sectarian question before them—(hear, hear)—it was simply a demand for the revision of the land law, and if the great electorate of East Sydney decided in favour of revision, the country would follow it, and a revision of the law would take place. If they wished for a revision of the law, let them put in members who would support their views. He asked them to remember that the Government had been four years in power, and had neglected this great work. And there was another important question which had been overlooked, and that was a measure which would prevent overladen or unseaworthy ships from leaving our ports. That was a matter which should have been redressed years ago. (Hear, hear.) Another want was bitterly felt by the whole members of the Civil service of this country, and that was that the Superannuation Act, which had expired, should be renewed on a proper basis. Though Dr. Renwick had claimed their votes on the score of his past merits, and Sir Henry Parkes said he would have their votes, he (Mr. Griffiths) humbly sought their votes. (Cheers.) Remember that they had asked Sir John Robertson for bread, and he had given them a stone. (Cheers and dissent.)

In answer to questions Mr. Griffiths stated that he did not approve of selling the valuable waste lands of the country at less than £1 per acre; he did not approve of any person selecting very large areas of good country, but in the back blocks, where the land would carry only one sheep on four acres, the selector should have sufficient area to enable him to combine agricultural and pastoral pursuits; he did not approve of leases being granted for a longer period than 14 years; he would support an amendment of the Licensing Act, if it should be found that the strict enforcement of that Act was a hardship to the poorer classes; and he was in favour of immigration.

Mr. BARTON, who was received with loud cheers, said that if anything could increase the encouragement he had received in his candidature it would be the splendid reception that had been accorded to him on this occasion. (Cheers.) He felt that it needed no apology for an Australian to come forward and propound what he believed to be intelligent views. When a crisis like this arose, it needed no excuse for a person in his position coming forward. Although it might be that he had not taken what might be called a brilliant part in politics hitherto, he thought that he needed no excuse when a crisis had now arisen on which he could take a definite stand, and give definite views. (Cheers.) The question before the country was simple in its issue. It was not what land system should be adopted that they would have to debate, but whether they would accept the Ministerial Land Bill, whether they would have this compound of perjury, villainy, and wickedness foisted upon them for the future. (Cheers.) The question was not whether the system propounded by Mr. Stuart or anybody else was entitled to their approval. The question was, whether Sir John Robertson's bill was to be adopted? (Cheers.) He had a question which he, as an elector, had a right to put to the Ministerial candidates. He wanted to know, if they were kept in power, would they venture to reintroduce that peculiar bill? (Cheers.) If they would say no, then they had brought about a dissolution on false pretences. (Cheers.) If they said yes, he pitied them the consequences of the verdict that would be given by every constituency in the country. (Cheers.) He was aware that there was another issue that was thrust before the electors, and he was heartily grieved that it should be still deemed possible to lead people away on a false issue by arousing sectarian prejudices in relation to a question upon which no issue could now possibly arise. (Cheers.) It was not necessary for him to say what he thought upon the education question, because he had spoken and voted in favour of the Public Instruction Act, as member for the University. (Cheers.) What were the means that were taken in order to bring about the raising of this cry? The splendid piece of legislation which this Government introduced in the shape of the Criminal Law Consolidation Bill was before Parliament, having passed the Lower House, and almost passed the Upper House, and if the Parliament had lasted a week longer it would have become the law of the land. But they suddenly closed up Parliament in order that they might squeeze the whole of these writs in before the end of December. They stifled that piece of legislation of their own, and took away the credit that belonged to that really able and genial and consistent member of their Administration of securing the passage of that bill. If this bill for the consolidation of the land laws was agreed to, the result would be that the Government would, session after session, pooh-pooh reform. (Cheers.) If they permitted this Government to go in again and introduce that bill again, if they dared—(cheers, and "No")—which, of course, they would not do—(laughter and cheers)—their answer would be to fasten this black thing upon the country for ever. (Cheers.) Now what were the reasons that this bill was a wretched and bad thing? It perpetuated principles which in their operation had been found to lead the people of this country—those who attempted to take up land—to commit every kind of wrong and immorality in self-defence, because, unless a man who wanted to take up a free selection knew the ropes, he had very little hope of holding it. The law was full of uncertainty, for when a man had spent more than a pound an acre in improvements on his selection, and had spent the best part of his life upon it, it might be taken away from him because he had happened to go upon some land previously measured, or upon some of those rascally reserves, or had taken up too much water frontage, and so he lost what he intended to be the heritage of his sons. Well, that could not be a good thing. (Applause.) They knew that this land was intended to be their patrimony and was intended to remain as a source of perpetual revenue to them. The Land Law had filched their revenue away from them, and neither the squatter nor the selector had been satisfied, while the people had lost what should be turned to the best account for them. One would think by the charge which had been raised over this election that the opposition to this bill was dictated by the squatters—that they were the only persons who complained of it. Why, the selectors complained bitterly of it. He would read a passage from the manifesto which was issued during the last few days from the Free Selectors' Alliance:—"If Gladstone, after long and loud-voiced pleading for reform by the tenants of Ireland, had promised them to hear their cry, and bring a Bill into the House of Commons to amend the Irish Land Laws, how would he have kept his word? Can we conceive the shame of England, the rage and despair of Ireland, the laughter and scorn of Europe, and the eternal ruin that would befal himself if he offered the Irish people the old hated laws again, and then declined to debate his bill. (Loud Applause.) 'But,' says Sir Henry, 'England can teach us nothing in politics.' We earnestly hope that you, the electors, in this appeal to your franchise, will teach him something. Now is the great chance you have been seeking for years. The Land Laws are before the whole country, and you (the electors) can now cure all your woes. Do you wish for auction sales? Sir John Robertson says you do. You can now tell him your opinion of them. He says there is no wholesale alienation, because blocks of 640 acres are the largest lots. Yet we all know that twenty times that area has been knocked down in as many minutes to the one buyer, who, with a bank manager and the land agent selling, are the only persons present at the sale. No wholesale alienation? although 14 persons hold 2,400,000 acres of freehold, or with the land this freehold reserves—more land than almost the whole of Ireland." That was an an answer to the cry that this was a reform demanded by the squatters alone. Both squatters and selectors were determined that this infernal bill should go by the board. It was introduced to break down a monopoly on the part of the squatters, and it gave them an increase and a different monopoly. The people themselves were to blame for not arising in their might before. (Cheers.) Out of all the selections that still held good, two-thirds had passed into the hands of the squatters, because two-thirds had been transferred, and it did not pay one selector to buy from another. The squatter had all along had the best of it, but both squatter and selector had resorted to fraud and perjury to defend their own interests. After taking up land the free selector had to make a declaration of residence and 35 per cent. of these declarations had already been rejected by the Government for the simple reason that they were false. Sir Henry Parkes said that he appealed to them on account of past services. (Uproar.) He himself said that no amount of past services would entitle them to think the issue before them now, because it was an issue upon which [illegible]. If this Government stuck in the mud here, the people could have them no more. Past services would not do for ever. A great deal had been said about Mr. Stuart, and the opportunity was taken of dealing blows against his back, since he had no opportunity, yet of speaking to a Sydney electorate. He was not here as a champion of Mr. Stuart, but upon his own individuality, but he would say that it was a most singular state of things that the bill could not be defended for itself, but that its counsel for the defence only told us of the demerits of another man. The bill upon which the Government appealed to the country—(Cries, "Why didn't they resign?") He would tell them. Because there were two or three little things which it did not suit them should be known by the public. However, there was a speaker to come after him who would enlighten them about that. With regard to the land question, before he left it altogether, he would answer a few questions that he was asked, and would first of all say that rather than have the present state of things he would adopt Mr. Stuart's proposal in preference, for it separated in some degree conflicting interests, took the hands of two classes from each other's throats and deprived them of the weapons by which they were murdering each other. In doing that it must be an incalculable advance upon the present state of things. Now all the candidates had been asked certain questions, which he would answer in detail. "That no land be sold at less than £1 per acre." Of course not; it was a great and a crying shame that so much had been sold so cheap. "That no land be sold by auction except township allotments." He said that none should be sold unless there was some prospect of honest competition for it. Let us have no more mock auctions. "That no land be sold except for permanent settlement, subject to strict improvement clauses." He thought that should be carried out as far as possible. "That no person shall exercise the privilege of selection more than once." If a man had his land secured to him, once should be enough for him. But if he were driven out by any wretched obstruction thrown in his way, he should be allowed to select again. (Cheers.) "That no person shall be allowed to select more than 1280 acres." If a man had to make his living by agriculture, that was enough, but if it was to be a grazing farm they should give a man enough to allow him to become a squatter in a small way. "That selection be allowed on proclaimed areas or districts only." Five or 10 years ago we might have said this, but it was so difficult to say whether we should proclaim areas or adopt the proposal of Mr. Stuart, that he was not prepared to give a distinct opinion on that point. (Applause.) He would merely say this, that rather than our present system he would have either. (Applause.) "That no leases shall be granted for a longer term than 14 years." That was a short enough term in distant districts, but in the case of land nearer to the market, 7 or 10 years would do. "That the lessees of Crown lands shall have no right, nor acquire any right, of purchase." They should not on any land where they had an absolute lease, and were protected. Now he had done with his views upon the land question, and he thought they would commend themselves to them as honest and sound. (Cheers.) The next topic he would touch upon was the licensing question. He approved of the principle of local option, but considered in other respects the Act required considerable amendment. He did not think it was a good thing for the community that while public-houses should be closed on Sunday, the Government should be trying to bar the door of the Art Gallery with one hand, and send their fellow citizens out to Botany to get drunk with the other. If the people could have one-and-a-half or two hours for obtaining necessary refreshment in the middle of the day on Sunday, he would not care if the travelling distance were increased over five miles. This traffic could not be done away with, do what people would. He thought that no improvement had resulted from closing the public-houses at 11 o'clock at night, for the traffic was as great as ever; the duty on spirits was increasing, and, when he saw that on Monday last 63 drunkards were brought up, he did not think we had improved. The people demanded that changes should be made, and they should be made. It was needless to assure them that he was a free-trader. He believed that our free-trade policy had been doing and was doing a great deal of good; and while this was so, we had no business to make experimental changes. Then as to the Civil Service question. There was no doubt that there were a great deal too many Civil servants in the country, and one thing which had tended to keep things so was Sir Henry Parkes' hatred of pensions. Old men were kept in their offices because the Ministry could not be so inhuman as to discharge them without pensioning them, and so other people had to be kept to do their work. He was pleased to find that there was a conversion in Sir Henry Parkes' mind on this point. Some four years ago a deputation of Civil servants waited upon Sir Henry Parkes and proposed a superannuation system, and offered to give up so much of their salaries to form a fund. From that time to this no attempt had been made to bring in the bill that was then promised. But we found this—that when the Government were bringing forward their Estimates, and they knew that they had a Land Bill upon which they were going out, they put forward as a sop in the pan an increase in the salaries of the Civil servants, and promised them superannuation on cheaper terms in regard to a reduction of their salaries than before. This was a new found humanity on the part of Sir Henry Parkes. Now he wanted to know why they had lost the Garden Palace and the valuable public records that were stored in it. Why was it? Because only one man was put there at night time to watch the building, and for that the Ministry was responsible. If that were not carelessness, if that were not gross negligence, he did not know what was. He was one who had voted for the opening of the Art Gallery on the Sunday, and he would never be one who would try to take away from the people the pleasure of viewing their own property, which had been paid for by their own money. (Cheers.) Why was not the Free Library built on the site which Mr. Reid's resolution set apart for it? (Hear, hear.) Or why did not the Government put it and the Art Gallery upon the site of the late Garden Palace, instead of proposing to put it down in South Sydney, on a site with a graveyard at the side, a railway in front, and a tramway at the back? (Laughter and cheers.) He appealed to the electors this time as one of themselves, because they would find his views accord with theirs, and that they were sound, because he had said nothing upon which he had not reflected, because he considered that in coming forward to ask their suffrages he could not do wrong, and because at this juncture they wanted countrymen of their own, who believed in the future of the country. (Cheers.) He believed they would select him—[cries of "Yes" and "No"]—because in doing so they would give an effective vote of condemnation against an attempt to create or revive a system of bigotry and intolerance, and they would give a death blow to all those things by giving a general vote as representatives of every creed and of every class. (Cheers.) With regard to technical and industrial education, he thought it was high time, seeing the strides other countries were making in this direction, that we should bestir ourselves and not be left behind. We should attach to our educational system an industrial department, in which young men might learn the operative part of their trades at the same time as they learned the theory of them—(cheers)—and Government funds should be used to do this, because the object was a national and valuable one. (Cheers.)

Mr. G. H. REID, who was received with cheers and some dissent, said a few days ago the Premier of this country took a trip to Moss Vale—(laughter)—to visit his Excellency in a handsome residence that was paid for with the people's money, but which had never received the approval of the representatives of the people. (Cheers and dissent.) In that handsome residence Sir Henry Parkes no doubt told his Excellency that the Government thought they had a right to appeal to the country on the land question. [A Voice: Parkes is the Governor.] Well, he told us the other day that "I dissolved Parliament." (Laughter, and "Give us something now.") His Excellency the Governor agreed to dissolve Parliament, and Sir Henry Parkes in consequence was there to-day before the electors. But when he came there he spoke of everything but the subject upon which his Excellency told him to come before them for their opinions. (Hear, hear.) Sir Henry Parkes told them to vote for him on account of his past services. ("No.") It now appeared that Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson when they got this appeal intended to put one leg in a wooden crutch, to put a black patch over one eye, and to come before the people and say to them, "Please remember the poor old soldier." ("Laughter.") On a hustings and in the presence of the electors of a great country, he (Mr. Reid) had no hesitation in calling that a voice from the churchyard—(laughter)—and they would be buried soon enough. Was it not a remarkable thing that these two gentlemen, who fought for ten years for the possession of office like two tiger cats, should, the moment they caught the bright idea of sharing it between them in peace, find themselves able for four years to manage the Government of this country without a single difference of opinion? At least he ought not to say that, because Sir Henry Parkes came before them to-day in advocacy of this bill, as a traitor to his declared opinions. (Cheers, "No," and uproar.) Dr. Renwick came before them to ask them to support this bill—a traitor to his declared opinions. (Applause.) But Sir Henry Parkes told them that, if they had only given him the second reading of the bill, they might have shied as many amendments at the Government as they liked, and still they would have clung to office with the tenacity of a ringtailed opossum. (Laughter.) When the Government had a majority of 10 to one, if anyone made a suggestion, they spoke about resigning office. One wanted to go to England; it was not Sir Henry Parkes that time. (Laughter.) Another wanted to give up office—he had got sick and tired of it. But the moment the time came when men who had supported them so faithfully had to turn against them and throw up the infamous Land Bill, that moment we saw them in their true colours, sticking to office with a tenacity which disgraced them as respectable politicians. (Hear, hear.) If this bill contained any principles, or proposed any substantial alterations in the laws we had, he would not make that remark. But he thought it was disgraceful to bring to the people of this country a bill which was a mere wretched copy of Acts of Parliament that existed at the present time, and were as firmly on the Statute-book to-day as they were three weeks ago. The real appeal was this: The people's representatives had had the audacity to kick King Henry off his rotten throne—(cheers and laughter)—and he wanted them to set him up again. (Cries of "No," and uproar.) If they believed that the principles of the land law were sound, that it had done good work and was doing good work, it was their duty to vote for the Government, regardless of their opinions as to the principles of the Government with regard to this subject or that. That was the great issue before them, and if they were with the Government on that issue, they ought to support them. ("No.") But if they were not with the Government, they, the electors of the greatest constituency in New South Wales—they, upon whom the eyes of the whole of the electors of this country were turned from its farthest extremities, they owed a fidelity to their principles, they owed a duty to their country which no services that any man had rendered could justify them in betraying. (Cheers.) What had that Act done? Sir Henry Parkes said the other night, "We did not sell any land." Why, if he had been speaking in some dark hole that might have gone without contradiction, but the present Government during the last four years had sold more land at auction to squatters away from the people for ever than had the Governments that had existed for about 80 years before them. That was no figure of speech. He had there the plan of one the largest runs in the country. It was a run in the Narandera district, on the Murrumbidgee River, in one of the finest parts of New South Wales. By looking at the plan they would see that that run was cut up in blocks. Those blocks were pegged out by Government surveyors. All those blocks were put up by mock auction, and every one had gone, hundreds of thousands of acres, into the hands of an absentee landlord. (Cheers.) It was no crime on the part of that absentee landlord. The Government of the country sold those lands, and he was obliged to buy them in self-defence. Sir Henry Parkes had spoken of a double row of shark's teeth. Well, he would show them the shark's teeth on some plans. Those black spots which they saw on the plan were called improvement purchases; they enabled the squatter to take up the best bits of the run to make the rest as worthless as possible so as to spoil the free selector. They saw the red spots on the plan. That was the other row of sharks' teeth invented by Sir Henry Parkes, and they called them volunteer land orders. Those were the rewards of the patriotic services of the volunteers, but those rewards had got into the hands of the land monopolists who were the source of oppression to the free selectors of the country. There, on a spot indicated on the map, was the land of one unfortunate lady who took up a free selection. The squatter ran two of those volunteer orders to shut out her preleases, and then the manager of the station squatted down beside her as a free selector. (Applause.) That was done to hem her in. They saw on the plan of that great run the iniquities of the land system of this colony which had transformed vast areas of the land which might have been the scene of prosperous industry of thousands of independent and prosperous colonists into a vast estate, where numbers of people would have to spend a life of serfdom, pauperism, and dependence. Now he had another little map to show them. All the portions coloured blue were free selections. Now he wished to show how free selection before survey could be made, in the hands of pastoral tenants, to strangle free selection itself. There was a run in the land districts of Grenfell and Young, one of the most prosperous and fertile districts. The moment a man took up a free selection, down came the squatter and put the dummies round him. Selection after selection had been dealt with in that way, had been blocked in by free selection in the hands of the squatters, in order to strangle the unfortunate men who had tried to settle upon the country. It was the land question upon which the Government came to grief. It has been said that free selection before survey had gone too far, so that they could not alter it. He held in his hand a map of the whole of the colony of New South Wales made up to the 31st October last. There were about 100,000,000 acres of land on which there was scarcely one free selection. It was all open; scarcely an acre of it was sold. Was there not room there for a system which would remove the cause afflicting the free selectors? They were told that by giving a lease of the land for 7, 10, or 14 years, they were handing the land over to the squatters. [A Voice: So we are.] He liked to deal with those interruptions, because he always liked to get down to the level of the intellect he had to deal with. He would suppose that that man had a little bit of land, an acre in extent, and with which he could do nothing, and that a man came to him and said, "I will take that land for seven years, I will improve it, and at the expiration of seven years you can have the land back again, with all the improvements." When that offer was made to the owner of the land, was it likely that he would decline it? No, he would jump at it. That was all the pastoral tenants wanted. All the land he had alluded to had been open for 20 years past, and the fact that free selectors had not gone on to it showed that what he was stating was correct. They felt that the land was no good until it was improved by richer men than themselves. Those richer men were prepared to improve the land, but they said, give them a lease over the land, and don't put them at the mercy of a lot of scoundrels, who as soon as some thousands of pounds had been spent in improving the land, selected all round. The Government spoke of squatters as if they were a lot of grasping people, but the industry of those gentlemen had been the mainstay of all the wealth this colony enjoyed. Did not that cry against the squatters come with bad grace from a Government who had sucked them nearly dry, and when the Government did not want the money they spent it in a Government House and a Wolverene. [A Voice: What about the North Shore Bridge?] On Monday night, at Liverpool, the Minister for Public Works (Mr. Lackey), in whose department that matter rested, addressed the electors of Central Cumberland, and while he did not deny what he (Mr. Reid) had stated, he said that the papers in connection with the North Shore bridge were printed and circulated some time before Parliament was dissolved. The "Votes and proceedings of the Legislative Assembly" for the 16th November, the very day on which the division was taken, showed that he (Mr. Reid) asked when would the papers with respect to the North Shore be ready, and Mr. Lackey said he would lay those papers on the table presently. Presently never came and the papers were never laid on the table. He (Mr. Reid) went to the Clerk of the House that morning, and was informed that the papers were never laid upon the table, and he had also been to the Government Printing Office and found that the papers had not been handed in to have them put into type. If those papers were ever printed and circulated they were printed for private circulation only. He had never got a copy of them. Now what was that North Shore Bridge transaction? It was worth listening to, because it affected the rights of the people. The Government were always ready to blow their own trumpet whenever they did something they thought it desirable to publish. But this affair was agreed to twelve months ago. The contract was given to a gentleman who no doubt was known in distinguished circles, but who was not known as an engineer or a capitalist. The contract was given to him without any competition, without allowing another man the slightest chance of doing it. It was given to him in spite of the report of the head of the department, who said that for £80,000 the Government could build two steam ferries which would be infinitely more convenient for the people. In spite of all these things that agreement was entered into without a plan or a specification,—this enormous bridge, upon which the lives of thousands of people will depend. (Cheers and sensation.) Would they attempt to build a two-roomed cottage without one? (No, no.) Well, they purposed to build this enormous structure without one? (Shame, shame.) It was only fair to say that one of the conditions was that the Government officer should superintend the erection of this bridge, and see that it was properly carried out. This gentleman was to deposit £10,000, but he found it difficult to get it. Then he was to put down £5000. [A Voice: "Who is he?"] His name was Mr. Garbett; he did not suppose any of them knew him. (Laughter.) Well, he haggled about the payment of the £5000 until the bill was produced. The Government said if he did not pay it by a certain time they would cancel the agreement. He did not pay it, and orders were given for the cancellation; but there was no clerk in the Lands Department bold enough to write the letter, and three weeks afterwards they took his money and bound up this strange, rotten, and improvident contract. But some days before that the Agent-General sent an official despatch—on the 7th February this year—which told them that substantial capitalists in London were prepared to build that bridge for from £300,000 to £500,000, yet this gentleman got a guarantee for £850,000. "Shame." It was quite true that this gentleman had to bring in a bill, but the Government agreed to support the bill of course, for if they did not there would have been a breach of contract, and they would have had another Milburn Creek claim. If this great work was necessary surely the people of New South Wales and this good Government were strong enough to build it without Garbett's assistance. (Laughter and applause.) If this was a good thing why should we not do it ourselves? [A Voice: "Why was the job given to him?"] Who in heaven's name could tell? (Cheers.) He was speaking of these things from his own knowledge, because when he heard of the matter he went down to the department and asked to see the papers, and the head of the department allowed him, as a member of Parliament, to see them. Therefore he was telling them the facts which he had himself seen in the official papers. It was time they should consider whether any Government, however strong, ought to entangle the public in such an engagement without the approval of the representatives of the people. It was time for them to consider whether they would allow their money to be spent by thousands in Governors' residences and rotten old hulks without the authority of Parliament. (Cheers.) Sir Henry Parkes told the Governor that this ship would be available for the defence of—what did they think?—of the British Empire! (Cheers and laughter.) The Lords of the Admiralty, 14,000 miles away—who had, no doubt, enough to do with the fleet of their own—wrote to Sir Henry Parkes, warning him that this vessel was not an efficient vessel for fighting purposes, and if they wanted to send her outside the Heads they must spend a considerable sum of money upon her. Well, she was got for the Naval Brigade, but they put in command of her, not the commander of the Naval Brigade, but another gentleman, against whom he had not a single word to say. But he said it was injustice to the Naval Brigade that Captain Hixson was not appointed to the command. We had spent thousands upon her, and they were asked to spend £14,000 more next year, and the Naval Brigade had never been once on board. (Groans.) He called that mismanagement, and it had all been done without the authority of the representatives of the people. But the main question before them that day was this—Were they prepared to help this Government whom the Parliament had driven into a corner? (No, no.) Were they prepared to fix upon the people of this country a system which, instead of settling people on the soil, strangled everyone who tried to get upon it—a system which had handed millions of acres over to a monopoly of a few individuals? Ninety-seven people owned more land than 38,000 other persons, up to 2000 acres apiece. That was a monstrous state of things. Sir Henry Parkes talked of Australian federation. That was a great subject—it meant harmony and good feeling in the great masses of the Australian population, and his sentiments did him honour, but could he not come to them upon the Land Bill without trying to sow the seeds of hatred and discord, which would convert Australia into a bloody field of bigotry and superstition. (Cheers.) Well, he ought not to be so strong upon him, perhaps. (Laughter and cheers.) When a man was down he did not believe in kicking him. (Laughter.) But Sir Henry Parkes had begun to tell them that he was an old man, and he told them that savage tribes only tomahawked their old men. (Laughter.) He remembered the time when the electors did tomahawk Sir Henry Parkes, when they left him out for East Sydney, and he thought he was a dead man, and said they had closed the door of his political career for ever. (Laughter and applause.) But within a week, in his intense eagerness to find himself in the House again, he shoved one of his old friends aside for Canterbury—Mr. Richard Hill. (Hear, hear.) He did not wish to see Sir Henry Parkes out of Parliament, but he did not believe in him, and he never did, either as a man or as a politician. But it was for them to settle this matter, not for him. All he asked was for them to settle it on its merits. The question before them was the Land Bill, and not the Public Instruction Act; 100 out of 108 members of the House were pledged to support it. Were they going to betray their pledges? (Hear, hear.) There were some other subjects he wished to touch upon. The first speech he delivered in Parliament was on a motion introduced by Mr. Cameron in favour of the eight-hour system, and of its extension to the Government workshops. He voted for that resolution—(cheers)—but Sir Henry Parkes spoke against it. He said it was not for the Government to show a bad example to other employers. (Groans.) The Government voted against it; and it was an extraordinary thing that the man who had been so devoted to the eight-hour system, when he had the chance of setting the seal of Parliament upon it, should have voted against it. (Cheers.) But he had changed his opinion now. (Laughter.) Two or three days ago there was an inspired paragraph in the papers telling you that the Government had suddenly made up their minds to give the working men another 6d. a day. Why, Parliament decided that they should have it long ago. (Cheers.) But the Government did not give it until they had to come before the people. What a contemptible thing it was that a good workman under the Government should only have 7s. a day. (A Voice: "6s.") Well, it was worse than he thought. Was there any subject they would like to question him upon? (A Voice: "The Licensing Act.") He considered there should have been a reform of the Licensing Act 20 years ago—(applause)—and it was a disgrace to Sir Henry Parkes, and Sir John Robertson too, that they had not taken this subject up long since. It was a very cheap way of earning a reputation for statesmanship to bring in bills when you were sure of a majority of 10 to 1. The bill was a wretched one, but the cry for reform was so great, and the evils were so many, that he spoke for it. He did not vote for it, for he was not there when the division took place. Nevertheless, he wanted to make it far better. He wanted to provide that in every town in New South Wales no more public-houses should be opened until they bore a decent proportion to the electors of the town. (Cheers.) That would have stopped new public-houses in every town throughout the length and breadth of the land. But the teetotalers opposed him. He then proposed that instead of the teetotalers having to go to our courts of justice when applications were made, the court should not grant a new license unless the applicant made out that it was really required. But the teetotalers voted against that, and they wanted to make out that he was opposed to temperance reform. Why, all near and dear to him had been temperance reformers. Years ago, not only in the old country, but in New South Wales, every man of temperance knew them as staunch to the principles of the cause. He believed he was equally staunch, but he did not believe in trying to make men sober by treating them as children. (Hear, hear.) The moment they shut the public-houses up at 11, if a man wanted a drink, he liked it ten times better because he got it in defiance of the law. And what was the reason? It was because it was an unjust law which made it a crime to drink after 11 o'clock. This Act was to perform such wonders that it was to arrest the downward career of those unhappy men who made their appearance at the police court every Monday morning. Well, for some time the police did not see them, and they were not run in; but they were now thicker than ever. (Laughter.) In his financial statement, some time ago, the Treasurer stated that he expected duty on 300,000 gallons more spirits and beer than were consumed a year before this wonderful reform came into operation. (Cheers and laughter.) And not content with that, they were going to make men drink it all before 11 o'clock. (Laughter.) Now, the Act also provided that no man should have a glass of beer on Sunday unless he did his five miles for it. That seemed a very hard thing; but the Government tried to meet it by running three times as many trams to Botany on Sunday afternoon. These supporters of the Sabbath, who thought it a sin to look upon the creations of genius in the Art Gallery, ran thousands of people to Botany in order that they might drink as much as they liked. Talk about Sunday labour; although he voted for the opening of the Art Gallery on Sunday, he was as much opposed to the breaking of the day of rest for the people as anyone. It was the only day upon which a man could surround himself with his family and look upon them with freedom and independence, and the man who thrust increased work upon such people was no benefactor, but a traitor to his country. And who were largest employers of Sunday labour but this collection of saints? (Laughter.) He went into the tramway office a few weeks ago, and was struck with the pallid appearance of a young Australian, and he asked him how long he worked, especially on Sundays. He replied, "Well by working 13 hours on one Sunday I get off on the next." That was the sort of religion they got from these Puritans, and Dr. Renwick was the genuine article. (Laughter.) 328 trams went under his pious nose every Sunday, and he had not put a stop to them yet. There was another question, and that was the Civil Service. He had been in the Civil Service for many years until within the last year or two. Well, Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson had been in power for a great many years; they had made a very great many promises about a Civil Service Bill, but the moment they got away from the hustings and into Parliament they forgot all about them. They promised to introduce this bill over and over again, but had not done so, and it was a disgrace to the people of New South Wales that their public servants were not under the protection of some law, and that they should be exposed to all sorts of injustice, and have men put over their heads who were mere political adventurers. It was time that these men, whose only hope of success in life depended upon having fair play, should be protected by law against political influence. A bill of this kind could not be introduced by a private member. It was only the Government who could introduce it, but when the time came he would not turn his back upon those with whom he had been associated so long. He had had put into his hands a string of questions which seemed to him to embody a new land policy. He was not prepared to answer them all at once, but if the gentleman would let him keep them and meet him that night at Punch's Hotel, he should be happy to answer his questions. He was asked by an elector that if the squatters got 14 years' leases, what provision he would make for freehold settlement during that time. That was an important and sensible question, but he would point out that, notwithstanding the immense area of land taken up, there were 150,000,000 acres yet unalienated upon which any selector could go for the next 10 years until some improvement was effected. It was absurd to suppose that by giving the squatters long leases they shut up the land from the free selectors. In reference to the Circular Quay, when they considered the improvements which had been made all over the world, it was a disgrace to the port of Sydney that the Circular Quay had not been improved much more than it had been. Now, if they thought the time had arrived for his retiring from the position in which they had placed him—(cries of "No")—there was one thing they might be sure of; he would not defy them or insult them, and he would not try to play the part of a Brummagem Oliver Cromwell. (Laughter.) On the other hand, if they chose to elect him, the greatest source of satisfaction he should have would be this, that they would strike a blow at the root of the most infamous system of land jobbery and monopoly that ever disgraced any country in the world. (Cheers.) And they would give a chance for the introduction of wiser laws, which would enable this country to become a thriving nation, worthy of its own fertility, worthy of the institutions we enjoyed, and worthy of the grand old stock from which we came. (Loud and continued cheers.)

Mr. M'ELHONE, who was received with loud cheers, said he was glad to tell them that the Government were so fond of having his company amongst them on the hustings that they had actually induced him to offer himself for election, and Dr. Renwick was so anxious that he (Mr. M'Elhone) should appear before them, that he actually gave him the bottle of physic he held in his hand. (Great laughter and cheers.) Dr. Renwick was afraid that as he (Mr. M'Elhone) was a very nervous young man, and a political baby, he would break down, and he gave him a prescription, for which he had been charged half-a-guinea. Joking apart, he might say that seven years ago last June he, an untried man, offered himself as a candidate for Parliament for the purpose of putting a stop to this iniquitous Land Bill. He went in with the strongest language he could muster, and denounced the bill in the strongest terms he could use. What did Sir John Robertson and Mr. Foster say?—"For God's sake put anybody in, but keep M'Elhone out." They would not do so, for he should put this great "I am" out. Sir Henry Parkes had spoken of Mr. Stuart as a political baby, but he asked them whether they would trust a political baby like Mr. Stuart or himself, or a worn-out political prostitute like Sir Henry Parkes. (Cheers and laughter.) What reason had Parkes, and his nominee, Renwick, to refer to him in such an insulting manner as they had done? They said, "Fancy M'Elhone as Minister for Justice," and they talked about the misbegotten Stuart making a Ministry. (Groans.) Why had they sought to get up this contemptible religious cry, which had failed so far as he was concerned? Whatever he was he was not a bigot. (Cheers.) Two days before Dr. Renwick joined the Ministry he was talking against them and endeavouring to form a third party, but he was tempted to join them by the chance of getting the £1500 a year. He (Mr. M'Elhone) had been seven years in Parliament, and he had never wanted office and would not accept it if it was offered him. (Cheers.) He could look every man in the world in the face and say he had not robbed him, and Parkes could not say that. (Cheers.) If they wanted Parkes' character let them go to the Insolvent Court, let them go to the widow of the late James Wiltshire, old Mr. Hunt, the Post-office clerk, and others. (Groans.) Whatever he (Mr. M'Elhone) had been, he had been an honest man. (Cheers.) He had never tried to work up the passions of the people on religious questions. (Cheers.) He had always tried to do the reverse. Sir Henry Parkes had lived for four years upon that sectarian cry, but the people would

not stand it any longer. (Cheers.) The electors had seen him for seven years always standing up in the cause of the working man. (Cheers.) To show the despicable thing that Parkes was, he might mention that the other day Parkes got a paragraph put in the *Herald* to say that the railway employees would get an additional 1s. a day. In that way he had sought to catch the working-man's vote; but it was not generally known that five years ago Mr. Angus Cameron moved a resolution in the Assembly to have that increase granted, and Sir Henry Parkes voted against the motion. (Groans.) Parkes tried to shirk the matter by having a select committee appointed, but he (Mr. M'Elhone) voted in favour of the resolution and against the select committee. He was very glad that Mr. Reid had found out something about that North Shore bridge, and he had very little doubt that it would be found that Sir Henry Parkes was up to his neck in it. Parkes had tried to raise the education cry, but no man but a maniac would believe that cry. Even the Ministry would not dare to tamper with that Act. (Cheers.) He (Mr. M'Elhone) supported immigration of the right sort. No man in his senses would believe that this country was intended only for the few people in it. (Cheers.) There was plenty of room for more, if we got the right sort. (Cheers.) He did not want to see any more of the wooden-legged men that Parkes brought out. (Laughter.) It would be a terrible calamity indeed if the Government were turned out. Parkes was too old and too lazy to work, had not got manly courage enough to steal, was too ashamed to beg, and the final result would be that some fine morning the policemen on their beat would pick him up dead in the gutter—dead of poverty; and this would be the terrible result that would happen to New South Wales if Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson were put into political oblivion. New South Wales got on well enough without Parkes and without Robertson. If they were to die to-morrow someone would take their places, and conduct the affairs of the country better than they had done, because they would work more honestly. Now, about the Land Bill. He thought the people of East Sydney above all others, having the Parliament of the country in their midst, knew his opinions upon this Land Bill better than any constituency in the colony. That had heard him night after night denouncing the wrongs the people suffered under this accursed Land Bill during the last seven years. In season and out of season he had never ceased to denounce it and its author. He had seen the grandest country depopulated by the action of this law, which he had denounced in the strongest terms. In his speech in the House recently he did not attack one side of the House or the other exclusively—he spared neither Mr. Garrett nor his friend Sir Patrick Jennings, though both were against the Government. He himself had no country and no creed except Australia, and had never twisted about like Sir Henry Parkes and his rotten crew to blind the people and throw dust in their eyes. In 1877 Sir Henry Parkes himself denounced this system, and subsequently Dr. Renwick also did so. Mr. Watson, too, in his financial statement—(Here an uproar arose, and a drunken man, who had been constantly interrupting Mr. M'Elhone, was hustled away to the back of the crowd.) That would show them what was done by Sir Henry Parkes' liquor law. People could not get drunk after 11 o'clock at night, so they got drunk before it in the morning. (Laughter.) He did not want drunkards or loafers to vote for him; he wanted the Liberals. Now, Mr. Reid had shown them a map of a certain run on the Lachlan, in the name of Mr. James Watson and his brother. On this run there was a whole family of Walshes, and when a poor man named Michael Crowe took up 640 acres, he was at once surrounded by the Walshes. And talking about reserves, he would show them what this influential Government had done. He asked the question lately: How much land had been secured out of the public reserves by Mr. Colin Simpson, when he was a member of Parliament, by auction purchase or otherwise? He found that while Sir Henry Parkes was in office, two years in the last Parliament, Mr. Simpson had 20,000 acres reserved from sale on his station of Mungadingadal, and he was allowed to purchase 9800 acres out of it whilst he was a member of Parliament. (Uproar.) So, too, nearly the whole of the Yanko reserve was allowed to go to the squatters in virtue of improvements. What did Dr. Renwick propose to do in his Watering-places and Reserves Bill? If the cattle or sheep of any one rushed into a tank and destroyed its banks, he gave power to two magistrates to impose a fine of £50 and up to £1000, and give 12 months in gaol in addition. (Shame.) Were these the men they would trust their liberties and those of their children to? (No.) He thought the poll would show on Thursday that the people had sent these men about their business for ever. (Cheers and dissent.) All would admit that he (Mr. M'Elhone) was a better-looking man than Sir Henry Parkes—(laughter)—physically, he could thrash the lot of them—(laughter)—and with regard to money, he could equal the lot of them together with the exception of the Colonial Treasurer. (Laughter.) It had been said that the defeat of the Land Bill was owing to the squatters' vote, brought about by a meeting of squatters; but the fact was that out of 13 members who attended that meeting at the instance of Mr. Russell Barton, six voted against the bill and seven with the Government. Three years ago, he (Mr. M'Elhone) moved in Parliament resolutions affirming that any Land Bill introduced into the House should divide the colony into agricultural and pastoral districts, prevent any land from being sold by auction in the agricultural districts or by any other way than by free selection, give the squatters in the squatting districts a lease of their runs for 14 years, but withhold from them any power to purchase any land leased to them by auction or otherwise, and allow no free selection in the pastoral districts. The resolutions provided also that the Government should have the right to resume any quantity of the lands leased to the squatters which were required for public purposes; compensation, fixed by arbitration, to be given them; the funds for this purpose to be provided by a tax on stock; and that in consideration of the Crown lessees being given a definite lease of their runs in the squatting districts, the following rates should be paid as a fair rental:—2s. 6d. per head on all horned cattle, 2s. 6d. per head on horses, and 4d. per head on sheep per annum. That was the law in South Australia, and it had worked well there. In that colony there had been no quarrelling between the squatter and the free-selector, no heart-burning, no ruin; and yet it was said that such a policy as that would be handing over the land to the squatters. There was a fish that was sometimes caught near Sydney called the cuttle-fish. When that fish was pursued by its enemies and could not get away it ejected behind it and around it an ill smelling and inky fluid; and that was just what Sir Henry Parkes was doing. (Laughter and cheers.) A short time ago he (Mr. M'Elhone) travelled over the Liverpool Plains district. Ten years before he saw that magnificent district with large numbers of selectors settled upon it. And what had happened during the last 10 years? Had the selectors increased as they ought to have increased? Certainly not. The selectors there had all been bought out, and the land went into the hands of three or four Crown lessees. Wherever the selector went they would harass him, and he wanted to have the power to harass the free selector taken out of their hands. If one went from Eden to the Tweed he would see that the free selectors had prospered, because they had only to contend against natural difficulties. If the same man went into the rich plains in the interior, from Albury to Yass he would see nothing but deserted selectors' houses and improvements, which had been turned into a sheep walk. If they went to Junee they would not find a living soul on the land, except those connected with the two or three sheep stations that were there. If they went to Hay, up the Murrumbidgee, Wagga Wagga, Jerilderie, and other places they would find a similar state of things. When the inquirer went West he found that the squatter and selector were fighting like the Kilkenny cats. The Government had tried to buy his vote by a railway from Scone to Merriwa and Cassilis, but all the money they had squandered would not buy his vote. He had voted to expel Mr. Baker, and he had voted to expel Mr. Garrett, and he would like to have a chance to vote to expel Sir Henry Parkes, who had committed a thousand times more crimes than the other two gentlemen. If one went to Maitland, he would find all the lands on both sides in the hands of a few people. At New England, and on the Namoi—and, in fact, wherever one went—he found that the Land Act had swept the people off the land. Now they knew what a fuss Sir John Robertson had kicked up about the erysipelas patients. Sir John Robertson sent the cleverest detectives in the colony, and although the *Sydney Morning Herald* told them that the erysipelas patients were to be found on the Pockataroo run, they could not find them. He had always been a friend of those men who cultivated the soil, but he was not a friend of the dummy or blackmailer. Some men settled down on the run of the squatter, and tried to extort large sums of money from him. The same men reserved to themselves portion of the land, and said that they had a blackmail gang on adjoining land whom they wanted to superintend. Was that the sort of thing they wanted to see continued? Did they wonder that the squatter fought the selector? He would keep what land was left for the people, and he would go a long way further. He would take away the land from many of those who had obtained it by fraud and corruption. (Hear, hear.) He wanted to do no harm, but it was only by drawing a line between the two parties that they could do what was right, giving the squatter a lease of the dry arid country and making him pay for it, and reserving such land as that at New England, Inverell, and Glen Innes for the people. That he would keep for the people, and for the people alone. He had not prostituted his position to become a land agent, to make a thousand a year, as others had done. He had taken up the cudgels on behalf of a number of people who had appealed to him. He had received a letter, which he would read. It was as follows:—"22nd November, 1882. Mr. M'Elhone, M.P. Dear Sir,—I take the opportunity of writing you a few lines, a thing I do not care to do at so busy a juncture, only that I could get no satisfaction by any other course. Neighbours of mine—Johnston and Thomas—advise me that you gave them great assistance in such another strait. I took up an additional conditional purchase on February 2, 1882, on Leitch's Aarajoel run, which he claims to have been taken up by him as additional to previously purchased land; and has other land blocked the same way. He served me with a writ for damages for going on to the land to improve it. I have employed agents at great expense, and cannot get any satisfaction. What am I to do?—besides being at great loss by not being able to use the land, and other of my neighbours are placed in the same position. I have gone to the lessee, but all he says is, 'It might be settled in a court of law,' which means ruin to me, as many others—that is, if it proved adverse. My opinion is that he is only trying to frighten off other selectors until he places improvements on the other land so blocked. If you would be generous enough to assist me, and let me know your opinion about it, I would consider it a special favour, my only excuse for troubling you being that we have not a fit representative in this district. Faithfully yours, RICHARD TAAFFE, portion 46, county Mitchell, parish Osborne." [illegible] and shoot the man that persecuted him; and it was because he did not want to see the selectors and squatters taking guns and shooting people, and because he did not want to see the tyrannies of the Irish land laws enacted here, that he wished to see our land laws altered. When the land went, all power went with it out of the hands of the people, unless they rose up like the French, and wrested it back again. If the past state of things with regard to the disposal of the Crown Lands were continued for another 30 or 40 years, the people would rise like one man, and sweep the oppressors off the face of the earth. The squatters took the selectors to King-street, not to wind them up, but to ruin them. The squatters surrounded the selectors with dummies, volunteer orders, and improvement purchases. (Shame.) He said shame, too, and the people for all time to come would curse the name of Sir John Robertson. In another quarter of a century his name would stink in the nostrils of the people. The letter in his hand went on to say that they had not a fit representative for the district. He had spent seven of the best years of his life in trying to serve the selectors and the people, and if he had known the amount of toil and trouble before him he would have sooner cut off his hand than undertaken it. (A Voice: You will get your reward hereafter.) (Laughter.) He hoped he should. (Laughter.) In hundreds and thousands of cases he had got fair play for people who would never have got it but for his blackguarding the Ministers and the officers of the departments; and he never soiled his hands with one penny for it. He had had cheques for £5 sent to him, but he crossed out his name and sent back the cheques. (Cheers.) He had no fear of the result of that election, and on Thursday he would be one of the four. (Cheers.) If not, he would do as he had often done before, take his licking like a man. (Cheers.) He would never cry about it. Talk about his strong language in Parliament. How did Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson blackguard one another some years ago? Night after night Sir Henry Parkes put him up to move the adjournment to stop Sir John from doing any work. (Cheers.) He would not take such a dressing as he gave the Government on Thursday for all they got. He wanted neither office nor pay, for, thank God, he had got enough. He would tell them another thing about this great "I am," Sir Henry Parkes. He did not believe God ever created such an ugly man as he was: he had got something of the shape of humanity about him, but he had the heart of a devil in him. He hoped there was not another in God's creation like him; he would take their last shilling; he would take the last drop of their blood, and when he had got all he could out of them he would trample them under foot. About this Milburn Creek matter. It was denounced in the House as a damnable swindle, but Sir Henry Parkes said if the House did not vote for it the Government would resign. They knew what was the result. Sir Henry Parkes turned round on his tool, Mr. Baker, and expelled him from Parliament. (Shame.) Sir Henry Parkes did not know what shame was. When it came to Mr. Garrett's turn they knew that Sir John Robertson resigned to save his friend, and he could not help honouring him for it, but he voted to turn Mr. Garrett out, as he would to turn any rogue out. And when Sir Henry Parkes went to England Sir John Robertson came back again. He was bought body and soul for £1500 a year, and it was not the first time he had sold himself. Would they up put with such things any longer? (No, no.) He supposed he was included in those bigoted Roman Catholics who voted against the Land Bill. Was there anything bigoted about him? (No, no.) He was no more afraid of Dr. Vaughan than he was of Dr. Barry. Six years ago, at a meeting at Maitland, Sir Henry Parkes said Mr. M'Elhone was a most useful man as ever entered the walls of Parliament, and he did not hope to see the day when he would go out of it. Sir Henry Parkes would not say so to-day. (Laughter.) Who were those who voted against the Land Bill? There was Mr. J. P. Abbott and Mr. R. P. Abbott, and Mr. Abigail. No one would take them for black Catholics. There was Mr. Beyers, and there was Mr. John Brown, as honest a man as ever entered Parliament. There was Mr. J. N. Brunker, who was neither a Catholic nor a drunkard. There was Mr. Henry Clarke, he followed the Government for four years, and he had to give up Renwick and his physic. (Laughter.) Then there was Mr. William Clarke; he was not a black Catholic. He believed that gentleman was a true Protestant. Mr. Copeland was not a Catholic, neither was Mr. H. C. Dangar nor Mr. Douglas. Mr. Fremlin, he believed, was the head of an Orange lodge. He thought Fremlin, Abigail, and Poole were a good set-off against all the Catholics. Then there was Mr. Garrett; he was a Calathumpian. Mr. Garvan, he believed, was denounced from the altar for his vote in connection with the education question. Mr. Heydon was a supporter of the Government for a long time, but he could not stand them any longer. Then there was Mr. Jacob; he was not a Catholic. Sir Patrick Jennings he himself had denounced, and he would denounce the Pope of Rome himself if he thought he was wrong. Then there was Mr. Levien; he was one of the unfortunate class called Jews, but a jolly good fellow, nevertheless. Mr. Loughnan was a Roman Catholic. His religion was like his own, however, to do as much as he could for himself. There was Mr. M'Culloch; there was Mr. Melville. They knew what he was. He preached, but not in a Roman Catholic chapel. (Laughter.) Then there was Mr. Mitchell. He believed he was returned on the Orange vote, and was not likely to betray it. Then they had Mr. Murray—he was not a Catholic. He supported the Government as long as he could, and then left them. Mr. Reid was not a Catholic; the girls were very fond of him, and, by their influence on the sweethearts and fathers and brothers, returned him at the head of the poll. (Laughter.) Then there was Mr. See, who supported the Government for four years. For two years the Government dangled the New England railway before his eyes; then he got sick of it, and went over to the Opposition. Mr. R. B. Smith and Mr. S. Smith, he supposed, were not Catholics; and as for Mr. Stuart, who was described by Sir Henry Parkes as a political baby, he believed that gentleman would lick the man monkey any day. (Laughter.) If there were 10 Catholics in the division, there were 33 good Orangemen. Did they believe that each of those gentlemen sold his vote? Did they believe he would do so himself? ("No.") Well, he had done with the Government, and he believed that the electors would be a great deal rougher on them on Thursday than he was now. (Cheers.) In their hands lay the fiat. The telegraph wires extended all over the country, and would tell it that Parkes was out, and that his political knell had been tolled for the last time. The whole colony had its eyes upon this electorate and would follow it. Their verdict should be that the Government was rotten and corrupt and that they must go out. They should not allow them longer to prostitute themselves and the country's money, and they should not have this old prostitute Governor to give them a dissolution. They would send him and them out in the Wolverene, and he hoped she would go down with them. (Laughter.) Parkes knew that he had signed his death-warrant. And now he would tell them that his heart was in every word he said. He would address them in the Temperance Hall to-morrow night. If he went on now he would burst himself, like Parkes burst his bingey in England. If he were beaten in this contest he would go back to his first love, but he hoped they would make him one of their four representatives. Whatever was the result, he would meet them like a man, and thank them like one, and after it was all over he would bear none of them ill will. (Cheers.) He asked them not to vote for Mr. Green, because he was only the last joint in Sir Henry Parkes' tail. (Laughter.) He (Mr. M'Elhone) was a freetrader. He was willing to encourage honest industry, but not to put on duties of 50 or 60 per cent. So far as he could fairly encourage colonial industries by putting on moderate duties he would do so, in order to give local manufacturers an opportunity of competing with foreign manufacturers. He again thanked them for the way in which they had listened to him, and he asked them not to plump for him, but divide their votes, so as to secure the return to Parliament of three honest men. (Cheers.)

Mr. JAMES GREEN, who was received with groans and a few cheers, said that after the long and wearisome speech they had just listened to—(No)—he was sure they would not expect him to be nearly so discursive. The last speaker had told them about 50 times that he was an honest man. He believed he was, but they could find any number of honest men in the crowd before him, and it was simply a piece of vanity for any man to say "I am an honest man," and it was an insult to his audience to keep on reiterating it. If the Land Bill was such a bad bill as had been stated by preceding speakers, and that it had handed all the public property over to the squatters he wished to know how it was that the squatters voted in opposition to the bill? (No, and uproar.) If the bill was such an abominable bill—(uproar)—why did not the Opposition propose a better one? He admitted that they placed the shadow of a second bill before the country, but what was that shadow? It simply said that the men in possession of the land should have the first half, and the free selector the other. (Groaning and uproar.) The squatter would have the first chance of selecting his portion, and nothing but rocks, stones, and barren country would be left to the free selector. (Continued uproar and hooting.) It was only by Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson joining together that a strong Government was formed, plenty of employment was provided for the people, and the country prospered. That did not look like bad government. Countries did not prosper under bad Governments. He did not say that the Government was perfect, but we had had worse Governments, and were likely to have worse again. (Groans and disorder.) This Government had been strong in carrying out railways—(disorder)—and had done more in that respect during the last four years than in the preceding ten years. (Interruption.) It had been said that the free selectors were harassed. He did not deny that they were harassed to some extent, but how was it that people came from other colonies to free select here? (Cries of "time.") He believed that this Government would go back stronger than ever. (Groans.) He believed that a sudden change would be injurious. He hoped to be one of the four to be elected on Thursday. (Groans.) He had had some experience for some years in the Town Hall, and he believed that he could serve his fellow-citizens in Parliament. (Groans.) He thanked the electors for their patient hearing, and had no doubt that he would receive their support on Thursday and be returned as one of the successful four. (Continued groaning.)

A show of hands in favour of each candidate was then taken by the Returning Officer, who declared the result to be as follows:—Reid 1, M'Elhone 2, Barton 3, Parkes 4. A ballot having been demanded by Dr. Renwick, it was announced that the polling would take place on Thursday next.

The proceedings terminated with cheers for the Returning Officer and the Queen.

MR. G. H. REID'S MEETING.

Last night Mr. Reid addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting at Punch's Hotel, King-street. Mr. [illegible] occupying the chair. Mr. Reid referred to all the topics which had come under consideration at previous meetings, and also placed before the electors the claims of other candidates who had voted against the Land Bill in the Assembly, and who now sought the suffrages of the electors of East Sydney. It was proposed by Mr. Wilshire, and seconded by Mr. Sutton, that Mr. Reid was worthy of the confidence of the electors. The motion was carried unanimously. Mr. J. B. Abbett also addressed the meeting, and urged upon the electors the necessity of voting for Messrs. Reid, Barton, M'Elhone, and Griffiths, so as to mark unmistakably their disapproval of the Government bill.

MR. BARTON'S MEETINGS.

Mr. Barton addressed a largely-attended meeting last night, at Johnstone's Courthouse Hotel, Darlinghurst. Mr. S. Bayliss occupied the chair. About 2000 people were present, who listened with great attention to the candidate's speech, and the frequent applause indicated that Mr. Barton was a popular candidate, and that they agreed with the views he expressed on the great political topics of the day. A vote of confidence was proposed by Mr. Bevill, seconded by Mr. G. F. Russell Jones, and carried unanimously. Mr. Barton strongly urged the electors to vote for every candidate who expressed constitutional views against the attempted Land policy of the present Ministry. Mr. Barton, at 9 o'clock, addressed a very large crowd from the bacony of Bass's Hotel, Pitt-street, where Mr. J. P. Abbott occupied the chair. He was listened to with equal attention, and on the motion of Mr. G. Neville Griffiths, seconded by Mr. A. A. Smith, a similar vote of confidence in him was carried by an overwhelming majority.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTORATE.

MR. G. MERRIMAN'S MEETING.

Mr. George Merriman, one of the candidates for West Sydney, addressed a very large meeting of the electors of that constituency last evening, at Smith's Burrangong Hotel, Haymarket. Mr. J. H. Seamer occupied the chair, and introduced the candidate in a short speech, in which he eulogised the candidate and his fitness for the honorable seat he sought to occupy. Mr. Merriman then entered into an explanation of his political views, which appeared to meet with the warmest approval of the electors present, the candidate being frequently and enthusiastically cheered in the course of his address. The usual motion of confidence in the candidate was proposed by Alderman Playfair, seconded by Mr. Lyall, and supported by Mr. Barnett and others. On being put to the meeting, the motion was carried with enthusiastic cheering.

MR. SULLIVAN'S MEETING.

Mr. E. W. Sullivan, the candidate of the Wharf Labourers' Union, held two meetings last night. The first was at Bond's Captain Cook Hotel, Miller's Point, at which Mr. D. M'Quinn was chairman, and about 700 electors were present. Mr. Sullivan's address was very favourably received. He expressed himself as opposed to the Government on the Land question, and in favour of fixity of tenure. He also advocated an amendment of the Licensing Act in the direction of opening hotels for two hours on Sunday, and for showing more consideration to hotelkeepers. He would also oppose assisted immigration, as he considered it unfair to the working classes that they should be taxed to bring to the colony men to lower their wages. Mr. Sullivan was accorded an enthusiastic vote of confidence, and the meeting separated with cheers for the Queen. Mr. Sullivan held another meeting at O'Shea's Telegraph Hotel, King-street, when there was another large attendance, the same gentleman officiating as chairman. Mr. Sullivan reiterated the views expressed above, and further stated that he would go into Parliament with a mission to reform the many abuses which existed under the shipping laws. He would abolish the present Marine Board, as they were either incompetent or lacked the courage to reform such abuses as overloading of ships or the sending of them out of port in an unseaworthy condition. He was also in favour of a Workshops and Factories Act, and if elected he would still further extend the operations of the Employers' Liability Act. He concluded by an appeal to send him into Parliament on three grounds—first, as the representative of labour; secondly, as a protest against the immigration vote; and thirdly, as an opponent of the Government, which he thought had outlived its usefulness. Messrs. Davis, Doran, and Ryan made telling addresses at each meeting in favour of the candidate, and at the second meeting also Mr. Sullivan was accorded a vote of confidence.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTORATE.

MR. POOLE'S MEETING.

Mr. W. T. Poole, one of the candidates for South Sydney, addressed a meeting of the electors on Monday night, at the Wesleyan schoolroom, Chippendale. Mr. Robert Maze occupied the chair, but the attendance was only moderate.

The CHAIRMAN briefly introduced the candidate. He had watched his career closely during the last two years, and he though they would agree with him that he had given entire satisfaction. The dissolution had compelled him to seek re-election at their hands, and he was therefore present to give an account of his stewardship and his opinions upon the leading questions which were likely to occupy the next Parliament.

Mr. POOLE said it was now about two years since he appeared before them comparatively an unknown man, to ask for the suffrages of the electors of South Sydney. He then gave them an outline of his political creed, and he told them distinctly that if they agreed with him they could give him their votes, but that if they did not he asked them to refrain from voting for him, because if he got into the House he would carry out the programme he then laid before them. At that time he told them that he was opposed to the scheme of water supply proposed by the Government on the ground of its cost, and also because of its inutility as compared with a high-pressure scheme. He maintained that a high-pressure scheme could be given at little or no more excessive cost than the scheme proposed by the Government and subsequently adopted. They were well aware that Sir Henry Parkes promised that the scheme he (Mr. Poole) advocated—the Kenny Hill scheme—should have a fair and impartial investigation. In justice to him he must say that Sir Henry Parkes did have the scheme inquired into, but it would be for them to say whether it was an impartial inquiry or not. Could a scheme be impartially inquired into by a man who was totally opposed to it? Naturally enough, he would not report in favour of it, contrary to his own scheme, and from that point of view he did not think Sir Henry Parkes had acted fairly to the city in this particular matter. The main reason alleged by Mr. Moriarty for holding fast to his scheme was its comparative cheapness in comparison with a high-pressure scheme; but he maintained, and he had good ground for saying so, that the Nepean scheme could not be carried out for anything like the Government estimate. The Prospect dam was sufficient to illustrate the whole matter. That was set down in the Government estimate at £176,000. Now the contract for that was let just a few days before the last session of the late Parliament, and the amount was £456,000, or more than double the Engineer-in-Chief's estimate for the work, and he thought that when the whole works were completed, they would cost about double the Engineer-in-Chief's estimate. He asked that the inquiry into the merits of the Kenny Hill scheme might be placed in the hands of an impartial man, but that was not done, and the scheme proposed by Mr. Moriarty was now being proceeded with. Two years ago the Engineer-in-Chief said that in two years we should have water from the Nepean in the city. He told him then that he would do nothing of the kind, and he told him now that he would not do it in two years more. Of course he admitted that those works were far too advanced to be altered, and it was too late for him to do anything now, but he still thought the scheme he then advocated would have been the better one of the two. The next question was that of Chinese immigration, and, as most of them were aware, he strongly supported the Government in their desire to restrict the enormous influx of Chinese with which they were at one time threatened. (Hear, hear.) As to the Licensing Act, that was a matter in which he voted with the Government on all the main and essential features. He made no uncertain sound when he stood before the electors of South Sydney two years ago. He said then that he was fully sensible of the enormous evils resulting to the people of this country from the large number of low drinking shops which were scattered throughout the colony, but that he would be no party to harrass, worry, and unduly oppress any man who was carrying on his business in a legitimate manner. He must say that there were clauses in the bill which appeared to him to be anomalous. He did not object to the shutting up of the public-houses on Sunday, and he did not believe there was one working-man in a thousand who desired to have them open, but when they considered what went on at Manly Beach, Watson's Bay, and Botany on Sunday, it struck him that the thing was a perfect farce. They found people under the guise of seeking recreation going to Manly Beach, Watson's Bay, and Botany, and getting as much to drink as they pleased, while the residents of the localities mentioned not only could not get any refreshment even if they lived next door to the hotel, but they could not obtain it if they came to Sydney. This was manifestly an unfair arrangement, and if the Act were to be amended, it seemed to him it should be amended in that direction, so that fair play should be given all round. He knew that this was a ticklish subject, but he had stated his opinion upon it freely and openly. (Hear, hear.) With reference to railway extension, he had of course given the Government a very generous and hearty support upon their railway policy. They had an immense area of land, especially beyond the Dividing Range, and they must give the people the means of settling upon the land, and of sending their produce to the seaboard. Unless they gave them railways, light or heavy as the case might be, they could not do this, and for this reason he gave the Government his hearty support. There was another question which affected the city, and that was the sale and manufacture of gas. Last session the Gas Company brought in a bill which simply asked the House to increase their power of borrowing money and erecting works, and there was no check upon them. He opposed the bill, and the result was that the select committee to whom it was referred brought up a report, recommending the House not to sanction the bill—(hear, hear)—but to adopt some measure on the basis of Imperial legislation. He had succeeded in carrying one small bill through the House, giving the citizens power to appeal against assessments every 12 months, so that whatever fluctuations in the value of property there might be the owners would not be compelled to stand the loss for three or four years. He should now proceed to deal with a matter which had brought them there that evening—namely, the defeat of the Government on their land policy. The Land Act of 1861 was, he presumed, pretty well understood by everyone in the city and throughout the colony. Under that bill selections were allowed of 320 acres, with the privilege of pre-leases, and those pre-leases had been a snare and delusion all through, for although the free selector had the privilege of taking up a pre-lease he had no protection against another selector. Now along the coast and in one or two other districts along the line of railway to the south free selection under the Act of 1861 was a success, and many an honest and hardworking man had established himself and his family on the land, was in a reasonably prosperous condition, and able to educate his children as well as they could in the city. Now, the bulk of that land was alienated in about 10 years, and what happened after that? The people had to go out into the interior, where, although the soil was admirably adapted for agriculture, the climate was altogether against it. A man could not make a living by agriculture, and he had to settle down with a few sheep and cattle. Take the class of men who, with a little money and an honest intention of establishing a home for their families, took up his 320, and perhaps his pre-lease. The squatters would simply watch them until they had a house built, with a little bit of garden and a few cattle and sheep, and then come down upon and select their pre-lease. (Hear, hear.) These men would be utterly ruined, and would have to sell their stock for whatever they could get. Then what were they to do? Naturally men under such circumstances as these would not be filled with very loving feelings towards the men who served them in this way, and being driven to desperation they commenced a system of blackmailing. They banded themselves together, and settled down on the squatter's land, and it came to this, that either they bought the squatter out if they had the money—which seldom happened—or the squatter had to buy them out, which happened in a great majority of cases. Then again the squatter, finding himself being hemmed in, applied that block after block should be put up to auction; and as they could not be free selected, he got the land at the upset price of £1 per acre free of all improvements. Now, he would give them another instance of how injurious the law had been during the last three or four years under the different circumstances existing in various parts of the country. Between Narrandera and Hay the distance was over 100 miles. On one side of the line the land skirted the banks of the Murrumbidgee, and on the other it consisted of pine scrub. Now, if an unfortunate selector wanted some land, he was not likely to go into this pine scrub and clear it, and he could not go upon the land on the other side, because the whole of that land was in the hands of 10 or 12 men. (Hear, hear.) How, then, was it possible for settlement to take place? Here they allowed immense estates to go into the hands of a few men, practically the monetary institutions, and in order to extend the railways, they were spending money which they must eventually be called upon to pay. This law, which for the first 10 years fulfilled the desire of its maker, had altogther failed during the last nine or 10 years, and were they then going to consolidate it? If so, they would have a state of things far worse than they had in Ireland now. They had to lay the foundations of a nation, and was this the way to go about it? He submitted that it was nothing short of an insult to the understanding of the people to ask them to sanction the consolidation of a bill with all these monstrosities in it. (Hear, hear.) After quoting some statistics to show the amount of land alienated and the rentals derived from the squatters runs, the speaker went on to remark that according to Mr. Watson's own showing in his financial statement, the rentals are far less than they ought to be. He also advocated the reservation of strips of land one mile wide on each side of railways which might be constructed. If this land was sold upon the completion of the line, they would in that way get a return for the outlay. Free selection before survey had done good during the first 10 years of the existence of the Act, but since then it had worked a vast amount of evil, owing to the difference in various parts of the country and in climate. The agricultural lands should, as far as possible, be classified and surveyed. This was done in South Australia when he was there in 1871, and men found the land surveyed, and could take it up with safety. Here they could not, and the consequence was that complications frequently arose owing to the difficulty of knowing what land was open for selection. In conclusion, he maintained that this Land question was one which could be dealt with by the country on its merits, and they had nothing to do with any sectarian cry. He maintained that the Education Bill was so settled and fixed in the affections of the great bulk of the people that no party dared meddle with it for a moment. There was never a more monstrous injustice sought to be forced upon any men than to say that, because the majority of the representatives of the people would not pass a Land Bill which had brought about perjury, fraud, blackmailing, and dummyism, they were seeking to upset the Education Act. (Applause.)

After several questions had been put and satisfactorily answered, a resolution—moved by Mr. J. T. COLLINS, J.P., and seconded by Mr. RUTLEDGE—"That Mr. W. T. Poole is a fit and proper person to represent South Sydney in the Legislative Assembly," was put, and carried unanimously.

Hearty cheers were given for the candidate, and the meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

MR. JOHN DAVIES'S MEETING.

Mr. John Davies, C.M.G., one of the candidates for the representation of South Sydney, addressed a meeting held at the Golden Lion Hotel, Devonshire-street, on Monday night. Mr. E. C. Vaughan occupied the chair, and between 300 and 400 persons were present.

Mr. DAVIES, who was received with cheers, said that he had already devoted eight years to Parliamentary life, and now, in consequence of the defeat of the Government, he was before the electors once more to solicit their votes. He thought that if he had forfeited the good opinion of the electors he would not be surrounded now with so many enthusiastic friends, and from this large gathering he anticipated the best results for himself at the election. There were several public matters for him to draw their attention to, but he did not intend to detain them, as he was announced to address another meeting that evening. He would first invite their attention to the licensing question. It was one in which he naturally took a great deal of interest—(hear, hear)—and many publicans also he believed approved of several of its principles. A very large number approved of the provision for closing hotels on Sundays, so that in regard to Sunday rest they might be in the same position as other tradesmen. In his opinion they had the same right to enjoy their Sundays as other people, and it ought to be recognised. The general public too, he believed, approved of the local option principle which the Act contained. They would not, he felt assured, misdirect the power which was placed in their hands. If there was a necessity, they could increase the number of public-houses; for the Act gave them power to do so, and it was a wise and judicious provision which gave them such a power. Some small amendments, however, were required in the Act. The distance travellers must go from the city on Sundays in order that they might be entitled to be served with refreshments should be increased to eight or ten miles. It was not fair that houses within the present radius should be opened on Sundays, and be permitted to do a roaring trade, while those in the city should be compelled to be shut. He would advocate an extension of the distance to be travelled to 10 miles, so that places like Botany, Manly Beach, or Watson's Bay, which were most agreeable resorts for the citizens, should not be disfavoured by gatherings of drunkards there on Sundays. At the last general election a matter was discussed which had occupied the attention of the public for several years. He alluded to Chinese immigration. The Chinese came here in large numbers, and competed in such a manner with their tradesmen that these were at a great disadvantage with regard to them. The Chinamen were able to subsist almost on the smell of an oilrag. They did not assimilate with the people here. On these grounds, therefore, it was deemed desirable to prevent them coming here in such large numbers. Since the bill had been passed imposing a tax on them, they had been troubled with very few, and he was satisfied that it was one of the best measures affecting the future of the country that could have been agreed to. He had always given his vote against the introduction of Chinese or any other aliens in large numbers, and he would do so still, for he did not approve of the introduction of a class which destroyed society instead of building it up. (Hear, hear.) Another matter that had caused a great deal of interest to be taken in it was the necessity for local self-government. It was high time that the central government should be relieved of some of their labours, and also that members of Parliament should be relieved of the necessity for visiting the heads of departments with the view of obtaining what they could in the shape of public works. In order to encourage a spirit of independence and self-reliance, it was necessary to extend the principle of self-government, and he was satisfied that the bill giving local bodies power to raise money and obtain subsidies would be the means of saving several thousands of pounds to the State, and at the same time would secure a far better performance of public works than was at present the case. Sometimes, in consequence of a vote being too late or too early, public works cost the country a great deal more than was necessary. If a Local Government Bill were passed, tenders for local works could be called for by people who best understood the nature of the works required. The bill would also endow members of the Legislature with more independence than they were at present capable of, and it would secure a better representation of the people where expenditure was necessary for public works. When he appeared before them on the last occasion, he advocated the passing of a Civil Service Bill. Those of them who knew the character of their Civil Service would frankly admit that a necessity existed for placing it on a better basis than it rested on at the present time. Officers of twenty years' standing were obliged to remain in the service though they were unfitted to properly perform their duties. No provision was made by which they could retire. They remained in the service, and work which could be performed by one man was performed by two, who were retained because they could not be thrust out into the streets. (Hear, hear.) A vote should be taken and a superannuation fund should be established amongst the officials to enable the crippled or overworked to retire on a decent pension. To retain such men as these in the service was to block the progress of the country. (Hear, hear.) For some time past he had taken an active interest in the wages question. A short time ago a strike occurred, more particularly in connection with the iron trades. A high price for provisions was fixed, but no advance in the rates of wages took place. The consequence was that the moulders, fitters, and turners found that they could not meet the demands made upon them, and they felt it incumbent upon them to ask for an advance in their pay. The matter was fairly decided by the masters agreeing to an advance of one penny per hour. After this he undertook, on behalf of the employees in the public service, to obtain from the Government an adjustment of their wages, with a view to their being increased. He had succeeded in obtaining the attention of the Government to the matter, and the men would receive an intimation to the effect that they would receive an increase of pay from the 16th of October. (Cheers.) So they would see that it was necessary for some one to advocate the interests of the working classes. He had done so, and in regard to the wages of the porters they had received an increase for them from 6s. 6d. to 7s. a day, and they would frankly admit that 7s. a day was as little as one could support himself and his wife on, and keep and educate his children. He would do his best to see that all inequalities were properly adjusted, and, as he had succeeded in doing something for them already, he hoped to go further, and obtain additional concessions for them. They had endeavoured to connect the eight-hours' movement with the Railway Department, and last session were rewarded with success, and eight hours' labour as a day's work became recognised as a principle in connection with all the public departments. Effect had not in all cases, however, been given to the resolution affirmed by the Assembly, and it would be his duty to inquire why porters do not enjoy the same advantages. He did not know any class more entitled to consideration. (Hear, hear.) Some of them worked 15 or 16 hours a day, and all for the same wage. As many of them were personally concerned, he would feel it his duty to call attention to the matter. (Hear, hear.) He voted in favour of the proposal made by the Government to erect a Free Library on the site of the Benevolent Asylum. There was no site in the city more centrally situated or more calculated to afford more general convenience—(hear, hear)—and it was on this ground he voted in favour of the Government proposal. The site was a far better one than any at the other side of the city. Take the neighbourhood at the other side of King-street, and very few working men would be found residing there. Too many buildings existed there already. The tramways would take the people from the suburbs and from up the line to the site in Devonshire-street without inconvenience. The late Parliament was dissolved in consequence of the Government losing the second reading of their Land Bill. Unfortunately he was not present at the division. He had to attend a meeting of a municipal character in Cook Ward, and did not anticipate that the division would take place for a week or a fortnight, in consequence of the number of hon. gentlemen interested in land reform intending to speak. It was his own intention to vote for the second reading; not that he admitted the measure to be a perfect one. He regarded the division with grave suspicion when he found that 15 squatters and members in favour of the abolition of interest voted with the malcontents. No measure, no matter how important it was, had been regarded as perfect; and he did not regard Sir John Robertson's last Land Bill as a perfect measure. He thought it went a long way in favour of land reform and in consolidating their laws. He would admit that the Land Act had been an advantage to the country. Sir John Robertson had done more than any other man to provide the people of the country with freeholds. There were thousands of happy homes that would not exist but for him, and thousands of freeholders who would not have had a shilling but for him. (Hear, hear.) While he had done this too for the people, he had done no serious injury to the pastoral tenants, for these were now in a more prosperous condition than they had ever been. Railways had been constructed to their holdings, and would bring their produce to market in 24 hours—the Sydney market, where they could command the highest price for it. Mr. Stuart, the leader of the Opposition, proposed to hand the whole of the country over to the squatters. This was not desirable, for people—instead of sheep—should settle on the land, and every facility should be given to enable them to do so. He felt satisfied that the bill introduced by Sir John Robertson, with amendments, might have been made perfect, and the means of increasing the number of freeholds the people already enjoyed. (Hear, hear.) One of its features was, that it afforded opportunities for tradesmen, shopkeepers, and artisans, who by thrift and industry had saved sufficient, to take up land on free selection principles without having to reside on it—(hear, hear)—so long as they spent their capital in improving it. This would be a very wise provision. He did not profess to be a land reformer. He left this to gentlemen who had devoted their lives to the Land question, and he was satisfied that no man had more to do with the matter than Sir John Robertson. In consequence of the very large number of fires which had occurred—including that at the Garden Palace—some legislation was necessary with a view to improve the position of their fire brigades. He had voted for the second reading of the Fire Brigades Bill. With reference to railways, he said that the Government had entered upon a bold policy with regard to those. It had given employment to thousands of their working classes, and must commend itself to every man who felt an interest in the progress of the country. During the short time the Government had been in office, they had obtained consent for the construction of more railways than had existed in the history of the colony for the previous twenty years. All of them had participated in the advantages of this general extension of railways, and he held that the Government had displayed a bold and vigorous policy altogether in connection with their public works, their railways, their tramways, and their sewerage and water works. Millions of money had been authorised to be expended, and instead of the working classes having to roam about as they did before the Government came into office, they now found full employment at full wages. (Cheers.) He felt satisfied that on Saturday next each one of them would favour him with—("Nothing")—at least one of their votes. On the last occasion they had returned him at the head of the poll, and he was not conscious now of having done anything to forfeit their good opinions.

Mr. H. A. CHADDERTON moved, and Mr. D. MORRISON seconded, a vote of confidence in Mr. Davies, which was carried unanimously.

MR. JOHN HARRIS'S MEETING.

Mr. John Harris, the Mayor of Sydney, who is a candidate for the representation of South Sydney, addressed a meeting at the Standard Hotel, Foveaux-street, last night. The chair was occupied by Mr. D. Mackay, and between 500 and 600 persons were present.

Mr. HARRIS, who was received with long-continued cheering, said he felt proud that night in coming before them, and in having for his chairman one of his oldest and best friends. He was deeply indebted to that gentleman for coming forward. He desired to explain, in order that they might thoroughly understand his position, that he came before them independently, and not in opposition to any person who was now soliciting their suffrages. (Cheers.) Rumours to the contrary had been circulated during the last few days, but they were absolutely untrue. (Hear, hear.) He was there at the earnest request of a large number of voters of that electorate. The reason he had not come forward before was that at first he had determined not to do so; but when he was so diligently and earnestly solicited to alter his decision, he felt that he would not be doing his duty to his fellow-electors if he did not concede to the wish that he should become a candidate. He looked a great deal to the honour of this, his native country, and would do everything in his power to uphold it, and he could do something towards this, he thought, for Providence had placed him in such a position that he need not work for his livelihood, and could therefore yield a large measure of his time to public affairs. (Cheers.) He did not desire to leave this and reside in other countries, as some persons in his position might do. He chose rather to stay here and do service, and, if possible, honour to his country, and to leave behind him a name as honest as that which had been conferred upon him. They were asked now to exercise the highest privilege that could be conferred upon them—that of electing men to represent them in Parliament. Owing to the dissolution of Parliament—whether rightly or wrongly granted he would not say—they must now make the best of it—they had to elect four representatives. Let no one throw dust in their eyes as to the issue. The burning question for them to consider was the Land Bill. (Cheers.) Attempts were made to drive them to side issues, but he believed they were too intelligent for these to have any effect. They were told that the Education Act and the Licensing Act were in danger, but this was not the case. He was in favour of the Education Act, and had taken an extreme course with regard to it, having gone further than the Ministry proposed to, and, contending that education should be as free as the air, he had proposed that parents should not be charged the weekly fee. (Hear, hear.) They must, however, keep their eyes and thoughts concentrated on the land question. about the Act of 1861, and be proud of his bantling. With regard to this, no doubt many of them were aware of the operations of the Act, and knew of the wrongs which it had inflicted on the country. Sir John Robertson might talk For themselves, they must remember that a baby nursed for 20 years might become a social larrikin. So it was with the Land Act, which, though it promised to be beneficial to the country at first, had developed into a blot upon it. (Cheers.) They were asked now to do nothing but to consolidate a number of bad Acts and so perpetuate a gigantic wrong on the land. Let their votes be given against the men who agitated for the consolidation of these Acts, and for nothing more. While he said this, he could tell them frankly that no man had a higher estimation of Sir John Robertson's merits than he had. When he put up for West Sydney he forgot his own cause to advocate that of his old friend. He said then that he was sure that thousands of persons thanked God that Sir John Robertson had lived. But a change had come over the spirit of the dream, and a different tale had been told, and now Sir John Robertson must relinquish some of his views with regard to the land question. The land was passing into the wrong hands. Twenty-five millions of acres had been alienated, and they found that 13,000,000 were in the hands of only 415 persons. Ninety-six individuals owned 8,00,000 acres, and four held 1500 square miles. During the last 10 years no less than 60,000 transfers of land had been negotiated—in favour of whom? Pastoral lessees. The land had not passed from selector to selector, as might be supposed, but to the lessee, who endeavoured to acquire land on every side. The Government, although they denied it, had sold more land in this way than any of their predecessors, and had caused the birthright of the people to be bargained for a mess of potage. The 13,000,000 acres of land he had mentioned they had permitted to pass, not into the hands of residents in the country, but of capitalists in England and Europe generally. It was for the electors to say now whether they would permit any more of their rights to be yielded up. (Cheers.) They had 170,000,000 acres still, it was true, but they must take care how they were disposed of, seeing especially that no more should be wasted at auction. They must do everything they could to induce people to settle on these lands. There were questions which were of interest to them. One had reference to their municipality. They were continually complaining of the taxation imposed upon them, and justly so, for the Government did not fairly subsidise their rates. The Corporation could not help it. Other municipalities who asked for anything from the Government immediately got it. They got pound for pound on their rates for a fixed time, and then lower sums; but the Sydney municipality was only favoured with £25,000 a year, to entitle them to which they must raise an equal sum. They had endeavoured to introduce a clause in the new Sydney Improvement Bill, with a view to the Corporation having a tax paid on wheels. The Government, however, did not fairly support the idea, and it fell through, though it was generally admitted that it was an asset which the citizens could fairly lay claim to. (Cheers.) A complaint was raised that the Corporation did not spend money as rapidly and judiciously as they might; but they could not do this, because in consequence of the existing law, which in his opinion required to be altered, they had not sufficient revenue. If they were given powers similar to those which other municipalities exercised, they could borrow five times their income when necessary, and could carry on their works much more economically than at present. (Hear, hear.) Mr. William Long, who had just returned from England, said he had seen no roadway there equal to that laid with with wooden cubes in George-street, between Market and King streets. The Corporation had caused this to be made, and were prepared to lay more of the same thoroughfare with a similar substance, but they had not got the money. He asked Sir Henry Parkes twelve months ago to endeavour to pass a measure in Parliament that would give them power to borrow £200,000 to pay for the expense of forming their streets thoroughly and laying them with wooden blocks, but he had failed to do so. He could tell them that, in consequence of all these things, he would, if he were elected, propose a very large increase in the borrowing powers of their council, in order that their city might be placed in a condition worthy of it. Also, the question of local government had to be dealt with. In reference to this, members of Parliament, as they all knew, were returned simply as road and bridge men, and with the view of having a railway against their own door. (Hear, hear.) In his opinion their position should be altered, and they should have more independence of action accorded to them, and greater freedom for legislating on the subjects most important to the State. Boards should be appointed in all country districts, who could carry on the necessary works connected with them, and thus would members of Parliament be relieved of the necessity and the inconvenience of going to the Government for everything their electorates required. If the Council had greater borrowing powers it was their intention to lay many of their streets with wooden cubes. They could have obtained it cheaply, and performed the work economically. No repairs had been required in King-street. Eight different kinds of wood had been laid experimentally there, and the wear on them was almost imperceptible, and this showed what an economical system this was. The promises of the Government to assist the Corporation were similar to those they made in regard to introducing the eight-hours movement amongst their men. They did not promise to give effect to it there until an election came on. If it were right why did they not introduce it long ago? If it were wrong why did they promise to introduce it at all? Well, he had now drawn nearly to the end of his remarks. He had not the eloquence of Sir Henry Parkes to favour them with, but he would promise them that if he were elected he would endeavour to be an honest and industrious member, and to be always advocating that which was most likely to promote the prosperity of the colony and the welfare of the people. (Cheers.)

In answer to questions, Mr. HARRIS said he did not drink intoxicating liquors himself, but allowed any one else to do as they pleased with regard to them. He was certainly in favour of a tax on large estates, with a view to breaking them up.

Mr. F. W. Aldritt proposed, and Mr. R. Mackay seconded, a vote of confidence in the candidate. It was supported by Mr. D. O'Connor, Mr. F. Dixon, and Mr. B. Rhodes, and carried unanimously.

MR. CARTER'S MEETING.

Mr. G. L. Carter, one of the candidates for the South Sydney electorate, addressed a meeting of electors at the Victoria Park Hotel, Myrtle and Shepherd streets, last evening. Mr. E. M. Burrowes presided.

Mr. CARTER stated that two years ago he appeared before the electors of South Sydney, and had the honour of being returned third on the list. He had no hesitation in saying that every pledge he gave on that occasion he had kept. (Cheers.) He therefore had greater claims upon them in offering himself for candidature now, and had greater confidence than he had on the former occasion. He had not wasted the time of the Assembly. Some people might find fault with him for not being a talkative member, but he found by experience that the most influential members were not the most talkative. (Hear, hear.) He had not been long in finding out that there was a sinful waste of time in the debates in the Assembly, and he had made up his mind not to add to the amount of talk indulged in. With reference to the Land Bill he had closely followed the debate, and had heard every speech made on the subject, but during a brief absence from the Assembly the vote had been taken. Had he been present he would have had no hesitation in voting against the Land Bill. (Cheers.) The present land law suited very well for the period when it was passed, but the colony had since undergone such changes that an entirely revised law was necessary. (Cheers.) Even Sir John Robertson himself ought to be able to see that by this time—for the bill was condemned by the press from one end of the colony to the other, and nearly every candidate who appeared admitted that radical amendments were necessary. It was a farce to say that indiscriminate free selection should be perpetuated. It was absurd to say that it was a benefit for the colony that men should be encouraged to go upon squatters runs, pick the eyes out of the estates, and harass the squatters as much as possible. The inevitable result of that system was the creation of a band of dummies and blackmailers. (Cheers.) If the squatters were given leases they would have better security of their holdings, and would be at liberty to improve the runs. Even the Government had admitted in their financial statement last year that the squatters should have fixity of tenure, when they would be able to get at least a million and a half additional rent every year. We had a very large staff of surveyors now, and he would, therefore, urge that large tracts of land likely to be required for settlement should be properly surveyed, so that free selectors would be able to pick out a selection without any danger of being harassed by the squatters. He was opposed to the present system of auction sales—(applause)—and the establishment of local land boards. He considered that amendments were necessary in the licensing law. It was a monstrous injustice that the licensing magistrates should impose such fines that the publicans were not able to appeal. (Cheers.) He had voted for the local option vote, and still believed in it, but there were many respects in which the law was still open to amendment. There should be some classification of the more respectable public-houses, and a concession of half-an-hour or so at night time should be made for those hotels that were near the theatres. (Hear, hear.) He was pleased to be able to state that he had been informed by Mr. Goodchap that in future no man on the railways would receive less than 7s. a day. (Cheers.) He still entertained the same views in reference to the principal public questions. He had been for years a supporter of the principles of free, secular, and compulsory education. He was still as sound as ever on the education question. (Cheers.) He was also a freetrader, but for the benefit of the young industries, he would support a scheme for giving bonuses to industries that employed a large number of hands. After 10 years those industries would have to stand without bonuses, or not stand at all. (Cheers.) He supported the introduction of a Civil Service Bill, and while he had been in the House he had asked questions about it. He hoped to see political influence abolished altogether from the Civil Service, and that promotions should take place in proper order. He was still in favour of railway extension, and had voted for both the Illawarra and the Newcastle railways. He was in favour of immigration, but not under the present system. There ought to be some system of introducing only those classes of work people that were required, and there ought to be some inducement for people of small capital to come out and settle down in the country. He was opposed to the Government in reference to the Land Bill—a measure which even some of the principal members of the Government did not have the courage to defend. He strongly disapproved of the action of Sir John Robertson in rejoining the Ministry. He was a good old man, and had done a lot of good in his time, but he was getting old, and should be only too glad himself to give way to younger men. (Cheers.) On the various other subjects his views were still as sound as when he appeared before them on a previous occasion. (Cheers.)

On the motion of Alderman WARREN, seconded by Mr. JOSEPH BALDWIN, and supported by Mr. F. BRAINWOOD, a vote of confidence in Mr. Carter was carried unanimously.

At M'Evoy's, Royal Hotel, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, on Monday evening, Mr. Carter held a successful meeting, when the usual vote of confidence was carried.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

MR. JOSEPH MITCHELL'S MEETING.

A meeting of the supporters of Mr. Joseph Mitchell, a candidate for the representation of the Newtown electorate, was held on Monday night at the Darlington Municipal Chambers, Alderman Elvey occupying the chair. After a few introductory remarks by the chairman, Mr. Mitchell said that it was his intention to quote rather largely from speeches he had made before the electors on a former occasion, so that they might see whether he had had acted consistently or not. If they expected him to stand there and make promises that he had no intention of fulfilling they would be woefully disappointed. Some people said to him that they liked him very well personally, but that he was no politician. If being a politician meant saying one thing and doing another, then thank God he was not one. But he thought that when a man had raised himself from the ranks of the working classes to the position of representative of an electorate like that of Newtown, it showed there was something in him. When he stood before them two years ago, and again twelve months before, he stated in as plain language as he could command, that he would support the present Ministry, that he would give them a fair and consistent support so long as they brought forward measures which he thought would be for the welfare of the country. But he maintained that a man going in as representative of a constituency had no right to have his arms tied and be compelled to run in a groove which he must not go out of, and he would decline to merge his identity in anyone. If he were to do so, what would be the use of their having two representatives for Newtown? He thought the Ministry as at present constituted had done a vast amount of good for the country; he did not know of any Ministry that had passed so many useful measures, that had so contributed to the welfare of the country, and so he considered he was perfectly justified in giving them his heartiest support. His bitterest opponents could not say that he had ever voted against the Ministry in any matter that would embarrass them, if he thought it was at all beneficial to the welfare of the people. Some little time ago, certainly, he was placed in a very awkward position. When the Garden Palace was burnt down, Sir Henry Parkes brought a motion forward asking that its site should be taken for the art gallery, and one that the site near the railway station

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1417087

should be devoted to a public library. Now, although none admitted more than he did the necessity for an art gallery and public library, he saw that that matter was going to lead to a very great deal of discussion. He listened very patiently to the pros and cons, and they could not convince him that either site was at all suitable for the purposes for which they wanted them. He thought, in the first place, that it would require a sum of £200,000 to £300,000 to put up a building at all suitable for the site of the Garden Palace, and he did not think they were justified in going to all this expense, and over a building to hold only £40,000 or £50,000 worth of pictures. On the question of taking the Benevolent Asylum site, they would remember that the last time he offered himself as a candidate, nearly every candidate was in favour of taking the railway to Circular Quay. He advocated that policy, and therefore he could not see the force of taking that piece of ground for a public library when they should want it if they ever made the extension of the railway to the quay. So convinced was he that he was right on these two questions, that he could not give the Ministry his vote, although he was asked by them to do so, and accordingly he did not vote at all. Some people said that was cowardly, but he did not think it was. He kept away simply in order that he should not embarrass the Ministry at that time, because the Opposition was trying to make a party question of it. He thought that was the only important measure he had not voted upon since he had been returned twelve months before. He had religiously attended to what he considered his duties, and had been only absent from the House three times during the two sessions he had had a seat there. He thought that no one could accuse him of giving the Ministry any serious opposition. He had supported them in every measure he thought for the wellbeing of the country. When the Criminal Law Consolidation Bill had passed through the Lower House and gone into the Upper House, members on the Opposition benches began crying out for the Land Bill. Sir John Robertson promised that it should be laid upon the table upon a certain date. On that day all the members got copies of it and took them home. The Land Bill was discussed privately as never a land bill had been discussed before. Sometimes he would meet some of his friends who were members of Parliament, and they would ask one another's opinion on certain clauses. They generally knew much more of the matter than he did, and he was willing to go to them and get their views ...... it. He waded through the bill very patiently, and arrived at the conclusion that it was not the bill that was of the most benefit to the interests of the country. He would refer to the speech he made in 1880 to show them that he had acted consistently—that he had not been tempted to say or do anything that he was afraid or ashamed of saying when on the hustings before. At that time there was a definite policy then before the country. The first thing that came under his notice was the Public Schools Act. With reference to that Act, he said then that he was a firm supporter of it, and would resist any attempt to alter or repeal it in any sense of the word; and at the present time he was as firm an adherent of that Act as ever he had been in his life. He also at that time favoured local option. He then and still thought that all municipalities should have a voice in the question whether any more licenses should be granted to public-houses, and he said further that he was of opinion that the fees collected for all licenses of whatever character, publicans', hawker's, or any other, should be collected in the borough and spent in the borough, so that they might have money to make improvements as they had in Melbourne. He had also then declared himself in favour of local self-government. He thought that people having local knowledge, and knowing local wants, would be able to spend much more advantageously money that might be granted to them than others who knew nothing of the requirements of the place where the money was to be spent. He agreed with the policy of taking the railway down to Circular Quay. That at the last election was causing a great deal of discussion, and nearly everyone was in favour of it. On going to the House shortly after taking his seat, he found that the Darling Harbour compensation swindle was on. They would remember that he spoke very pointedly indeed on that matter. It was just after the Milburn Creek swindle. When the Darling Harbour line came on for discussion in the House, he naturally, being only a young politician, expected that nearly all the gentlemen who had advocated the railway being taken down to Circular Quay, would rise in a body and speak against it; but no, they did not. They sat there very quietly, and when the question came to the vote they all except a few voted directly opposite to their promises. He did oppose the Government in that matter simply because he said he was in favour of the railway going to Circular Quay, and would vote for no other project. What right had any Ministry, or any body of men, to take the line down on that side of Darling Harbour, trying to divert the traffic from its natural channels, benefiting Pyrmont and those places there, to the detriment of the city proper? Feeling that, he voted and spoke against it, and he did not think they would blame him for it. He certainly was in favour of the Electoral Bill. It gave an increased representation to the country, and he thought that was necessary. Some of the new members had been criticised by the older men, as not having that ability, stability of character, and various other qualifications that they considered necessary to make good politicians. He thought if they would go over the list of old members they would find men quite as deficient in intellect, in honesty of purpose and integrity, as any one of the new members they could point out. There were some of the new members in that house who, he maintained, were able to take any position they liked to place them in as regards ability. Some of the old members were up to their neck in this Darling Harbour swindle and the Milburn Creek swindle, but he didn't find any of the new members mixing themselves up in anything of that kind. He thought it certainly unfair to criticise young members so unmercifully, when, if the young members chose, they could criticise the old ones quite as unmercifully, or even more so. He was in favour of extending the railways wherever there was a probability of their paying, and of making light lines to feed the trunk lines. That, he thought, was a policy they would all agree to, because anything benefiting the outlying districts must benefit Sydney and thus benefit them personally. In the next place he was in favour of restricting Chinese immigration. That was a matter he had studied very largely; and to qualify himself to be a judge upon the Chinese question, shortly after appearing before them before, he went to China and Japan, and he was more than ever convinced of the necessity of keeping Chinese out of Australia; not that he would be afraid of their vices, but their very virtues are in a measure what would injure white men more than any of their vices. A Chinaman could live and work on two cents a day in China; and if he liked to live here as he did in China, he could live on 2d. a day here. Now a Chinaman could do anything a white man could do, and what chance would a white man have if he had to compete with them? For God's sake keep the Chinamen out of Australia. (Hear, hear.) But at the same time he thought those who were here should be treated as fellow-creatures, and not as brutes, as in too many instances we saw they were. Now he wished to explain why he voted against the Land Bill. Two years ago and 12 months ago he said, with reference to the land policy, that he was opposed to the remission of interest, but was in favour of such alterations in the land laws as would prevent that unfortunate antagonism between squatter and selector which was so disastrous to the progress of the colony. He would have areas defined within which he would confine free selectors, and beyond these boundaries he would give as far as possible fixity of tenure to the squatters, demanding from them a higher rental in return for the immunity thus granted to them. Now, having said that then, how could he swallow his words and vote for the Land Bill as brought in by Sir John Robertson? Would they like him, as their representative, to come there one day and tell them he would do a certain thing, and the next day turn round and do quite the opposite? He thought they would give him credit for acting straightforwardly and honestly. He discussed the matter with several members of the Ministry, but they could not convince him. An hour or two before the division took place his colleague came and said he was wrong in going to vote against the bill, and proposed that they should discuss the matter. They then went into the chamber, where Dan O'Connor was speaking. He forgot who spoke next, but M'Elhone spoke last, and made one of the best speeches ever he had made in that House on the Land question. It was a very comprehensive speech, going into details most minutely; the man had apparently made it almost a life study. After he had finished he got quite an ovation on that side of the chamber. Then, and this was the surprising part of it to him, not one of the Ministers got up to reply. They had heard the arguments against the bill, and he only heard one argument in favour of it, that was by the Hon. John Lackey. As Mr. M'Elhone and others had so far laid bare the faults and fallacies of the Land Act of 1861, and no one got up to reply and show the good points of the Act, what other conclusion could he come to, even if he had come to none before, than that the arguments were simply unanswerable? He was very much surprised, and very much disappointed, because he was in hopes that Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson would have spoken in reply, and also his colleague, because they were all good speakers, who could make a great deal more out of a bad case than he could. But a division was taken, the question was negatived, and the result was a dissolution. No one was more sorry than he was to see the Government defeated on this question, because there were two or three very important questions coming on. There was the Criminal Law Consolidation Bill, which had passed through the Lower House, and was a good way through the Upper House, and which he was told would all have to be gone over again. Then there was the Local Self government Bill, and others. But he could not and would not swallow the words he had spoken 12 months and two years before unless he was convinced to the contrary, and he had never been convinced. Speaking of the dissolution, he thought it a pity Sir Henry Parkes should have taken that step, because he thought it would have the effect of preventing men from giving an honest, fearless, independent vote. When a dissolution takes place it means that every man has to go again before his constituency, and go through all the horrors of a general election, that he has to put his hand in his pocket and expend several hundreds of pounds simply to go back to the position he had been holding. Was it to be wondered at, then, that men should sometimes be tempted to go out of the Chamber rather than give a vote if they thought it would cost a dissolution, and send them to the country? He had promised to give them various reasons why he voted against the Land Bill. He granted that it was a good measure in 1861 because it broke down the monopoly that then existed and gave the poorer people a chance of going on the land. But what did they find now? They found the squatter and free selector had discovered all the weak points of the bill, and it had been used to perpetuate an amount of villany and crime and misery that it would be hard for anyone to measure. It had caused so much antagonism, litigation, perjury, theft, and all manner of crime that he thought they would agree with him that it was time some comprehensive land bill should be brought in that would do away with all these evils. He found that at the present time the effect of the bill, instead of settling a large number of bona-fide free selectors on the land, was the aggregation of large estates in the hands of a few people. He found that there were 13 people holding as freeholds 2,167,000 acres, one man holding nearly 300,000 acres, another 228,000, another 249,000, another 2[illegible], and nine over 100,000 acres each, 135 holding 1,587,374 acres, 79 holding 1,160,000 acres, 71 holding 1,680,000 acres, 31 holding 1,017,000 acres, and 96 holding 8,074,611 acres. Thus 415 persons held 13½ million acres of land. Now, if this bill had been the means of creating these immense estates, was he not perfectly justified in voting against it? (Applause.) And out of this 13½ million acres, he found less than 22,000 under cultivation. That was a very small percentage of the land held by these 415 persons. And, although nearly nine millions of acres had been alienated during the last four or five years there were nearly 1000 freeholders less in the colony than in 1878. Did not this prove beyond doubt that the bill had not been a success? He had tried to explain his policy and his reasons for voting against this bill he wanted to get them to say whether he had done right or not. If they wanted a man as their representative who was willing to merge himself in anyone else, a man who would do whatever they told him whether he considered it right or not, he would simply decline to accept the honour. He had no personal ends to serve, no relations whom he wished to get into the Civil Service, and no expectation of even getting a portfolio. He confessed he was ambitious of the honour of representing them, but even that honour could be bought too dearly if they required him to surrender his principles and vote as he was told. He hoped they would give him credit for having opposed the Ministry on this occasion, solely from a strong conviction that he was right and the Ministry were wrong. If the Ministry got in again, as he thought they would, no man would give them better support if they should bring in a good land bill.

In answer to a question, the candidate stated that he considered the Licensing Act was good in principle, but he thought some of the clauses wanted amending.

A vote of confidence in Mr. Mitchell was duly proposed and seconded, and carried unanimously.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

MR. BUTCHER'S MEETING.

Mr. Robert Butcher, one of the candidates seeking election at the hands of the constituents of the Paddington electorate, addressed a meeting attended by some 300 persons at the Oddfellows' Hall, Woollahra, on Monday night.

Dr. QUAIFE was voted to the chair, and he briefly introduced the speaker, remarking that he was well known in the district from his long and prominent connection with municipal matters.

Mr. BUTCHER, on coming forward, met with lengthy applause. After reviewing at some length the services he had performed for the people of Woollahra since his election to the benefit of the council of that district, Mr. Butcher remarked that he claimed the sympathy of the electors greatly on that account. (Applause.) He then went on to state that they were all well aware of the manner in which the present political crisis had been brought about. The strongest Government the colony had ever witnessed had been defeated in a most sudden and unexpected manner on the land question. In the ordinary course of things one would have thought that the Ministry would without hesitation have resigned, for such, the Speaker said, was the constitutional mode of procedure under the circumstances. The Premier, however, did not take this view of the subject, or, at least, did not act according to it, but he interviewed his Excellency the Governor and pleaded for a dissolution, which had been acceded to. He (the speaker) did not agree with this action of his Excellency, and with all due respect to him he considered that he had proved himself to be a weak man. (Applause.) He should never have acceded to the request of Sir Henry Parkes on this occasion, but should have sent for Mr. Stuart, the leader of the Opposition, with a view of seeing whether he could have formed a Ministry. (Applause.) It was now a question of whether the people still had sufficient confidence in the Government to return them. (Cries of No.) With regard to the Land Bill on which they were defeated, he would ask what was it? It was simply a recapitulation of numerous Acts made since 1861, and it meant putting a big patch upon other patches. (Hear, hear.) He would give Sir John Robertson credit for his bill of 1861. He intended that it should prove a benefit to the small farmers and capitalists, and should induce a large population to settle down on the lands of the colony. It was a really good idea, and Sir John thought of seeing a grand labouring class settle down on the lands of this country. The picture was a nice one, but it was never realised. Free selection was made by some upon the squatter. The latter had taken up lands for which he paid a certain amount of money to the Crown, and therefore one would have thought that he should have been allowed to remain unmolested. But such was not the case. The free selectors who took up 640 acres became entitled to three times that extent of land. Some of them took up 640 acres of the squatters' land, and the result was that the latter gradually became hemmed in, and after spending probably from £2000 to £3000 on their land they found that they were entirely robbed of any approach to their belongings. Bitter heartburnings, all sorts of lawsuits, and other evils were then brought about by that system of free selection upon runs. Another evil soon afterwards arose, viz., that of black-mailing. The class of men who practised it selected every part of the country they could find in the hands of graziers. They made tin-pot improvements in order that their tenure for the time being might be rendered secure. They were not bona-fide selectors, but their object was to get money out of the squatter, and they succeeded in doing so. He (the speaker) knew of an instance in which a man had made as much as £14,000 in 10 years by a system of blackmailing. If the Amended Land Act then were for the purpose of performing that very same thing, it ought not to be tolerated for one moment. (Loud applause.) They should do their best to get rid of the iniquities of a law such as that. The major portion of the so-called selections were now in the hands of private people and money-lending and banking companies. Tracks of magnificent land in this country were now lying barren because their former proprietors had been bought over by squatters and sold through dummyism. (Hear, hear.) This was the sort of law the Government wanted to fasten on the colony at the present time. One man especially—the speaker said—had spoken out nobly against the measure; he was Mr. M'Elhone. He was worthy of great credit for his action. (Applause.) The Government had made half-a-million of money by forfeiting selections, because their holders did not come up to the standard in regard to improvements. It was a very easy matter for a squatter to buy an inspector over, so that he might find no fault with the improvements on his—the squatter's—land; but that the free selectors might be closely watched, and any defects on their land be the cause of making them immediately forfeit their tenures. The Treasurer stated that he received £500,000 from this source, and he—the candidate—considered that it was greatly to his shame. (Applause.) The greater portion of the land was now irretrievably gone, and it was in the hands of people who were not likely to give it up. There was, however, some left, and to this the people had as much right as the squatters. The Government should never have got rid of the fee-simple of any of the land, but should have retained it. (Hear, hear.) Not a fraction should have been sold. The squatters complained that they had only five years' tenure. Why not give them a tenure of 10 or 15 years? Then they would be induced to make more improvements on their land, and a higher rental could be expected from them, more especially at the present time, when such facilities were afforded for sending their wool and other produce by rail to the seaboard. They could afford to pay on a sliding scale of 6d. per acre. A revenue of 2½ million pounds should be derived from the squatters alone if the Government of the colony were carried out in a systematic manner, and they were made to pay in proportion to the facilities afforded them. The small graziers were gradually coming to the front, and they should be encouraged. Every acre of land should undergo survey, and be open for any disposal, but its fee simple should not by any means be departed with. He would, however, give a lengthy tenure. He would get rid of the horrible lot of restrictions surrounding the land question at present, as it would be the means of preventing dummyism and also dissension between the squatter and the selector. By encouraging selection a quantity of the land not now taken up could be utilised either for agricultural or pastoral purposes, or for what it was best adapted. This was merely a suggestion on his part, and he gave it for what it was worth. There was one thing he was certain of, and that was—that the representative they chose must oppose the Land Bill of the Government. (Applause.) He unhesitatingly condemned the system of free selection before survey, as it was the cause of a very large number of complications which led to the employment in the Lands Department of numbers of clerks for the settlement of these disputes when their services could otherwise be dispensed with so far as the Government were concerned. With regard to the Education question, it had been decided upon by the unanimous voice of the people, and he said it would be a piece of folly for anyone to disturb the verdict of the country. (Hear, hear.) He would look upon anyone as a lunatic who had the audacity to say anything detrimental to the present Public Instruction Act. (Applause.) Referring to the Licensing Act, the speaker said it was very much needed, as before it became law a great many abuses were carried on. It was passed somewhat hurriedly, and there were a few defects in it. In fact, it contained some very absurd clauses. One provided that a publican, if proceeded against for having allowed his light to become extinguished, required to answer the charge in Sydney, notwithstanding that his licensed premises might be situated at Windsor, Parramatta, or some other distant place. He thought the Act should be repealed at once. It gave power to a police officer to enter any public-house, and even break open the door, in order to effect an entrance, if detained perhaps for two or three minutes. He was also empowered to enter a publican's bedroom if he should think fit, a liberty which he should not be allowed, which was, to say the least of it, monstrous. He thought the hotels should be allowed to remain open for an hour on Sundays. He advocated a Local Government Bill, as he was of opinion that it would prove a great source of advantage to the community at large. (Applause.) The electorate of Paddington now comprised four boroughs, and he thought it should be reduced to two as a means of having the wants of the inhabitants attended to not only perhaps better than at present, but with more facility.

Mr. R. T. KIRBY moved "That Mr. Butcher is a fit and proper person to represent the electorate of Paddington in the Legislative Assembly."

Mr. C. A. MORRIS seconded the motion, which, on being put to the meeting, was carried *nem. con.*

A vote of thanks was then passed to the chairman, and three cheers given for the Queen, and the meeting closed.

MR. TRICKETT'S MEETING.

Mr. W. J. Trickett, one of the candidates for the representation of Paddington in the Legislative Assembly, addressed about 150 of the electors on Monday night, at the Council-chambers, Paddington.

Mr. WM. BROWN, Mayor of Paddington, who occupied the chair, in his introductory address, referred to the fact that two years ago Mr. Trickett was elected member for Paddington, and said that, though then an untried man, Mr. Trickett had proved a thoroughly good member, who had always done his best to further the interests of the borough. (Applause.)

Mr. TRICKETT, who on rising was warmly applauded, said that it was about two years since he had the honour of coming before the electors of Paddington to seek for their suffrages as one of their representatives in Parliament, and he now came before them again with a great deal of confidence, for he had received very liberal offers of support; and he felt convinced in his own mind that he had done nothing to forfeit the confidence placed in him two years ago. He should now lay before them, in a very brief and summary way, a few of the important measures in which he had had the honour of taking part during the time he had been their representative; and the votes he had given had agreed with the political programme he originally laid before them. At that time no measure before the electors was so marked or so isolated as that which they were now called upon to decide—he referred to the land question. Shortly after Parliament met one of the first matters laid before it was a proposal by the free selectors to get off payment of the unpaid interest on their conditional purchases. He had the honour of being one of a considerable majority who, after a very lengthened debate, sat on to a late hour and decided that the request could not be granted. (Applause.) He was proud to say that the matter had not been revived. Another question which also came before the House shortly after he was elected was the question of the supply of water to Sydney and the suburbs. He had said he would advocate a full and impartial inquiry into the Kenny Hill and Prospect schemes, and he supported that inquiry, because he thought that if we could get a gravitation scheme it would be the best thing for us. Unfortunately a majority was in favour of the Prospect scheme, and now we should never know which of the two was the better; but from his recent travels in America, he saw that where possible a gravitation scheme was always the best. Another important question affecting Sydney and the suburbs was that of the construction of the railway to the Circular Quay. That was a question on which he had always been sound, but a great many of the country members thought fit to vote against that motion, and the proposal was rejected. He hoped it would be again brought before the House, and that in the end the people's representatives would see that it was absolutely necessary that we should have our railway from the interior connected directly with the waters of Port Jackson. The tramways had been of great advantage to the suburbs, and waste tracts of lands had been covered with houses and population until now they formed part of the city itself; but the time would soon come when the enormous traffic would necessitate the tramways giving way to light railways. During the recent session of Parliament eight millions of pounds had been voted for the constructions of railways throughout the colony, and he did not think any one would say that this was not money well expended, because they all knew that decentralisation was a good thing for this colony. We wanted population in the interior, to connect it by rapid communication with the metropolis, for the good of the country itself, and the establishment of the city of Sydney as the leading metropolis of the Australias. As regarded the Milburn Creek case, on all occasions he had opposed the vote of that sum of money which was subsequently paid to the proprietors of the Milburn Creek Company as compensation for something they regarded as a wrong done to them. The vote was an improper one, because the claimaints, if they had a legal right, could have had their remedy in a court of law. When the motion for opening the Museum on Sunday came on, he voted against it; but subsequently when there was a proposal to open the Art Gallery similarly, he himself visited the Museum, and was so struck by the sight of the respectable observant people walking about there, that he voted for the opening of the Art Gallery. (Applause.) Possibly the advantage of seeing what was done in other countries, where all institutions supported by the taxes of the people were opened to the people on Sunday, tended somewhat to make him change his vote. And here he might refer to a recent proposal to establish the Art Gallery and the Free Library on the present site of the Benevolent Asylum. That, when brought before the House, was looked upon by many members more in the light of a joke than anything else, because the site was not a suitable one for the convenience of the great bulk of the people of Sydney and its suburbs. Although it might be the centre of the city, it could not be said to be lung of the city, because all the traffic was congregated by the trams down in Elizabeth-street. (Applause.) Accordingly he voted against the motion, and now he had been told that it was not likely this matter would be brought forward for some time. But the site of the present Immigration Barracks was an excellent one for the purpose, and he did not see why this could not be used. When he was before them previously he was asked if he would support the eight-hour system of labour, and answered in the affirmative. Accordingly, some time ago, when it was proposed that the Government should introduce the eight-hour system for their employees wherever practicable, he voted voted for it—(applause)—and recently he tabled a motion at their local council of Woollahra, giving their labourers the privilege which they now enjoyed. Another important matter which had been dealt with by Parliament was the Chinese Immigration Restriction Bill. He voted for this, and he was glad of it; for what he saw in San Francisco where 35,000 Chinese lived huddled together in a space about half the size of the Paddington Barracks enclosure, showed him that they were not a class of colonists that we wanted here in very great numbers. (Applause.) He had supported the measure regulating the width of streets and lanes in our city and suburbs and suburban towns, and allowing in future subdivisions no street to be less than 66 feet, and no lane less than 30 feet; and this had already prevented reckless subdivision of land. (Applause.) With regard to the Education question, which was one which must always crop up at elections, he did not hesitate to say that he was a firm and staunch supporter of it. (Applause.) Indeed he would go further, and carry out the League's proposal in its integrity, making education altogether free, and doing away with school fees. If children were compelled to go to school, let the State teach them free. The hon. member for Redfern, Mr. Fremlin, recently brought before the House a question particularly affecting the suburbs. It had for its object the setting apart by the Government of a piece of land for the purpose of congregating together all noxious trades. It would be a very good thing, he thought, if that could be carried out, because they knew there were trades—like boiling-down establishments, glue-making establishments, and tanneries, and places of that kind—which were necessities in every community. People commenced them in places where there was no habitation near; but as time went on, population sprung up around, people cried out at the nuisance caused by these establishments, and it ended in these people having to seek fresh pastures, and start anew. There should be a place where these trades could be legalised to be carried on, and where manufacturers could go into their enterprises in a thorough and satisfactory manner, without fear of being disturbed. He was glad to say that the matter had been referred to a commission of inquiry, and he hoped the commission would recommend that what was proposed should be done. Since he had been in Parliament he had kept a watchful eye upon the expenditure of the public funds, and he might here instance one or two things where a large sum of money might be saved. He had ascertained that the bridge over the Hawkesbury River, on the railway line to Newcastle, would cost about a million sterling. When he was in America, he found that in all the large maritime cities the enormous traffic from one side of the water to the other was carried on floating bridges or steamers. Surely that would be practicable enough with this part of the line from Sydney to Newcastle. At Sacramento, or rather Benicia, they had a ferry boat, a marvel of ingenuity, capable of carrying four trains, which were run on to the steamer by a platform, which rose and fell with the tide; and the cost of one of those boats would only be about £50,000. The enormous expense that might be saved in this way should induce the Government to look into it, and if he got into the House again he should press it. Furthermore, if this mode of crossing were adopted and the necessary expenditure sanctioned, they would not have to wait four, or it might be ten, years for the bridge, but the vessel would take the place of the bridge at once. With regard to the Wolverene, he thought this ship might very well have been allowed to go home to be broken up, rather than be forced upon the country as it had been. The return in the newspapers proved that this old rotten vessel had already cost the colony for the passages of the officers and crew to England, upwards of £6000, and up to the present time about £8000 had been paid in salaries and wages. Thus she had already cost us £14,000 for lying at buoy in Sydney, doing nothing. At last election the great question with regard to the Licensing Bill was whether the principle of local option should be included in it or not. He promised to support that, and he did so, and he now thought it was a good thing and had so far acted well. But there were certainly mistakes in the Act, and they required amendment. (Applause.) They had been commented upon, and publicans had urged what really were grievances, and he believed it was the intention of the Government to have introduced a measure to amend the Act. He should have supported that, for it was an absurd state of things that a man should be in danger of losing his license if his light went out three times, and he was fined for it. Then he thought the Sunday closing clause should be amended. (Loud applause.) It seemed ridiculous that a man could not get a drink in Sydney on Sunday, but that if he took the boat to Manly Beach he could get as tight as he liked. It had been said that he was an enemy to publicans, but he was not, for he thought a well-conducted public-house as great a necessity as anything else, and he was not a teetotaller himself. Another important matter which needed the attention of Parliament was a bill for the purpose of establishing a perfect system of local self-govenment throughout the colony. Every member of Parliament saw the necessity of this measure, knowing how representative of municipalities had to wait day after day on Ministers, hat in hand, begging for what the people ought to have as a matter of right. He hoped every candidate who was before the country on this present election would pledge himself to insist when the new Parliament met, on having this matter brought before the House. A bill to regulate the Civil Service of the country was also very badly needed, for now unfortunate Government officers went on year after year in their positions of trust, and it depended entirely as to their rights, how many members of Parliament they could get to sign a round robin for them to place before the Minister, or as to how they could obtain hold of him themselves. Was that a fair state of things. (Cries of "No, no.") He came now to the great question of the day—the Lands Act, or Amended Lands Act as it was called, though he called it a Consolidated Lands Act. That was the rock upon which the Assembly split, and the reason of their being there to-night. He unhesitatingly said that the present land laws of this country were not such as were required for its advancement and prosperity at the present time. (Applause.) What was very good for 1861 was not good enough for 1882. That no doubt was the question of the day upon which every candidate had spoken out from one end of the country to the other, and that would be the question which would have to be dealt with in some way or other by Parliament. The properties of the land holders were out of all proportion to the degree of benefit which ought to result to the community at large by them. The bulk of the land holders of the colony, comprising free selectors and farmers, numbered 35,755, and held only 5,054,821 acres; but, coming to large landed proprietors, they found that 4237 of them held 20,316,264 acres, and out of these 96 persons alone held 8,071,641 acres. Was that right? (Loud cries: "No! No!") Was that the kind of thing we wanted to go on in this colony? Did we want the whole of the colony to be owned by 3000 or 4000 people? (Cries: "No! No!") He had come to the conclusion that the kind of land law we wanted was one that would enable the man of small capital to go into the interior and take up a sufficient quantity of land to enable him to make his way in the world. He thought the country might still be saved from going to ruin seeing that of 200 million acres only 36 million had been alienated, so that there was yet five-sixths of the colony to be dealt with. A great part of our land was fit for agriculture, and yet New South Wales compared very unfavourably with South Australia as regarded wheat-producing. There must be something rotten in the state of things when, with New South Wales producing 15 bushels of wheat to the acre and South Australia six and a-half bushels, a great portion of what we consumed came from the latter place. He did not pretend to be sufficiently an expert to draw up a new Land Act, but he did say that the one lately introduced did not meet present requirements. (Applause.) In conclusion, he would say that he came before them as an independent candidate, as he was when they last elected him. He asked the electors to return him for himself alone, and promised them that if they did he would do his best for their interests, as he had ever done. He wanted no plumpers; one vote was enough for him, and if the people did not want him, he was quite content to let another take his place. (Loud and prolonged applause.)

In reply to questions, Mr. TRICKETT said he was in favour of auction sales being abolished. He was opposed to leasing the lands of the colony for 40 years. He favoured progressive leases, say for 10 years first, and if a man improved his land well, let him have an increased tenure at increased rent.

Mr. BRUCE SMITH proposed a vote of confidence in Mr. Trickett.

Mr. WILLIAM TAYLOR seconded the motion, which was carried with only one dissentient.

Mr. R. FLETCHER moved a vote of thanks to the chairman, and this having been carried and responded to, and cheers for the Queen and the candidate having been given, the meeting closed.

MR. J. W. ALLEN'S MEETING.

Mr. W. J. Allen held a meeting at the Council-chambers, Paddington, last evening. It was presided over by Mr. W. Taylor, who in a few complimentary remarks introduced the candidate to the meeting. Mr. Allen, after alluding to the leading questions of the day, stated that if he was returned he would endeavour, as far as he could, to support all measures calculated to benefit the colony as a whole. He was in favour of free selection before survey. At the same time he would be in favour of giving the squatters certain rights in order to protect their vested interests. He also referred to the bad working of the Licensing Act, and would be prepared to advocate some amendment of it. He said he was prepared to give any Ministry that was in power an independent support, reserving to himself the right to vote on all measures that might from time to time come before the Legislature, remarking that unless members of Parliament possessed this power they were not worthy the name of representatives—they were mere delegates. His remarks were well received by those present.

It was moved by Mr. Mullarkey, seconded by Mr. Larter, that Mr. W. J. Allen was a fit and proper person to represent the electorate of Paddington in the Parliament of New South Wales.

After a vote of thanks to the chairman, the meeting, which was an enthusiastic one, was brought to a close.

BALMAIN ELECTORATE.

MR. W. PRITCHARD'S MEETING.

Mr. W. Pritchard, last night, addressed the electors of Balmain at the Baldfaced Stag Hotel, Parramatta-road. Mr. Williams, ex-Mayor of Leichhardt, occupied the chair.

Mr. PRITCHARD said the present crisis was a very important one. It was nearly three years since they had had an opportunity of electing their representative. The great question upon which the Parliament was dissolved was the Land question. That was a very a very important question which had long occupied the attention of all thoughtful persons. The Land Bill of 1861 was introduced for the purpose of enabling the people to get homes for themselves, and to encourage agriculture in the colony. But those who supported that measure on its introduction, himself amongst the number, never anticipated that it would encourage so much fraud, so much dummyism—that it would place the lands of the colony to the extent and upwards of two million acres in the hands of about a dozen individuals; and this was a matter that was not desirable. They had all been looking forward to this promised Land Act, and they certainly did anticipate that when it was produced it would be one of a comprehensive character—one that would cure the abuses the present Land Act had led to. Instead of that it was simply the old one patched up. He had begun to think that his old friend, Sir John Robertson, was becoming demented, that he wanted a little rest, and that the sooner he got it the better. If he were returned he would not support any Government that would not bring in a comprehensive scheme of legislation—a scheme that would relieve the pockets of the people, and prevent additional taxation being levied upon them. He thought there should be a sufficient revenue derived from the lands of the colony to pay for the Government permanent works being carried out. If they were not careful the lands of the colony would slip into the hands of foreign capitalists, and then they themselves would have to pay the piper; they would be taxed as the people of the old country were. This was the real issue, and he believed he was the only one of the four candidates who had come out unmistakably, and said he disapproved of the present Land Act. If they would return him it would show the Government, whoever they might be, what was the opinion of the electors of Balmain and Leichhardt on this matter. He laboured under a considerable disadvantage with respect to these elections. He only knew of the intention of Government to dissolve Parliament a few days ago, while he learnt that day from his bill-sticker that he had been retained for this election by the other party three months in advance. With reference to the Licensing Act, that was admitted on all sides to be defective. He believed it was very necessary to legislate upon the licensing of public houses, but he did not believe in the liberty of the subject being infringed. The Act required amendment. The Defence Association had very properly put forward certain amendments, and while he did not pledge himself to support the whole of these amendments, he promised that the whole of them should have his most careful consideration. He certainly did not think that a publican should be legislated for more severely than anyone else. He considered the present Act a disgrace to a civilised community. He would not promise in what particular he would assist in amending it, but he would promise to give it his most earnest consideration. He was in favour of extending the City Improvement Act, and he was in favour of local self-government. He would advocate more powers being given to municipal bodies, and that money spent in an electorate should be laid out by the people. They knew very well they did not get the same value for their money when it was spent by the Government as when it was spent by the municipal councils. He was in favour of tramway extension, and he thought that the large suburbs should be connected with one another as well as with the city, because there were hundreds of men living in one suburb who had to go to their work every morning in suburbs 10 or 12 miles away. He thought, too, that the shores of Balmain, Pyrmont, and North Shore should be connected by bridges; but he considered the project of the Government for the North Shore bridge was an absurd one, and that the contract they had entered into in that matter was a disgrace to the Ministry, and only fit to be ranked with the Milburn Creek affair. He was in favour of the abolition of tollbars, and he was happy to say that the tollbar on the Parramatta-road would be removed at the end of the year, mainly through his exertions. Another matter he wished to speak of was the legislation with respect to persons carrying on the business of boiling down and other noxious trades. He had had a good deal to do with the removal of these nuisances, but he should advocate that the persons whose business was thus injured should be in some way compensated. He wished to refer to the action of the Government in dissolving Parliament without making any provision for the Public service. They wanted by this means to induce every Public servant to support them in keeping in office. And that brought him to the Civil service question; that was a matter that must be legislated upon. And, again, there was the Land Titles Office. In consequence of the numerous subdivisions that had taken place of late years, that office was overworked, and the result of that was that every man who bought a piece of land and wanted his title had to suffer. With reference to the Land Bill, he was not a member of the Government, nor did he desire to be, but if he were ever appointed Minister for Lands he would be prepared to put his views before them of what a Land Bill ought to be. But there were not two individuals in the present Parliament who would agree upon the Land question, and, consequently, before he made up his mind as to what should pass into law, he would hear both sides. He would hear and read everything that could be said or written on the question, and make himself acquainted with the requirements of people as far as he possibly could. In conclusion he would say that he had no particular axe to grind, only a desire to do what he considered best for the interests of the country. The usual formal motion of confidence in Mr. Pritchard was then made and carried *nem. con.*

MR. JACOB GARRARD'S MEETING.

Mr. Jacob Garrard, a former representative of the electorate of Balmain in the Legislative Assembly, and who is a candidate for re-election, addressed a large meeting of electors at the Bald Face Stag Hotel, Leichhardt, last evening. Mr. W. Inglis occupied the chair, and in introducing the candidate stated that he carried out every promise that he made when he last appeared before the electors. Mr. Garrard was one of themselves, and was always come-at-able.

Mr. GARRARD was received with applause. None of the other candidates had anything to say as to what they had done in the past, but they were big in promises for the future. But he could talk about what he had done. He had supported the passing of the Chinese Restriction Bill. He gave no uncertain sound upon the question of the Licensing Act. Before the passing of that Act, many of the so-called public-houses were nothing more than drinking dens. He was not disposed to touch the main principles of that bill, but was disposed to make the travellers' definition clause apply to places that were 10 miles from the metropolis. Botany was at times a perfect pandemonium, and the sooner that state of things was altered the better it would be. (Hear, hear.) With regard to the question of the water supply he supported a proposal to have an inquiry into Mr. Gipps' scheme, but the inquiry was not properly conducted, Mr. Moriarty, the advocate of a different scheme, being entrusted with the work of making the inquiry. He was bold enough to publish two years ago that he was a trades unionist. At that time those societies were illegal, but he brought in a bill to legalise and protect the funds of the trades unions. There had been between 3000 and 4000 trade unionists who had registered themselves under that law. He had been told that a number of employers in that electorate were going to vote against him because he introduced and succeeded in carrying the Employers' Liability Bill during the last session. He explained what the objects of the bill which he introduced were, the amendments which were made in the bill whilst it was passing through the Legislative Assembly, and the restoration of the bill while it was being passed through the Legislative Council to its original condition, in which form it was finally passed. He now came to a very important matter—that on which the last division was taken in the Legislative Assembly. Any man must acknowledge that land legislation in any country was the most difficult legislation that could possibly be undertaken. Why, if it was such a difficulty in the old country which they saw racked because of inefficient land legislation, was it not reasonable to suppose that the difficulty would be much greater in a country like this? And when his friend Sir John Robertson introduced his Land Bill in 1861 it was, he (Mr. Garrard), maintained the only bill that was suitable to the then existing circumstances of the colony. Perhaps it was that the veteran, Sir John Robertson, had not advanced as the colony had advanced. But many hundreds of persons who would not have had homes on our coast districts had those homes through the beneficent operations of the Act. The evils which had arisen were not so much owing to the principles of the bill as to the criminality of men who had wrested the provisions of the Act from their original intention, and had made them work to suit their own purposes. No one could deplore more than he did the antagonism existing between two important classes of the community. He did not think that the principles of the land laws were the cause of it, but the criminality and the greed of men. Now his position was this: A few weeks ago Sir John Robertson brought in what was called a Consolidated Land Bill. They were all well aware that the land laws had been frequently tinkered, and the result of that frequent tinkering was that the land laws were made much worse than they were originally. Sir John Robertson brought in a bill consolidating the land laws, bringing 10 Acts into one Act, and weeding out any superfluous clauses and expressions. Why, under the existing laws, the wisest barrister in this colony was at fault in interpreting what the provisions of the land law were, while to the ordinary man the land laws of this colony were quite a Chinese puzzle. Supposing no other good was done than to consolidate those Acts into one that would have been something worth accomplishing. But there were many other things in that Consolidating Act, amongst which were provisions for increasing the penalties to be imposed upon those who wrested the law from its original purposes. Sir John Robertson had always said that his child of 1861 was the prettiest, and was perfection indeed; but when he moved the second reading of the Consolidated Land Bill he (Mr. Garrard) was pleased to hear him say that he acknowledged that there were men in the House—Messrs. Farnell and Garrett in particular—who were as competent to deal with land legislation as he was. Sir John Robertson also said that he acknowledged that the law had been wrested from its original intention, and he would be pleased when the House went into committee on the bill to avail himself of the knowledge of those gentlemen to introduce amendments which would make the bill more perfect in the interests of the whole colony. He (Mr. Garrard) determined that, unless good cause was shown by the various speakers why he should adopt another course, he would vote for the second reading of the bill, hoping that when they got into committee amendments which he considered to be necessary would be introduced. And if, after the House had gone into committee, he found that the Government would not allow the bill to be amended, then he would have voted against the measure when it came on for the third reading. It had been said that the land legislation of this colony would always be a party question. More pity for the country that it was so. (Hear, hear.) If there was any one thing which ought to be considered as a national and not as a party question, it was the land laws of this colony; and when Sir John Robertson stated, not with a view to retaining office, but in the interests of the whole colony, that he was willing to have the bill amended, both the Government and the Opposition ought to have united in an earnest endeavour to make the land law as perfect as possible. (Hear, hear.) There were certain gentlemen who knew what the land laws of this colony are, but he did not profess to know much about the working of the land laws, and it would be a good job for many of the city and suburban members if they would say the same thing. He was, however, aware of certain well-defined abuses which had cropped up. He regretted that a number of the members, instead of arriving at conclusions after listening to the arguments of other members, voted like flocks of sheep. He had determined to listen to the arguments of a number of the members who were particularly well qualified to speak upon that subject; and, if they had made out a case that it would be utterly impossible to so amend the bill as to make it meet the requirements of the country, he would have voted against the second reading of the measure. It was quite understood that the division on the second reading would not take place for 10 days or a fortnight; in fact, speeches had been prepared on both sides which would take 10 days or a fortnight to deliver. But, owing to a fluke, the division was precipitated. At the very time that Mr. M'Elhone made his speech, which was a most powerful one, in which he showed the abuses which existed under the law, the Government side got very thin, and the Opposition side got very full. A member of the Opposition got up, but seemed to take in the situation at once and accordingly sat down, and then pulled down another member who was going to speak. The speaker had no choice but to put the question, and the division was taken. As he (Mr. Garrard) was disappointed by not getting the information he had hoped to hear from other speakers, he had to fall back upon voting for the second reading of the bill, with the hope that it would be amended in committee; and if not, he would have voted for the rejection of the measure when the third reading was proposed. Mr. Stuart made a most powerful speech. That gentleman criticised the bill, and then went on to say that such a principle ought to be incorporated in any land legislation, and the statement was cheered. When Mr. Stuart mentioned another principle which he considered ought to be embodied in the bill, he was again cheered; but this time it was not by the same members who cheered the first principle. If Mr. Stuart introduced a bill embodying all the principles he had advocated, he would not get a dozen members who would vote for him. Now he (Mr. Garrard), remembering the fable of the dog who grasped at the shadow and lost the substance, always liked to see something better before he parted with that which he had. He entered Parliament as an independent candidate, and the division list would show that he had voted with the Government when he considered that their proposals were right, and that he had voted against them when he considered they were wrong. He explained some matters in connection with the recreation ground, the schools, the proposed tramway, and the post and telegraph office.

On the motion of Mr. J. T. FRAZER, seconded by Mr. JAMES GILLARD, and supported by Mr. FREDERICK KING, the usual vote of confidence in the candidate was passed.

A vote of thanks having been passed to the chairman, the proceedings terminated.

MR. JOHN TAYLOR'S MEETING.

Mr. John Taylor, a candidate to represent Balmain in one of the two seats for that constituency in the House of Assembly, last night at 8 o'clock addressed a meeting of electors from the balcony of Deemer's hotel, Balmain. There was a large gathering, Alderman Punch occupying the chair, and introducing the candidate.

Mr. TAYLOR said that consequent upon the late sudden dissolution of Parliament, he was present that evening to ask them for their suffrages if they deemed him a worthy man to be one of their representatives in Parliament. By a wise clause which had been introduced at the time of the passing of the Electoral Bill of 1880, Balmain became entitled to be represented in the House of Assembly by two members. They would remember that on the occasion of the last election he had expressed his opinion that Balmain should be thus represented, and the Ministry had been petitioned with that object, but despite the efforts of the candidate it had not at that time been carried out. A dissolution as he had said had taken place, but he held—perhaps it was not wise of him to say so—that the Governor of the colony had taken a very unconstitutional course in not affording the Opposition an opportunity to say what it could do in the crisis. The Ministry had been defeated on the Land Bill by a large majority, and it had gone to the Governor and he had granted a dissolution, but on what grounds he could not say, but no doubt the time would come when an explanation would be given. These were the circumstances which led to him presenting himself before them, and if they thought him deserving he asked their votes; but if they thought the other candidates better men, and more worthy their support, they should give it to them. This point was for them to decide, and he would, to enable them to determine it, lay before them his political views, his hope being that their final decision would be to elect the two best men, whoever they might be. Having at heart the interest and welfare of this electorate, in which he had the honour of residing, he was desirous of representing it in Parliament with the object of still furthering and advancing its prosperity, and that of the colony of which it was so important a part. (Hear, hear.) If they thought him worthy of the honour he sought, and elected him to fill the office he aspired to, he hoped they would never have cause to regret having done so. With regard to his political principles, he might mention that he still adhered to the policy of free trade, which he had declared himself in favour of on the last occasion in which he came before them, but at the same time he would not hesitate to encourage local manufactures, even though it cost a little more to keep the work within the colony. (Hear, hear.) Because, even if they paid a little more to the local people, the extra expenditure would be indirectly returned through the Custom House. It would be useless for him to take up their time discussing measures which had now become law—such as the Education Act. Sir Henry Parkes had, he believed, remarked that by the end of the next month it would be beyond the power of Parliament to alter that measure, but the speaker thought that such an utterance went too far, for surely what Parliament had made Parliament could repeal. The question of repeal, however, was one that would not come before them, he hoped, for many years, if ever. With regard to the Licensing Act, he had no hesitation in saying that it had been one of the most tyrannical pieces of British legislation ever put in force; nevertheless he believed that many of its clauses were beneficial in their provisions, and that as a whole much good had emanated from it. It had been worked in such a manner under the stipendiary magistrates that the effect of the law was probably more severe than had been intended. He thought that in some respects the bill should be amended. The Ministry had promised to bring in a bill to amend the Act, and should the Ministry be again returned to office, and the speaker be elected a representative of the constituency of Balmain, he would give the bill his hearty support if it went far enough. He was not one who would deprive any man of his just rights—(hear, hear)—and certainly the administration of the Act in the past had been very arbitrary. The matter that came most prominently before them at the present time was the Land Bill; and he had no hesitation in saying that if he had had a seat in the House at the time that bill came forward he would have voted against it and with the Opposition, because he did not think it such a bill as met the necessities of the colony in that stage of its advancement marked by the year 1883. (Hear, hear.) Such a bill might no doubt have been excellently well suited to the circumstances of the colony in the year 1861, but it certainly was not suited to those of the present day. (Applause.) It was indeed a difficult question to solve, one requiring the greatest and closest consideration, and he was afraid would not be settled by the passing of one measure alone, but with the initiatory step accomplished of amending the present law the way would be open to still further advance and improvement in the future. (Applause.) If he were elected to a seat in the House of Assembly he would do all that lay in his power to try and make the law as beneficial as possible to the many, and not to leave the great riches of the land to the enjoyment of but a few. (Hear, hear, and applause.) He believed in survey before selection. The whole of the land open to be taken up should be surveyed and so planned out that on reference to the maps the agricultural lands and the pastoral could at once be seen. He would divide the present runs, and give those areas in the colony unfit for agricultural purposes for pastoral uses at a fair rental for terms of say 15 or 21 years. He was in favour of extending the railways throughout the colony, for he was glad to find that the present railways were bringing in a revenue far exceeding the interest paid on the expenditure incurred. He thought money borrowed under such circumstances a wise policy, and hence believed they could not do better than extend their lines of railway. Tram lines were also useful and profitable means of communication, and he thought a tram line should connect Balmain with the city. (Hear, hear.) The best route in his opinion would be across a bridge from Glebe Point to Balmain. Many a time he had gone to the Ministry and had advocated the construction of a bridge in the position he had stated, and indeed the matter had gone so far that soundings were taken and estimates prepared, and the Hon. John Sutherland had promised to put £30,000 on the Estimates to carry it out, but the work after all had never been executed. He believed that this bridge should now be made to carry a tramway across to Balmain, not perhaps that it would be patronised by all the travellers, for if good accommodation and speed were given them on the boats, the people would take the quicker route, but tramways were undoubtedly a great boon to the districts they passed through. They heard that there was going to be a tramway made to Ryde, but the route had not yet been finally determined on. He thought that across the proposed Glebe bridge through Balmain and across the Iron Cove bridge—though he feared the latter would be too narrow—would be the best route it could take. (Hear, hear.) In such and in other ways he would, if elected, endeavour to advance the prosperity of this large and influential electorate. (Hear, hear.) But two years ago the electoral roll for the constituency showed 2321 electors, now the number was nearly 5000, a very great increase, and if it continued in the same ratio, no doubt it would soon become necessary to have three members to represent it in the House of Assembly. With regard to local reforms, he believed it most necessary that the shore lands should be reclaimed where possible. Nothing in this direction had as yet been done beyond the purchase of the land at Snail's Bay. Whether the Government was going to do anything further he could not say, but he would endeavour, if returned, to do all he could to carry out these great and beneficial improvements. The next important matter was a large and pure supply of water. No doubt they were aware that he had already exerted himself in this direction, and would give him some little credit for having, in his place as an alderman, been instrumental in having a supply of water brought into Balmain. In the year 1880 the water was brought from the Abattoirs to the Unity Hall, Darling-street, and this present year it had been carried from the West End Hotel down Reynolds-street, Wortley-street, Palmer-street, Vincent-street, Adolphus-street, Wallace-street, and Ewington-street, thence from Darling-street to Nicholson and Stephens streets. At the last meeting of the council a sum of from £5000 to £6000 had been voted to carry the high pressure of water at Paddington from the Petersham railway bridge into Balmain. He had been successful in carrying that motion, and considered that it was one of the most beneficial works ever determined upon for the welfare of the borough. Water brought cleanliness, which was next to godliness. Without it they could do nothing. Hitherto they had not been able to obtain a sufficient pressure from the Crown-street reservoir. At the same time the supply increased the value of property it decreased the rates of fire insurances. There were many other topics he could dwell upon, but the passage of time prevented him. It was not his intention to say one word against the other candidates. On his own part he assured them that he had not "bunched" with anyone, but that he stood entirely upon his own merits. He had been asked by one or two to go with them, but he had refused from the very first, and said that he would go alone and leave it to the electors to choose the two men they thought the better. He thanked them for their fair and impartial hearing, and hoped they would accord the same courtesy to the other candidates who would come before them. (Applause.)

Upon the motion of Mr. J. MOFFAT, seconded by Mr. J. FARRELL, a vote of confidence in the candidate was moved and carried.

Mr. Taylor also held meetings at Flood's Hotel and the Merton Estate Hotel.

ST. LEONARDS ELECTORATE.

Mr. C. A. Atchison addressed the electors of St. Leonards at the hall of the School of Arts, on Monday evening. The building was crowded to excess. Throughout the proceedings the audience were most orderly and attentive. Mr. Atchison on taking his seat upon the platform was greeted with prolonged applause. Upon the platform were Messrs. D. Wilson, R. Seldon, E. M. Sayers, W. Cope, Captain Jenkins, Messrs. Forsyth, Overall, Mann, M'Burny, and other leading gentlemen of the district interested in Mr. Atchison's return. The Mayor of the Borough of Victoria, Mr. F. Smith, being voted to the chair, said he was sure Mr. Atchison's well-known ability and the interest he had taken in all public movements for the improvement of the shore, together with his liberal views upon general public questions, would insure him a patient hearing from the electors.

Mr. Atchison, who, on rising, was greeted with loud applause, said that, after the very flattering reception he had met with from his hearers, his task was made light and easy, and although it might not be known to the electors, he had been the first to move in the matter of obtaining their just representation in the Parliament by procuring a second member. He had interested himself with the press, and subsequently caused a question to be asked in the House which caused the matter almost immediately to be announced in the *Government Gazette*. (A Voice: We will make you the second.) He would feel the full responsibility of the honour of the position if they did so. He thought nothing could be more justifiable than the ambition to try and be of benefit to his native country. He would now speak of the great question that agitated the public mind, viz., Sir J. Robertson's Land Bill, on which the Government was defeated. He was in favour of survey before selection. It was highly necessary that a selector should know the exact boundaries of his property that he might be able to at once fence it in and so prevent all further trouble with his neighbours and the squatter as to his exact possession. He would give the squatter fixity of tenure, say, for 10 years, making him pay an increased rental, so that he would not be hampered with men whose sole business it was to go about the country taking up selections for no other purpose than to embarrass the squatter and levy black mail. The present practice with regard to the lands of the colony had been the cause of interminable litigation, had set class against class where there should have been mutual help and confidence. It had been the cause of lying, deceit, and perjury, and it was in the interests of moral right that the Legislature should immediately take action to prevent the country from being thus demoralised. He would be no party to the passing of Sir John Robertson's Land Bill. He did not say that, in the past, many of the clauses had not been productive of much good, but he asserted that both in the past and present the law had been the father of great evil. At this election the electors must not forget that this was the great test question of the country. Were they prepared to destroy their own prospects and those of future generations by locking up the country in the hands of the few? They should not be led away by any side issues, but satisfy their minds on this great question first, and then see that their candidate possessed broad views upon other topics. There was one thing that must not be forgotten. It was

(Continued on Page 13.)

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 28.

Jerusalem, ship, 961 tons, Captain Breach, from London 19th August. Passengers—Mrs. Breach and Master Breach. Montefiore, Joseph, and Co., agents.

Lismore (s.), 500 tons, Captain B. Alley, from Richmond River. Passengers—Saloon: Miss Taylor, Mrs. Hemphill, Mrs. Waters, Mr. A. Fox, and 7 in the steerage. B. B. Nicoll, agent.

City of Melbourne (s.), 838 tons, Captain D. Calder, from Noumea November 17. Passengers—Mrs. Salisbury, Mrs. Hauchar, Mrs. Jeannet, Mrs. Blane, Miss Salisbury, Miss Barbot, Miss Blane, Messrs. S. P. Salisbury, Berrot, Taconnet, M. de Lesquin, M. le Baron, Didgeon, Masters Salisbury (2), and 5 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

Allowrie (s.), 500 tons, Captain G. Walker, from Ulladulla and Clyde River 27th instant. Passengers—Miss Briggs, Miss Berry, Miss Ewin, Miss Thorpe, Miss Ross, Messrs. Anderson, Jennings, M'Covey, Ella, Thomas, Gowan, Hunt, O'Brien, Antill. I. S. N. Co., agents.

Ly-ee-Moon (s.), 1202 tons, Captain G. Tait, from Melbourne 25th instant. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Cooey, Mrs. Kate Allison, Miss Fitzpatrick, Miss M. Brown, Miss Cullen, Miss Miller, Miss Scott, Miss Cooey, two sisters of St. Joseph, Rev. Father O'Dwyer, Rev. J. S. Laing, Rev. J. B. Laughton, Captain Jay, Messrs. R. H. D. White, C. Heath, Smith, G. E. O. Sayer, J. Holm, F. H. Green, G. Slyman, W. H. Simpkins, H. H. Vincent, T. J. Wright, F. Pepper, R. Candy, P. Daley, D. Mansfield, G. Haines, Master Cooey, and 35 in the steerage. A. S. N. Company, agents.

Ranelagh (s.), Captain Durrell, from Rockhampton via ports. Passengers—Mrs. Jones and 2 children, Miss Champion, Dr. B. Crouther, Messrs. W. Hindmarsh, J. Busteed, E. Boker, H. H. Cornish, V. Bradley, J. Le Roy, B. Naughran, W. Champion, Guthrie, and 29 in the steerage.

Kiama (s.), 175 tons, Captain Baxter, from Moruya November 27. Passengers—Messrs. J. Windeyer and W. Goodwin. I.S.N. Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 28.

Leura (s.), for Melbourne.
Derwent (s.), for Brisbane, Maryborough, and Rockhampton.
Ne Oblie (s.), for Port Macquarie.
Coraki (s.), for Richmond River.
City of Grafton (s.), for Grafton.
Murray (s.), for Manning River.
Australian (s.), for Clarence River.
John Duthie, ship, for London.
Quiraing (s.), for Brisbane.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 29.

Ly-ee-Moon (s.), for Melbourne; Gunga (s.), for Levuka and Suva.

CLEARANCES.—NOVEMBER 28.

Menmuir (s.), 1247 tons, Captain W. Ellis, for Melbourne.
British General ship, 1754 tons, Captain R. H. Tulloch, for San Francisco.
Wentona (s.), 404 tons, Captain H. L. Morwick, for Melbourne, via Fiji.

Quiraing (s.), 653 tons, Captain J. M'Lean, for Brisbane and Northern ports. Passengers—Mrs. M'Culloch, Mrs. Lovegrove, Mrs. Picardo, Miss Dangard, Miss Bray, Miss M'Callum, Rev. F. Cahill, Hon. J. J. Casey, C.M.G., Messrs. A. B. Bright, E. B. Ashdown, Fohn, M'Culloch, H. C. Paterson, Thomas, Roth, Rumie, J. Hughes, Dangard, James Clark, Octavius, Bernard, S. May, Rowe, Caird, S. H. Cotton, F. D. Chambers, John Rott, P. Ricardo, Julius, G. T. Hayzen, C. W. Colthurst, Hill, Warburton, R. R. Taylor, Turvey, and 33 in the steerage.

Derwent (s.), 478 tons, Captain H. Bristow, for Brisbane, Maryborough, and Rockhampton. Passengers—Mrs. Cromby, Mrs. Hassell, Mrs. Lavers, Mrs. Clank and child, Mrs. Dunn and 2 children, Misses Phipps, Cromby, M. M'Donald, Moxley, N. Moxley, Messrs. J. Anderson, G. O. Smith, E. Schweitze, W. B. Lisney, P. M. Herrick, K. Starrimon, J. Orchard, C. E. Young, Shum, G. Acheson, C. E. M'Donald, A. Irving, W. Balcock, Hassell, J. Darlington, H. Kidd, and 29 in the steerage.

Leura (s.), 1188 tons, Captain J. Pain, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mesdames Partridge, Terrill, Little, D. H. Davis, Mackenzie, Saunders, Witchell, Greenwood, Vosey, Misses Good, Firth, Wallis, A. Little, O'Neill, Mackenzie, A. Willis, Greenwood, Messrs. B. Lee, E. Lee, H. Corry, L. A. Davis, E. Evans, Witchell, E. J. Gardiner, R. A. Tooth, W. Sutcliffe, A. De la Camera, R. Christian, G. Steward, and 50 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—NOVEMBER 28.

Fanny Fisher, from Newcastle, with 320 tons coal; Fairlie, from Newcastle, with 260 tons coal; Escort, from Newcastle, with 180 coal; Tuggerah, from Terrigal, with 32,000 feet timber; Satsuma, from Wreck Bay, with 60,000 feet timber; Marie, from Newcastle, with 300 tons coal; Nile, from Newcastle, with 220 tons coal; Agnes Rose, from Port Stephens, with 17,500 feet timber; Isabelle, from Newcastle, with 190 tons coal; Guiding Star, from Manning River, with 18,000 feet timber; Dairymaid, from Shellharbour, with sundries; Hastings, from Port Macquarie, with 49 logs timber; Sea Breeze, from Manning River, with 7000 feet cedar, 22,000 feet hardwood, and 1000 palings; Maid of Australia, from Hawkesbury River, with 200 bushels maize; Lady St. Aubyn, from Newcastle, with coal; Maggie, from Tweed River, with 25,000 feet timber; Ann, from Port Stephens, with 14,000 feet timber; Huntley Castle, from Port Stephens, with 30,000 feet timber; Crest of the Wave, from Newcastle, with 160 tons coal; White Cloud, from Cape Hawke, with 20,000 feet timber; Flora Bell, from Cape Hawke, with 18,600 feet timber; Ettie, from Port Stephens, with 18,000 feet timber; Commonwealth (s.), from Hunter River, with 300 bales wool, 122 bales hay, 50 hides, 26 bags bran, 20 bags oysters, 8 cases eggs, 15 cases biscuits, 5 coops fowls, 7 bales sheepskins, 2 casks tallow, 61 calves, 18 baskets prawns, and a quantity of furniture; Maitland (s.), from Morpeth, with 774 bales wool, 8 bags wool, 3 casks tallow, 50 bags potatoes, 66 bags flour, 13 horses, 22 baskets fish, 1 crate cabbages, 1 cart, 40 pigs, a quantity of old iron, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—NOVEMBER 28.

Fairlie, Escort, Fanny Fisher, Marie, Nile, Isabelle, Lady St. Aubyn, Crest of the Wave, for Newcastle; Tuggerah, for Wreck Bay; Agnes Rose, Ann, Huntley Castle, Ettie, for Port Stephens; Guiding Star, Sea Breeze, for Manning River; Maggie, for Tweed, via Newcastle; White Cloud, Flora Bell, for Cape Hawke; Maid of Australia, for Hawkesbury River.

IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 28.

[No special charge is made for consignees' notices in this column.]

Ly-ee-Moon (s.), from Melbourne: 325 bags malt, 525 bags flour, 15 cases ale, 20 boxes soap, 60 cases chains, 9 cases stearine, 20 cases insulators, 148 lengths pipe, 50 bundles 48 coils wire, 283 half-chests 700 quarter-chests tea, 128 packages treacle, 20 cases syrup, and 272 packages sundries.

Jerusalem, ship, from London: 15 cases, Justus Scharff; 250 packages, Rabone, Feez; 166 cases, A. Zouve and Co.; 4 packages, Commercial Bank; 229 packages, Hugo Wertheim; 57 packages, W. Gardiner; 10 packages, E. Row and Co.; 7 cases, Elvy and Co.; 2 cases, Alfred Bennett; 5 cases, E. Bennett; 29 cases, A. Hordern and Sons; 26 cases, C. Newton Brothers and Co.; 10 reels, J. Fairfax and Sons; 293 cases, 58 bales, Griffiths and Co.; 87 packages, S. Hunning; 16 packages, John Read; 150 packages, Elliott Brothers; 13 cases, W. Perry and Co.; 8 packages, R. Binnie and Son; 171 cases, 150 packages, 82 cases provisions, 12 cases hams, 100 cases wine, 56 bales, 810 kegs white lead, 177 cases whisky, 23 pieces ironwork, 1 cask, Montefiore, Joseph, and Co.; 7 packages, J. Sands; 85 packages, R. Gray, Son and Co.; 300 cases wine, Curcier and Adet; 2 cases, T. M. Willis; 2 cases, P. Guerin; 4 cases, Blackburn and Co.; 15 packages, D. Davis; 16 packages, 7 cases, Crawford and Co.; 5 packages, R. Blair; 9 packages, Smith, Phillips, and Co.; 48 pairs pipe boxes, 14 packages, 48 cast arms, E. Taylor and Son; 8 cases, D. M. Mitchell; 3 cases, J. Cunningham; 2 packages, T. E. Hall; 70 crossings, 130 chem. rails, 71 cases, Secretary Public Works; 1 package, Dalley Brothers; 6 bales, Gibbs, Shallard; 2 baskets, C. F. Larcombe; 10 cases, G. Robertson; 14 cases, P. D. Orr and Co.; 12 packages, E. P. Capper and Son; 157 cases oilmen's stores, Tillock and Co.; 31 packages, Dalgety, Blackwood, and Co.; 9 cases, 36 slabs marble, Oddling Brothers; 16 cases oilmen's stores, W. Hunter; 200 cases geneva, 190 cases 10 hogsheads 32 quarter-casks wine, 100 cases beer, 160 cases rum, 4 barrels wine, 3 tuns, 1000 cases candles, 352 cases oilmen's stores, 15 pockets hops, 500 casks cement, 37 rolls lead, 30 tanks malt, 200 cases salts, 18 cases furniture, 9 packages rope, 35 cases camp ovens, 170 cases fish, 2097 cases, 823 packages, 20 casks, 10 quarter-casks, 21 bales, Order.

City of Melbourne (s.), from Noumea: 22 cases and 1317 ingots nickel, 1587 bags copra, 150 bags maize, 10 bags sundries, 2 cases bedsteads, 1 case table, 1 hogshead molasses, 200 empty casks, 193 hides, 2 hogsheads tallow, 4 bales sheepskins, 1 cask wine, 270 bunches bananas, 29 packages, and sundries.

Ranelagh (s.), from Queensland ports: 68 tierces tallow, 98 bales wool, 811 hides, 18 cases fruit, 10 bales skins, and 84 packages sundries.

Ex Jerusalem: 95 cases half-pint sauce; 5 cases pints; 177 cases Usher's whisky; 310 kegs genuine whitelead; 30 bales ore bags; 100 cases Perrier's champagne, quarts and pints; 50 cases Anglo-Swiss milk; 20 cases fortified limejuice; 12 cases Cheddar cheese; 12 cases hams; 8 cases musical instruments—MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, AND CO.

Ex Jerusalem: 50 cases German beer; 100 cases bell brand gin; 150 cases fresh herrings; 75 cases kippered herrings; 20 cases Finnon haddocks; 20 bales paper hangings; 500 cases D'Arcy's whisky—BARER JOHNSTON AND CO.

Ex Mirzapore: 150 cases Thistle brand gin—BAKER JOHNSTON AND CO.

Ex Drumburton: 362 packages nutmegs, cocoa, mustard, pepper, cloves, ginger, &c.—A. G. CHURCHWOOD, 147, York-street.

Ex Euxine: 78 bags white 63 bags black pepper; 30 cases nutmegs, 20 bags cloves; 170 bags tapioca—A. G. CHURCHWOOD, 147, York-street.

Ex City of New York: 84 packages sausage skins—A. G. CHURCHWOOD, 147, York-street.

Ex Loch Fergus: 580 packages Weston and Westall's salt—A. G. CHURCHWOOD, 147, York-street.

EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 28.

British General, ship, for San Francisco: 2520 tons coal.

Menmuir (s.), for Melbourne: Part of original cargo.

Quiraing (s.), for Brisbane and Northern ports: 12 drums tar, 8 cases containing cornsheller and fittings, 151 bullock yokes, 7 cases clocks, 1 chaffcutter, 3 cases pianos, 30 boxes and crates pipes, 10 cases sarsaparilla, 1 buggy, 29 horses, 20 cases milk, 180 cases goods, 15 bottles quicksilver, 50 crates bottles, 18 quarter-casks brandy, 9 cases stout, 35 cases cheese, 8 cases glucose, 43 coils wire, 8 bales leather, 9 packages hardware, 4 bundles shovels, 33 bars steel, 27 axle arms, 12 axle arms and boxes, 10 packages boots, 40 cart boxes, 7 cases ironmongery, 36 packages nails, 14 bales fibre, 29 pipes, 2 cases sewing machines, 10 cases blacking, 700 sacks flour, 15 springs, 7 cases G. iron, 19 cases tobacco, 50 packages drapery, 293 bars 71 bundles 6 sheets 14 plates iron, and sundries.

Leura (s.), for Melbourne: 1 case Xmas cards, 30 cases sewing machines, 3 cases charts, a quantity of shale, 1 case jewellery, 295 bags potatoes, 65 cases lime, 2 bags hair, 88 bags oysters, 2 cases cotton goods, 15 cases champagne, 10 quarter-casks rum, 40 empty kegs, 406 half 77 quarter and 5 cases fruit, 16 packages tallow, 17 logs cedar, 5 cases cigars, 662 hides, 79 kegs white lead, and sundries.

Derwent (s.), for Brisbane and Northern ports: 18 bales hops, 4 cases iron safes, 6 cases castor oil, 6 cases periodicals, 3 cornsackers, 90 bundles barb wire, 7 cases pianos, 1 boat, 2 cases cutlery, 25 cases sauce, 102 demijohns, 4 bundles flour pails, 3 crates horseshoes, 1 parcel almanacks, 52 bags bark, 120 cart boxes, 18 cases ginger wine, 15 cases pickles, 95 cases schnapps, 75 cases brandy, 10 cases old tom, 2 cases containing gas engine, 1 package electroplate, 11 bales oakum and spun yarn, 5 cases bitters, 5 cases chutney, 3 bags nuts, 3 cases gasoline, 30 packages sewing-machines, 15 cases wire, 32 packages hardware, 2 cases books, 25 empty hogsheads, 17 casks merchandise, 3 bags carraway seed, 4 axle-arms and boxes, 3 cases pepper, 20 bales hair, 50 empty casks, 8 packages fancy goods, 3 cases cotton goods, 32 cases cheese, 15 ovens, 83 packages drapery, 39 cases jam, 13 packages boots, 80 half-chests, 10 chests, 84 boxes tea, 5 packages ironmongery, 12 cases nails, 4 packages rivets, 5 cases clothing, 4 cases detonators, 10 kegs white lead, 3 cases castor oil, 11 cases rum, 80 cases salmon, 5 cases sardines, 4 crates earthenware, 560 bars iron, 100 bars iron, 299 half-cases, 112 quarter-cases, and 6 cases fruit, 54 cases preserved fruit, and sundries.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered Outwards, November 28: Menmuir (s.), 1247 tons, Captain W. Ellis, for Melbourne; Ly-ee-Moon (s.), 745 tons, Captain G. Tait, for Melbourne; Quiraing (s.), 653 tons, Captain J. M'Lean, for Brisbane and northern ports; Sophocles, ship, 1320 tons, Captain A. Smith, for Hongkong; Canopus, barque, 450 tons, Captain R. Loose, for Levuka.

The barque Jerusalem spoke the British ship Stacathro, of Dundee, bound from Newcastle to Madras, on the 15th instant, in long. 140·37 E., lat. 39·18 S. The Stacathro was then eight days out.

The ship John Duthie cleared the Heads at 4.10 p.m. yesterday afternoon, with a full general cargo for London.

The German steamer Barcelonia was berthed alongside the Circular Quay yesterday morning.

The Ly-ee-Moon (s.) was yesterday afternoon hauled up on the slip at the A. S. N. Co.'s Works to undergo an overhaul.

The barque Jerusalem, from London, entered the Heads yesterday morning, and anchored in Neutral Bay. Captain Breach reports that he left London on August 19, and had very dirty weather, with strong gales from S.W. for several days afterwards, and as there were no signs of a break, the ship was brought up in Bembridge Bay, Isle of Wight, until the weather moderated. After remaining at anchor here for two days, a fresh start was made, but the ship had scarcely got an offing when a strong gale from the S.W. was encountered, lasting for 24 hours. Afterwards had strong westerly winds, which continued until August 30, when it hauled round to the N.W., and remained there until the N.E. trades were picked up in 27° N. These lasted until 15° N., and then variable weather was had until nearing the line, when a S.W. monsoon was met with. The Equator was passed on September 24, in long. 23° W. The S.E. trades were got in 2° S., and carried to 20° S.; at first they were fresh, but afterwards fell off considerably. Variable weather succeeded, and continued until the meridian of the Cape was passed on October 19, in 41·48 S. The easting was run down on the 41st parallel, westerly winds prevailing during the greater part of the time, one exception being a strong gale from the southward. Cape Otway was sighted on the 17th. Light winds and calms were met with going through the Straits, and from Cape Howe till arrival strong head winds impeded her progress. It is almost needless to say that the Jerusalem is in excellent order. She brings a large general cargo, and is consigned to Montefiore, Joseph, and Co.

The Ly-ee-Moon (s.) left Sandridge Pier at 3.30 a.m. on the 25th instant, cleared Port Phillip Heads at 7 p.m. same day, passed Wilson's Promontory at 4.12 a.m. on the 26th, rounded Gabo Island at 10.45 p.m. same day, and entered Sydney Heads yesterday morning. Experienced strong head winds and hazy weather, with moderate head sea, throughout the passage.

Two steam launches built by Mr. W. Dunn, of Berry's Bay, North Shore, to the order of Mr. M. Byrnes, proprietor of the Pyrmont Steam Ferry, were launched yesterday, and christened Mary and Annie respectively by Mr. Byrne's daughters, after whom they were named. These launches will undoubtedly be a credit to the harbour fleet when they are finished, which will be in about three weeks. Messrs. Halliday Brothers will put the engines in them.

The City of Melbourne (s.) left the company's wharf, Sydney, on Friday, November 17th, at 1.15 p.m., clearing Sydney Heads the same day at 2 p.m. Experienced light and moderate easterly winds, with fine weather and moderate head sea throughout the passage. Entered the Balari Pass at 9 p.m. on Tuesday, November 21st, arriving in Noumea at 10.15 p.m. Left Noumea again on Friday, November 24th, at 11.20 a.m., clearing the Balari Pass at 6.30 p.m. Experienced light southerly winds with fine weather and smooth sea up till the morning of the 27th instant, thence to arrival had a light and moderate northerly wind and fine weather. Entered Sydney Heads yesterday at 3 p.m., and arrived at the company's wharf at 4 p.m.

The Lismore (s.) crossed the Richmond River bar at 10.15 a.m. on the 26th instant, passed Smoky Cape at 4 a.m. on the 27th, and entered Sydney Harbour at 5 a.m. on the 28th. Experienced N.E. winds and pleasant weather to arrival. Cargo: 15 hides, 327 bags maize, 3544 mats sugar, 152 casks molasses, 5 cases eggs, 2 coops poultry, 5 casks tallow, and sundries.

The Allowrie (s.) left the Clyde bar at noon of the 27th instant, Ulladulla at 6 p.m., passed Cape St. George at 9.10 p.m., entered Sydney Heads at 7 a.m. of the 28th, and arrived at Phœnix Wharf at 7.35 a.m. Experienced strong northerly winds and high sea throughout the passage. Cargo: 1000 spokes, 1200 felloes, 3000 feet timber, 30 bags bark, 160 kegs butter, 5 baskets fish, 15 bags oysters, 3 bales bacon, 4 bags ditto, 8 cases eggs, 40 pigs, 6 calves, and sundries.

We understand that a cablegram has been received from the board of directors of the Orient Steamship Company, ordering the operations which are now being carried on with the view of raising the Austral to be stopped. Another scheme, it appears, is to be tried, and that is to build a coffer dam around the whole ship, and then pump it and the vessel dry at the same time. The carrying out of this plan will entail a very great expenditure, but there is no doubt that it has been decided to adopt it in preference to other plans which have been submitted, after the opinions of the leading scientists of Great Britain, if not of Europe, have been obtained.

The Kiama (s.) crossed Moruya bar at 10 a.m. on 27th instant, and passed Cape St. George at 11 p.m. same night, and entered Sydney Heads at 4.50 p.m. on the 28th. Had strong N. to N.E. winds and heavy sea throughout the passage. Cargo: 40 hides, 16 kegs butter, 24 bags oysters, 180 bags bark, 3 coops fowls, 3 bags fish, 1 cask tallow, 3 cases birds, 8 cases eggs, 600 cheeses, and sundries.

The Ranelagh (s.), left Rockhampton on Friday, 24th November, at 8.30 a.m.; arrived at Maryborough on the 25th, at 8 a.m.; left again on the 26th, at 8 a.m.; arrived at Brisbane same day, at 11.40 p.m.; left there on Monday, 27th, at 10.30 a.m.; arrived in Sydney on Tuesday, 28th, at midnight, thus making the passage from Brisbane wharf to Sydney wharf in 37½ hours, or an average of 13½ knots throughout. Experienced S.E. and E. winds to Brisbane; thence to Richmond River, light easterly winds; thence to Smoky Cape, light northerly winds; thence to port fresh N.E. winds and hazy weather.

TELEGRAPHIC SHIPPING NEWS.

BRISBANE.—Departures: November 28, You Yangs, for Sydney, this evening. The Egmont (s.), for Rockhampton, left Maryborough this afternoon. The Keilawarra (s.) left Rockhampton at noon for Sydney. The Elamang (s.), for Cooktown, left Bowen at noon. The Katoomba (s.), for Sydney, left Bowen this morning. She has broken one shaft, but is steering well.

MACLEAY HEADS.—November 28, Pelican, tug, from Solitary Islands, last night, reports all well. The Ranelagh (s.) passed south at 11.20 a.m.

PORT STEPHENS.—November 28, Regent Bird, schooner, windbound. Departure: November 28, Victor, for Sydney.

NEWCASTLE.—Arrivals: November 28, Kembla (s.), Morpeth (s.), Boomerang (s.), Barrabool (s.), Nemesis (s.), Tasmania (s.), Tamar (s.), from Sydney. Departures: November 28, Campsey Glen, for Java, with 777 tons coal; Hirondelle, Leila Hook, Amy, Upolu, Scotia, Tasmania (s.), Kembla (s.), Lubra (s.), for Sydney.

WOLLONGONG.—Arrival: November 28, Kameruka (s.), from Sydney. Departure: November 28, Kameruka (s.), for Kiama.

KIAMA.—Arrivals: November 28, Civility (s.), Beagle (s.), Pioneer (s.), from Sydney. Departure: November 27, Lass o' Gowrie (s.), for Sydney.

JERVIS BAY.—Arrivals: November 28, Alice May and Retriever, schooners. Ada, Moses Fletcher, Ino, Alfred Edward, Bonnie Dundee, at anchor.

EDEN.—Departure: November 28, Hunter (s.), for Sydney.

CAPE OTWAY.—November 28: Passed at 7 p.m., Hawkesbury, ship, from London, bound to Sydney.

MELBOURNE.—Arrivals: November 28, Ferret, from Adelaide; Taramung, from Newcastle; Professor Johnson, barque, from Frederickstadt; Superior, barque, from Loderham. Departures: November 28, Rodondo (s.), for Sydney; Suva (s.), for Fiji; Ccorong, for Adelaide; Jeremiah Thompson, for Newcastle.

ADELAIDE.—Departure: November 28, Claud Hamilton (s.), for Melbourne.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—NOVEMBER 28.

Victoria.—Cloudy throughout; raining heavily at Melbourne and Echuca; threatening rain at Cape Otway; at Echuca 0·70 fell; ·50 at Melbourne; ·40 at Omeo; ·21 at Lake Entrance; ·19 at Wilson's Promontory; ·12 at Cape Otway; ·07 at Portland; squally at Wilson's Promontory, with a slight sea. The barometer has risen about ·09.

Tasmania.—Low Head: Fresh W.N.W. breeze and cloudy.

New Zealand.—Generally fine, with high barometer, 30·3; wind S.E. at Russell, S.W. at Bluff, and S.W. at Wellington.

New South Wales.—Cloudy generally, especially W. and S. 21 stations record rain this morning. (See Weather Map.) Raining at Euston, and every appearance of rain at a number of the other stations. Violent thunderstorm last night at Temora, with 1·26 of rain; still showery at 9 a.m.; rough sea at Moruya Heads. The barometer has fallen about ·10.

Queensland.—Fine throughout, with very light S.E. breeze; slight sea at Townsville. The barometer has fallen about ·05.

3 P.M. OBSERVATIONS.

Victoria.—Melbourne, S., 13, light rain, temperature 55°; Cape Otway, S.W., 18, cloudy, gloomy, moderate sea, temperature 58°; Portland, W., 34, cloudy, smooth sea, temperature 80°; Wilson's Promontory, S.W., 23, heavy rain, slight sea, temperature 51°.

New South Wales.—Sydney, E.N.E., fresh, cloudy, smooth sea, temperature 74°; Newcastle, N.E., fine, smooth sea, temperature 73°; Forbes, calm, dull, temperature 80°; Goulburn, W., dull, temperature 76°; Wentworth, S.W., cloudy, stormy, temperature 73°; Menindie, S., cloudy, stormy, temperature 72°; Albury, calm, dull, showery, temperature 76°; Eden, E.S.E., 14, cloudy, moderate sea, temperature 71°.

STATE OF RIVERS.

Murrumbidgee: At Hay, 2 feet 6 inches above summer level, falling; at Balranald, 5 feet 6 inches above summer level. Murray: At Albury, 4 feet 5 inches above summer level; at Euston, 14 feet 6 inches above summer level. Darling: At Wentworth, 12 feet 3 inches above summer level; at Pooncarie, summer level; at Menindi, 6 feet 6 inches above summer level; Wilcannia, 8 feet 6 inches above summer level; at Bourke, 2 feet above summer level, falling.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR NOVEMBER 29.

Sun rises at 4.44 a.m., sets at 6.34 p.m.; Moon rises at 10.32 p.m., sets at 8 14 a.m.; Mercury, 4.14 a.m., 6.5 p.m.; Venus, 5.29 a.m., 8.2 p.m.; Mars, 4.57 a.m., 7.9 p.m.; Jupiter, 8.26 p.m., 6.18 a.m.; Saturn, 5.29 p.m., 4.5 a.m. New moon, 11th; full moon, 25th.

High water at Fort Denison, November 29: 10.57 a.m., 11.17p.m.

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.

T. COSGROVE AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.; at the Camperdown Yards, at 2, Horses.

W. INGLIS AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.; at the Camperdown Yards, at 2, Horses.

MORT AND CO.—At their Wool Warehouse, at 2, Sheepskins; at 3, Wool.

RICHARDSON AND NIXON.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.; at 9, Hay, &c.

G. WELLS.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.; at 9, Hay, &c.; at Hunter River Co.'s Wharf, at 11, Hay, &c.

DENT AND PERRY.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, &c.

J. RODD.—At his Rooms, at 11, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

B. R. HARRIS AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Oil Paintings, Oleographs, Mouldings, &c.

C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Wire Nails, Galvanised Iron, Tables, Grindstones, &c.; on the Premises, George-street, at 11, Boots, Shoes, Shop Fittings, &c.

FRASER AND CO.—At the City Mart, at 11, Sugars, Teas, Groceries, Oilmen's Stores, &c.; at 3, Mouldings, Doors, Lumber, &c.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN.—At their Rooms, at 11, Earthenware, China, Glass, Electroplated Ware, &c.

A. MOORE AND CO.—On the Premises, Rosemount, Summer-hill, at 11, Furniture, &c.

W. PRITCHARD.—On the Premises, 157, Elizabeth-street, at 2.30, Building Materials.

HARRISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—At their Rooms, at 2.30, Calcula Station, &c.

HARDIE AND GORMAN.—At their Rooms, at 11.30, Houses and Land.

H. L. DUNN AND SON.—At their Rooms, at 11, Unredeemed Pledges.

THE SOUTHERN AUCTIONEERING COMPANY.—At their Mart, at 11, Furniture and Effects.

THE RENEWAL OF LIFE.—A gentleman writes:—"I tried your Fruit Salt some time back, and have taken it for every illness, and must say, truly, to take it is the renewal of life. The effect is marvellous." Prepared by J. C. Eno's patent, at Hatcham Fruit salt Works, S.E. Price, 2s 9d and 4s 6d. Sold by all chemists. Caution.—Legal rights are protected in every civilised country. Examine each bottle, and see the capsule is marked "Eno's Fruit Salt;" without it, you have been imposed upon by worthless imitations. Sold by all chemists, price 2s 9d and 4s 6d. Directions in sixteen languages "How to Prevent Disease." Prepared only at Eno's Fruit Salt Works, Hatcham, London, S.E., by J. C. Eno's Patent.—[ADVT.]

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.—Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, labelled "JAMES EPPS and Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London."—Also makers of Epps's Chocolate Essence for afternoon use.—[ADVT.]

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY EVENING.

In the Stock and Share market to-day very few sales were reported. Except that Nymagee Copper were rather dearer, quotations were about the same as yesterday. In Banks, Joint Stock had buyer at 16½, seller 16¾; City, seller 14; Commercial, buyer 107, seller 109; Mercantile, buyer 5¼, seller 6; New South Wales, seller 57½; New Zealand, buyer 23½—on New Zealand register, buyer 23, seller 23¾; Queensland National, buyer 8¼, seller 8¾. In Steam, Australasian had buyer at 21, seller 21¼; Clarence and Richmond Rivers, buyer 6¾—preferent, seller 11; Hunter River, buyer 10½, seller 11; Illawarra, buyer 7; Newcastle, buyer 22s. 6d., seller 23s.; North Shore Ferry, buyer 27s.; Port Jackson, seller 80s., new issue, seller 65s. In Insurance, General had buyer at 95s., seller 98s.; Australian Mutual, seller 12s.; City Mutual, seller 1s.; Mercantile, buyer 1s. 7d., seller 1s. 9d.; New Zealand, seller 77s. 6d.; Pacific, seller 75s.; Sydney Marine, buyer 45s., seller 40s.; United, buyer 59s., seller 61s. Australian Gaslight, buyer 12¾, seller 12½. Castlemaine Brewery, buyer 24s. Commercial Building and Investment, seller 51s. Hudson Brothers' sold at 9s. 9d., buyer 9s. 6d., seller 10s. Saywell's brought 19s. 9d., buyer 19s. 3d., seller 20s. Sydney Exchange, seller 10¾. Shale and Oil, buyer 16s. 9d., seller 17s. 3d. Volunteer land orders realised 189, seller 190. In Coal, Bulli had buyer at 11, seller at 11¾; Wallsend buyer 24, seller 25; Vale of Clwydd, buyer 26s., seller 27s.; Waratah, buyer 9¼, seller 10. Girilambone Copper, fully paid, buyer 17s. 6d., seller 18s. 6d.; Great Cobar sold at 71s. and 74s. 6d., buyer 73s., seller 74s. 6d.; New Mount Hope, buyer 55s., seller 60s.; Nymagee realised 34s., buyer 33s. 6d., seller 34s. Wesley Tin buyer 28s. 6d., seller 29s.; Brickwood Tin, seller 28s. Hidden Treasure Gold, seller 16s. 6d.; Band and Albion Consols, seller 90s. N. S. Wales Debentures, 20 years', seller 114.

In the Import markets the business of the day was quiet, and marked by no feature of special interest. Some orders for next month's supplies have been received for execution, and there appears to be a prospect of a revival of trade on the turn of the month. A little more business is doing in flour, as holders exhibit a greater disposition to meet the market by a concession in prices. A quantity of good Californian was placed at £12, and further business is pending. New South Wales flour may be quoted at £14 5s. to £14 10s., and Adelaide from £13 10s. to £14 15s.; Victorian, £13 10s. to £14 5s. In wheat there is very little doing: no change can be made in quotations: the reshipment of a quantity of present large stocks of New Zealand is talked of. Some business in Indian teas was carried through; but the tea market generally continues very quiet. Liverpool coarse salt to land is offering in parcels at 65s.; 5s. more is asked from store. A good steady demand is noted for dried fruits: currants were done at 5¼d., elemes at 7¼d. In fish, fresh herrings quoted at 6s., with business: red herrings sold at 33s.; sardines were offering at lower figures; 4s. 7½d. and 9s. are quoted for quarters and halves respectively. A good trade is noted in oilmen's stores, though chiefly in small lines. In liquors a fair inquiry is noted for wines and spirits in trade lots: Roederer's champagne, in 20-case lines, moving at 101s., quarts. Several sales of second-class brandies were made at agents' quotations. Yesterday's speculative transactions in stout were not confined to the import houses, but exhausted stocks of one or two distributing houses, who have to replenish at the higher prices now asked. Bottled beer is moving freely; business in Ind. Coope's was done at 8s. 9d. and 6s. 3d. Lowndes' rum moving at 4s. to 4s. 1d., according to quantity; Burnett's Old Tom at 12s. In brewers' goods, hops are firmly held for the advanced prices lately quoted, with no apparent prospect of a decline. In malt, little business transpired; 7s. 3d. is still the value of fair average samples. In metals, some business in fencing wire was transacted; stocks, however, continue heavy, and importers seem to look in vain for the anticipated improvement, which is required, owing to the high cost, to give a remunerative trade. In oils nothing of special moment transpired. Cement is still a heavy line, and prices, if anything, are yet more in favour of buyers. A line of Bell's vestas, to arrive, was placed at agents' prices.

Messrs. Fraser and Co. have a catalogue of about 2000 packages of colonial sugar for their weekly auction sale to-morrow (Wednesday) morning; and they will offer a shipment of lumber to-morrow afternoon.

Mr. John Bridge reports that at his wool sale to-day there was a very full attendance of buyers. For best wools prices were well maintained, medium and inferior qualities only being lower in price. Nearly every line offered was sold, including JH (conjoined) C at 12½d, PS at 12d, Y over DM over Whelan's Creek at 11d., J in circle over L at 11d., all in grease. A catalogue of sheepskins realised to 7d.

At the leather sales to-day there was about the usual attendance of buyers. Late rates were obtained. Messrs. F. L. Barker, John Bridge, Hill, Clarke, and Co., and Brunker and Wolfe reporting sales as follows:—Kip, 9d. to 15d.; sole, 8d. to 9½d.; damaged, from 6d.; calf, 20d. to 28d.; yearling, 16d. to 24d.; tweed, 15d. to 20½d.; harness, 10½d. to 13d.; kangaroo—Australian, 17d. to 22d.; Hobart, 4s. to 4s. 6d.; bag, 6s. to 11s.; bridle, 7s. to 10s. 6d.; basils, 4s. to 12s.

Messrs. Hardie and Gorman will offer at auction to-morrow, Wednesday, several very valuable blocks of city property, including Punch's Hotel, Hoffnung's warehouse, Hunter-street properties, and wool-store block at Circular Quay.

The Jerusalem arrived to-day from London, with a general cargo, valued at £28,409.

From to-day's *Government Gazette* we take the following general abstract, showing the average amount of liabilities and assets of the Bank of New South Wales, taken from the several weekly statements, during the quarter from the 1st July to 30th September, 1882:—

Liabilities: Notes in circulation—not bearing interest, £773,974 4s. 6d.; bills in circulation—not bearing interest, £9014 10s. 2d.; balance due to other banks, £71,220 9s.; deposits—not bearing interest, £3,794,247 11s. 3d.; bearing interest, £6,205,167 10s. 5d.: £9,999,415 4s. 8d.; total amount of liabilities, £10,853,654 17s. 4d.; Assets: Coined gold and silver, and other coined metals, £2,233,793 13s. 9d.; gold and silver in bullion or bars, £100,021 13s. 8d.; Government securities, £269,230 15s. 4d.; landed property, £310,480 10s. 2d.; notes and bills of other banks, £9263 15s. 8d.; balances due from other banks, and from the London branch of this bank, £81,060 15s. 2d.; amount of all debts due to the bank, including notes, bills of exchange, and all stock and funded debts of every description, excepting notes, bills, and balances due to the said bank from other banks, £10,311,932 14s. 3d.; total amount of assets, £13,321,725 4s. Amounts of the capital stock paid up to this date, £1,000,000; rate of the last dividend declared to the shareholders, 15 per cent. per annum, and bonus of 2½ per cent. per annum; amount of the last dividend declared—dividend £75,000, bonus £12,500—£87,500; amount of the reserved profits at the time of declaring such dividend, £500,000.

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits, £2172 10s. 1d.; wine (still), £185 9s. 10d.; ditto (sparkling), £71 12s. 6d.; ale, porter, and beer (in wood), £31 5s.; ditto (in bottle), £19 4s. 9d.; tobacco and snuff, £85 10s.; cigars, £333 13s. 2d.; tea, £315 15s. 2d.; sugar, (refined), £2 19s. 7d.; ditto (unrefined), £15 2s. 6d.; molasses, £29 6s. 8d.; rice, £27 17s. 4d.; dried fruits, £1257 15s. 8d.; nuts, £8 7s. 11d.; malt, £92 17s. 1d.; hops, £221 14s.; sarsaparilla, £9 12s. 9d.; specific duty, £1287 18s. 2d.; pilotage, £60 1s. 8d.; harbour and light dues, £61 13s. 8d.; total, £6590 18s. 6d.

Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin, Limited, will offer for sale by auction, at their wool warehouse, Circular Quay, to-morrow, Wednesday, at half-past 2 o'clock, Calcula, in the Orange district, with stock.

Our Bega correspondent reports that 7200 acres of the Towamba Estate have been sold at auction at an average of close upon £4 per acre.

STOCK SALE.

Donkin and Du Faur, Exchange, Sydney, report having sold 1500 ewes on account of H. Welman, Esq., of Ariah; 4000 ewes on account of James Robertson, Esq., Mimosa; and 3000 ewes on account of Messrs. J. and E. Holloway, Belara—these last two sales in conjunction with A. T. Bolton, Esq., of Wagga; also, 300 bullocks on account of Dr. Jenkins, from his Callandoon run (in conjunction with Messrs. Crossing and Cox, Mudgee).—[ADVT.]

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.
(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 25.

Tin: Straits and Australian, £98 15s.

At the wool sales, to-day, 8200 bales were offered. Lately there has not been such an active demand.

The market rate of discount is 3¾ per cent. Colonial Government Securities: New South Wales 4 per cent. loan (1903-5), £104; Victorian 4 per cent. loan (1899-1901), £102; South Australian 4 per cent. loan (1894-1916), £102.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MELBOURNE, TUESDAY.

Victorian Mining Stocks.—Australian Extended, 44s. 6d.; Long Tunnel, £106; North Australasian, 58s.; Ristori, £6 14s.; Working Miners United, £5.

Flour is moving slowly to £11. Wheat has been sold by auction at 5s. 6½d.; 500 bags were placed privately at 5s. 7d., at which price holders are now firm. 2500 pockets of Queensland sugars were sold—white counters at £27 6s. to £27 9s.; browns, £25 to £25 6s.; and rations, £21 to £24 6s. Muscatel raisins at auction realised 1s. 1d.; currants, 4½d. There is an active inquiry for bottled ales and stouts, the prices of which are advancing.

ADELAIDE, TUESDAY.

Wheat is quoted at 5s. for prompt delivery, 4s. 9d. by December 10, and 4s. 6d. for delivery during the remainder of the month, at Port Adelaide.

Elder and Company sold at Port Adelaide to-day 1600 bales of wool out of 2500 bales offered. The wool comprised selections from the Murray, northern, western, and other parts of the colony. Competition was animated, and good prices were obtained. Greasy merino realised 9½d.; lambs', same clip, 8d.; scoured, 19½d. down to 11½d.; lambs' wool, from Pewsey Vale, 9¼d.

DESPATCH OF MAILS FOR EUROPE.
FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM, HONOLULU, AND SAN FRANCISCO, VIA AUCKLAND.

Despatched by	Date.	Letters.	News-papers.	Late Letters.
P.M.S. Australia.	Thursday, Nov. 30th.	Newspapers, books, &c., noon. Registered, noon. Unregistered, 1 p.m. Postage, 6d ½-oz.	Noon. Postage, 1d	—

Late letters received at Post Office 2.30 p.m., extra fee 6d; and Custom-house, 2.45 p.m.; extra fee, 1s.

Special Advertisements.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.
SIR HENRY PARKES' COMMITTEE
will please meet at
KELLY'S EDINBURGH HOTEL,
corner of
Pitt and Bathurst streets,
at 8 o'clock on
WEDNESDAY EVENING, 29th November,
to finally arrange everything.
HY. CORMAN } Joint
JOHN S. JAMIESON } Hon. Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.
Mr. DANIEL O'CONNOR'S Monster PUBLIC MEETING, at MASONIC HALL, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING.

AUCTIONEERS' NOTICE.
SPECIAL.
WE invite the attention of CAPITALISTS, INVESTORS, MERCHANTS, WOOL BROKERS, and others, to our important Sales of
CITY FREEHOLDS,
THIS DAY, as under:—
1. PUNCH'S HOTEL.
2. HOFFNUNG'S WAREHOUSE.
3. HUNTER-STREET PROPERTIES, in the Estate of the late James Curtis, Esq.
4. CIRCULAR QUAY BLOCK, with frontages to the Quay, Alfred-street, and Macquarie-street.
Sale to commence at 11.30 prompt.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

CIRCULAR QUAY WOOL STORE SITE. SALE, THIS DAY, at our Rooms, in Pitt-street, of that grand Corner Block, MACQUARIE and ALFRED STREETS, with frontage also to the Quay. Plans ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

IN THE ESTATE of the late JAMES CURTIS. THIS DAY, AT 11.30 o'clock, we sell in our Rooms the valuable City Blocks in this Estate, HUNTER-STREET (north side), and HUNTER-STREET (south side). See long advertisement. Plans ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

HOFFNUNG'S WAREHOUSE, in PITT-STREET. The Sale of this Grand CITY FREEHOLD will take place at our Rooms, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, THIS DAY.
Special attention is directed to this important sale of mercantile property. Plans ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

PUNCH'S HOTEL, PITT-STREET and KING-STREET. THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, at 11.30 o'clock, we sell this CORNER CITY FREEHOLD, by public auction, at our Sale Rooms, in Pitt-street. The attention of capitalists, mercantile men, public companies, banks, and others is specially invited. Plans ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE CRICKET MATCH and the ELECTIONS, which are to take place next Saturday, the sale of
LYNTON HEIGHTS,
Illawarra Railway Line,
has been
POSTPONED
for one week, namely, until
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

LYONSVILLE, FIVEDOCK,
near Drummoyne and Birkenhead,
NEXT SATURDAY.
WATKIN and WATKIN.

KENSINGTON GREEN,
NEXT SATURDAY WEEK.
WATKIN and WATKIN.

AUCKLAND NATIVE LANDS COLONISATION CO., LIMITED.
Capital, £500,000, in Shares of £1 Each.
100,000 Shares reserved for Allotment in Sydney.
Calls on Application, 1s; on Allotment, 1s; and thereafter as required, 1s. Calls at intervals not under 3 months.
For details see the Prospectus in the ordinary columns of this paper.
I HAVE RECEIVED ADVICE FROM AUCKLAND THAT THE COMPANY IS FORMED, and that applications are already before the Native Land Court on their account.
THE SHARE LIST FOR SYDNEY WILL CLOSE NOT LATER THAN THE 30th NOVEMBER NEXT, and the Shares will be allotted in the order of application.
J. MULLENS, Broker to the Company.
84, Hunter-street,
Sydney, November 21, 1882.

THE ANGLO-AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT, FINANCE, AND LAND CO., LIMITED.
Offices: 359, George-street,
are now prepared to receive Deposits on following terms:—
Three months, five per cent.; six months, six per cent.; and twelve months, seven per cent. per annum.

BRITISH PLATE GLASS, A LARGE ASSORTMENT, just landed. Goodlet and Smith, 433, George-st.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER AND GALVANISED IRON Merchants, George-st., near Bathurst-st.

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS OF TOBACCO, Cigars, and Cigarettes.—Saywell's Tobacco Co., Limited, offer special advantages both in quality and price, 6, Park-st., Sydney.

OUR TEAS, BEING BOUGHT IN FOOCHOW CHINA,
FOR CASH,
by our Mr. J. H. LOVE,
who is a competent tea analyst,
THEIR PURITY,
QUALITY,
and
CHEAPNESS,
are by this means guaranteed, and competition by any "COLONIAL FIRM" is rendered impossible. These truths will be appreciated by the shrewd business man, and understood by even the most verdant son of commerce.
CLIFFORD LOVE, and CO.,
Foochow, China.

CEMENT.—KNIGHT, BEVAN, AND STURGE'S; Galvanized Iron, "Stork" brand, all lengths. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., 4, O'Connell-street.

THEY HAVE NO EQUAL.—This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Wind, Spasms, Foul Breath, Nervous Depression, Irritability, Lassitude, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Giddiness, Dizziness of the Eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects.
Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government stamp. Insist on having those and none other. *** "AGENTS WANTED."

KEROSENE.—GOLD MEDAL BRAND, 130 FIRE TEST, on SALE, by
GEORGE LLOYD,
Bridge-street.

ON SALE, BY THE UNDERSIGNED.—
Cast-iron Pipes, 3, 4, 6, and 9 in., and Connections
Robertson Rolled-iron Joists
Plate, Bar, Angle, and Tee Iron
Bridge, Girder, and Roofing Work.
(See Advertisement under Machinery.)
D. and W. ROBERTSON,
York and Market streets.

ROBERTSON'S SCOTCH WHISKY, BOOKING to arrive. ALLT and CO., Pitt-street.

BOTTLED BEERS.—COMBE'S LONDON STOUT Barclay and Perkins' Stout, in champagne bottles. GEORGE LLOYD, Bridge-street.

FLOUR.—BEST BRANDS ADELAIDE AND VICTORIAN, arrived prior to August last. JOHN GILCHRIST and CO., 22, Bridge-street.

PENFOLD AND CO., TOBACCO MERCHANTS and Importers, 376, George-street, entrance down the gateway between Messrs. Sands' and Braun's, near G. P. O.

BOTTLED STOUTS.—COMBE'S STOUT AND Barclay Perkins' STOUT for SALE. GEORGE LLOYD, Bridge-street.

Special Advertisements.

TRUMAN'S NEW BREW ALES, BOOKING TO arrive. Only limited quantity available. ALLT and CO.

GENT.'S SUMMER WALKING SHOES, BROAD, low heels. CALLAGHAN and SON, 395, George-street.

LADIES' GLACÉ KID BUTTON BOOTS.—Shipment just landed. CALLAGHAN and SON, 395, George-street.

CALIFORNIAN MAIL ON THURSDAY takes Christmas Cards for the Old Country. FINE ART PUBLISHING COMPANY, 1, Sydney Arcade, and 19 and 21, Royal Arcade.

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SUMMARY OF NEWS FOR AMERICA AND EUROPE.

The Summary of News for transmission to America and Europe, per R.M.S. Australia, will be published in the *Herald* of Thursday next, 30th November. Orders for extra copies should be left with the clerk at the counter on Wednesday.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1882.

In some important respects the electors of East Sydney, or the crowd that represented the electors at the hustings yesterday, can hardly be said to have set a good example to the electors of the colony generally. The crowd was a noisy and an unmannerly one. Neither the PREMIER nor the MINISTER FOR MINES received a patient hearing, and the third Government candidate was fairly clamoured down. The principal opposition candidates were not only attentively heard, they were cheered to the echo; but the Government candidates were barely tolerated. All this is to be regretted. No good cause requires a gag, and good causes are seldom helped thereby. A clamorous mob generally does more for its enemies than for its friends. We hope that in the particular named the electorate of East Sydney will stand alone. The storm of impatience which greeted the PREMIER and his colleague certainly did the first constituency of the colony no credit. At popular elections much is forgiven. On such occasions those who feel strongly are expected to cheer and sometimes even to groan lustily, but in this age of the world a crowd of working men ought to be sensible enough to listen patiently to sentiments of which they disapprove. The necessity for this was certainly not felt by those whom the candidates addressed yesterday as the electors of East Sydney.

If the proceedings at the East Sydney nomination furnished any index whatever of the mind of the country, the Government can hardly claim that public opinion is on their side. The test supplied by the temper of a crowd is by no means an infallible one. The verdict of the polling day very frequently reverses that of the day of nomination. Thousands of voters do not indulge in the pleasure of listening to speeches from the hustings. Many of those who do indulge in this pleasure are not voters at all, or at least are not voters in the electorate in which they do battle. As often as not, those who roar loudest at a hustings do not know what their roaring means. But among the crowds who keep up nomination days there are men of intelligence as well as men of passion, and, whatever may be the result of the elections and the future of the Government, no one can say that up to the present the voice of the people is the echo of the voice of the Ministry. When the Government resolved to dissolve rather than to resign, it clearly entertained no doubt that if the House was not on its side the country was. It was hardly deemed possible that an appeal to the people would reveal a widespread disbelief in indiscriminate selection before survey. The custom has been to treat that principle as something to be taken for granted. The discussion which the Land Bill has provoked has shown that the custom is not a safe one. In regard to the land laws it cannot be denied that in some way or other a change has come over the spirit of people's dreams. The change may not be so complete as the present agitation seems to indicate. Sir HENRY PARKES and Sir JOHN ROBERTSON may both return to Parliament, and it is possible that the majority which they lost in the old House may be found in the new one. But even if this should happen, the Government will probably discover that the land law which has done for the past will not do for the future; that the bill which is to satisfy the country must modify principles as well as details. That, at any rate, seems to be the general sentiment both of the press and the multitude.

From quarters in which we used to be told that the colony would never give up free selection before survey we have now a demand for some form of fixity of tenure. For the first time, also, for some years past, in town as well as in country constituencies, the land question has become a popular question. Objections against our land laws which, a short time ago, were urged by the few are now urged by the many. Some of those who complain of these laws may know little about them. But the public is, doubtless, getting to feel that the national inheritance is being squandered, that we are selling our lands faster than we are settling them, that we have been at much pains to build up a system which is setting people by the ears; and herein the public is right. The Government may close its eyes to all this. It may start issues which have nothing to do with the matter of the appeal to the country, but no such policy can ultimately avail. At present it is with the land laws that the country has to do, not with the Education Act or the federation of the colonies. Sir JOHN ROBERTSON's bill was rejected because it did not go to the bottom of the evils it sought to remove. The people of the colony are now asked to say whether in doing this the House did right or wrong. This is the point which the Government has itself raised, and both candidates and constituencies should keep to the point. Upon the character of the House which the constituencies may elect will depend whether in the immediate future we are to have restricted or unrestricted selection before survey. This is the question which has to be considered; other questions may be left for another occasion.

In speaking to the electors of East Sydney, last week, Sir HENRY PARKES expressed his sorrow that certain persons had "taken the liberty to blame the GOVERNOR" for his part in the matter of the dissolution, and said, "This is cowardly, unmanly, and un-English to blame a great officer charged with great duties, and who could not defend his conduct when he is attacked." Ten years ago Lord BELMORE dissolved our Parliament, and the act was held by Sir HENRY (then Mr.) PARKES to be unjustified by the circumstances. What happened? Mr. PARKES, addressing the electors from the hustings, himself condemned the action of the Governor, declared that in his belief "the first duty of the new Parliament would be to address the QUEEN on the conduct of Lord BELMORE respecting this extraordinary proceeding," and, to give greater emphasis to his words, added, "he said that most distinctly and unhesitatingly." Now it matters nothing whether the circumstances in 1872 differed from or corresponded with those of 1882, so far as the merits of the dissolution are concerned, and it is useless for the PREMIER in this case to fall back upon what he may choose to regard as essential distinctions in that respect. The simple questions are these:—Was Lord BELMORE "a great officer, charged with great duties," or was he not? Was he or was he not as able or as unable (from the circumstances of his position) as Lord AUGUSTUS LOFTUS is now to defend his conduct when attacked? Unless Lord BELMORE held a position inferior to that of the present GOVERNOR, or was by reason of his peculiar position better able to defend himself, the conduct of Mr. PARKES, according to Sir HENRY's present showing, was "cowardly, unmanly, and un-English." The other explanation must be that Mr. PARKES in 1872 was acting within his rights, and that Sir HENRY, in 1882, whilst charging his critics with "want of knowledge of the subject they spoke about," has lapsed during the 10 years into a condition of lamentable ignorance as to the position held by colonial Governors and the privileges of colonial citizenship. What he now calls "taking a liberty" is simply exercising a liberty which he has himself "most distinctly and unhesitatingly" exercised when it suited his own purpose to do so. And the probability is that he would have exercised it again, as freely as anybody who has written or spoken upon the subject on the present occasion, had Lord AUGUSTUS LOFTUS ventured to think for himself, and form an independent judgment from "his own private sources of information," instead of accepting as gospel whatever his Ministers, who were interested parties, might tell him. That was the course which, according to Mr. PARKES, Lord BELMORE ought to have taken; and it may be assumed that, had the dissolution just granted been refused, the country would have heard a "potential voice" denouncing the GOVERNOR's conduct in the weightiest terms, but traversing the doctrine of the GOVERNOR's duty of independent judgment laid down in 1872 with just as much confidence as it now denies the right of public criticism and censure then exercised.

Happily, questions of constitutional principle are not determined by the varying dicta of shifty politicians with short memories, oracular though the form of their utterance may be. Anyone who will consider the matter can see that the action of a Governor in dissolving Parliament or refusing to dissolve Parliament is open to criticism, because the Governor is an officer of State who is liable to be censured or recalled by the Crown for improper conduct. The Crown can do no wrong, but the Governor, appointed to act for the Crown, can and may be punished for such wrongdoing. By a trivial offence, or the display of incapacity, he may forfeit all chance of promotion, or render himself liable to be relegated to an inferior place. For a grave offence, or the display of partisanship, or corrupt tendencies, his official career may be brought to a dishonourable close; and in the nature of the case, when the Crown is led to take such action against a Governor, the inciting cause will generally be found in blame that was cast upon his conduct in the colony where the wrong was done. We have a right here to appeal to the Crown against any Governor who may abuse his power or betray his trust: and the possession of that right involves the right of preliminary criticism in every stage of its exercise.

Perhaps it will be said, "But are not Ministers the responsible parties when a dissolution is asked for and granted?" Of course they are responsible for giving the advice; but that does not free the Governor from responsibility to the Crown, as an officer of the Crown, for his acceptance or rejection of it. When Sir HENRY PARKES said, "I have dissolved Parliament," he misdescribed the situation. Parliament was dissolved by the GOVERNOR, and the Ministry cannot relieve the GOVERNOR of his responsibility to the Crown, any more than it could shelter itself from responsibility to Parliament or the country for giving bad advice by saying the act was the act of the GOVERNOR, and it would be cowardly, unmanly, and un-English to blame him for it. There seems to be some need for clearing away misrepresentations or misconceptions in connection with this matter. It would be absurd to censure a Minister for dissolving Parliament, when no Minister can perform the act. But when a Minister says, "I did it, and you must not blame the Governor," without whom it could not have been done, we have a dissolution of responsibility itself into thin air. The fact is that our position is not precisely analogous to that of the mother country in the matter of dissolutions. We have a double check. We can hold a Ministry responsible for giving bad advice, and we can bring before the Crown the action of a Governor who accepts bad advice and acts upon it. Dissolutions may be asked for and granted for private and improper purposes. The motive of a Ministry may be, as Mr. PARKES put it in 1872, to cling to office for three or four short months. The motive of a Governor may be to repay men who have complied with his personal wishes, and gratified his personal desires for the purpose of establishing a hold upon his favour, to be recognized when a crisis arrived. In such a case the wrong done by the Governor would not be redressed by punishing his Ministers. Unless we could shut out of view the contingency of a colonial Governor and a colonial Ministry being parties to the betrayal of the public interest, it would be unfaithful to that interest to sacrifice or surrender the right

of free comment and censure upon both the advice of Ministers and the action of Governors upon it. In the present case the nature of the advice is known, but the reasons given in support of it are unknown, and the public judgment must rest upon a general view of the circumstances, which, it need hardly be said, fails to justify the dissolution.

If the statements made by Mr. REID respecting the proposed bridge to the North Shore are incorrect, they ought to be denied; but if the facts are as stated they will require explanation. The allegation is that in November, 1881, or a month before the PREMIER'S departure for Europe, the Government entered into a contract with a Mr. GARRET for the construction of this bridge, the cost of the work to be £850,000. At the time, says Mr. REID, that the PREMIER was saying that English capitalists were anxious to embark in this undertaking, Mr. GARRET had the contract in his pocket, the terms being a public guarantee of interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. on a private outlay of £850,000. The amount of the deposit is given as £5000, and, according to Mr. REID'S statement, no surety was accepted or required. The candidate, who assures us that he has seen the original documents, and has tried in vain to get public information given about the matter, adds that at the time the compact between the Government and Mr. GARRET was completed the Government had in its possession official documents from the AGENT-GENERAL telling them that substantial English capitalists were willing to build the bridge for £500,000, or even £300,000. If this be true, the Government committed itself to pay £850,000 for the carrying out of an undertaking when it was in possession of documentary evidence to the effect that the undertaking could be carried out for half a million less than that sum. It is possible that the AGENT-GENERAL was in error, and that closer inquiry would have convinced the English capitalists that they had not properly estimated the magnitude of the work. But, on the other hand, inquiry might have shown that £500,000 or £300,000 is all that ought to be paid for the carrying out of the undertaking. Whether it was or not was surely a matter for investigation. It is not customary for Governments to commit themselves to enterprises of this kind without plans or specifications, or adequate guarantees. Much less is it usual to enter upon a business of such a kind without public competition. We do not know what special reasons there were for privacy in the matter in dispute, but most people will think that the more light there was upon such a matter the better for the Government and for the country. What reason was there for taking any steps whatever before the policy of building the bridge was discussed in Parliament? There are enterprises the responsibility of which the Government is bound to undertake. But it is difficult to see what necessity there was for independent action in this instance. In some cases, if the Government does not act at once, their opportunity is gone; but the North Shore bridge required no haste. A bridge across the harbour would not be an ordinary one. If it be necessary to submit the question of a new railway extension to the House, it was surely necessary to consult the House on that of the best means of connecting Sydney with the North Shore. It appears that the COMMISSIONER for ROADS and BRIDGES, to whom the project was submitted, reported dead against it, and that, notwithstanding this report, the Government persevered. Possibly the House would have thought the COMMISSIONER right. It must be clear that it ought to have had an opportunity of saying whether he was right or wrong. It may, of course, be said that the contract for the bridge was taken subject to the approval of Parliament, and that if Parliament disapproves it is null and void. But the example of Milburn Creek has shown in how many ways a Government may threaten or cajole the House, and how little the approval of Parliament may occasionally mean. To gain its ends a strong Government has only to properly marshal its supporters, or to intimate that it will take a refusal to ratify a contract as a vote of want of confidence. The House may cordially dislike the business to which it is asked to give its consent, but it may also dread the consequences of a quarrel with the Government, and rather than hurry on a change of Ministry or a dissolution may become a party to a questionable transaction. We have no wish to see a curtailment of the legitimate liberty of Government, but the rights of the House are as sacred as the rights of the Ministry. Unless in cases of emergency, Parliament ought to have a voice not only in the expenditure of large sums of money, but in the formation of contracts by which the country is committed to the expenditure of such sums. The fact that in colonies like these public as well as private speculators are so frequently on the look-out for opportunities to turn Government enterprises to private advantage forms a very strong reason why the negotiations of the Government should be above-board. According to the statements of Mr. REID, there is much in the North Shore bridge business that is not above-board.

The "Citizen" who writes us on the Municipal Council and misgoverned Sydney commands a strong vocabulary if not a strong cause. He complains that aldermen are taken from tradesmen, whose vocations are dirty; that they, as a consequence, are dirty too; and that hence the city itself is unclean. But almost in the same breath he adds that these same aldermen, who do not dress in fine linen, fare sumptuously every day at the City Council—habits the opposite of the former, and yet perhaps not inconsistent in their motives. "Citizen" alleges further that the sort of aldermen named are chosen because the electors themselves are of the same order. Perhaps all these facts can be proved, but the picture nevertheless is done in prime colours. When we know what an evil is and where it lies, it is useless to waste time in enlarging upon it. The question is, what is the remedy, and where must it be applied? We must begin at the source of the evil. Just now every candidate for City Council and for Parliamentary honours is posing as the friend of the working man. He calls him the "son of toil," the "breadwinner," and such like names, all of which simply mean that he is a working man, and, perhaps, one of the "dirty" ones who have the franchise. At present this class of electors have the majority of votes, and from the John o' Groats to the Land's End of the colony there is not a candidate who will pass over this class of voter and announce himself as the friend only of the cultured and the clean. There may be men who have the courage, but what about their success? Yet something like this must be done—that is to say, before we can obtain a better state of things, candidates must cease to appeal to the lowest propensities of the people. And meanwhile we must not proscribe tradesmen, nor take the franchise from the poor. HODGE must be taught the use and the value of his vote—a thing to be done only by practice. A fond father once warned his son not to go into the water until he had learned to swim. In this way transcendental philosophers would teach HODGE his political lessons, but it cannot be done; and meanwhile, who is to have the franchise, and where are aldermen to come from? Better things are possible, and we do not cease to hope.

It may not be expected of all candidates for election to the new Parliament that they should respect the forms of Parliamentary procedure; but when one who through many years has served several sessions presents himself for re-election, it is at least expected that his explanations shall be in accordance with the ethics of Parliamentary life. One of the candidates for West Sydney somewhat signally failed in this particular. He made an explanation which was certainly not calculated to strengthen his cause. The matter under discussion was the Land Bill, the rock upon which the House split and the Government suffered shipwreck; and, speaking of that Land Bill, this candidate and ex-member said in effect: I did not approve of it; I was with it in part, but I rejected its main principles; I desired to see it pass its second reading and then to thoroughly amend it in committee. That was his meaning expressed in many vague words. And what are we to gather from such an expression? Is it not generally known to those versed in the merest elements of Parliamentary procedure that it is required of every member voting to express his decided opinion as to the leading principles of any bill upon its second reading; that it may be amended in detail, but that its leading features, its strength, main purpose, back-bone so to speak, must be left untouched? By the second reading the House pledges itself to the purpose of the bill, but what a few of the members seem to have said to themselves was: Let the bill pass the second reading, we will bend it to our will in committee. Such a view ought not to be taken by men of competent Parliamentary knowledge, and fixed desire to use that knowledge aright. Candidates in taking such a view stand convicted of two sins, either gross enough to prejudice their cause in the minds of impartial men.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

ACCORDING to the *Times*, the Earl of Dufferin is arranging for a complete change in the system of government in Egypt. His plans include the advent of a native government, the introduction of liberal institutions, the abolition of a dominant caste rule, the engagement of a few European specialists to put the machinery of government in order, and a change in the tribunals of the country. An appeal is being made to the English people by Mr. Blunt for funds to assist Arabi in his defence.

THE Duke of Edinburgh has recovered from his recent attack of illness.

THE death of Mr. James Lillywhite, a well-known cricketer, is announced in one of our cablegrams this morning.

A DARING outrage was committed in one of the most crowded streets of Dublin on Saturday night. A gang of six men attacked a number of detectives. Revolvers were used freely on both sides. One of the miscreants and one of the detectives were mortally wounded. The struggle is said to have lasted some time, and as may be expected, created considerable excitement in the city.

THE Hon. Ivo Bligh's team of cricketers will arrive by train, overland from Melbourne, at 7 o'clock this morning.

THE French Government insists upon exercising a protectorate over the Malagasy. The envoys who visited Paris, persisted in their refusal to such a step, their flag was insulted, and they themselves hastily fled to London, not stopping even to take their baggage with them.

THE P. and O. Company's steamship Malwa has been injured by coming into collision with another steamer in the Red Sea. She had to return to Suez for examination.

THE nomination for East Sydney took place yesterday, at the Hyde Park hustings. Mr. William Day presided as returning officer. The proceedings were at times rather noisy, as might have been expected from the numbers assembled—probably some 14,000 persons—but the candidates were mostly fairly heard. The show of hands was declared to be in favour of Messrs. Reid, M'Elhone, Barton, and Sir Henry Parkes. The other candidates nominated are Mr. G. N. Griffiths, Dr. Renwick, and Alderman Green. A poll was demanded, which will be taken to-morrow. A full report of the nomination will be found in another part of this issue.

TO-DAY the nomination for South Sydney takes place, at the Hustings, Belmore Gardens. The nominations for Balmain, Glebe, Goulburn, and Parramatta, also take place to-day. To-morrow, the nominations for Albury, Bathurst, Camden, Newtown, and Paddington take place, and the polling for East Sydney and Newcastle.

NUMEROUS candidates for Parliamentary honours addressed meetings of the electors last night. Mr. John Harris, Mayor of Sydney, who is one of the candidates for the representation of South Sydney in Parliament, addressed a large meeting in Foveaux-street. He criticised the Land Bill with considerable severity, and strongly advocated the passing of a local government bill. He also touched upon the municipal requirements of the city, and at the termination of his remarks he was favoured with a vote of confidence. Mr. G. L. Carter, one of the candidates for South Sydney, in the Opposition interest, held a successful meeting in Myrtle-street, Chippendale. Mr. Jacob Garrard, who is a candidate for re-election as a representative of the Balmain constituency, addressed a number of the electors at Leichhardt, when the usual vote of confidence in him was passed unanimously. Mr. Wm. Pritchard, a candidate for the representation of the Balmain electorate, expounded his views to a meeting of electors at Hearn's Baldfaced Stag Hotel, Parramatta-road. He had a pretty large audience, and they gave him a patient hearing. Mr. J. Taylor, a candidate to represent the constituency of Balmain, addressed three meetings. He takes the Opposition side with regard to the Land Bill. The meetings were orderly and gave the candidate a fair hearing. The Hon. John Lackey, Minister for Works, addressed a meeting of the electors of Central Cumberland, in the Town Hall, Liverpool, on Monday night. There was a very good attendance, and Mr. Lackey—a report of whose speech will be found in another column—was well received. The resolution declaring him to be a fit and proper person to represent the electorate in Parliament was passed by an overwhelming majority.

THE weather continued close and oppressive yesterday morning, and a strong N.E. breeze blew throughout the day. During the afternoon the atmosphere became slightly cooler, and later in the evening the wind from the N.E. died away, clouds gathered up quickly from the southward, and rain began to fall steadily, though at first lightly, at about 10 o'clock. The wind had by this time veered round to the southward. As will be seen by our telegraphic reports, rain was falling yesterday at a number of places in the interior, whilst in most other towns the weather threatens to become wet. At Eden, Gabo, and Green Cape a strong south-west wind was reported as blowing at 8 p.m. last night, with rough sea and rain.

IN the Supreme Court yesterday, the second trial of King and others v. Lambert was resumed and concluded. The jury again found a verdict for the defendant. In Neill v. M'Donnell, an undefended action of ejectment, the plaintiff obtained a verdict. In Harrison and others v. White, an undefended action for goods sold and delivered, the plaintiffs obtained a verdict with £1668 0s. 9d. damages. In James v. Eve, a slander action brought against an alderman of the municipal district of Macdonaldtown, the jury found for the plaintiff, damages £100. Mow Sang v. Chisholm, an action of trespass to land at Bankstown, was not concluded when the Court rose.

THE hearing of Equity suit Lloyd v. Wien and others was continued yesterday by his Honor the Primary Judge. The case for the plaintiff having been closed, his Honor drew attention to the fact that Louis Wien could not possibly come in for the surplus or the property, supposing the proceeds of the sale were devoted to the payment of his debts, inasmuch as he had voluntarily made the house and land over to his wife. The other parties then entered upon a conference, and after a good deal of excitement had been displayed by Mrs. Wien, it was ultimately agreed that she should pay all the debts proved in her husband's estate, less the sum of £146, which Mr. A. Friedman declared himself willing to forego, as well as the solicitor's costs in the insolvency and divorce proceedings. The terms were formulated by his Honor into a decree, and special provision made to protect the balance which would remain in Mrs. Wien, from her husband and his creditors. It transpired that the property which was settled on Mrs. Wien by her husband had been sold for £1550, so that there would be about £200 for Mrs. Wien, besides the household furniture, after the mortgage, creditors' claims, and law costs had been discharged.

THE first overt case of intimidation being practised in the name of the wharf labourers now on strike came before the Water Police Court yesterday, when one Frank Pollard was charged by William Carstairs with having attempted to persuade him to violate his agreement to serve Messrs. Flood and Co. in the capacity of a labourer. The evidence went to show that the defendant on 21st instant accosted Carstairs with the question, "Are you working in there?" and on receiving a reply in the affirmative, reproached him with doing a great injury, said there were 1000 men on strike, and that it would do him no good to work there, for "some of the men were not very particular as to what they did." The prosecutor replied with the homely argument that he was hard up, and had to borrow money wherewith to obtain his breakfast. The defendant advised him to join the Union, promising that it would do something for him after the strike was over, adding that if prosecutor went to work he (the defendant) would have to report him as a blackleg. The defendant, having no satisfactory defence to offer, was fined £10, or in default 14 days' imprisonment. The amount of the fine indicates sufficiently that the magistrates are not disposed to look with a tolerant eye upon such acts of coercion as that of which Pollard was convicted.

AT Messrs. Cowlishaw Brothers, Pitt-street, specimens of a new seam of coal discovered at Stockton, Newcastle, are shown. The coal is of splendid quality, and pronounced by competent judges to be equal to any obtained in the Newcastle district. The seam, which is 13 feet thick, was tested by means of a diamond drill put down by Mr. Coghlan of the Australasian Diamond Drill Company. The drill was only a small one, an inch and an eighth in diameter, but it worked so well that excellent samples of the coal were brought to the surface in compact cores, instead of being pulverised, as was generally expected. The seam was reached at a depth of 328 feet, and the bore was carried down two feet below the seam, making a total depth of 343 feet. Work was commenced only on the 12th September, and has been carried out without a single serious hitch.

A PUBLIC meeting, having for its object the formation of a Naval Volunteer Artillery in connection with this colony, was held in the Town Hall, last night. Commander Sadleir, R.N., presided, and there were about 70 present. A resolution was passed unanimously to the effect that a force as indicated should be established, and bear the title of "The New South Wales Naval and Artillery Corps." A report of the proceedings will be seen by reference to another column.

AT a recent meeting of the Technical Education Committee of the Trades and Labour Council, it was decided to defer the action previously determined with regard to making the subject a test question until after the elections, as it was deemed undesirable to divert public attention from the great point now at issue, viz., the revision of the land laws, and abolition of survey after selection.

ALL Saints' school-room, at Parramatta, was crowded on Monday night, to witness a presentation to Mr. J. J. Miller. The Rev. J. R. Bloomfield occupied the chair and made the presentation, which consisted of a purse of 15 sovereigns and two other gifts. They were presented in recognition of his valuable services rendered as school teacher in the above school during the past 12 years.

EARLY in the present year Mr. L. E. Threlkeld left Sydney for Europe, hoping that by change of air and scene he would be again to regain health and strength. Unfortunately these anticipations were not realised. His friends will learn with regret that a cablegram has been received announcing his decease. Mr. Threlkeld, who was the son of the late Rev. L. E. Threlkeld, minister of the Mariners' Church, early in life entered upon mercantile pursuits, and was actively engaged in business until the time of his departure from the colony.

THE Excelsior Photo. Company, of 78, King-street, has just published some very fine views taken in the neighbourhood of the Zigzag, some of which are exceptionally perfect in the sharpness and clearness of the details. The manager has also shown us a group photo. taken on the occasion of the *Herald* "Wayze-goose" on Saturday last. Some four or five hundred persons are included, and nearly every face is perfectly distinguishable. The pictures are all enamelled, and this adds much to their attractiveness.

WE learn that the proposed band of the United Volunteer Fire Brigades will be composed of forty members, under the able control of Mr. Joseph Douglas. It is the intention, when the band are able to perform satisfactorily, to give Saturday afternoon concerts in the Botanic Gardens and Prince Alfred Park.

"DEER STALKER" expresses unmeasured delight with his experiences of a deep sea fishing excursion with a party of 25 a few days ago in the steamer Ethel. Starting at midnight on Saturday from Woolloomooloo, the excursionists proceeded 30 miles out to sea, and from daybreak to noon they made a harvest of about 500 fine schnapper.

CASES under the Instruction Act are frequently brought before the magistrates in police courts in which there is little doubt perjury is committed with reference to the ages of the children. Such a case was lately brought before the Central Police Court, in which a mother positively asserted her child was 14 years of age, but School Attendance Officer Mr. George Turner searched the register of births and proved that the child was under the age stated, and therefore came within the operation of the Act. A fine was imposed on the parent, and it would be well if in future all others who may attempt to mislead the authorities with respect to the age of their children should remember that in making the false statement they leave themselves open to a prosecution for perjury.

AN inquest was held at Woollahra yesterday, by the City Coroner, on the body of a young woman named Annie Breslin, who died very suddenly on the previous day at her sister's residence in John-street. The medical testimony went to show that death resulted from natural causes, and a verdict was returned by the jury in accordance therewith.

A LITTLE boy named William Francis Hills, aged two years and four months, died in the hospital at Glebe Point, from injuries received through burning. On the 25th instant, whilst at his mother's residence at Pyrmont, his clothes caught on fire, it is presumed through his playing with matches and kindling them. His clothes were enveloped in flames before the accident was noticed, and when they were extinguished his body was so charred that he had to be taken to the Glebe Point Hospital for treatment.

THE body of a coloured seaman, named Moofta Jooma, who was employed on the R.M.S. Kaisar-i-Hind as a fireman, was yesterday found floating on the water near the P. and O. Company's wharf, where the vessel is berthed. He had been missing since the morning of the 24th instant, and no traces of him were discovered until between 11 and 12 o'clock yesterday, when the third officer, looking over the vessel's side, noticed the dead body in the water. It was taken out, and removed to the Circular Quay morgue. It is conjectured that the deceased fell overboard, and was then drowned. An inquest will be held to-day.

A MAN named Thomas Walker was taken to the hospital yesterday morning suffering from the effects of certain internal injuries which he had received through falling from some scaffolding in King-street, situated at a height of about 18 feet from the ground. Walker was assisting to place a plank across two wooden girders, and in the performance of this work he became overbalanced, and fell to the ground as stated.

Mr. G. C. WESTGARTH, solicitor, of 33, Hunter-street, Sydney, has been appointed by his Honor the Chief Justice a Commissioner of the Supreme Court of New South Wales for taking affidavits, &c.

TO-NIGHT, at the Protestant Hall, Mr. Inglis is to lecture in aid of Regent-street Presbyterian Church building-fund.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

OUR SPECIAL TELEGRAM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

EGYPTIAN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The *Times* states that the plans of the Earl of Dufferin for the readjustment of the financial and political relations of Egypt with the Great Powers, and the restoration of a regime of tranquillity and progress, include the advent of native government, the introduction of liberal institutions, the abolition of the rule of a dominant caste, the engagement of a few foreign specialists to place the departments in order, and the relief of the fellaheen, who regard with feelings of distrust the perpetuation of the existing tribunals.

THE DEFENCE OF ARABI.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Mr. Wilfrid S. Blunt is appealing to England for funds to assist in the defence of Arabi.

THE SEE OF SYDNEY.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The Bishopric of Sydney, which was declined by the Right Rev. Edward Parry, D.D., Suffragan Bishop of Dover, has been offered to the Rev. Canon Fleming of Westminster, who has also declined the offer.

COLLISION BETWEEN THE MALWA AND CLANPORE.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The steamer Clanpore came into collision with the R.M.S. Malwa in the Red Sea, off Suez, and the latter vessel sustained some material injury. Having mails and passengers on board, the Malwa returned back to port for examination.

AFFRAY IN THE STREETS OF DUBLIN

LONDON, Nov. 26.

On Saturday night a gang of ten men attacked a posse of six detectives in one of the most crowded streets of Dublin. One of the miscreants named Dolan shot Detective Cox, killing him instantaneously. The gang resisted arrest in a most ferocious manner, and revolvers were used freely on both sides. In the course of the affray Dolan was mortally wounded. Four arrests were made. The attack is supposed to have a political origin.

Great excitement prevailed in the city at the suddenness and determined nature of the outrage, which was evidently preconcerted. The struggle between the parties was a most desperate one, and lasted some time. Much dismay has been created in Dublin in consequence of the circumstances attending the murder.

Nov. 27.

A searching inquiry has been ordered by the Government into the circumstances of the Dublin Fenian outrage.

POTATO FAMINE IN IRELAND.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Michael Davitt is urging the Irish tenants to pay no rent while a potato famine is imminent in Ireland.

THE MARQUIS OF SALISBURY.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The freedom of the city of Edinburgh has been presented to the Marquis of Salisbury.

THE TURKISH MINISTER FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Assym Pasha has succeeded Said Pasha as Minister for Foreign Affairs at Stamboul.

THE FRENCH AND MADAGASCAR.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The French are insisting upon exercising a protectorate over Madagascar. The envoys from the island, who recently visited Paris, on this proposition being made to them, refused to entertain it, whereupon their flag was insulted, and they fled to London without their attendants or their baggage. The French threaten a naval attack upon Madagascar to enforce their demand.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

H.R.H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The Duke of Edinburgh has completely recovered from his recent attack of bronchitis.

ELECTION FOR CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The polling for the election of a member for Cambridge University, in succession to the late Hon. Spencer Walpole, commenced to-day. The returns at present in show that the Conservative candidate, Mr. Henry Cecil Raikes, late Chairman of Committees, is far ahead of his opponent, and that he will undoubtedly be elected.

DEATH OF JAMES LILLYWHITE.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

James Lillywhite, the well-known cricketer, and proprietor of the "Cricketers' Guide," is dead.

THE P. AND O. CO.'S STEAMERS.

COLOMBO, Nov. 25.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Verona arrived here from Australia on the 14th instant. The Assam left on the 26th for Australia.

THE S.S. OAKDALE.

COLOMBO, Nov. 25.

The s.s. Oakdale arrived on 23rd instant, en route for Queensland.

INTERCOLONIAL NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, TUESDAY.

Considerable interest is felt in the elections for the Legislative Council, which take place on Thursday. The Government have declined to proclaim the day a holiday, but every facility will be afforded the Civil servants to record their votes.

The demonstration in honour of the Australian Eleven, which was to take place to-day, was postponed until Thursday, in consequence of the heavy rain. After the demonstration the team will proceed on board the Garonne (s.), which leaves for Adelaide at midnight. After playing against 15 of Adelaide, they return to Melbourne, where they remain for the intercolonial match on Boxing Day, and the engagement with the English Eleven commencing on New Year's Day.

Miss Oliver, licensee of Garton's Hotel, was proceeded against at the City Court this morning, for allowing her premises to be used for gaming purposes, by permitting a box, labelled "Box," care of J. J. Miller, which was alleged to be the receptacle for letters applying for tickets in Miller's sweeps, to stand in one of the rooms of the house. The case was dismissed.

The claims of the doctor who was commissioned by the Government to investigate the supposed outbreak of smallpox at Hamilton amount to £932. The Board of Health has referred the accounts to the Chief Secretary.

The Legislative Council Chamber was lighted with the electric light for the first time this evening. The trial was a great success, the light being a great improvement on the old system.

The Rev. J. D. Hamer leaves on Thursday by the South Australian (s.) on a visit to the churches in South Australia, and to conduct the dedication services of a new church at Hindmarsh.

The Australian Frozen Meat Company's new works, at Williamstown, are almost completed. The greatest attention has been paid to every detail necessary to secure the successful working of the company's business. The buildings will cost £6000.

A singular case was heard in the County Court to-day, in which the plaintiff, a youth named Philip Blair, sued his father-in-law, Joseph Matters, for that he unlawfully and unjustly persuaded and enticed plaintiff's lawful wife to leave him and continue absent, whereby the plaintiff had lost the comfort and society of his wife, and of her assistance in domestic affairs. The plaintiff, who sued through his mother as his next friend, claimed £250. The case occasioned much amusement. It appeared that the wife of defendant had sent for plaintiff in August last, and spoke to him on the subject of marrying her daughter. He then told her that his circumstances would not allow him to marry, but eventually arranged with the young woman's parents to find furniture. The marriage followed in a week. The bride at once went to her parents' house, where she was detained, and never allowed out except with a companion, one of her relations. The plaintiff frequently went to claim his wife, but was turned out, and a policeman was sent for to take charge of him as "a nuisance." It transpired that the girl had escaped from the custody of her parents yesterday, and was now living with her husband. His Honor Judge Skinner once or twice recommended the withdrawal of the action. It was not until several witnesses had been examined that the case was stopped, each party agreeing to pay his own costs.

A deputation from the Society for the Promotion of Morality will wait upon the Chief Secretary to-morrow, to urge that the police be instructed to take immediate action for clearing the streets of loose women, and take steps to reduce the number of houses of ill-fame in Melbourne.

The report of the Commissioners of Savings Banks has been presented to Parliament. During the year ended June 30 the amount received from depositors was £1,498,017. The repayments amounted to £1,070,776. The number of depositors in July, 1881, was 59,215, or an increase of 11,249 on the preceding year. The average amount to the credit of each depositor was £33.

During a terrible lightning storm at Sandhurst last evening, two men sitting in a waggonette were struck, but not seriously injured. In another case the horse was knocked down, and the driver scorched. The tower of St. Paul's Church was struck, and one of the pinnacles thrown down. The thunderstorm was general in some degree or other throughout the colony. In the Northern districts it was felt with particular severity. Accounts are to hand from several districts, stating that the rain, which put a temporary stop to harvesting, has done considerable damage, many of the wheat crops having been levelled, while a deal of loss has been occasioned in districts where the haymaking was being proceeded with. The average fall was 1½ to 2 inches, but at Durham Ox, in the Northern district, over 3½ inches fell in 24 hours. The weather is still showery.

The ship Ellora, whilst being towed down the river to the Bay to-day, caught the bank and swung right across the stream. The passage of the river is blocked for the present.

During the torpedo practice on Monday from H.M.S. Nelson, one of the torpedoes went astray, and has not been found. A reward has been offered for its recovery. During practice the torpedoes, after being projected, were not exploded, and were picked up by a steam launch and brought on board again—the same torpedo being thus used over and over again.

A rifle match took place at Ballarat to-day between the Tasmanian team which fired in the Intercolonial Match at the Victorian Rifle Association, and a team from the Ballarat Rangers, at distances of 300, 500, and 600 yards. The local team won, the score being—Ballarat, 838; Tasmanians, 814. The highest score was made by Sergeant Dubbertin, of Ballarat, with 91 points.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, TUESDAY.

Mr. Archer, Colonial Treasurer, arrived at Bowen this morning, and left at noon. The Premier was banqueted at Port Douglas last night, and left at noon to-day for Cairns, where active preparations are being made to receive him.

At a special meeting of the subscribers of the Hospital to-day, a resolution was carried to the effect that the present circumstances of the hospital do not call for interference on the part of the subscribers in the management of the institution.

H. Monk, the immigrants' cook on the mail steamer Roma, was knocked down the hold of that vessel to-day by a bale of wool being taken on board, and sustained such serious injuries that he is not expected to recover.

The prospectus has been issued of the Queensland *Guardian*, a newspaper to be published in the interests of the Church of England.

The total exports of sugar from Queensland since the 8th July amount to 3132 tons.

The prospects of the deep lead at Gympie are reported to be improving. South New Zealand banked specimens containing 100oz. of gold. The Great Eastern and North Lady Mary Companies have each declared a dividend of 3d. per share. The manager of the Rise and Shine claim, Kilkivan, reports that he had a splendid breaking down in the winze, and got four bags of rich specimens.

A girl, 4 years of age, daughter of a man named Smith, a bullock-driver, strayed from home at Mount Abundance, at sundown yesterday, and was found drowned in the Bungewongora Creek, this morning.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, TUESDAY.

At the corporation meeting, yesterday, the Town Clerk and City Surveyor submitted their report on the electric lighting of the city. They had interviewed the agents of several companies, two of whom were desirous of experimenting at their own cost. In one instance operations were commenced immediately; the other agent will not be prepared till next May. The report was adopted, and the council will close with the offers.

The Mayor of Unley's annual report shows that the annual value of the property within the municipality had increased from £46,681 in 1882 to £63,203 in 1883. When the corporation was established in 1871 the value of property was £11,381. More tramways pass through Unley than through any other suburb.

The Commissioner for Lands left to-day on a visit to the rabbit infested districts near the border, and proceeds thence to Melbourne to consult the Minister regarding the destruction of rabbits on the Victorian side of the border.

Another heavy thunderstorm and rainfall occurred at Port Augusta yesterday afternoon and night. The total fall for the two storms is over 4¾ inches. Portions of the railway line were washed away, and the trains were delayed in consequence of the floods. The passengers remained in the carriages all night.

No sooner is the new Land Bill passed than Mr. Venning, a prominent member of the central committee of the Farmers' Association, has commenced an agitation for further sweeping land reforms.

122 candidates presented themselves at the University examinations to-day.

This afternoon a juvenile valedictory entertainment of sacred music and readings was given by the pupils of several schools to the Mayor.

A scheme has been shadowed forth for diverting the water of Victoria Creek and South Para River, nine miles from Gawler and 33 miles from Adelaide, by means of pipes, with the object of irrigating the Gawler Plains, the natural fall of country being eminently suited for the purpose. Mr. Martin, sen. (of Martin and Co.) is the author of the scheme, which is estimated to cost £500,000. He is sanguine of success.

The Rotunda was opened to-night, about 1500 persons being present. The weather was delightful. Music was furnished by the military band and Liedertafel.

The North mail was an hour late to-night through heavy floods up country.

The Marine Board considered the new bylaws at their meeting to-day. The draft consists of 57 pages of foolscap, and will take some time to complete.

A meeting of the South Australian Literary Club was held this afternoon to receive the report of a committee appointed to frame rules and to select premises for a club house. The Chief Justice presided, and legal, medical, educational, and press representatives were present. The Governor sent an apology for his absence. A site in a central position was approved, and the report was adopted on the motion of Mr. Finlayson. The rules were considered and the subscription fixed.

An excellent sample of scratched flax was brought to town this evening from the Barossa Flax Milling Company's works. In length of staple, colour, and fineness of texture, the sample was admirable.

Good news reaches town occasionally as to the good condition of the crops in the northern areas. A correspondent at Willowie East speaks of wheat giving 14 bushels to the acre, and some selected patches as much as over 20 bushels. The heavy rains in the north are scarcely good enough for the farmers, but are timely for pastoralists.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

PERTH, TUESDAY.

It is thought probable that Sir J. H. Lefroy will succeed Sir W. C. Robinson in the Governorship of this colony.

The ship Heather Bell left Fremantle on Saturday with 2600 ewes for Kimberley; also a good stud of stock rams, horses, and cattle. The shipment was made on behalf of Mr. Game, of London, for whom Mr. Alexander Forest is agent.

PARLIAMENT OF VICTORIA.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, TUESDAY.

In the Legislative Council to-day the Statute Trust Amendment Bill was passed through committee. The House then proceeded to take further evidence in regard to the lines contained in the Railway Construction Bill. Mr. Skene, Surveyor-General, was first called and examined at considerable length in reference to several of the proposed lines in the Gippsland and Western districts. Mr. Skene's examination occupied the greater part of the evening. Subsequently the line from Ballarat to the Springs was passed, and the Council then adjourned, on the understanding that evidence should be taken to-morrow in regard to certain suburban lines.

In the Assembly, Mr. Dow asked the Minister for Railways if arrangements would be made to facilitate the shipment of wheat, in order to prevent a block, in consequence of which a loss occurred to the selectors last year. Mr. Bent said that it was no fault of the department that a block occurred last year, as a large grainshed had been erected at the Melbourne station, but buyers up country sent all their consignments direct to Williamstown, occasioning a block. He thought the arrangements this season would work satisfactorily. The debate on the Land Bill was resumed by Mr. M'Call. Messrs. Officer, Deakin, and M'Intyre also spoke on the question. The debate was adjourned. The amendments of the Legislative Council in the Shares Forfeiture Bill were agreed to.

COUNTRY NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE, TUESDAY.

The steamer Rapid, built for Messrs. J. and A. Brown, was launched this morning, from Callen's Patent Slip, Stockton. She is the largest yet built in Newcastle. Messrs. Fletcher and Ellis were present at the launch. The steamer was christened by Miss Irwin.

GLEN INNES, TUESDAY.

Land is rising rapidly here, capitalists buying up large selections. Thirty-five navvies, who arrived yesterday for Messrs. Cobb and Co., have commenced operations.

TAMWORTH, TUESDAY.

The weather is extremely hot.

TENTERFIELD, TUESDAY.

The weather is fine and warm.

The Postmaster-General and Minister for Lands of Queensland arrived here this evening en route from Brisbane.

BREWARRINA, TUESDAY.

Heavy soaking showers, amounting to about 2 inches, have fallen since Sunday. Advices from the neighbouring stations are of the same character, all pointing to the certainty of one of the most favourable seasons ever experienced in this district.

ORANGE, TUESDAY.

A very heavy thunderstorm occurred yesterday at about 4 p.m. One of the vases ornamenting the parapet of Dalton Brothers' furnishing department was struck by lightning, and dismantled. No other damage is yet recorded. The rainfall was very heavy, and the streets were perfectly flooded. It is still raining, and very close.

CROOKWELL, TUESDAY.

Splendid rain is falling.

RYLSTONE, TUESDAY.

A well-attended public meeting was held last night, approving of the intended site of the railway station and urging that the matter be proceeded with. A misapprehension had previously existed.

GOULBURN, TUESDAY.

No change has taken place with regard to the condemned criminal Cunningham. He refuses to listen to the clergyman, and seems to be callous about his fate. He is to be hanged to-morrow morning at 9.

The corporation have arranged their monetary difficulties with another bank.

TEMORA, TUESDAY.

Showers continue, 126 points of rain fell during a storm last evening.

BUNGENDORE, TUESDAY.

A very heavy storm is passing over the town. The thunder and lightning are fearful, and rain is coming down in a perfect deluge. In a few minutes the street was a sheet of water, almost cutting off communication from the telegraph office, which is itself quite surrounded by water. The stream is now running through the doors. It is still raining very heavily, and likely to continue for some hours.

BEGA, TUESDAY.

Fine thunderstorms are keeping the grass growing. Stock look well.

ALBURY, TUESDAY.

Heavy rain fell during last night and to-day; the total fall aggregating 1·25 points for the past 24 hours. The weather is still threatening.

Harland, the prisoner who lately escaped, has been captured in Melbourne.

JERILDERIE, TUESDAY.

Heavy rain fell to-day, and more is threatening.

OVERLAND PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

ALBURY, TUESDAY.

The following passed through to-day:—

For Sydney: Mr. and Mrs. Honeyman, Mr. and Mrs. G. Pile, Miss Pile, Miss Lake, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sarby, Mrs. Packer, Miss Beath, Messrs. D. Beath, G. D. Valentine, T. Shaw, R. Guthridge, D. Palmer, W. Gardiner, H. Agar, C. F. Bartlett, Ivo Bligh, C. T. Studd, G. B. Studd, G. Alexander, Leslie, Steel, Vernon, Reid, Tylecote, Barnes, Morley, Barlow, Bates, Coulthard, J. Wilson.

For Melbourne: Miss A. Wren, Miss Symonds, Miss Althorpe, Miss Aspinall, Mr. and Mrs. W. Baillie Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. S. Sinclair Read, J. J. Carroll, Mrs. Bland Holt, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. R. Jenkins and 2 children, Mrs. Maher and child, Mr. and Mrs. S. Hordern and maid, Miss Febon, Messrs. J. Fox, L. Wentner, H. Mitchell, A. P. Hall, T. Bertram, W. Broach, A. Wilson, J. Callaghan, W. Wren, G. Baillie, P. J. Hayes, A. Smith, J. G. Mickelburgh, C. S. Mason, W. B. Jones, J. S. Getch, J. F. Levien, M. Chisholm, T. Robertson, H. C. Love, W. F. Gesch.

ACCIDENT WITH ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRES.—The first fatal accident with electric light wires in New York occurred October 4, the victim being an experienced line man in the employ of the Brush Electric Light Company. He was engaged in splicing a "live" wire to increase its length so that it could be transferred to another and higher pole. To do this without interrupting the current the splice had to be inserted as a loop around the point to be cut; and in making the loop connections the insulating material of the wire had to be scraped away to secure contact of the naked wires. The rule of such work is to complete one connection before beginning the other, and to complete both connections before cutting the wire, exercising meantime the utmost care to avoid touching the wires so as to allow any portion of the body to be brought into the circuit of the electric current or any part of it. By some slip or other unexplained mishap, the line man failed to properly observe these precautions, and the failure cost him his life. He was caught by the wires in such a way that he did not fall to the ground, though he was unconscious from the moment he received the shock. The fact that he did not die instantly is thought to prove only part of the current passed through his body. The palms of both hands were burned. The wire from which the fatal shock was received was carrying electricity for 40 lights of 2,000 candle power each.—*Scientific American.*

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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

CRICKET.

ENGLAND v. NEW SOUTH WALES.

At a meeting of the committee of the New South Wales Cricketing Association, held last night at the Exchange Hotel, the selection committee handed in the result of their labours, and the following, being the names of players chosen by them, are to represent this colony against the Hon. Ivo Bligh's team:—Messrs. Allen, Callachor, Davis, Evans, Geary, Hiddilston, Marr, Moses, Powell, Turner, Wearne, T. Nunn (12). Messrs. D. Gregory, C. Bannerman, and Downes were unable to play, therefore the committee had their field for selection rather limited. The committee reserve to themselves the power of altering the list at any time before the day. The Association Ground will be open only to the Englishmen and the New South Wales team for practice during to-day and to-morrow, when special wickets will be provided for each eleven. The committee request the New South Wales eleven to attend on the Association Ground to-morrow afternoon for the purpose of electing a captain. Everyone will be glad to learn that E. Evans is going to play in the match on Friday. He put in an appearance at practice last evening, and appeared to be in as good form as ever with the ball. The batting of our men at practice was the best they have yet shown, Messrs. Hiddilston, Davis, Moses, Evans, Nunn, Turner, and Allen being in splendid form. The wickets were very good, and the bowling well on the wicket. A portion of to-day and to-morrow will be devoted to field practice by the New South Wales eleven.

HOLDSWORTH CUP.—CARLTON v. ALBERT.—Carlton skipper won the toss, and sent in Nunn and Webster at 2.30. Docker commenced operations from the northern end, and Cleeve from the southern; the 5th ball of the latter's second over Nunn played to Thompson in the slips; Wearne followed, when 60 appeared on the board; a double change in the bowling took place. Crane took the ball from Docker, and Gilfillan relieved Cleeve. Wearne should have been run out when he had made 37, Fletcher failing to remove the bails; at 86 Thompson went on vice Crane, and the latter missed a very easy catch from Wearne at point; immediately after Cleeve resumed operations in place of Gilfillan, and in his first over bowled Webster. The retiring batsman contributed 42 runs by first-class cricket, and without a chance. Davis took the vacant crease, and on his arrival J. Docker was substituted for Thomson. When the score had reached 114, Fletcher caught Wearne at short stop, off J. Docker. Geary, Turner, Elliott, Tooher, and Callachor did not trouble the scorers to any great extent, but Rush, by careful play, put together 18 runs. Davis was exceedingly well caught at short-leg by Cleeve, the total only reached 188, not a good score considering the first two wickets compiled over the century. At half-past 5, Murdoch and Thompson, the first representatives of the Alberts, began the innings. Before any runs had been scored, the former was caught in the slips, and after Moses, the next man, who gave a possible chance the second ball he received, had made 4, Thomson was bowled by Wearne; Fletcher followed, and with Moses, made matters rather lively till play ceased for the day. Geary, Wearne, and Turner were the only bowlers tried on the Carlton side. The fielding on the whole was fair, and Cleeve's performance with the ball deserves more than passing notice, as the wickets played on were really splendid. Appended will be found scores and bowling analyses:—

CARLTON.

T. Nunn, c Thomson, b Cleeve	1	Jno. Tooher, c Deane, b Cleeve	0
W. Webster, b Cleeve	42	J. J. C. Callachor, c Fletcher, b Cleeve	0
W. S. Wearne, c Fletcher, b J. Docker	66	W. C. Rush, c Bayley, b Gilfillan	18
J. Davis, c Cleeve, b Gilfillan	32	M. Roare, not out	5
A. Geary, b Cleeve	2	Leg-byes	7
C. Turner, b J. Docker	7		
F. Elliott, b Cleeve	1		182

BOWLING ANALYSIS.—John Docker, 114 balls, 69 runs, 2 maiden overs, 2 wickets; James Cleeve, 138 balls, 62 runs, 3 maiden overs, 6 wickets; A. W. Crane, 36 balls, 15 runs, 1 maiden over; T. L. Gilfillan, 54 balls, 19 runs, 1 maiden over, 2 wickets; N. Thomson, 18 balls, 10 runs.

ALBERT.

G. Murdoch, c Webster, b Geary	0	J. Fletcher, not out	24
N. Thomson, b Wearne	0	Byes	4
H. Moses, not out	23	Two wickets for	51

GARDINER CUP.—PETERSHAM v. CARLINGFORD.—The match between these two clubs was resumed on Saturday and resulted in a win for Petersham by one innings and 110 runs. Seale (110) and Burrows (10), the not out men, continued their innings; the latter, who was hit badly twice, made 21 by good sterling cricket when he was bowled with a trimmer from Vallack. E. Seale played a not out innings for 128 which was characterised by the same patient defence as he showed on the previous Saturday. The Carlingford fielding was very streaky, excepting the long-stopping of Chalmers, which was particularly good. In their first innings Carlingford could only put together 56, Halligan and R. Ellis, who each made 12, being the only two who got into double figures. In the second innings they made 70, Halligan 17, and R. Ellis 12, made by good cricket, whilst Oatley made 22 in his own peculiar style. The Petersham fielding was capital all round; E. Seale at point, Grey long-stop, Kirke and A. Loveridge (who made four splendid catches) being most conspicuous, and the bowling, notably Marr's and A. Loveridge's, being too good for their opponents. In fact, in the last match v. Belvidere, and in the one just played, Petersham have proved that they are far and away too good for the other junior clubs. Full scores are appended:—

PETERSHAM.—First Innings.

Marr, b Reed	21	T. Loveridge, c Oatley	1
E. H. Seale, not out	128	Wisdom, c H. Ellis, b Halligan	2
Farnsworth, c Blackmore, b Vallack	28	Burrows, b Vallack	21
C. Seale, b M'Kern	0	Grey, b M'Kern	2
A. Loveridge, c and b M'Kern	1	Sundries	6
Kirke, b M'Kern	5	Total	236
G. Seale, c M'Kern, b Rudd	21		

Bowling Analysis.—M'Kern, 143 balls, 67 runs, 7 maiden overs, 4 wickets; Rudd, 1 no ball, 120 balls, 60 runs, 2 maiden overs, 2 wickets; Halligan, 54 balls, 28 runs, 1 maiden over, 1 wicket; Read, 42 balls, 15 runs, 1 maiden over, 1 wicket; Vallack, 96 balls, 33 runs, 2 maiden overs, 2 wickets; Blackmore, 6 balls, 7 runs.

CARLINGFORD.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Halligan, c Kirke, b Marr	12	c T. Loveridge, b A. Loveridge	17
R. Ellis, c C. Seale, b Marr	12	c Wisdom, b Marr	12
M'Kern, b Marr	9	c and b A. Loveridge	0
Rudd, l b w, b Marr	0	c T. Loveridge, b A. Loveridge	5
Wood, c T. Loveridge, b Marr	0	c and b Marr	6
N. Ellis, l b w, b A. Loveridge	1	c and b A. Loveridge	0
Vallack, c and b A. Loveridge	5	b Marr	0
Chalmers, c T. Loveridge, b A. Loveridge	6	b A. Loveridge	0
Read, b Marr	6	c E. Seale, b A. Loveridge	0
Oatley, b A. Loveridge	0	c A. Loveridge, b Wisdom	22
Blackmore, not out	3	not out	8
Sundries	2		
		Total	70
Total	56	First Innings	56
		Grand total	126

Bowling Analysis.—First innings: Marr, 101 balls, 24 runs, 4 maiden overs, 6 wickets; Kirke, 60 balls, 15 runs, 3 maiden overs, 0 wicket; A. Loveridge, 36 balls, 15 runs, 2 maiden overs, 4 wickets. Second innings: Marr, 90 balls, 32 runs, 4 maiden overs, 3 wickets; A. Loveridge, 84 balls, 34 runs, 4 maiden overs, 6 wickets; Wisdom, 3 balls, 4 runs, 1 wicket.

WARWICK v. BELVIDERE.—This match took place on the Domain, on Saturday last, and resulted in a draw in favour of the former club. Rigg captained the Warwicks, and Lindeman the Belvideres, and the latter, winning the toss, sent his men to the wickets, which they occupied till the total reached 132, of which Ring contributed 50 by good play, Richardson 24. None of the other men made double figures. The Warwicks followed, and, when time was called, had put together 90 without the loss of a wicket, the batsmen being A. Gregory and J. Rigg, the former making 48 and the latter 40, both not out, and making their runs by first-class cricket, considering that the ground was rather bumpy. The Belvidere bowlers were all tried, but neither batsman could be separated, and when time was called had put together the above total.

BELVIDERE.

W. Richardson, l b w, b Rigg	24	C. Lindeman, c Sub., b Donnelly	1
C. Richardson, run out	9	Simpson, c Searle, b Donnelly	5
Barnett, c Searle, b M'Hale	8	Windbridge, c M'Hale, b Donnelly	0
Ring, c and b A. Gregory	50	Sundries	10
Nathan, l b w, b Rigg	9		
Sheldon, c Sub., b Rigg	2		
S. Lindeman, c Sub., b A. Gregory	8		
J. Richardson, not out	5		132

WARWICK.

A. Gregory, not out	48
J. Rigg, not out	40
Sundries	2
Without loss of a wicket	90

ROYSTON COLLEGE C. C. v. OAKLANDS C. C.—On Wednesday last, at Mittagong, these two clubs played a one day's match, which resulted in a victory for Royston College by 95 runs. In the first innings Royston easily succumbed to the bowling of Mr. Southey and Hixson for 47 runs, Richardson 12, being the only one to reach double figures. This total was not, however, equalled by the Oaklands' team, which scored 46, Mr. Southey making 16. Royston second innings was more successful, as, owing to the excellent play of Richardson and Williamson, who made 39 before they were parted, a score of 138 was made. Against this Oaklands made only 43, Mr. Breakwell, for Royston, taking nine wickets for 15 runs. For Oaklands Mr. Southey took five wickets for 13 runs, and in the first innings Richardson took five wickets for six runs. The Royston team was most hospitably entertained at Oaklands by Mr. Southey.

COURSING.

A meeting of the committee of the New South Wales Coursing Club was held yesterday, at Tattersall's Rooms, when a very extensive programme for the next coursing season was adopted. Several valuable donations of plate have been presented for competition; and Mr. Wm. Cooper has signified his intention of giving a challenge cup, the value of 120 guineas, to be run for at the beginning of August, when it is expected coursers from the other colonies will enter the lists. The following are the dates fixed for the meetings of the next coursing season:—May 2, 3, and 4, May 24, 25, and 26, June 28, 29, and 30, July 31, August 1 and 2.

KRUG CUP RACE.

A protest, in writing, has been lodged with the honorary secretary of the Rowing Association by Mr. G. W. Brett, one of the competitors, against Mr. C. W. Gaden, the winner of the last contest, on the grounds that the latter sculler received an unfair advantage by being steered by the caretaker of his club, and by one or two friends on board the umpire's boat. This is contrary to the regulations, and if proved, Mr. Gaden is liable to be disqualified. The matter will be decided on Monday next.

ARTILLERY GARRISON GUN MATCH.

This match, No. 11 on the programme of the N. S. Wales Rifle Association, was fired on Saturday afternoon last from the battery at George's Head, with 68-pounder smooth-bore guns and hollow shot; but notwithstanding this great disadvantage, excellent practice was made. Unusual interest attaches to this contest, as it is the first time the Permanent and Volunteer Artillery have competed for prizes with garrison guns, the latter force only having entered for this match in past years.

23 detachments fired, viz., six from the N.S.W. Artillery, and 17 from the N. S. W. Volunteer Artillery, including the Newcastle and Woollongong Batteries, each of which entered three:—

The following were the arrangements for the match:—Major Airey, N.S.W.A., was in command; Captain Remington, V.A., and Lieutenant Nathan, N.S.W.A., had charge of scoring at the battery, assisted by a sergeant-major from each force; Lieutenants Airey and Lester, V.A., recorded the time by chronograph, seven minutes being allowed for every five rounds; Sergeant-major Green, N.S.W.A., and Quartermaster-sergeant Rouse, V.A., scored at the range.

Lieutenant-colonel Spalding, N.S.W.A., and Lieutenant-colonel Wells, N.S.W.V.A., were also present, and Major Jaques, V.I., as representative of the council of the Rifle Association.

The following is the official score, Sergeant-major Caldecott as "No. 1" of the leading detachment being also entitled to the Commandant's trophy:—

	Score.
Sergeant-Major Caldecott, 2 V.A., £15	34
Gunner Corbett, 4 V.A., £12	34
Gunner Corlett, 2 V.A., £10	34
Sergeant Walsh, 1 A., £8	33
Sergeant [illegible], 2 A., £5	33
Sergeant Parsons, 6 V.A.	33
Bombardier Barr, 1 A.	33
Sergeant-major Hobbs, 2 V.A.	...
Sergeant Hund, 4 V.A.	32
Sergeant Wise, 5 V.A.	32
Sergeant-major Clark, 1 V.A.	31
Sergeant Coleman, 3 A.	31
Corporal Davis, 6 V.A.	31
Gunner Manuel, 5 V.A.	31
Gunner Jeffery, 5 V.A.	30
Corporal Cooper, 2 V.A.	30
Sergeant Cochran, 6 V.A.	30
Sergeant Goldsbro, 1 V.A.	30
Gunner Strugnell, 1 V.A.	27
Sergeant-major Bennett, 3 A.	25
Sergeant Crabtree, 1 A.	24
Sergeant Melville, 3 V.A.	24
Sergeant Pringle, 4 V.A.	20

SYDNEY UNIVERSITY ATHLETIC CLUB.

The annual general meeting of the above club was held at the Oxford Hotel, King-street. There was a fair attendance, and Mr. J. E. Flynn, M.A., was voted to the chair. The report for the past year, read and adopted, was as follows:—"Your committee, in submitting to you the fourth annual report, are pleased to be in a position to congratulate you on the present sound state and increasing prosperity of the club. Many of the expectations indulged in when the club was inaugurated are being realised, and the interest taken in its efforts by those whose University career is past is both an incentive to fresh matriculants, and an encouragement to those members most actively engaged in its support and management. As, however, the number of members of the University is comparatively limited, your committee trust that all who hold the distinction of that membership will contribute their aid to the advancement of the Athletic Club, and assist them (the committee) in establishing sports meetings to emulate those of the home universities. At the last annual general meeting a resolution was passed to the effect that the members' subscription to the club should be doubled, and happily, while this addition has augmented the funds of the club, it has not been attended with any decrease in the number of members. The third annual sports meeting of the club held in October, 1881, was most successful, although the Association Ground having been secured for cricket matches on Saturdays, your committee were obliged to hold the sports on a Wednesday afternoon—a disadvantage which they hope will be remedied at the ensuing gatherings. In connection with this matter your committee wish to express their regret that as the Cricket Association reserve their ground for cricket matches during the summer months they find it impossible to hold the usual annual sports meeting this year, and therefore suggest that in future the gatherings shall be held in the Lenten term, a date which, as following instead of as heretofore preceding the yearly examinations, they anticipate will be found acceptable to the members and patrons of the club generally, and to undergraduates especially. The report of the hon. treasurer (appended) shows a balance of £7 12s. 10d. to the credit of the club, a favourable state of finance, as your committee think, in view of the expenditure necessary to the carrying out of a successful sports meeting. Your committee, in conclusion, beg to tender the thanks of the club to the following patrons and supporters of the club, who, by their liberality in presenting prizes, helped to the success of our last reunion:—Sir W. M. Manning, president of the club, a prize for the mile running, won by J. A. Buckland; Professor Gurney, M.A., vice president, a prize for the 220 yards undergraduates race, won by F. B. Wilkinson; Rev. J. Kinross, principal of St. Andrew's College, a prize for the college race, won by P. J. Kenna; Mrs. C. K. Mackellar, challenge cup for 100 yards champion race, won by J. F. Elphinstone; Mrs. H. M. Baillie, prize for 150 yards handicap, won by F. P. Brennan; Thos. Buckland, Esq., prize of 440 yards handicap, won by G. C. Addison; H. M. Faithfull, Esq., prize for the half-mile handicap, won by C. L. Tange; Messrs. Lamb and Fairfax, prize for 200 yards handicap, won by T. W. Garrett; W. R. F. Burkitt, Esq., donation of £2 2s. to the club." The rule relating to the time for holding the sports was amended in order that the meeting might take place early in the winter instead of as heretofore in the spring. The meeting then proceeded to the election of officers with the following result:—President, the Hon. Sir W. M. Manning, Knt., Chancellor; vice presidents, the Professors of the University; honorary secretary, Mr. G. C. Addison; honorary treasurer, Mr. J. A. Buckland; committee, Messrs. W. Bennett, J. E. Flynn, M.A., D. F. Mackay, J. M'Guinn, T. Powell, M.A., E. J. Raper, B.A., F. B. Wilkinson, B.A. Mr. Raper, in proposing a vote of thanks to the retiring officers, expressed himself of opinion as an old member of the committee that too much praise could not be given to the managers of any athletic club for the performance of very difficult, and he was sorry to say, generally thankless duties, in providing for the success of sports gatherings. The motion was ably seconded by Mr. Piddington, and carried *nem. con.* After a vote of thanks to the chairman was passed, the meeting terminated.

THE PROPOSED MATCH, 21 COLTS and COACH against HON. IVO BLIGH'S ELEVEN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—It may be interesting to the majority of your readers to know that some weeks back, in a communication with Mr. G. Alexander, of the M. C. C., of Victoria (at whose instigation the present English cricketers are here), I suggested the practicability of a match being arranged between our visitors and 21 colts, the latter to be aided by an experienced coach. To this suggestion I received a somewhat encouraging reply from Mr. Secretary Wardell, to the effect that the matter in committee had been very favourably entertained, and promising it consideration when their programme was being finally arranged. Whether this promise is to take any tangible form remains to be seen.

As I understand it, this question has given rise to side-wind controversy, some, as a matter of course, being for and some against the idea; but much else than this could scarcely be expected, coming as it does in the ordinary groove of public events. Now, to a certain extent it is upon just such a spirit of common contention that I base the probable success of my proposition, one feature of which is that an opponent often fails by judging his fellow antagonist too cheaply. In the large field of young talent which has come under my personal observation in the Junior Cup matches last season, and in those now pending under my managership, we have, undeniably, the wherewithal of able opponents in the future, possessing inherent cricketing qualities of a first-class order, sooner or later to be developed, and for aught we know, in some future representative Australian eleven. The inauguration hence of such a match as that I propose would incline to this development, would have a semblance of novelty about it which would excite interest, and as a consequence bring with it a good share of public patronage, probably better than may be accorded to the coming metropolitan, but by no means representative, eleven selected to do battle against the best team of English players who ever visited us, not barring, mayhap, that of even old George Parr's in 1864.

Viewing matters in the abstract form, and the greater chances of victory the colts would have in contrast with the New South Wales eleven against Hon. Ivo Bligh's players (that is without assistance from Murdoch's contingent), I am disposed to conclusions which are not so bereft of foundation as may be imagined. Of the efficacy of that I propose, and that the colts would at least make a respectable show, I may be accused of being somewhat over-sanguine, but am perhaps better able to judge of this than most authorities, and from this one fact alone, that the colts I propose are known only to myself. So far my disputants remain in the dark, and for them to venture an opinion would be like passing one upon the qualities of a horse they never saw or heard of.

Of the idea itself, it is to me a matter of very little moment whether it is carried out or not, but viewed in the interest of cricket I think it is one worthy consideration, and one which, properly followed up, cannot but fail to prove, apart from its novelty, one of the most attractive features on the English players' programme.

I remain, &c., F. IRONSIDE.

Botany-street, Surry Hills, November 28.

The editor of the *Jewish Chronicle* says that on reading the statement in Mr. Goldwin Smith's letter to the *Spectator* that the *Irish World* was owned by a Jew he sent the following telegram to New York:—"Is *Irish World* owned by a Jew?" To this inquiry he received the following reply:—"Proprietor-Editor *Irish World* is Patrick Ford, no Jew."

DEPUTATION.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

Yesterday morning a deputation, consisting of the following members of the Civil Service—Messrs. A. O. Moriarty, A. C. Fraser, J. Rae, J. Thompson, J. Plunkett, and Jones—waited on the Hon. Colonial Secretary under the following circumstances:—A short time ago, it appeared, the Colonial Secretary received an anonymous letter from some member of the Civil Service, inquiring what the Government intended to do with regard to the introduction of a bill for the regulation of the Civil Service and the superannuation of the officers. Of course the Premier could take no notice of an anonymous communication, but he intimated that he would like to see some of the public officers on the subject. It was in consequence of this that the deputation had waited on him—not as having had any connection with the anonymous letter, nor as representatives of the Civil servants, but simply to hear the views of the Premier upon the subject.

Sir HENRY PARKES said the whole question of the position of the Civil servants had been before the Government, as it had been before other Administrations. But they had been so much occupied with work that they had never been able to submit a measure to Parliament. They had even gone so far as to give some kind of instructions during the present session, but nothing had come of it, and in the meantime they had tried to get information on the subject from England and other European countries; and although that information was of use as a guide, it did not supply anything that they could copy. With regard to the question itself, he should be very glad to see a law by which the Civil servants would have secured to them the right of promotion by merit where that could be done without injury to the Civil Service. What he meant was that cases might arise when it might be absolutely necessary higher talent than any that was available in the ordinary course. He could not see how any service could exist without some discretion under certain conditions on the part of the Minister. There might, for instance, be a case where the officer next in seniority would be a gentleman of such a character that he might be utterly unsuitable, and might not be nearly so fit as some one else who would be available, and certainly the public ought to have the best men. As a general rule he thought he had shown himself against the introduction of strangers. There was a case now in point, of the necessity of now and then doing that. In the Education Department the Government had just introduced into this country a lady to be at the head of the Female Training College, and they were fully justified, notwithstanding that there was a large class of female teachers here—more than 1200,—the Government were justified in getting a person who had a fresh knowledge of all the latest methods of the English system, and who was not entangled by any local feelings or interests. That was an instance of the exception which, he thought, must always exist. But he should be extremely glad to see the fruit of a good Civil servant's labours secured to him beyond all doubt by regular stages of promotion. With regard to superannuation, he had had a great sickener of that some years ago, in having to settle the old broken-down Act, and he then thought he would never meddle with any legislation of the kind again. It was so extremely difficult to effect a settlement in any way satisfactory to the recipients, satisfactory to the Parliament, or satisfactory to the public. But he confessed he had now come to the conclusion that we must have some proper mode of superannuation in the public service, for they saw so many instances where it would be a public benefit for men to retire, and he should be disposed to support such a bill, on some proper basis that would secure us from any collapse such as occurred before. He might say he felt pretty sure that if the session of Parliament had gone on, the Government would have introduced a bill for the regulation of the Civil Service—whether for superannuation was another thing. If they should have the opportunity in the ensuing Parliament, he could say distinctly that the Government would introduce a Civil Service Bill.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

The following notifications appear in yesterday's *Gazette*:—

CONSUL.—Mr. Henry Bonnard is to be recognised as Consul at Newcastle for the Republic of Honduras, pending the receipt of her Majesty's Exequatur.

APPOINTMENTS.—Mr. William Cotter Williamson to be Government Medical Officer and Vaccinator for the districts of St. Leonards and Lane Cove; Mr. H. Kirwan King, to be additional vaccinator for the district of Bega; Mr. J. J. Robertson to be a mining surveyor; Mr. Edward F. Pittman to be a geological surveyor, vice Mr. H. L. Brown, resigned; Mr. R. H. Morisset, warden, at Hill End, to be acting warden at Temora; Mr. D. E. Troughton, to be a warden of the Tambaroora and Turon mining district, during the absence of Mr. R. P. Morrisset, acting as warden at Temora; Mr. William Laird, to be bailiff at the Warden's Court at Tenterfield, vice Mr. M. Dalhunty—to take effect from the 1st instant; the Rev. Sydney Glanville Fielding, to be Church of England chaplain to Bathurst gaol, vice the Rev. T. D. Dunston, resigned; the Rev. David J. D'Arcy, to be Roman Catholic chaplain to Wellington gaol, vice the Rev. Denis O'Kennedy, resigned; Constable Charles Chappel, to be Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions at Moranganell, vice M'Keon; the Hon. William Henry Suttor, M.L.C., to be the Licensing Magistrate and official member of the Licensing Court at Bathurst, during the absence, on leave, of Benjamin Lee, jun., Esq., P.M.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AND PAYMENTS OFFICERS.—The following gentlemen to be school attendance and payments officers, viz.:—Messrs. Henry Shipton Carpenter, Frederick Arthur Henry Cork, Charles Caius Fagan, Andrew M'George, James Charles Thornton, William Turnor, Frederick James White, and Alfred Place.

MAGISTERIAL POWERS.—Mr. Robert Dawson, Police Magistrate at Cooma, to exercise at Cooma, Seymour, Nimitybelle, and Buckley's Crossing, within the police district of Cooma, the special powers authorised to be given to police magistrates by the 2nd clause of the Clerks of Petty Sessions Act of 1857, for a further period of two years from the 1st December next. Mr. Joseph Francis Makinson, Police Magistrate at Brewarrina, to exercise at Eringonia, within the police district of Brewarrina, the special powers authorised to be given to police magistrates by the 2nd clause of the Clerks of Petty Sessions Act of 1857, for a period of two years from the 13th instant.

PETTY SESSIONS.—The police district of Walgett is appointed a place for holding Courts of Petty Sessions, under the Act of the Colonial Legislature, 3 Will. IV., No. 3.

TELEGRAPH AND POST OFFICES.—A telegraph office will be opened on the 27th instant at Tilpa, Darling River. The post office will be re-established on the 24th instant at The Valley.

REGISTRARS.—Mr. C. H. Redgrave has been appointed Acting-Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, for the district of Argyle, at Goulburn. Mr. William Henry Hazelton has been appointed Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages for the district of Grenfell.

MARRIAGES.—The undermentioned officiating ministers have been registered for the celebration of marriages:—Wesleyan Church: Revs. Charles Edward Butler, Broughton Creek, John Alfred Jeffreys, Wagga Wagga; Aaron Cooper, Forbes; James Scott, Lismore; Frederick Cartwright Boyer, Maitland; John Hulme, Rocky Point; John Charles Prescott, Parramatta; and Joseph Bryant, Kempsey.

ACCEPTED TENDERS.—The following tenders have been accepted by the Government:—J. and A. Goodsir—Erection of timber flumes, Sydney Water supply, contracts 1 and 2A below Prospect, J. L. Hordern and Co.—Supply of carpets, during 1883. W. P. Welch—Supply of blinds, during 1883. J. Wooster—Supply of chairs, during 1883. G. H. Royce and Co.—Supply of wrought iron work for iron-decked culverts and small bridges, Roads Department, during 1883. R. Fowler—Supply of drain pipes, Metropolitan District, Roads Department, during 1883. S. Hughes—Supply of drain pipes, Northern District, Roads Department, during 1883. T. Wilton—Supply of drain pipes, Southern and Western Districts, during 1883. D. M'Pherson—Bridge on road Fernmount to Grafton. M. Tuite—Contract 24L road Fernmount to Grafton. H. J. Moses—Contract 21L road Kempsey to Fernmount. P. Cook—Contract 27L road Oakes Plains to Macleay Heads.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

The manager of the Barmedman United Gold-mining Company reports the following telegram received on Monday:—"Splendid gold cut in the Ada reef on Saturday."

The following is a return of tin ore received at Newcastle and Morpeth for the week ending 18th November:—From Uralla to Newcastle, 4 tons; from W. Tamworth to Newcastle, 17 tons 6cwt. 2qr.; from Uralla to Morpeth, 18 tons 5cwt.; from W. Tamworth to Morpeth, 23 tons 7cwt.: total, 62 tons 18cwt. 2qr.

HORRIBLE DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA.—George A. Reeves, Speaker of the Texas House of Representatives, and a candidate for re-election to the next Legislature, was bitten by a rabid dog. Every remedy was tried, including the application of mad stones, but they were of no avail. Symptoms of hydrophobia showed themselves, and the attack was so violent that it was found necessary to tie him to his bed. He frothed and snapped and raved continuously in the most horrible manner until he died. Physicians were in constant attendance, but could not relieve him. Mr. Reeves was one of the most popular men in Texas.

With regard to the smallpox epidemic at Manila, the *China Mail*, September 27, says:—"A private telegram from Manila gives the number of deaths in the city and suburbs from the beginning of the epidemic up to September 24, as 4734, which would give a very heavy death-rate, indeed. It is gratifying to find, however, that the fatality must have almost ceased in Manila, for another private message, received late on Saturday night, is to the following effect:—'Cholera trifling in Manila, although somewhat serious in some of the surrounding villages.' Yet another telegram, received to-day, states that cholera is reported to have nearly ceased in Manila. This is said to be in a great measure due to the visit of some severe gales of wind which were said to have been blowing for a few days in a typhoonish way in the neighbourhood of the Philippines, and cleared the atmosphere to a great extent. The epidemic is very bad at Tarlac, about 80 miles from Bolinao, and is said to be slowly extending over the rest of the island."

TO CURE SKIN DISEASES.—Sulpholine Lotion will completely remove all eruptions, pimples, redness, blotches, scurf, eczema, psoriasis, &c., in a few days. Sulpholine attacks old skin disorders, and totally destroys them. It is a peculiar, agreeable, harmless fluid, producing a clear skin. Sulpholine lotion is sold by chemists; bottles, 2s 9d. Made only by J. Pepper and Co., London.—[ADVT.]

NEW SOUTH WALES NAVAL VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY FORCE.

A public meeting was held in the Town Hall, last night, for the purpose of forming a Naval Artillery Force in connection with this colony, of explaining its objects, and enrolling members. The Mayor of the city was to have presided, but, owing to his engagement at another meeting, Captain Sadlier, R.N., filled the position of chairman. There were altogether about 70 present.

The CHAIRMAN briefly explained the object of the gathering, and expressed gratification at the fact of seeing so many present, adding that it certainly showed a great deal of interest was manifested in the proceedings.

Dr. WILLIAMS, lately of the Royal Naval Artillery Volunteers of England, was then called upon to address the meeting. He stated that it was owing to the exertions of Mr. Frederick Cavill that the meeting had been called for the purpose indicated, and it was a credit to that gentleman to have started such a movement as the present one. It was to be formed on a similar basis to that of the Royal Volunteer Naval Artillery Force of England, of which Sir Thomas Brassey in 1871 was the founder. Sir Thomas Brassey thought that such a corps would prove of great assistance in case of need, and with the aid of two or three others he succeeded in enrolling some 20 men. The corps was totally unrecognised, but through the energy of its founder, and also his liberality, it had grown into a very large institution, and now he believed the naval volunteers in England could muster some 2000 men. (Applause.) In a late review of troops, before her Majesty the Queen, 1500 picked men from naval volunteers marched past in front of the whole column, and their physique and soldierly appearance were the admiration of the spectators. (Applause.) Very little support was given to the corps when it started, and it was placed under many disadvantages. These difficulties, however, were soon surmounted, and its great success was now well known. It was intended to frame rules for the guidance of the proposed corps similar to those adopted by the Naval Volunteer Artillery of England. It was to be partly self-supported, and the Government had placed on the Estimates a sum of £500 to be devoted to the assistance of the corps, so that the services of an officer-instructor and drill-instructors could be secured. The various departments of drill in which the members would be expected to render themselves efficient were as follows:—Manual, firing, sword-bayonet exercise and battalion drill, heavy gun drill in all its details, as far as applicable, cutlass drill, singlestick practice with loose play, revolver practice and boat exercise in cutters, gigs, &c., with practical seamanship. The different kinds of drill the (the speaker) had mentioned would prove exceedingly interesting, and as a great deal of time would not be taken up in the performance of them, the objects of the corps should favourably recommend themselves to all young men. Squads would meet at a place to be decided upon by the drill-instructor. It was found in the Naval Volunteer Corps of England that raw recruits were, after some 30 drills, as efficient as possible, and therefore by attaching themselves to their work in a proper manner, and endeavouring to do their best, there was no reason why the members of the New South Wales Naval Artillery Corps should not succeed equally as well. (Applause.) In conclusion, he had much pleasure in moving,—"That a Naval Volunteer Artillery Force be formed for the defence of the harbour of Port Jackson and the sea coasts, and be termed the New South Wales Volunteer Artillery Corps."

Mr. C. FENWICK seconded the motion, urging upon those present the necessity for the establishment of the proposed corps, and pointing out the great assistance the force would be in the event of a foe approaching our shores.

Mr. H. C. DANGAR spoke in support of the movement. He said that on one occasion when speaking to Sir Henry Parkes relative to the formation of the force, he admitted that it would supply a necessity in regard to the defences of the colony. The Wolverene had been placed at its disposal, and though many members of Parliament had taken occasion of late to refer in very disparaging terms to the vessel itself, he was of opinion that it would give the very greatest satisfaction to the Naval Artillery Force, and would not be found wanting in any respects. (Applause.)

Captain SYMONDS, of the Wolverene, reiterated the remarks of the previous speakers, and added that he would be pleased at any time to take the members of the Naval Volunteer Artillery Force out to sea, and keep them there as long as they wished. (Laughter and applause.)

In answer to a question, it was explained that there was no definite rule regarding the age at which members would be admitted to the force, but it was not intended to enrol any under the age of 17 years. They would not require to undergo any medical examination.

The motion was at this stage put and carried unanimously.

Mr. CAVILL then proposed,—"That the present committee dissolve, and nominations for a new one be made." He explained that a committee was recently formed to make the necessary initiation arrangements, and having done so it was necessary according to the understanding then arrived at that it should resign.

The motion was agreed to.

The secretary (Mr. A. W. Walsh) explained that nominations for members of committee would be received at Assons' Exchange Hotel, between the hours of 8 and 9 p.m. during this week, and that recruits could then also be enrolled.

A vote of thanks to the chairman brought the meeting to a close.

At the conclusion several members were enrolled.

AMUSEMENTS.

"La Mascotte," at the Theatre Royal, has proved so great an attraction that, even in the present whirl of political excitement, the performance is nightly witnessed by a very large audience.

So also "Giroflé-Girofla," at the Opera House, has lost none of its charm in drawing patronage, which charm is chiefly due to Miss Emelie Melville's perfect interpretation of the part of the twin sisters, and to Mr. E. Farley's very artistic impersonation of Mourzouk. Miss Maria St. Clair, Mr. Casselli, and Mr. Harding—who has replaced Mr. Beaumont in the part of Marasquin—do much to bring about the success which nightly attends the production of the opera, and it will only be taken off in order that the principal pieces in the company's repertoire may be played.

The "Merchant of Venice," as played at the Gaiety Theatre, is a revelation to the theatre-goers of Sydney, for the production not only gives them the very first scene and the last act—which are usually omitted—but Mr. Sheridan's Jew is not the exaggerated, implacable Hebrew ordinarily presented to us. Shylock, according to Mr. Sheridan, is a man who thinks himself injured by a Christian, and who, when opportunity comes, endeavours to carry out the Mosaic law of "an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth." His performance is natural, consistent, and impressive; and the effect it has upon the audience is shown by the many recalls he invariably receives. Miss Louise Davenport's Portia is a picturesque performance, but the lady's elocution is anything but perfect. Miss Emma Bronton acts Nerissa with charming grace, and Miss Nellie Playfair's Jessica is a thoroughly artistic conception, well carried out. Of the other parts the most noticeable were—Gratiano, which Mr. Frank Cates dressed very richly and acted well; Launcelot Gobbo, amusingly played by Mr. Lachlan M'Gowan; and Bassanio, cleverly played by Mr. G. R. Ireland. The drama will be repeated until Saturday evening, when Massinger's play, "A New Way to Pay old Debts," will be produced, Mr. Sheridan impersonating Sir Giles Overreach.

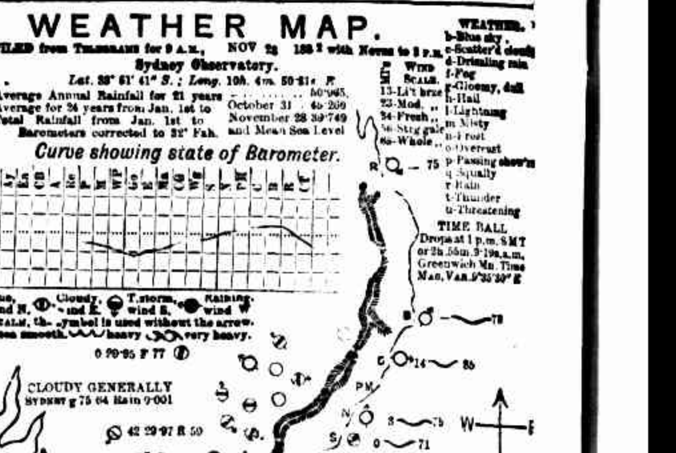
Mr. W. Chapman, elocutionist, purposes giving shortly a complimentary recital of selections from the great masters, at the Protestant Hall. The Mayor of Sydney, it is announced, will preside.

On the night of the 27th instant, an entertainment, consisting of anthems, duets, and solos, was rendered by the choir of St. Saviour's Church, Redfern, assisted by a few members of other choirs, and was a thorough success. The rendition of the following was really admirable:—Solo, "As pants the Hart;" duet, "Pulaski's Banner;" solo, "The Lost Chord;" anthem, "Majesty;" duet, "Christian Martyrs;" solo, "Cleansing Fires;" trio, "Like as a Father;" also, solo and chorus, "In Splendour Bright," "The Heavens are Telling." Much praise is due to the organist for the efficient manner in which it was conducted. A vote of thanks to the choir and assistants was unanimously responded to by the congregation.

PANIC IN A VIENNA CHURCH.—A great panic occurred in the Franciscan Church in Vienna. A large congregation had assembled, as there was a High Mass in celebration of the Emperor's name day, and of the seven hundredth anniversary of the Franciscans. In the middle of the service a wreath of dried flowers in front of the altar accidentally caught fire, and the sparks reached the congregation. Numbers rose and rushed to the only exit, and there was great crushing, screaming, and confusion, which in a few seconds would have led to a serious calamity but for the presence of mind of the officiating priest, who continued the service while one of the assistant clergy easily extinguished the wreath. The danger was all the greater because the church was hung with decorations of a very inflammable character.

The marriage mania (says a London paper) is continuing its ravages amongst the French actresses. The last victim is Mdlle. Duverger, whose beauty and whose diamonds used to be the talk of Paris—years ago. Mdlle. Duverger was an innovator in her line. It was she who set the fashion of playing the *rôle* of milkmaids and shepherdesses with diamonds in her ears and pearls around her neck. The first example of this fashion cited is a *rôle* of a *laitière*, created by Mdlle. Duverger in "Lait d' Anesse," in 1847, when she wore a necklace worth 30,000fr. Subsequently she played the ragged heroines of Gaité melodramas, with 200,000fr. worth of diamonds on her person. After having been a *princesse de la rampe*, Mdlle. Duverger became a princess *de la main gauche*, and for many years the old Prince Demidoff acted as a *repoussoir* to her beauty in the places where "all Paris" congregated. Old Demidoff served Eugène Sue as the model of the brutal Lugarto, in his novel of "Mathilde." Mdlle. Duverger became very rich, as Mdlle. Schneider did, and, what is more, she is very rich still. Her last appearance on the stage was just before the war, when she appeared in the "Dame aux Camélias." Armand Duval was a handsome dark man, named Delacour. It is the story of Sarah Bernhardt and M. Damala. They played at love until they were surprised by the reality. The only difference is that Sarah regularised her position at once, whereas Mdlle. Duverger has waited 12 years, only to find that she loves him still. This sexagenarian idyll is all the talk in the theatrical world.

Stations.	w			rain
Casino	b	89	51	0
Tent'rfield	u	82	56	0
Moree	b	90	63	0
Grafton	b	89	70	0
Gl'n Inn's	c	74	51	0
Inverell	g	84	54	0
Bourke	u	89	73	0·31
Narrabri	u	100	55	0
Armidale	c	76	—	
Bendem'r	b	83	42	0
Gunned'h	.	—	—	
C'n'mble	c	90	67	0
Tamw'rth	o	93	64	0
Coonab'n	o	91	68	0
P.M'q'rie	.			
W'lcannia	g			
Murrundi	o	88	60	0
Cassilis	u	85	—	0·05
Mus'br'ok	b	102	88	0
Dubbo	u	91	67	0
Menindie	o	81	65	0·26
Mudgee	u	91	66	0
Maitland	b	91	70	0
Hill End	u	—	—	0·91
Newcast'e	b	80	63	0
Orange	u	83	62	0·85
Bathurst	g	85	63	0·15
Forbes	o	92	63	0
M.Vict'ria	c	85	62	0
Cond'b'lin	u	75	56	0·37
Picton	u	85	63	0
Carcoar	u	87	71	0·50
Wentw'th	u	86	57	0·59
Young	u	82	69	0·11
Woll'g'ng	.			
Hay	u	90	67	0
Moss Vale	.			
Euston	r	90	72	0·15
Goulburn	o	87	63	0·95
Wagga	c	91	63	0·23
Cape Geo.	c	84	50	0
Queanb'n	u	87	66	0·36
Deniliq'n	o	94	68	0·03
Moruya	g	72	62	0·23
Kiandra	.	—	—	—
Alb'ry	o	90	63	1·06
B'd'lla	g	91	62	0·23
Cooma	o	86	59	0·30
Eden	c	1	80	[illegible]
Gabo	c	—	—	—



COMMERCIAL.

PRODUCE SALES.

By Messrs. Mort and Co.—Hides: No mark, 2 yearlings at 1s each; JW, 18 at 2¼d; PH, 13 at 3½d; TD over B, 9 at 3½d; T, 28 at 1½d; JSV, 92 at 3¼d; CM, 45 at 4¼d; Black 3, 31 at 3¼d; Anchor in circle, 166 at 4d; X, 33 at 2d; Black, 36 at 2s 6d; White X, 16 at 19d; 9 horsehides at 3s 3d each; EP under half-circle, 14 at 3½d, 48 at 3¼d; Brown tape, 10 at 3d, 11 at 3¼d; JW, 24 at 3¼d; H, 33 at 3¼d; circle over bar, 28 at 3d; White X, 47 at 3¼d; Anchor in circle, 8 yearlings at 2s 9d, 3 calfskins at 1s 1d each. Kangaroo Skins: HW, 1 bundle at 6s, 1 at 3s, Addressed, 1 lot opossum at 2s, 1 of wallaby at 1s, 1 of bear at 3s; GC over [illegible], 1 bundle wallaby at 1s 6d; JR, 2 at 6s; C, 1 package at 1s 6d; W[illegible], 2 kangaroo skins at 1s 6d, 3 opossum at 1s, 10 hare skins at 1s; W over Elgin, 1 lot wallaby at 1s, 1 bundle 4s; HM, 2 kangaroo skins at 5s 6d, 1 at 5s; SM, 4 at at 7s, 1 lot at 2s 6d, 2 goatskins at 5s; C, 1 lot opossum at ½d each; Addressed, 1 lot wallaby at 1s; AFS, 3 bundles kangaroo at 7s, 1 at 3s; JD over H, 3 at 7s 6d per dozen. Tallow Packages: EP under half circle, 2 at £32 10s; No mark, 7 at £31 5s; Anchor in circle, 9 at £32 15s; WH, 1 at £26 15s; Addressed, 1 at £25 10s per ton. Hair: JM, 1 bag at 10d per lb. Horns and Bones: CR over J, 1 bag horns at 2s; WS, 1 at 32s, 1 of bones at 7s 9d; JH 4 of horns at 8s 6d; WO, 5 of horns at 32s per 100.

By Messrs. Brunker and Wolfe.—Tallow Packages: GL, 1 at £25; Addressed, 1 at £28; White rag, 1 at £27; AS, 1 at £29, 1 at £25 15s; IC, 1 at £31; EAD, 3 at £32; H, 6 at £30 5s; HJM, 2 at £32 10s; JD, 1 at £28; No mark, 1 at £28 15s; Mc, 1 at £31 15s. Hides: NS, 18 at 2d; Red X, 17 at 2d; No mark, 16 at 2d; JH, 42 at 3½d, 24 at 3¼d; T, 14 at 4d, 12 at 3¼d; SB, 36 at 3¼d; D&G over T, 13 at 3d; Addressed, 12 at 3d; White rag, 36 at 3d; Bark, 26 at 3¼d, 10 at 3¼d; D, 36 at 3¼d, 18 at 3¼d; No mark, 33 at 3¼d; 27 at 3¼d; J, 10 at 3¼d; JC, 22 at 3¼d; AG, 15 at 3¼d; SS, 16 at 3¼d; W, 21 at 4d, 11 at 3¼d. Yearlings, &c.: AGH, 4 at 2s 1d; W, 5 calfskins, 8d; Addressed, 2 yearlings at 4s, 3 at 3s 5d; J, 1 at 2s 8d; HJM, 4 calfskins at 8d, 1 yearling at 1s 10d; J, 1 yearling at 3s; D, 6 calfskins at 10d; HNE, 7 at 1s; E over A, 20 at 10d.

By Mr. John Bridge.—Yearlings: WW, 1 at 1s 9d; P, 9 at 3s 1d; P M & Co., 1 at 1s 6d; Addressed, 2 at 3s 11d, 1 at 1s 6d; HM, 2 at 2s 7d; Yellow 1, 4 at 2s 9d; PT over Waterfalls, 10 at 2s 6d; Oaks B Co., 6 at 4s 6d; HAYS, 6 at 4s. Calfskins: Addressed, 21 at 11d; P, 3 at 2s 2d; PTR, 34 at 1s; AB over T, 10 at 2s 4d; Red braid, 10 at 9d; TMA, 10 at 1s; FL, 16 at 2s 3d; R, 5 at 2s 6d; HM over T, 11 at 1s 9d; S in circle, 4 at 1s 5d. Hides: AB over M, 16 hides at 3½d; Addressed, 12 at 3d; HM, 12 at 2½d; KA, 18 at 3¼d; addressed, 39 at 3¼d; MA, 43 at 3d; PT over waterfalls, 27 at 3¼d; PC, 12 at 3¼d; addressed, 14 at 3¼d; Print rag, 30 at 3¼d; JH, 25 at 3¼d; AXR, 41 at 3¼d; TC, 41 at 3¼d, GM over J, 71 at 3¼d; MXD, 21 at 3¼d; Green rag, 31 at 3¼d; W, 12 at 3¼d; CYM, 20 at 3¼d; JB, 12 at 2¼d; Red braid, 21 at 3¼d; Red braid, 24 at 3¼d; TP, 21 at 3¼d; T, 15 at 3¼d; HM, 11 at 3¼d; Yellow, 19 at 3¼d; MDG, 32 at 3¼d; addressed, 102 at 4¼d; PTS, 23 at 3¼d; Z, 16 at 4d; HD on leather, 38 at 4¼d. Skins: TW over T, 12 at 4s; 2Gc, 1 bundle goatskins at 6s 6d; Green tape, 1 at 4s, 1 bundle goatskins at 5s 6d. Tallow: Packages—TW over T, 4 at 21s 9d; BB, 3 at 22s 9d; M, 1 at 28s; WG, 2 at 28s; Addressed, 1 at 25s, 1 at 28s 6d; Hc over T, 1 at 24s 6d; TW over T, 1 at 21s; JS, 1 at 22s 9d; C&McK, 1 at 33s; TMc, 2 at 30s; MR, 1 at 34s 3d; JK, 2 at 39s 6d, 4 at 31s 9d; WG, 4 at 29s 6d; TC, 1 at 26s 9d; R, 1 at 31s 6d; JB, 1 at 27s 9d; G&N, 1 at 36s; JC, 2 at 27s; HW, 8 at 31s 9d; R, 3 at 32s 3d.

By Mr. F. L. Barker.—Hides: HB conjoined, 96 at 4¼d; X on leather label, 90 at 4d; Four holes in leather label, 50 at 4d; X on leather label, 30 at 4d; Tin triangle, 135 at 4d; W, 44 at 4d; SH&Coy, 97 at 4d; JJB, 48 at 4d; C.Bros, 39 at 4d; JE over R, 15 at 3¼d; JB and Coy, 19 at 3¼d; Braid, 19 at 3¼d; White tape, 46 at 3¼d, 41 at 3d. Calfskins: P, 21 at 1s 5d; TB, 14 at 1s 5d; JB, 15 at 1s 1d; B, 20 at 1s; PMF, 4 at 10d; Tape, 2 at 9d; C, 8 yearlings at 3s 5d; W, 6 at 3s 1d; HB conjoined, 8 at 2s 10d each. Tallow: OZE, 6 packages at £33 10s; M-H & Co., 1 at £33 10; Addressed, 5 at £33; No mark, 1 at £33; Addressed, 2 casks at £15 per ton. Horns: NIU, 5 bags at 30s; JVC, 7 at 28s 9d; M-K&Co. 7 at 27s 3d; EB, 3 at 28s 9d; B, 5 at 26s 6d; White Tape, 2 at 26s 6d; GS, 16 at 25s 3d; C, 1 at 20s; CJ over Y, 2 at 15s; B, 3 at 12s 6d; GB, 1 at 7s; T, 2 at 6s per 100. Bones: NIU, 5 bags at 9s 6d; EB, 3 at 8s 9d; M-R&Co., 7 at 7s 3d; CJ over V, 2 at 5s 9d; C, 2 at 5s 9d; Braid, 3 at 5s 3d; B, 7 at 4s 6d; GB, 3 at 4s; Addressed, 1 at 3s, 26 (common) at 3s 3d; GB, 3 hoofs at 4s 9d per cwt. C-P, 1 bag horsehair at 14d; Addressed, 1 at 9d; CJ over Y, 1 cow stumps at 6¼d; MLP over X, 1 cow at 6¼d; Tape, 1 cow at 5s; Braid, 1 cow stumps at 5d; W, 1 bag wax; at 11d; GP, 3 at 10d; GB, 1 at 7d per lb.

By Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin, Limited.—Hides: Red O, 234 at 4d; JDS, 16 at 4d; HH, 36 at 4d; S&T, 20 at 4d; NB, 19 at 3d; H, 22 at 3¼d; SGD, 33 at 3¼d; MR over Y, 32 at 3d; T over triangle conjoined, 28 at 3¼d; R&R, 29 at 3¼d; WFW, 29 at 3¼d; MC, 42 at 2¼d; M on leather, 44 at 3d; JG, 10 at 2¼d; F, 65 at 3¼d; Yellow cross, 30 at 3¼d; JT over C, 49 at 3¼d; SS on leather, 49 at 3¼d; J over TC over N, 55 at 3¼d; Red P, 73 at 3¼d; H on leather, 54 at 3¼d; Green braid, 165 at 3¼d; JT over C, 11 at 3¼d; WFW, 78 at 3d; M in circle, 24 at 3¼d; M, 24 at 3¼d; Yearlings: T over triangle conjoined, 6 at 3s 7d; J over TC over N, 6 at 4s 4d; AM, 9 at 3s; Red P, 6 at 33d; H on leather, 10 at 3s; M, 6 at 5s 6d. Calfskins: WFW, 8 at 12d; J&GA, 1 at 15d; Red B, 1 at 21d; AM, 10 at 6d; JDS, 4 at 3s; HH, 8 at 6d; MR over Y, 4 at 6d; T over triangle conjoined, 1 at 9d; G, 60 at 25d; HY, 2 at 9d. Kangarooskins: MIC, 1 lot at 13¼d; AC, 1 lot at 12d; MIG, 1 lot at 6d; AC, 1 lot at 3d; Add, 1 lot at 9d; WFW, 1 lot at 5d; Red tape, 1 lot at 3d. Paddymelon: QV over C 1 lot at 1d. Opossumskins: 1 lot at 3d. Ringtail opossumskin: 1 lot at 3d. Horns: MJS, 1 lot at 27s 6d; Red tape, 1 lot at 25s 6d; W over C, 1 lot at 15s, 1 lot at 2s; Black cross 1 lot at 13s; R&R, 1 lot at 28s; TW over Y, 1 lot at 23s; K&T, 1 lot at 8s; SM, 1 lot at 4s 6d; W in diamond, 1 lot at 27s; F, 1 lot at 22s; Red P, 1 lot at 23s; W in diamond, 1 lot at 5s. Bones: MJS, 1 lot at 9s 3d; Red tape, 1 lot at 7s 6d; W over C, 1 lot at 4s; WB, 1 lot at 10s; Black cross, 1 lot at 8s 3d; CK, 1 lot at 7s 6d; TW over Y, 1 lot at 5s; W in diamond, 1 lot at 9s; Red P, 1 lot at 9s 6d. Horsehair: MC, 1 bag at 16d; HJD, 1 bag at 16¼d; JHB, 1 bag at 16¼d. Cowhair: JSB, 1 bale at 12¼d. Cowstumps: JH over M 1 bag at 5¼d; ODS, 1 bag at 6¼d; W over C, 1 bag at 5¼d; MC, 1 bag at 12¼d; TW over Y, 1 bag at 8¼d; W in diamond, 1 bag at 7¼d. Tallow, Packages: WB, 9 at £34; WK, 9 casks at £34; WB, 16 casks at £32 15s; WK, 3 at £32 15s; S in diamond, 9 at £31, C in block, 1 at £33 15s; DB, 3 at £33; RBN, 1 at £31 10s; T, 3 at £32; Black X, 5 at £32 10s; WW, 1 at £37 10s, 3 at £25 10s; MR over Y, 3 at £27 10s; WJD, 3 at £26; WW, 1 at £24 5s; Blue H, 1 at £26; TW over Y, 2 at £25; JH over M, 1 at £26 10s; HY, 1 at £28; S in diamond, 2 at £26; M, 1 at £26.

By Messrs. Hill, Clark, and Co.—Hides: EB, 13 at 3¼d; White tape, 24 at 3d; ALM, 31 at 3¼d; White rag, 23 at 3¼d; Red rag, 36 at 3¼d; JW on leather, 35 at 3¼d; Cross strings, 30 at 3d, 25 at 3d; Three strings, 39 at 3¼d; CP over N, 30 at 3¼d; HT, 36 at 2¼d; DMG, 30 at 4¼d; RT, 42 at 3¼d; C&JK, 41 at 4¼d; White paint, 35 at 3¼d, 28 at 3¼d; JJL over W, 27 at 4d, 11 at 3¼d; BTS, 18 at 4d; 31 at 4¼d; RH, 12 at 3¼d; White rag, 51 at 3¼d; X on leather, 25 at 3¼d; JK over N, 14 at 3¼d; H, 14 at 3¼d, 10 at 3d; H on leather, 12 at 3d; Tin, 18 at 2¼d; X, 18 at 3¼d; B, 25 at 3¼d; Blue paint, 10 at 3¼d. Horse Hides: X, 4 at 5s; HO, 2 at 3s 9d; R over T, 7 at 6s. Yearlings: C, 3 at 3s 10d; Red rag, 2 at 4s 3d; Y, 1 at 3s 6d; W, 2 at 3s 7d; RH, 2 at 3s 9d; X on leather, 1 at 4s 1d; Blue paint, 1 at 3s 9d. Calfskins: I, 16 at 1s; Red rag, 4 at 9d; RT, 24 at 1s 3d. D, 7 at 2s; WW, 14 at 1s 6d; OS, 11 at 2s 6d. Kangarooskins: C&AH, 3 bundles at 7d; XX, 4 at 10d; OS, 7 at 12d; W, 4 at 9d. Hair: HC&Co., 1 bag at 11¼d; K, 1 at 14¼d; E Bros, 1 at 7¼d. Horns: JS, 4 bags at 20s 6d; JF, 1 case at 27s; F, 2 at 29s. Bones: Blue X, 19 bags at 6d; K, 2 at 6s 3d; Addressed, 4 at 6s 6d; JS, 4 at 9s 3d; I Bros, 1 at 8s; C in circle 5 at 7s; JF, 2 at 8s; F, 2 at 10s; Red rag, 6 at 6s, 4 at 9s. Tallow: H, 24 packages at £22 5s, 6 at £25, 3 at £23 5s; LD, 2 at £24 5s; N, 2 at £29 5s; PG over W, 1 at £27; BT, 3 at £27; CR, 1 at £25 5s, 1 at £29; A, 20 at £26; AD and Co., 6 at £33 10s; F, 2 at £32; IB, 3 at £31 5s; DB over S, 2 at £31; DMG, 2 at £34; H, 8 at £26 15s; F, 1 at £25; JL, 1 at £26 5s.

By Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin, Limited.—Wool: AC over Park, 7 pieces at 5¼d; GP over G, 14 greasy at 9¼d; [illegible] over W conjoined, 5 fleece at 15d; FV in diamond over Bridgewater, 6 super scoured at 18¼d; D&Co over Deepwater, 6 scoured first fleece at 18¼d, 10 scoured seconds at 18¼d, 7 scoured lambs at 14d, 5 first pieces at 15¼d, 5 second pieces at 13¼d, 17 locks at 11d; FA over S, 8 fleece at 16d; IVO, 19 fleece at 15¼d; BEU, 8 washed at 17d; IJ over T, 24 greasy at 10¼d; GY over S, 5 greasy at 9¼d; GHA over Mudgee, 17 greasy at 10¼d; Thos. Stewart over Boggabri, 5 greasy at 8d; C over JPK, 4 greasy at 9¼d; JT over Tarrabandra, 5 greasy at 10¼d; AC over YC, 20 greasy at 9¼d; half-circle over C, 11 greasy at 9¼d; RR over 3, 17 greasy at 10¼d; TR over C, 13 greasy at 9¼d; MAC, 6 pieces at 7d; RJR, 6 bellies and pieces at 10¼d; M over Wee Waa, 5 greasy at 9d; SC, 6 greasy at 9¼d; GLG, 10 greasy at 10¼d; EB, 14 greasy at 11¼d; Leslie, 19 greasy at 10d; Yarra Yarra, 24 greasy at 10d; FL over T, 11 greasy at 10¼d; Darling Downs over JH, 7 greasy at 9¼d; SAB over Mudgee, 33 greasy at 12¼d; ditto, 7 broken at 9d; JO, 9 pieces at 6d; [illegible] over EF over Rosewood, 28 greasy, EW, at 12¼d; L over L over Wedallion, 7 greasy at 11¼d; BLE, 5 greasy at 10¼d; TP, 10 greasy at 11¼d; MM, 8 greasy at 10d; WIT over Terrible Vale, 45 greasy at 12¼d; LOWE over Mudgee, 10 broken at 9¼d, 7 pieces at 7¼d; D over [illegible], 8 greasy at 11d; WS, 5 greasy at 11d; JC over W in heart, 6 greasy broken at 7¼d; 41 over N over Hilldare, 13 fleece at 16d; JD, 6 fleece at 15¼d; RT over 7, 7 fleece at 17¼d; W)W, fleece at 15d; Garangula, 16 fleece at 15¼d; WMA, 8 fleece at 15d; AI, 11 fleece at 16d; K&P, 69 greasy at 15¼d, 5 pieces at 12¼d, 5 bellies at 11¼d; TB over Warroo, 33 fleece at 15¼d; D&Co over Deepwater, 8 scoured pieces at 14d; CLRK, 6 fleece at 15d; [illegible]Y, 6 fleece at 15¼d; RJ Taemas, 25 fleece at 15¼d; OL over Y, 5 washed at 7d; OL over Y, 6 fleece at 15¼d; S&P Co. in diamond, 16 scoured super at 17¼d, ditto 16 scoured 1 ditto at 16d, ditto 13 scoured 2nd ditto at 14¼d; Maringo over OC, 7 fleece at 15d; OL over Y, 15 greasy at 10¼d; MOB, 15 greasy at 11¼d; Goodwood, 8 greasy at 10¼d; MP, 5 greasy at 9d; JP over K, 13 greasy at 10d; Winard over Dine, 5 pieces at 7¼d; R and D over M, 17 greasy at 9¼d; E over SA in block over Clifton, 22 greasy at 10d; DL over [illegible], 11 greasy at 8¼d; GI over [illegible], 18 greasy at 8¼d; Goonal, 18 greasy at 10d; JTB over Goulburn, 15 greasy at 9¼d; SW over Cungegong, 33 fleece at 17¼d; WE&R over OREEL, 71 greasy at 5¼d; C&FB, 32 greasy at 10¼d; Woodstock, 112 greasy at 9¼d; M in diamond over Wallabadah, 78 greasy at 10¼d.

WOOL SALES.

By Mr. John Bridge.—J in a circle, 37 grease at 11d, 5 pieces at 6¼d; IC, 17 grease at 11¼d; TD over G, 10 fleece at 17¼d; CS over Diamond, 12 fleece at 16d; PS over Coolac, 36 grease at 13d; TooLagon over WW over 3, 8 grease at 9¼d; FR, 5 fleece at 13¼d; J over P, 9 grease at 10d; WOB, 7 crossbred at 11d; JH conjoined C over A, 18 grease at 12¼d, 9 at 10¼d; C, 6 at 10d, 7 pieces and bellies at 6¼d; Y over DM over Whelen's Creek, 8 grease at 11d; SW over N, 5 fleece at 15¼d; RW over M, 5 fleece at 15¼d; MG over B, 9 grease at 11d; T sideways over M, 8 fleece at 15¼d; GP over B, 7 grease at 7¼d; GF over B on leather, 5 mixed; E. Curran, 5 dead at 3d.

BONDED STOCKS.

Sydney, November 24, 1882.

Description	Stock on hand Nov. 17, 1882.	Received into Stock.	Deliv'rd for Home Consumpt'n	Delivered for Export'n.	Stock on hand Nov. 24, 1882.
Rum: gals.					
West India	105,211	13,832	2,976	187	115,880
East India	1,360	...	309	...	1,051
Foreign	1,727	...	175	...	1,552
All other Spirits	10,578	1,351	540	30	11,359
Brandy	359,760	3,767	4,338	1,738	357,421
Geneva	135,319	6,939	3,282	546	138,430
Whisky	237,631	6,114	3,769	2,150	237,826
Liqueurs	4,336	150	153	4	4,273
Gin	3,749	414	365	21	3,867
Wine	159,030	5,997	3,163	812	161,052
Tobacco, man'f't'd:					
Half-tierces	9	...	...	...	9
Lbs.	733	...	...	...	733
Qr.-tierces	35	25	...	31	29
Lbs.	8,821	4,803	...	8,464	5,160
½ boxes & bxs.	546	5	3	...	548
Lbs.	28,392	461	270	...	28,583
Cases	976	...	26	5	945
Lbs.	199,972	...	4,401	855	194,716
Re-packages—					
Packages	134	...	2	13	119
Lbs.	8,413	...	133	610	7,670
Leaf:					
Hds. and Csks.	527	...	3	...	524
Lbs.	492,932	...	2,746	...	490,186
Cases	56	...	...	...	56
Lbs.	13,484	...	...	...	13,484
Bales	7	...	...	...	7
Lbs.	1,363	...	...	...	1,363
Cigars:					
Cases	692	4	23	3	670
Lbs.	74,356	449	2,953	306	72,041
Re-packages—					
Packages	90	...	5	13	72
Lbs.	3,336	...	137	301	2,898
Tea: Lbs.	3,360,764	49,475	89,966	10,277	3,309,996
Chicory: Lbs.	32,965	...	3,156	...	29,809
Opium	4,576	...	239	97	4,240
Kerosene Oil: gals.	61,402	...	493	...	60,909

Snuff.—Stock on hand November 17, 1 package 100lb.; received into stock, nil; delivered for home consumption, nil; delivered for exportation, nil; stock on hand November 24, 1 package 100lb.

Sugar.—Stock on hand November 17, 1622 tons 1cwt. 1qr. 19lb.; received into stock, 5 tons 10cwt. 3qr. 16lb.; delivered for home consumption, 59 tons 14cwt. 2qr.; delivered for exportation, 6cwt.; stock on hand November 24, 1547 tons 11cwt. 1qr.

Coffee.—Stock on hand November 17, 62 tons 0cwt. 1qr. 12lb.; received into stock, nil; delivered for home consumption, 2 tons 17cwt. 3qr.; delivered for exportation, 2cwt. 3qr.; stock on hand November 24, 58 tons 19cwt. 1qr.

* 116 casks 2 cases entries passed for bond but not yet weighed.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

BURWOOD.—Meeting held on 23rd November. Present—In the absence of the Mayor, Alderman Menzies in the chair, and Aldermen Simson, Ryan, Beaver, Deakin, Wedderburn, Cummins, and Johnson. Minutes of previous meeting read and confirmed. Correspondence despatched: A. Dean, asking him to move his fence back in River View-street; J. H. Plummer, proposing to relieve him of the expense, if he will shift his fence back to the proper alignment of Driver's-road; council clerk, Ashfield, inviting notice to the claim for half cost of repairs done in Lang-street; S. Williams, requesting him to remove the hoarding in front of Mrs. Kearney's two houses in Burwood-road; Margaret Halloran, stating that her complaint with reference to closing Elizabeth-street had been under consideration, but the council was not aware of any such street; Engineer for Existing Lines, inviting notice to the delay in the commencement of the Cheltenham-street Railway Bridge. Correspondence received: C. J. Fache and M. Pelton, with reference to the drainage on their premises. Handed to Alderman Wedderburn for report. Secretary Municipal Conference, asking for a contribution of £5 as the proportion of expense in connection with the conference. Moved by Alderman Wedderburn, seconded by Alderman Ryan, and carried,—"That the request be complied with." The inspector of nuisances reported the several matters he had attended to during the period ended 25th October, and the council clerk was directed to communicate with him in respect to attendance at the council meetings, and the absence of progress reports to date. T. W. Gibbs asking authority to incur some expense in procuring tracings for the alignment of some streets. Alderman Cummins asked by whose authority the trenching was continued down Railway-terrace, and was informed that the work was done by direction of the Mayor, with the object of draining similar work done further on. Alderman Beaver explained that, in consequence of the dissolution of Parliament, it would be useless to organise a deputation to advocate a grant for repairs to Redmyre and Burwood roads, and begged leave to withdraw the motion in his name having that object in view. Alderman Simson moved, Alderman Johnson seconded, and it was carried,—"That a gratuity of £5 5s be awarded to each of the municipal auditors for the services rendered during the year." By permission Alderman Deakin moved, Alderman Simson seconded, and it was carried,—"That the overseer be empowered to procure 200 tons of blue metal on the same terms as hitherto." It was ordered that the council clerk should invite tenders for painting the names of streets on the alignment-posts. Alderman Deakin called attention to the state of Meta-street, and the chairman promised, on behalf of the Mayor, that it should be attended to. By permission, and without notice, Alderman Johnson moved, and Alderman Deakin seconded, and it was carried,—"That the pathway on the north-east side of Charles-street be asphalted." Alderman Wedderburn suggested the necessity for keeping a record of the work approved by the council, and the date when completed. Agreed to. On the motion of Alderman Simson, and seconded by Alderman Ryan, the reports of the finance committee were approved, recommending payment of accounts. On account of revenue, £114 9s; loan account, £501 14s 9d.—EDWARD FARR, Council Clerk.

WOOLLAHRA.—Meeting held on 14th November. Present—The Mayor, Aldermen Norton, Sladen, Mitchell, Black, Oatley, and Trickett. Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed. The Mayor reported verbally that Mr. Castles had established his title to land bounded by Short-street, close to which the boathouse of George Newton was erected. It was moved by Alderman Norton, seconded by Olderman Oatley, and carried,—"That notice be given to George Newton to remove his boatshed at foot of Short-st." The Mayor also reported the reception of the deputation from the eastern boroughs on the subject of the rifle practice at Moore Park, and stated that the Colonial Secretary had promised to communicate with the military authorities thereon. The report of the Piper Ward committee, on the drainage at rear of Moncur-street, was brought up by the Mayor. The committee stated that the drain complained of ran through private property, and was the receptacle of the refuse of 24 houses situated thereon,—that the estimated cost of laying drain pipes through the length of the existing drain was £30—of which it was recommended that the council should contribute two-thirds, and the proprietors one-third. The report was adopted on the motion of Alderman Trickett, seconded by Alderman Mitchell. The special committee appointed to meet the representatives of the Cooper Estate, on the subject of forming the Victoria-road, Bellevue, reported that it had taken place; that the estimated cost of the road was £920; that Mrs. Cooper offered to contribute £300 towards that sum, and recommended, in view of the facilities the road would afford both to the travelling and the building public, that the council carry out the work. The report was adopted on the motion of Alderman Trickett, seconded by Alderman Black, and instructions were given to call for tenders. The reports of the finance committee, council clerk, inspector of nuisances, and Inspector Long, were read and adopted, and a requisition from the overseer for a vote of £40 towards repairing Dwyer-lane, granted. An application from Mr. J. G. Thompson, for an allowance on the usual charge for kerbing and guttering, in view of the great expense that would be incurred by him in erecting a retaining wall, &c., was considered. The council decided that no such precedent could be established. Motions carried: By the Mayor, seconded by Alderman Black,—"That a sum not exceeding £100 be voted for necessary repairs to the Council-chambers." By Alderman Trickett, seconded by Alderman Sladen,—"That a survey and valuation of the borough be made, and the council clerk ascertain the cost thereof before next meeting.—SAMUEL SYMONDS, Council Clerk.

A telegram from Panama, dated October 7, states that matters on the South Coast have a more pacific tendency than for a long time past, and the pressure brought to bear on the Governments or people of Peru and Bolivia is having a marked effect. United States Minister Logan was received by President Santa Maria of Chile on the 5th ultimo, when complimentary speeches were made by both gentlemen.

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PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS (Continued from *Page 9).*

absurd to suppose that any man could obtain a living in all parts of the colony upon a selection of 640 acres; it was necessary in certain districts that the area should be largely increased. (Cheers.) With regard to other questions, he would say the reduction question had been settled by the will of the majority, and he would certainly never be found to disturb it. He was fully of opinion that a well-regulated stream of immigration would benefit the country. He would be no party to bring the incompetent scum of other lands to this colony, but would give his warmest support to the importation of the right class of labour. A local self-government bill would have his warmest support. He was a stanch free-trader, and believed that it was to the advancement of trade and to the interest of the country that they should not be harassed with restrictions. He was in favour of the eight hour system. If a man had done an honest eight hours' work, in the hot sun of this climate he had fairly earned his wage, and quite completed the work that ought to be required of him. He would be no party to flooding the labour market with Chinese. They could not assimilate their laws and customs with those of our race, and therefore were undesirable as citizens of this country. They could live where an Englishman from his higher state of civilisation must necessarily starve. He was in favour of an Amended Licensing Bill. Many of the clauses now existing were oppressive both to publican and customer. He was of opinion that we should immediately set about constructing a bridge to North Shore. It was monstrous that although we were in such close proximity to the metropolis it took so long to reach it. He would also advocate a bridge across the Spit to Manly, so that the whole of the district would be opened up, and we should not be entirely dependent upon one means of transit. He had been instrumental in causing surveys to be made of the water conserves of Lane Cove River, and was certain that a constant supply of good water was to be obtained from thence at the almost nominal cost of £20,000. This ought to be their first consideration. They would then have some chance of saving life and property in case of fire; they would never be in the miserable predicament they were in at present, of having hundreds of families without water in our uncertain summers, and they would be able to flush the sewers and keep this electorate still one of the most healthy which surround Sydney. He strongly advocated a proper system of sewage and a network of tramways throughout the district. He would bring before the notice of the Ministers the necessity of reclaiming the tidal lands of Neutral Bay, Careening Cove, and Berry's Bay, and making the land so reclaimed reserves for the recreation of the people. This would serve the double purpose of giving recreation grounds and conserving the health of the inhabitants. He was fully of opinion that the terminus of the Great Northern Railway should be on the deep waters of the northern shores of the harbour. That was the natural course which the line should assume, and would relieve the pressure from the traffic upon the other side. He came before them at the solicitation of a large number of the electors, fully persuaded that he had the energy, time, and ability to serve his native country. He had no personal end to attain; he was an independent man both in a political and a pecuniary sense, and trusted that the electors would do their duty, and send in the two best men to represent them. Mr. Atchison resumed his seat amidst prolonged cheering.

Mr. Wilber Schaw Gale then addressed the electors, and proposed Mr. C. A. Atchison as a fit and proper person to represent the electors.

The proposition was seconded by Mr. R. Seldon, and was carried unanimously.

A vote of thanks to the chair, three cheers for the Queen, and three for the candidate, brought the meeting to a close.

CENTRAL CUMBERLAND ELECTORATE.

Mr. Lackey's Meeting.

The Hon. John Lackey, Minister for Works, addressed the electors of Central Cumberland in the Town Hall, Liverpool, on Monday night. Mr. George Murray presided, and on the platform were Messrs. R. A. Ritchie, J. D. Browne, Alderman Pearce, L. Haigh, H. T. Jones, and A. Springthorpe. There was a very good attendance of electors in the body of the hall.

Mr. Lackey said the dissolution of Parliament had been brought about by circumstances which many of those present were well aware of. It had come upon some of the electors unexpectedly, but seeing the position in which affairs in Parliament were placed, and the condition which parties had reached in the Assembly, no other course was open than that adopted by the Government and acquiesced in by the Governor—a course which gave an opportunity for taking the opinions of the different constituencies upon the special question relating to which the dissolution occurred. A variety of opinions existed with regard to the question of the land laws. But while the land law of Sir John Robertson had been lustily condemned, there was a strong feeling existing against the amendments proposed in its stead, and those who had taken the Minister for Lands and the Government to task for the dissolution had not expended a fair consideration to the large amount of good that had resulted from the introduction of the law of 1861. He dared say there were present at the meeting colonists who recollected the time when it was very difficult to obtain land in the colony—when the land was sold at £1 an acre and by auction only. It could not then be obtained by any other means; and the survey of the land never kept pace with the demand. There were then great complaints and cries for a change, and the result was an agitation, and after two or three atttempts the passing of the law of 1861, which gave the right of free selection before survey to the extent of 320 acres, with a pre-lease. For a considerable time there could be no doubt this law did an immense amount of good. It opened up the lands of the colony, enabled people to settle upon them, and make homes for themselves in different parts of the country, and generally produced very desirable results. He knew of properties which 30 years ago did not graze more than a few hundred head of cattle, were now supporting in prosperity and comfort as many families. At a meeting on Saturday night, Mr. Reid had said that the land law stank in the nostrils of the people of the country, and in the Assembly it had been stated that very little good had resulted from, and great harm had been done by, the land law. It could not be denied that harm had been done, but whatever land law was introduced individuals would do what they could to dummy on the one hand or to levy blackmail on the other. But when it was contended that the land law had been ineffectual, those who made that statement were giving expression to a sentiment which was neither just nor accurate. Statistics showed that the agricultural population of the colony had increased, and that the land had been turned to good account not only in the production of agriculture, but by dairying and the manufacture of cheese and butter. He knew one estate that had produced annually cheese to the value of £14,000 or £15,000, and he knew hundreds of small properties that were giving as many families profitable employment in the same way. In the southern districts wheat cultivation was carried on as successfully as in any part of the world. This was one of the results of the Land Bill of 1861, and in the face of such circumstances it was not fair to attribute everything that was bad to that law. (Applause.) The Auditor-General, in a paper read by him before the Royal Society, gave the number of bushels of wheat and pounds of wool produced in the colony during the last 10 years. Speaking of agriculture, he said:—"Well, then, the average value per bushel for the 10 years—1862 to 1871—is given at 7s. in Sydney, yielding at that rate to the growers about £3 16s. per acre; whilst the results of the last decade—1872 to 1881—show a return of over £5 per acre. This is satisfactory as indicating either better husbandry or a more suitable soil or climate for wheat culture, brought into occupation by the extension of our railways. And we must not overlook the fact that the rainfall of the last 10 years has been under the average. It may, therefore, be assumed that dryness of climate is less unfavourable to wheat-growing than it is found to be to other descriptions of grain crops." He held in his hand an extract from the report of the Commissioner for Railways, in which he made reference to the quantity of wheat carried by railway, and stated the quantity imported from 1875 to 1880, showing the great decrease annually in what was imported into the colony. He said: "The statistics show that year by year we are supplying, to a greater degree, our own needs, and as we open up, by the extension of railways, our grain-growing country, the greater is the area placed under cultivation. In 1875 we imported 1½ bushels of wheat for every inhabitant; in 1880 the importation had decreased to one half bushel for every inhabitant. The rates of decrease have been as follows:—In 1875 we imported 1,053,773 bushels, and if we had gone on importing in the same ratio to the population we should have imported in 1880, 1,354,716 bushels; but the importations have been decreasing year by year—in 1876 we imported 918,005 bushels, in 1877 823,536, in 1878 780,604, in 1879 442,849, and in 1880 422,473 bushels." This showed clearly that year by year we were lessening very perceptibly the quantity of wheat which it was necessary to import into the country for local consumption. Having travelled over a great portion of this country, he could testify to the large extent of country profitably occupied in growing wheat; and this was one of the advantages from the Land Bill of 1861. He did not say that all this benefit resulted from the introduction of the Land Bill, for no doubt the railways had provided facilities for cultivators to send their wheat to market, and without the railways it would not have paid many of them to produce their wheat. But in addition to the cultivation of land in this way, land had been appropriated to other purposes, and profitably to those immediately concerned, and advantageously to the community—in carrying stock and in dairying. Great exception had been taken to the auction system; but though that system had to some extent been abused, yet it had been the means of doing a very large amount of good. It had existed from the very early days of the colony. When land was selling at 5s. an acre exception was taken to the auction system, for the reason that conspiracies existed—as they always would exist where persons were desirous of buying up land, and people clubbed together for that end. But as far as the auction system was concerned, it had given to the coffers of the colony a large amount of money, which had been expended in useful and valuable public works from one end of the colony to the other. We were a more prosperous colony now than any in the Australian group. Property was of a higher value, and the working people and the great body of the colonists generally were more prosperous. He did not see why the land should not be sold if it were judiciously sold. The sale should always be surrounded by such restrictions as would prevent the accumulation of the large estates we saw in different parts of the colony. (Applause.) But those who said that once the land was sold it was lost to the colony made a great mistake. The day would come when that land would be subdivided and subdivided in the interests of the mass of the people. (Applause.) It was just as likely to go into the hands of the great bulk of the people from the operation of circumstances, and the subdivision of the large estates, as if it remained in the hands of the Government. Although a large quantity of land had been sold, the quantity was very limited compared with what remained, and so long as that which was sold was instrumental in settling people on the soil, and in opening up industry, so long would the colony continue to prosper. It had been stated that the Land Act of 1861 had mutilated against the pastoral interest of the country; but he would point out that the pastoral interest was never before in the state of prosperity it was in at the present time; and if that was the case, and the agricultural settlers were in a prosperous condition, in the name of goodness how could fault be found with the land law. (Applause.) In addition to this the business part of the population were in good circumstances. Those who prated about the injuries done by the land law had not the knowledge to enable them to express an opinion on the subject. The Auditor-General said, with reference to the production of wool:—"In the year 1871, we exported the produce of our own colony, as follows: Quantity, 65,611,953lb.; value, £4,748,160, estimated at a little over 1s. 5d. per lb. The clip of 1871 was estimated to have produced an average of 4lb. per sheep shorn; and it was further estimated upon its realisation in the London market there would be a surplus returnable to the colony of a million and a half sterling, or thereabouts. There are no means, however, of testing this estimate, and it must be regarded as an assumption only. In the year 1881 we exported: Quantity, 139,601,506lb.; value, £7,149,787. The estimated value in this case is very little over 1s. per lb. as compared with 1s. 5d. in 1871, and this may be set down to the much larger proportion of wool going home in the grease whilst the average weight of the fleece did not much exceed 4lb. over the entire clip. In the 10 years since 1871 we have exported wool to the value of 55 millions sterling, or at the rate of five and a half millions per annum, calculated at the average rate of 1s. 1¼d. per lb." In the face of the increase in the quantity of wool exported and value realised there was no justification for the charges hurled against the land law. We should take the naked facts for our guidance rather than the assertion of any man or set of men whose object was simply to condemn the law. Passing on to the general interests—the interests of the working men—The Auditor-General said: "There is no better test of the prosperity of a nation than the amount of deposits in the savings banks; and judged by this test (although far from being a thrifty people), we have evidence in the figures before us of a vast accession of wealth amongst the industrial classes. We see that whilst the average deposits 10 years ago did not exceed £1 17s. 6d. per head, the average on the 31st of December last was within a fraction of £3 12s. per head. The savings represented by the two millions and a-half in the savings banks are not perhaps one-fourth of what they ought to be if our people were taught to exercise a little more self-restraint, and at the sacrifice of a little present enjoyment to make provision for the probable exigencies of the future. It is no exaggeration to say that there is no country in the world where the hours of labour are so short, the remuneration so liberal, the necessaries of life, on the whole, so moderate in price, and the means and opportunities of enjoyment so largely availed of." He did not say that the present Government were justified in taking credit for all the present prosperity; but if there had not been in office a progressive Government—a Government who had the confidence of Parliament, and who carried out improvements that were necessary, the chances were that the present state of prosperity would not have existed. Many important public works the Government were in a position to claim some credit for, and had carried out these works in the face of great difficulty and opposition. He might allude with some degree of pride, and without taking undue credit to himself, to the energetic way in which railway extension had been carried out through the colony—(applause)—and to the manner in which the working of the railways was conducted. (Applause.) Having reached with the railways the Queensland border, and the boundary of the colony on the south; and having extended the railway in the south-west as far as Hay, and undertaken contracts for railway extension as far as Bourke, the Government were now desirous of introducing a system of light railways which would act as feeders to the trunk lines, give access to the most remote parts of the colony, and contribute largely to the prosperity of the country. (Applause.) But for the dissolution of Parliament the proposal for constructing these lines would have been submitted to Parliament before this. He would like to give, for the information of the public, the exact number of miles of railway which had been carried out since 1878. He found that on the 21st December, 1878, the Southern line was opened as far as North Wagga Wagga (now called Bomen), 305 miles from Sydney; and there was the Western line to Orange, 192 miles from Sydney, with a branch from Blacktown to Richmond. The Northern line extended from Newcastle to Tamworth, a distance of 182 miles. Branch lines run also from Maitland to Morpeth, and from Newcastle to Bullock Island. The total mileage in operation at the time was 688½. Between that date and the present time the Southern line had been extended from North Wagga Wagga to Albury, a distance of 81 miles, and the South-western line had been constructed from Junee to Hay. Hay was distant 167 miles from Junee and 454 from Sydney. The Western line had now its terminus at Nevertire, 149 miles from Orange, and 341 miles from Sydney. A section of the Branch to Mudgee, viz., to Capertee, 23 miles, had also been opened for traffic. Within the same period the Northern line had been extended from Tamworth to Uralla, a distance of 63 miles, while an important branch, the North-western had been constructed from Werris Creek to Narrabri, a distance of 97 miles. There were now 1270 miles of railway in operation, an increase within four years of 580 miles. The extensions that made up this increase were as follows:—25th March, 1879, Werris Creek to Breeza, 15 miles; 1st September, 1879, North to South Wagga Wagga, five miles; 11th September, 1879, Breeza to Gunnedah, 26 miles; 1st June, 1880, Orange to Wellington, 56 miles; 1st September, 1880, Wagga Wagga to Gerogery, 59 miles; 1st February, 1881, Wellington to Dubbo, 30 miles; 3rd February, 1881, Gerogery to Albury, 18 miles; 28th February, 1881, Junee to Narrandera, 60 miles; 1st September, 1881, Narrandera to Darlington, 38 miles; 1st January, 1882, Tamworth to Moonbi, 12 miles; 1st March, 1882, Darlington to Carathool, 34 miles; 15th May, 1882, Wallerawang to Capertee, 23 miles; 4th July, 1882, Carathool to Hay, 34 miles; 11th July, 1882, Gunnedah to Boggabri, 24 miles; 2nd August, 1882, Moonbi to Uralla, 51 miles; 4th October, 1882, Boggabri to Narrabri, 32 miles; 20th October, 1882, Dubbo to Nevertire, 63 miles: total, 580 miles. The average number of miles opened per annum up to December, 1878 was 30. Since that date the average mileage opened per annum had been 145 miles. At the present time there were in Sydney 22½ miles of tramway. There was also a tramway from Campbelltown to Camden a distance of 7½ miles. For the four weeks ending 30th September, the number of fares collected on the tramways in Sydney was 1,412,000, equal to 353,000 per week. On the basis of the number at present travelling the estimated number of passenger fares collected per annum was 15,000,000. In the face of this he thought some credit should be given to the Government for the energy they had shown in carrying out these great public works. The tramway system was introduced by the present Government, and as a means of suburban communication was unsurpassed anywhere. Mr. Reid at a meeting in Sydney the other night said he had been instrumental in drawing the dark curtain from a transaction which he designated the Darling Harbour swindle. Now, if there was one thing for which the Government deserved credit it was for the determination and success with which they had resisted the exorbitant claims made against the Government for the land resumed at Darling Harbour for public purposes. (Applause.) There was nothing dark or mysterious about the resumption of the land—everything was as open as the day, and the manner in which the exorbitant claims sent in were dealt with was seen by the difference between the claims and the amounts awarded. The total amount of the claims was was £753,747, and the total amount awarded £235,428 8s. 9d. (Applause.) The various claims and awards were:—John Harris, £117,382, awarded £30,103 11s. 2d.; T. Garrett, £20,108, awarded £9456 4s. 7d.; Miss M. Harris, £21,912, awarded £5354 19s. 9d.; John Lucas, £76,945, awarded £4500; Davy and Co., £131,533, awarded £33,892 5s.; W. Sandford, £13,312, awarded £6000; J. Johnson, £19,884, awarded £5835 5s. 5d.; J. M'Clerken, £400, awarded £430 6s. 2d.; Maiden, Hill, and Clark, £20,462, awarded £4950; W. H. Harris, £21,381, awarded £6269 5s. 2d.; W. Webb, £15,180, awarded £10,600 16s. 11d.; Swan and Co., £6841, awarded £1384 10s.; D. and W. Robertson, £37,265, awarded £3306 4s. 7d.; Sir E. Macarthur, £25,605, awarded £12,000; Goodlet and Smith, £168,577, awarded £87,716 1s.; Mrs. F. Short, £45,151, awarded £12,783 10s.; W. H. Billyard, £1810, awarded £845 8s. 11d.; and G. F. Want, £10,000; awarded, nil. Another matter which Mr. Reid had alluded to was the construction of a bridge between Sydney and North Shore. The construction of this bridge had been agitated for some time past, and during several years had been brought under the notice of the Government. They had, however, on all occasions resisted it, and on one occasion they brought before Parliament the desirableness of constructing two large steam ferries at considerable cost, but of less expense than a bridge. But some time ago a speculator from England who was going through the colonies made an offer to the Government to construct this bridge, he getting the capital from England, if the Government would guarantee him 3½ per cent. After going into calculations they thought it would be a desirable way of carrying out the work, and a preliminary arrangement was made with this gentleman. As an evidence of his good faith and responsibility he was required to deposit £5000, and a very stringent preliminary agreement was made as to the conditions under which the work should be carried out. But at the same time the Government thought the work of so much importance that the opinion of Parliament was to have been taken upon it. The money deposited by the gentleman who undertook to carry out the work, the Government had now, and this gentleman was to have got a bill through Parliament in order to secure the concurrence of Parliament to the construction of the bridge, and in that way the necessary authority. Mr. Reid said he made repeated applications to have the particulars of the agreement given to him in Parliament. The fact was that a fortnight or three weeks ago a member of Parliament moved that the papers be placed on the table, and they were being prepared when Mr. Reid, a few days afterwards, put upon the business paper a number of questions on the subject. He told Mr. Reid that the papers had already been moved for, and that they would be placed upon the table in a few days, and would give him more information than he (Mr. Lackey) could give by replying to the questions. The papers were placed on the table some days before Parliament was dissolved, and were now in print for anyone to see. So that the Government had not kept the people uninformed on this matter any more than upon any other matter. As to the purchase of land at Sutton Forest as a residence for the Governor, Mr. Reid had said that the purchase had been carried out by a Minister (meaning him, Mr. Lackey), who was well known to have been actuated by his own interests, having a large property in the neighbourhood. That was not the case. The circumstance was brought about in this way. Up to a few years ago the Governor of this colony had a country residence as well as a town residence, and in each of the other colonies there was a country residence for the Governor. During the time Lord Augustus Loftus had been here he had been pointing out the desirability of procuring a small residence for the Governor of this colony, and while visiting a friend at Sutton Forest he took a fancy to a small property there which was then in the market for sale. The property was purchased for between £6000 and £7000. When the purchase was made the House was not sitting, but it was intended to put the matter before Parliament, and it was on the estimates which were placed before Parliament and would have been explained when the estimates came on for consideration. It was a reproach to us, as the leading colony of the group, to have but one residence for the Governor, and the purchase that had been made was one that would realise double what was given for it if the property were in the market to-morrow. With regard to the proposals of Mr. Stuart and Mr. Garrett in reference to the land law, he believed them to be entirely impracticable. They could not be carried out successfully, and would be attended with more dummying and blackmailing than ever attended the land law of Sir John Robertson. In conclusion, he said it would always be his endeavour to do the best he could to promote the welfare of that district, and the prosperity and advancement of the colony generally. (Applause.)

The usual motion, declaring Mr. Lackey to be a fit and proper person to represent the electorate in Parliament was carried with only only one or two dissentients, and with much applause.

[By Telegraph.]
(From our own Correspondents.)

NEWCASTLE ELECTORATE.

NEWCASTLE, Tuesday.

At Newcastle to-day Mr. Fletcher was nominated by Mr. Charles Stokes, J.P., seconded by Mr. James Curley, Miners' General Secretary. Mr. G. A. Lloyd was nominated by Alderman Joseph Creer, J.P., seconded by Alderman Chapman, J.P. Mr. J. C. Ellis was nominated by Dr. C. W. Morgan, J.P., seconded by Alderman W. A. Sparke, J.P. The show of hands was declared to be in favour of Messrs. James Fletcher and J. C. Ellis.

BATHURST, Tuesday.

The Hon. F. B. Suttor, in addressing his friends and supporters last night, explained that he had not intended to be present, but had been urged by certain friends to put in an appearance. He thought he might be permitted to say a few words on different matters. It had been his object while in Parliament to give his vote conscientiously, endeavouring according to his lights to support measures calculated to benefit the community as a whole. He had changed his opinions on one great question since his first election, eight years ago, but he came before the electors and told them that if they did not approve of that vote they could say so, and he would resign. They had approved of his action, and he retained his seat. He referred to the circumstances which led to the defeat of the Government on the Land Bill, and justified the dissolution of Parliament on the ground that the Opposition was composed of too many incongruous elements to lead to the hope that they could settle the question, which was one closely affecting the welfare of the people, to whom the Government preferred to appeal rather than simply resign their seats. He denied that the Government had attempted to hurry on the elections; and in reply to certain carping critics he said, the present period, though a busy one, had often before been selected for general elections. Mr. Suttor proceeded to refer to some of the Acts passed by the Government; first to the Public Instruction Act, which had first been administered by one of the ablest Ministers in the colony—Sir John Robertson—to whom he considered a great compliment was due for his success in administering this Act. His (Mr. Suttor's) first duty was to the public and next to the teachers, upon whom high responsibility rested, and who should be well qualified. He was in favour of the establishment of High schools in the larger cities of the colony, but before that could be done certain regulations would have to be rescinded, and new ones framed. He looked upon High schools as connecting links between the Public schools and the University, and as providing means by which boys could pass through a course of instruction which would enable them to take any position in after life. To facilitate education and all advancement, he proposed to establish scholarships. Being asked why these High schools could not take in small boys, as was done in the Sydney Grammar School, he said the latter school had an Act of its own, but the objection to taking in boys under a certain standard was that High schools would come into competition with the Public schools, and thus defeat one of the objects of the Instruction Act. Regarding the Licensing Act he had heard a good many complaints as to the harshness with which certain of its provisions operated against publicans. It was admitted that the present law required to be amended, and Mr. W. J. Foster, who administered the Act, had announced his intention to introduce certain amendments. There was no desire to deal harshly with any trade or class. Relative to the Land Bill, the question was whether the Act, as it now stood with its stringent provisions to prevent dummyism and encourage bona-fide selection, be adhered to, or whether the whole land policy of the country should be transformed. The object of the bill introduced by Sir John Robertson was to give better security to selectors, and to relieve squatters from the levying of black mail to which they were now subject. He gave instances in which pastoral lessees had to pay thousands of pounds to men who did nothing but go from one end of the colony to the other, taking up land on purpose to make the squatter pay. The proposed restrictions would remove evils of this kind; they were especially stringent on people who took up land for improper purposes, and gave every facility to different classes—even to mechanics or labourers—to become owners of land. The bill was admittedly not perfect. When Sir John Robertson introduced it, he said he would be glad to accept assistance from any member of the House, and he referred particularly to Messrs. Farnell and Garrett, both of whom had been land Ministers, and whose experience might be expected to enable them to give valuable aid. Referring to the Opposition, he said that it was no doubt Mr. Stuart's object to harass and upset the Government, but in this matter of land policy he found Mr. Stuart advocating principles which he opposed some time ago. Relative to Messrs. Farnell and Garrett, he had no desire to be offensive in his remarks; but he held that one of the greatest blots on the political life of the colony was the fact that members of Parliament acted as land agents. These men did more for squatters than for anybody else, and to every £1 they got from electors they received £50 from squatters. Both of the members named were land agents, and going about seeking information among the men who had been their subordinates, and some of whom perhaps were under some personal obligation to them, all the time being in the pay of the squatters. He thought these the very last men who should start up as land reformers. Mr. Garrett, too, had been lieutenant of Sir John Robertson in 1861, but he had turned round now in opposition. He contended that the proposals of Mr. Stuart could not be carried out, for they would injure the squatter, and make the selector worse off than ever. They had been tried in New Zealand where such policy was effectually ruining the holders of runs. In conclusion he said that he believed he still had the support of the majority of the electors and believed they would rally round him on this occasion and return him again. Speeches having been made by Mr. M'Intosh, the Chairman, Mr. T. J. M'Carthy, J.P., and Mr. E. Curtis, the meeting pledged itself to endeavour to secure Mr. Suttor's re-election. To-night Mr. Suttor addressed the electors from the balcony of the Royal Hotel; Mr. J. N. M'Intosh in the chair. Though it rained in torrents at least a thousand people attended, and but for the noisy boo-hoos of a few larrikins the meeting was orderly. The candidates traversed the questions already referred to, and at the conclusion of Mr. Suttor's address the usual vote, declaring him a fit and proper person to represent the electorate of Bathurst, was moved by the Mayor of Bathurst, seconded by Mr. E. Curtis, and carried. Regarding Mr. Hellyer's candidature, a meeting of licensed victuallers was held last night at Hood's Hotel, when it was resolved to support him, and a committee was appointed. Relative to East Macquarie, a meeting of the friends of Messrs. Combes and Smith was held at Matthews' Hotel, Kelso, last night—Mr. Greenhalgh in the chair. About 50 persons were present. A committee was appointed to work for both candidates, who seem likely to have a walk over. They intend visiting the different parts of the electorate. No opposition is spoken of for West Macquarie against Mr. Pilcher.

PARRAMATTA, Tuesday.

Mr. J. S. Farnell addressed about 200 electors from the balcony of Mr. Davis' hotel to-night, and received a cordial reception. Mr. Samuel Purchase occupied the chair. Mr. Farnell said that he had come to Parramatta at the invitation of the people. He came as a politician, not as a local member, not to represent Parramatta alone, but the whole of the colony. [A Voice: "What did you come to Parramatta for?"] He came to Parramatta because he knew from experience the political ability of the electors, and depended upon them to be returned. The candidate dealt at some length upon the Land Bill and the Civil Service of the colony. He also spoke for a considerable time on the Licensing Bill. Mr. Farnell said that he did not put up for a representative so as to have a C.M.G. or a K.C.M.G. added to his name, but meant to die plain James Farnell. He closed his address at about 9 o'clock. Mr. C. E. Fuller addressed the electors of Parramatta from the balcony of Creasy's Hotel. About 300 people were present. He dwelt upon the topics now before the public, and other local matters, and received a very fair welcome.

YOUNG, Tuesday.

To-night the Hon. James Watson addressed a public meeting of his constituents in the hall of the Mechanics' Institute, which was crowded before the hour named for the meeting to commence. In the gallery were some 30 or 40 ladies, attracted by the interest created by the election. The Mayor (Mr. Peter Oram) occupied the chair, and on the platform were about 30 of the candidate's committee. The Mayor, in introducing the candidate, said it was not necessary to say much on behalf of the Hon. James Watson. He had been their representative for 12 or 13 years. He trusted the meeting would accord a quiet and attentive hearing.

The Hon. James Watson, on presenting himself, was loudly cheered. He said that during the 13 years he had had the honour to represent them in Parliament he had been no less than eight times before them to ask a renewal of their confidence, and on each occasion with success, and he hoped in the present instance to be no less successful. He appeared before them to defend his conduct during the past two years. It was not necessary that he should go further back than that, as the confidence accorded him at the last election rendered a further retrospect unnecessary. He would, therefore, confine his remarks to the period that had elapsed since he was last before them, more particularly to the immediate cause that brought him before them. When the Governor opened Parliament on the 27th August, he said in his opening address, which, as they were aware, was the utterance of the Ministry, that in consequence of efforts made by unscrupulous persons in the acquisition of land, the House would be asked to consider an amended bill providing for leaseholds and freeholds. In fulfilment of this promise, they introduced a Land Bill, which was debated on the third night, and then the Opposition snatched a victory on a division. Certain overtures were made during the debate, and Mr. Stuart made suggestions for the introduction of certain amendments, but did not adopt the usual course of moving them as an amendment on the second reading. When the Administration were defeated they asked the Governor to grant them a dissolution, which he did, and on their Land Bill the Ministry were now before the country. While he admitted that the land question was one of the first importance, and deserving to be remitted to the country, there were other matters to which he would invite their attention. With regard to the land question, the interests were so conflicting that the Ministry could not introduce a measure that would prove acceptable to all sections of the House, and any attempt to revolutionise the existing state of things would be defeated. He admitted it was not desirable to tamper with the land laws. They did not seek to introduce any radical change, for, while such a course might have benefitted those in possession, it would have had a contrary effect on those who might desire to occupy land, and they could not make its operation retrospective. Sir John Robertson aimed at consolidating the 10 acts into one, and, although it was admitted faults existed, there was abundant evidence of the benefits conferred in their amended Act. They were defeated by the squatters, not the selectors, who perhaps thought they had been in office long enough. So far as he (the speaker) was concerned—and he could say the same for every member of the Government—it would have been a happy release to have been relieved of the cares of office; but at the present juncture it was the Ministry's duty to the country to retain their positions. The land agents, squatting commission agents, and squatters combined, and our Land Bill was defeated. He should have liked to see it read a second time, when the amendments could have been properly discussed in committee, and when the Government might have been prepared to accept some of the amendments. He did not say they would have done so. Before proceeding to criticise the conduct of the Opposition, he would refer to the work of the Land Act of 1861. If they looked around Young and its district they could see the improvements that had grown up since that time—the smiling farms, the happy homes, and children grown up and settled under its influence. (Cheers.) The operation of the Land Act had resulted in establishing this district as second to none in this colony, and Sir John Robertson, as the founder of the Act of 1861, would always be gratefully remembered as a great reformer of our land laws. Taking this district of Young, there were no returns previous to 1865, when it was proclaimed a land district. Previous to this he, and many he saw around him, could remember what it was. He would trouble them with a few figures in support of what he had stated. Last year the land under cultivation aggregated 20,932 acres, of this quantity 13,316 acres were under wheat cultivation, producing 233,326 bushels, or an average of 17½ bushels to the acre. Thus Young stands second in the list of lands under cultivation for wheat, and was surpassed only by the large district of the Hume, and beats the large districts of Argyle, Albury, Bathurst, Macquarie, and Orange. Look at South Australia, where they are satisfied to realise seven bushels to the acre. He understood that the average price paid last year for wheat in this district was from 5s. 6d. to 6s. per bushel, so that then farmers were in a prosperous condition, and this was but an instalment of what the Land Act had done for this district. (Cheers.) He (the speaker) at once admitted there were defects both in the Act and also in its administration, and attempts would have been made to remedy these. Having said this much in vindication of their land administration, he would proceed to show what the Opposition had attempted to do. Mr. Stuart, in his speech on the second reading of the bill, admitted the measure to be one of vast importance, and said the improvements effected were more than could have been expected from Sir John Robertson; but, as the Act did not embody the proposals he suggested, it was not acceptable. Why had not Mr. Stuart the courage of his opinions? (Cheers.) Why did he not introduce an amendment, and, on the second reading, embodying his proposals, express himself as prepared to introduce a bill? If he had done this he would have been defeated by a far larger majority than that by which the bill was rejected. Framed on his propositions, he says that indiscriminate selection before survey is condemned. Why condemned? Because, as he says, it is productive of all the ills under the Land Act. If Mr. Stuart were here, and advocated free selection after survey, he would not get half the votes he (the speaker) hoped to get on Monday next. (Loud cheers.) Under free selection he was aware injury had been done to some of the squatting classes, and he knew of one gentleman who had lost his whole estate in this way; were they to abolish this system because one or two persons had been injured? ("No," and cheers.) The squatting leases were issued for terms of five years, on the expiration of which terms the Government could object to grant renewals, but as a fact they never did. What was the injury done to our or two compared with the advantages conferred in a community. (Cheers.) If Mr. Stuart says free selection has been condemned, why does he not come forward, and offer to introduce a land bill based on his own proposals? (Cheers.) Mr. Stuart proposed to divide the colony into two or more districts. This proposal of 10 or more districts is too vague, as the number might just as easily be a dozen, and he proposes to allow selection only in certain districts. The third division provides for giving leases for one half the run in the first, second, and third classes, but not before survey. He did not wish to say a word against the squatters; but as a fact they did not build their homesteads on the worst land in the runs. Suppose they had to be paid for improvement on the half of their runs held under lease, and thrown open to selectors, the amount of compensation they would demand would be such that the Darling Harbour claims would be nothing to them. (Laughter and cheers.) Mr. Stuart said the lands of the colony should not all be thrown open for selection. Under such an arrangement the land he might declare available might, and probably would, be useless for agriculture; and being comparatively valueless would, of course, remain in the hands of the squatter. Mr. Stuart proposed to reduce the payment to 2s. per acre for the first instalment on selections, and the balance at yearly payments of 1s. What, under this arrangement, was to become of those who had taken up land and paid interest in times past? A Land Act could not be made retrospective, so that these proposals were not feasible. He should be glad to see Mr. Stuart adopt the experiment of embodying his proposals in a Land Act. Mr. Stuart said he would abolish the present system of selling land by auction, but did not trouble them with any method he would substitute. He (Mr. Watson) would not trouble them with any method; he would not trouble them with all the suggestions of Mr. Stuart, who wound up by advocating large reserves on each side of the railway. Why, this was done years ago. (Cheers.) These were the proposals of Mr. Stuart, the leader of the Opposition. If the occupation of Crown lands were delayed until after survey they would have to wait for years, for all the surveyors available could not cope with the work. There was one gentleman (Sir Patrick Jennings) who advocated leases for 15 years, while Mr. M'Elhone surpassed him by advocating leases for 40 years. (A laugh.) He would make no exception as to the class of land. What would all those growing up around us do? They would be grey-beards before they could acquire land. Mr. Garrett, than whom there was not a more prominent man in the Assembly, put forth certain proposals which were even more impracticable. He said in his speech that the Act introduced by the present Ministry was a great improvement on the Act of 1861. In 1875 he said no amendment was necessary, but now comes down with proposals that would be revolutionary. It was admitted the squatters did not pay an adequate rent, and they themselves admitted it. He had advocated an increased rental, and giving corresponding advantages, but not to the extent of locking-up the lands in their hands. On the second reading of the Land Bill 43 gentlemen voted against the bill. Many of these were personal friends of the Ministry, and offered, if they came down to the House, to move a vote of confidence in them. The Government, however, were made of different stuff, and were not to be dragged in the dirt. (Cheers.) Some of our opponents on the Land Bill would be, if returned, our best friends in the new Parliament. They had been accused of a desire to retain office. So far as he (Mr. Watson) was concerned he would be glad to be relieved of office, the retention of which was a pecuniary loss, and had impaired his health. Indeed, he felt so unwell at 6 o'clock that evening that he did not think he should have been well enough to attend that meeting, and had in consequence to ask their indulgence. Mr. Stuart was a colleague of Sir John Robertson's in 1875, when Mr. Garrett introduced his Land Bill. Mr. Stuart then introduced an amendment on the same lines as those on which the defeated Land Bill were constructed, and to which he now objects. Mr. Watson then referred to the combination to defeat a measure such as the Land Bill, and said that feeling never ran higher than on the occasion of their defeat. He asked the electors to return him as an advocate of free selection before survey, as he believed that principle the best adapted for the colony. Mr. Stuart had challenged the Government to stand or fall by their Land Bill. They accepted that challenge, and he as one of the Ministry was there to ask them to say whether they had the confidence of the country. (Loud cheers.) He would not at that time refer to the addresses of the two gentlemen who were opposed to him, but would take an opportunity of doing so before leaving the district. He trusted, however, they would accord them the same kind attention paid to him. When last before them, two years ago, he told them the Government intended to introduce a certain amendment in the Land Act. They had kept that promise, and reduced the improvement to 10s. per acre, and extended the period from three to five years. If the selectors had required anything further, he supposed they would have intimated their wishes. As they did not, he assumed the amendments introduced were acceptable. He was there to defend, so far as his voice would permit, the course the Government had taken. A great deal had been said against the auction system of 1861. In 1881 there were 18,383 acres offered for sale in this district. Of this only 3918 acres were sold, realising £4672, or an average of £1 3s. 10d. per acre. The district extends for 40 miles, so that no one could complain that land in this district was unduly forced at auction. The number of free selections in this district in 1881 were 298, taking up 52,013 acres, at an average of 174 to each. This included additional conditional purchases, and all other selections which could be taken up under the late Act. Having thus referred to matter in connection with the land laws, Mr. Watson spoke of other measures introduced by the Ministry which had proved of vast importance to the social well-being of the colony. In particular, he mentioned the Chinese Restriction Bill, under the provisions of which Chinese could only be admitted to the colony in the proportion of one to 100 tons register of ship, and then only on payment of a £10 poll tax. The gentleman who, it is presumed, would take his (Mr. Watson's) position and lead the Government, would give them free access and employ them as against European labour. The candidate, in speaking of measures intended to be introduced, referred to the Local Government Bill, under the provisions of which country districts would receive a fair share of the general revenue. There was one measure, leave to introduce which had been obtained by him. He referred to the Inscribed Stock Act; there were several other measures which, if returned, the Ministry would do their best to pass into law. The commerce of the colony had extended in a marvellous degree. The imports in 1881 were £17,409,361; exports, £16,490,309, or an aggregate of £34,000,000 for a population of 750,000. Victoria used to head the Australian colonies, but did not do so now. During the existence of the present Government railway extension had been pushed forward with great vigour. 1200 miles are now open for traffic, 450 under construction, and a large number authorised. The revenue had been equal to 5½ per cent. on capital. As money was borrowed at 4 per cent., the Government applied the surplus to a reduction of the rate for goods and passenger traffic to the extent of £100,000, giving great benefit to the colony at large. (Cheers.) The colony is in so prosperous a condition that when the Government applied to the English market for a loan of £2,000,000 they had an offer for double the amount required, at an average of £102 2s. 11d. for each £100 debenture. Since they had been in office they had borrowed £7,000,000 for the construction of public works. He would now give them some information known only to himself, relating to the revenue, brought up to Saturday night, the 25th instant. From the 1st January to 25th November, 1881, the receipts were £6,588,000, while for the same period of the present year they were £7,328,000, or an increase of £740,000, of which the Customs contributed £104,000 and the railways £349,000. Mr. Watson then referred to the remission of taxation on various articles of commerce, which left 32 only on which revenue was collected through the Customs, and concluded his speech by claiming at the hands of the electors a renewal of their confidence. Mr. Watson resumed his seat amid loud cheers. Several questions were put and satisfactorily answered, and a vote of confidence was carried, with three dissentients.

Cheers for the Queen and the candidate terminated a most orderly meeting.

NEWCASTLE, Tuesday.

Mr. Hungerford addressed the electors of Northumberland at Wallsend last night, Mr. T. Price in the chair. He was well received. Referring to the dissolution, he justified the Government in going to the country. The Opposition had taunted them and dared them to go, and they went. He had voted with the Government in the interests of the whole colony and upon the broad principles of justice. He defended his vote on the 64th clause of the Criminal Law Bill, though that vote had lost him some warm supporters at Wallsend. He maintained that Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson had been the best friends the poor man ever had in the colony. He defended the new Land Bill as a whole and condemned the policy of the Opposition, which wanted the best half of the land for squatters, and the other for selectors. If the Assembly had carried his motion to impose a land tax, the squatters would not be so greedy for the land. He maintained that he had fully attended to the wants of the electors and especially in the Brookstown underground mining affair. He was still a freetrader and not a protectionist, like his colleague, whose statements respecting Victoria in comparison with New South Wales he dissented from. He was against payment of members, but in favour of working men getting into Parliament. He was also in favour of free education and of legalising trades-unions. On the motion of Mr. Price, seconded by Mr. Eade, a vote of confidence was carried by a large majority, and the proceedings closed in the usual manner.

WEST MAITLAND, Tuesday.

Mr. J. J. Riley, a candidate for West Maitland, addressed a meeting of electors at Sullivan's Hotel, in Horse Shoe Bend to-night; Mr. E. Tipper in the chair. About 400 electors were present. The candidate's political creed as explained in his address is briefly this:—He is strongly opposed to Sir John Robertson's Land Bill; is in favour of railway extension throughout the colony, and advocates the speedy construction of the railway from the north to Sydney; believes a Select Committee of the Legislature should be appointed to inquire into the working of the Licensing Act, with a view to introducing amendments where required. The revenue derived from the lands of the colony he believes should be devoted to permanent improvements, such as the construction of railways, bridges, and public roads, allowing a fair amount for immigration. He would make no party to disturb the Education Act; is a thorough freetrader, and favours a Local Government Bill, providing for liberal endowment to municipalities. Local wants would receive his attention, notably, the securing of a recreation reserve, the continuation of the river bank protection, and various other matters. Mr. Riley was well received, and a vote of confidence in him was carried unanimously. Mr. Walter Edmunds, barrister, is also a candidate for West Maitland, and will make the fifth candidate in the field so far. He announces that he will address the electors during the week. Mr. William Richardson, of Sydney, opposes Mr. J. F. Burns for the Hunter, in the Opposition interest.

CAMPBELLTOWN, Tuesday.

A public meeting of the electors was held in the Temperance Hall to-night, to hear the views of Mr. M'Court, a candidate for Camden electorate. The mayor (Mr. John Ahearn) occupied the chair. Mr. M'Court spoke at length on the Land question, favouring the following views:—That free selection before survey must be continued, and its author, Sir John Robertson, was deserving of the eternal gratitude of the people; that 5000 acres in outlying districts was not too much for a man to get a living from, but he would be no party to the proposal to cut up a squatter's run into two halves, giving half to the squatter and half to free selectors; this would only intensify the present war of classes. Further, he enunciated the view that it was better to go with those who were prepared to carry into effect possible amendment without delaying over pet theories On the Education question, Mr. M'Court was opposed to any alteration in the law. A unanimous vote in his favour was accorded.

NATTAI, Tuesday.

Last night Mr. John Kidd addressed a large and influential meeting at the Commercial Hotel, Mr. J. Mealing in the chair, and at the close of his speech, which occupied about an hour, it was proposed by Mr. Hugh Childs, J.P., and seconded by Mr. Thomas Viles, that Mr. Kidd was a fit and proper person to represent the electorate of Camden in Parliament. The resolution was carried by a large majority.

TENTERFIELD, Tuesday.

The interest in the election is increasing. Mr. Edward R. Whereat, a resident of 20 years' standing, having been requested to become a candidate, has consented. An enthusiastic meeting in favour of his candidature was held last night. Mr. Whereat was well received, and a vote of confidence in him passed. Mr. Thomas Courtney is the only other candidate in the field. Several other names are mentioned. An address was presented to-night to Mr. Fraser, the late member, expressing approval of his Parliamentary conduct. It was a large meeting. Mr. Fraser replied at some length.

BUNGENDORE, Tuesday.

Mr. Hodgkinson, one of the candidates, addressed a large meeting last night, and was well received. He spoke at length on the Land Bill, and his views apparently gave every satisfaction. Mr. De Salis, another candidate, addresses the electors to-night at this town.

ARMIDALE, Tuesday.

Mr. W. C. Proctor addressed a crowded meeting of electors in the Town Hall last night, the mayor in the chair. He referred to the land law as the question at issue, and reviewed past legislation on the subject. He quoted figures, showing that the present laws had failed to secure agricultural settlement, and had been fruitful in creating vast estates. He strongly condemned the abuses tolerated under the present law, and contended that the remedies embodied in the proposed new Act would be equally ineffectual. Mr. Proctor advocated the abolition of mineral conditional purchases, improvement purchases, pre-leases, and auction sales; would support the division of runs in the western districts, giving fixed tenures at increased rents to lessees, leaving one half the runs open for selection, and selectors to be secured in their holdings. He justified his past support of the Government, especially on the Licensing and Chinese questions, but would support several amendments required in the Licensing Act. He advocated local government, and claimed to have faithfully discharged his duties as member for the district. The usual vote of confidence was moved and seconded by Messrs. Moses and Low. An amendment was moved and seconded, and about ten hands were held up in its favour. It was impossible to count the hands held up in favour of the original motion, which was carried by an overwhelming majority. Mr. Proctor addresses the electors at Uralla to-night. It was stated that Mr. Copeland had withdrawn from Newtown, and was coming up to Armidale.

ORANGE, Tuesday.

Mr. James Torpy addressed a large and orderly meeting of electors in the School of Arts, Orange, last evening. The chair was occupied by Mr. Andrew Kerr, one of the late members, and on the platform were assembled several supporters of the candidate. Mr. Torpy was accorded a fair hearing, and expressed himself as strongly opposed to the systematic aggrandisement of the metropolis at the expense of the country districts. He advocated water supply for large country places and would oppose the now regular practice of framing railway rates so as to give Sydney undue command of the country trade. He expressed himself as strongly in favour of the establishment of high schools in towns such as Orange, and stated that he was in favour of free, secular, and compulsory education. He should agitate for the reduction of the present railway rates on agricultural produce by at least half, was in favour of reasonable protection to native industries, would advocate restriction of sales by auction of Crown lands, and support free selection before survey. If returned, he would support Sir John Robertson's proposed Land Bill on an introduction of certain amendments. Regarding the Licensing Act he approved of the amendments suggested by the Minister of Justice. He promised to support the Local Government Bill. The candidate based his claims for election upon his local interest, and in concluding his address he thanked the meeting for the very courteous and patient hearing he had received. The motion in the candidate's favour was proposed by Mr. J. S. Whyte and seconded by Mr. R. Warren, and declared to be carried.

TAMWORTH, Tuesday.

Mr. R. H. Levien addressed a very large meeting of electors at Barraba last night, and met with a splendid reception. The usual vote of confidence was unanimously carried.

MUDGEE, Tuesday.

Mr. A. J. Taylor addressed a large meeting of electors last evening, and met with a good reception. He did not approve of the Government Land Bill, being in favour of remission of interest to all conditional purchasers holding 640 acres and less. He was also in favour of abolishing auction sales except for suburban lands. He utterly condemned Mr. Stuart's views on the Land question, and especially in regard to giving fixity of tenure to pastoralists. He said the Government measure was far better for selectors than Mr. Stuart's proposal, which was specially designed for the advantage of large banking institutions and pastoralists. A vote of confidence in Mr. Taylor was carried, and three cheers were afterwards given for Sir John Robertson.

JERILDERIE, Tuesday.

Election matters are active. Messrs. Killen and Barbour are the only candidates formally announced. A requisition is in course of signature inviting Mr. Flood, late police magistrate at Deniliquin, to stand. An influential committee has been formed here to secure Mr. Killen's return. It is supposed that Messrs. Killen and Barbour will represent the selectors' interests.

TEMORA, Tuesday.

Mr. Gerald Spring addressed the electors last night at Haydon's Gaiety Theatre. There was a large meeting, which was orderly and attentive. Mr. Woods presided. The candidate was well received, and an almost unanimous vote of confidence accorded him.

CONDOBOLIN, Tuesday.

A large and influential meeting was held last night to hear Mr. Alfred Stokes' political views. A motion of confidence in him was carried unanimously.

THE CANDIDATES IN THE FIELD.

The following gentlemen have announced themselves candidates for the representation of the various electorates. The figures in parenthesis show the number of members to be elected for each electorate. The names marked with an asterisk are those of members of the late Parliament:—

East Sydney (4).—Sir H. Parkes,* Dr. Renwick,* G. N. Griffiths, Edmund Barton,* G. H. Reid,* John M'Elhone,* James Green.

West Sydney (4).—George Merriman, A. Cameron,* W. F. Martin,* D. O'Connor,* F. Abigail.*

South Sydney (4).—John Harris (Mayor of Sydney), J. Davies,* G. L. Carter,* W. T. Poole,* G. Withers,* J. B. Olliffe, S. Burdekin.*

Albury (1).—G. Day,* Jas. Hayes.

Argyle (2).—G. L. Rankin, Lieutenant-Colonel Holborow, J. Gannon.*

Balmain (2).—J. Garrard,* W. A. Hutchinson, W. Pritchard, John Taylor.

Balranald (2).—R. Wilkinson,* J. Cramsie.*

Bathurst (1).—T. H. Hellyer, Hon. F. B. Suttor.*

Bogan, The (2).—Sir P. Jennings,* G. E. Cass.*

Bookowa (1).—T. M. Slattery.*

Bourke (2).—Evan Evans, E. B. L. Dickens, R. Barton,* Machattie, Mathews.

Braidwood (1).—J. Ryrie.

Camden (2).—Thomas Garrett,* M'Court, John Kidd.*

Canterbury (3).—W. Henson,* Ham, W. H. Pigott,* D. Holborow, A. H. Jacob,* M. J. Hammond.

Carcoar (2).—G. Campbell,* A. Lynch.*

Clarence, The (1).—J. M. Purves.*

Central Cumberland (2).—Hon. J. Lackey,* N. G. Bull, A. H. M'Culloch.*

Durham (1).—H. H. Brown.*

Eden (2).—H. Clarke,* J. P. Garvan.*

Forbes (2).—W. T. Coonan, H. H. Cooke,* J. Bodel,* Stokes.

Glebe (1).—Sir G. W. Allen.*

Glen Innes (1).—Mr. W. J. Ferguson.*

Gloucester (1).—C. W. Readett, R. H. D. White, Henry Hudson.

Goulburn (1).—W. Teece.*

Grafton (1).—J. See.*

Grenfell (1).—R. M. Vaughn.*

Gundagai (1).—Bruce Smith, Barbour.

Gunnedah (1).—J. P. Abbott.*

Gwydir, The (1).—W. R. Campbell.*

Hartley (1).—C. J. Passmore, W. S. Targett.

Hastings and Manning (1).—D. Macquarie, J. H. Young.*

Hawkesbury (1).—A. Bowman,* M'Quade.

Hume (1).—L. Levin,* W. J. Lyne.*

Hunter (1).—J. F. Burns,* Richardson.

Hunter, Upper (2).—J. M'Elhone,* J. M'Laughlin.*

Illawarra (1).—A. Stuart.*

Inverell (1).—R. L. Murray.*

Kiama (1).—Dr. Tarrant.*

Macleay (1).—R. B. Smith.*

Macquarie, East (2).—E. Combes,* S. Smith.*

Macquarie, West (1).—C. E. Pilcher.*

Maitland, East (1).—J. N. Brunker.*

Maitland, West (1).—R. W. Thompson, H. E. Cohen, J. J. Riley, W. Briggs.

Molong (1).—Dr. Ross.*

Monaro (2).—R. L. Tooth,* Toohey.

Morpeth (1).—Hon. R. Wisdom,* Moylan, A. H. Jacob.*

Mudgee (3).—Sir J. Robertson,* D. Buchanan,* H. L. Beyer,* A. H. Taylor, De Courcey Browne.

Murray (2).—A. Wilson.*

Murrumbidgee (2).—G. C. Loughnan,* A. G. Jones, J. H. Douglas.*

Namoi (1).—T. G. Dangar.*

Nepean (1).—T. R. Smith.*

Newcastle (2).—J. Fletcher,* G. A. Lloyd,* J. C. Ellis.

New England (2).—W. C. Proctor.*

Newtown (2).—J. Mitchell,* Hon. W. J. Foster,* H. Copeland,* F. J. Gibbes.

Northumberland (2).—J. Hungerford,* N. Melville,* W. B. Christie.

Orange (2).—W. Clarke,* T. Dalton.

Paddington (2).—E. Vickery, J. C. Neild, W. J. Trickett,* R. Butcher, O. L. Grattan, W. J. Allen.

Parramatta (1).—J. S. Farnell,* H. Taylor.

Patrick's Plains (1).—A. J. Gould, John Brown,* J. Hutchinson, J. Elliott, J. P. Quin.

Queanbeyan (1).—T. Rutledge,* Hoskisson.

Redfern (3).—Hon. J. Sutherland,* F. A. Wright,* A. R. Fremlin*, T. M. Williamson.

Richmond (1).—S. W. Gray.

Shoalhaven (1).—J. Roseby,* Dymock, Humphrey.

St. Leonards (2).—G. R. Dibbs, John Woods, C. A. Atchison, P. F. Richardson, W. T. Muston, B. O. Holtermann, A. G. Mackenzie.

Tamworth (2).—S. Burdekin,* R. H. Levien,* J. Gill.

Tenterfield (1).—T. B. Boyce, T. Courtenay.

Tumut (1).—O'Mara.*

Wellington (1).—E. Bennett, G. J. M. Stephens.

Wentworth (1).—E. Quin.*

Wollombi. (1).—J. Eckford.*

Yass Plains (1).—Heydon.*

Young (2).—G. Spring, J. A. Mackinnon, Hon. J. Watson,* W. J. Watson.*

PERSONATION AT ELECTIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I wish through your columns to call the attention of the public to the manner in which personation has lately been helped by the regulations of at least one of the returning-officers of Sydney.

During the polling at the last two general elections, a returning-officer stationed in a small compartment outside each booth a clerk, who was provided with a copy of the electoral roll, and was evidently instructed to give each voter a slip of paper containing his number on the roll, and to mark off his name in the copy entrusted to him. This was done in full view of the little crowd of electioneering agents and other persons gathered around the entrances to the booths.

Further, if an elector went before a presiding officer and gave his correct number, but had not previously obtained it on a slip from the (so-called) authorised clerk, his vote was refused until he complied with the regulation.

I have examined the Electoral Act, and can find nothing in it to warrant the appointment of such a clerk. I propose to call him the unofficial clerk.

The regulation helps personators in two ways; first, it gives to unscrupulous persons information as to who have and who have not voted, very valuable information towards 4 o'clock; and secondly, a person intending to personate another may, upon applying for a number-slip, find that that other's name has already been marked off in the unofficial clerk's copy of the roll; and he is merely informed by the unofficial clerk that he has voted before, instead of being afforded the opportunity of presenting himself before the presiding officer, and being given into custody.

An elector may also be practically disfranchised, as the following incident of the last election will show.

"Z." applied to the unofficial clerk for his number-slip; the U. C. said, "You have voted before." Z. denied that he had done so. U. C.—"Then some one has personated you." Z.'s name happened to occur in the roll a second time in respect of another qualification, and he insisted upon receiving a slip with the second number, and upon going into the booth ascertained that some person had indeed attempted to personate him, but had been promptly given into custody, of which fact the U. C. was ignorant. If Z.'s name had not been inserted in the roll twice, he would have been prevented from voting, although the attempt at personation had failed.

No doubt the unofficial clerk is a very useful person, but only to those who want his help. It should not be compulsory for a voter to apply to him for a number-slip, and he ought not to be allowed to keep any memorandum of those voters who do seek his assistance. It is the duty of the presiding-officer or poll-clerk to keep a record of the persons who have voted.

I am satisfied that it is necessary merely to call the attention of the several returning-officers to the fact that the regulation is *ultra vires*, to prevent a recurrence of the infringement of the spirit of the Act, the object of which is secret voting.

I am, &c.,
A. R. P.

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OUR BRISBANE LETTER.

BRISBANE, Nov. 24.

Her Majesty has been pleased to confer on the Hon. Thomas M'Ilwraith, Premier of Queensland, the honour of knighthood of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. He has been Premier only since January, 1879. The permanent worth of his policy has not had time to develop itself. There has been a good deal of vigour and exploit, combined with some flaunt and vaunt. It has been a money-making policy. The commerce of the country, as well as the public Treasury, has shared in the profit. Those who have gained most profit supply the loudest laudation of the go-ahead policy of the Premier. But time alone can test its permanent value. If the Premier's own words may be relied on, he does not himself fully trust the present flush of prosperity. He said in the Assembly a few weeks ago that we stand on the edge of a volcano. That his opinion is endorsed by many shrewd men here I am certain. Come what may, the new knight has succeeded in launching a few big enterprises, which are doing well both for the colony and those who have a more direct pecuniary interest in them. But when one has said that Mr. M'Ilwraith has been an able leader of a party, something of a statesman, and a bold commercial investor and speculator, one has said all that can be said of him. He takes no part in the philanthropic movements of the colony. He seems to have no predilection for social movements—they are too insignificant for his genius. As a politician he is only liked and trusted by one political section of the community. Under these circumstances he may be said to have gained her Majesty's favour very early. He is no veteran like your two political knights—Sir John Robertson and Sir Henry Parkes.

As a proof of the gradual development of the big schemes which our sagacious Premier is capable of devising, I may refer to a bit of news which has fallen like a surprise on commercial circles here during the last few days. For aught I know the Premier may or may not be in the combination. It was he, however, who resolved to inaugurate the mail service by the British-India Company's line of steamers. In spite of his failure to get Parliamentary sanction in the usual form he carried his point. Putting aside the carriage of mails, for which, really, we pay the subsidy, the benefits reaped by the colony from this direct steam service have justified his determined action. A week or two ago it was stated that the British-India Company had purchased the extensive wharfs and stores of Mr. George Raff, where the long-established business of George Raff and Co. had been carried on. Now another stage in the development has been reached. It is stated in the *Courier* that Raff's premises were bought by Messrs. Parbury, Lamb, and Co., and that that firm is amalgamating with M'Ilwraith, M'Eacharn, and Co., who are trading at Rockhampton under the name of Walter Reid and Co.; also that Mr. George Raff (of Brisbane) and Mr. George Parbury (of F. Parbury and Co., of London) are to join the amalgamated firms, and the whole be formed into a joint stock company, to be registered under the Companies Act. The businesses of Parbury, Lamb, and Co., W. Reid and Co., and as much of George Raff and Co.'s as the senior partner can carry with him, are to be absorbed by the new company, and the combined business is to be carried on in the premises bought by Parbury and Co. from George Raff. It will be a powerful company; but the mystery is how the name of the British-India Company came to be in any way connected with the incipient stage of development.

The Cingalese coolie business has also developed rapidly within the last seven days. On Friday last the s.s. Devonshire arrived at the Burnett Heads with about 200 labourers on board. It was soon known in Bundaberg that the coolies were to be landed at the Heads and promptly despatched to the plantations for which they had been engaged. About 50 men drove to the heads in vehicles of various sorts. They made a show of opposing the Cingalese, but when the latter drew their knives and made a show of fight the heroic defenders of white men's rights deemed discretion the better part of valour. Instead of using physical force they fled. Twelve labourers, who claimed to be Indians, refused to go with their hirers; these were taken to the town, and by the popular voice were covered with glory, and were feasted as heroes. In the evening a crowded meeting was held, and one of the free and independent Indians delivered a long address in fluent English. He brought down the house—and the collection money! On the following day 90 Cingalese deserted their employers. The oratorical Indian declared that the Cingalese had been kidnapped, or induced to enter into agreements by false pretences. Excitement rose to a high pitch. The Anti-coolie League incited the Cingalese to refuse to go to work. The leader of the white men was arrested, and on Monday was fined £5. The recalcitrant Cingalese was sentenced to two months' imprisonment. Three days later five other white men were fined in sums ranging from £2 to £5 each for inciting and aiding the disorders in connection with the landing. It strikes me that this is stroking the cat the wrong way of the fur. Bitter resentment will rankle in the breasts of these men, and they will be ready to take vengeance when an opportunity occurs.

On Wednesday evening a large meeting was held at Rockhampton for the purpose of forming a branch of the Queensland Anti-coolie League. Speeches were delivered and resolutions carried in favour of the objects for which the meeting had been called, but there does not appear to have been unanimity of sentiment on the subject. There was not much opposition, but only about half of those present voted one way or the other. In response to calls Mr. J. Ferguson, M.L.A., delivered a speech, which was not coherent in sentiment, nor consistent with what have been supposed to be Mr. Ferguson's real sentiments on the subject. Having seemingly given himself over to the Government, he can scarcely take up a thoroughly independent position in regard to this black labour business. He says we cannot prevent Cingalese from coming to this colony; agreements made between them and employers are valid under the Masters and Servants' Act; the best thing to do is to petition Parliament to pass strict regulations for confining coolies to certain parts of the north and to certain sorts of labour. "When their agreements expire they should," quoth the M.L.A., "be sent back whence they came, the employers bearing the expense." This is exquisite nonsense. A working man exposed its softness and sophistry by remarking—"If the Government are powerless to prevent the coolies from coming, they are also powerless to compel them to return." The Ceylon Government can prevent them from coming.

Last week I stated that Mr. W. Kellett, M.L.A., had failed to secure a verdict in an action to compel the owner of a piece of land to complete the sale of the land to Mr. Kellett. This week the same gentleman has been plaintiff in another Supreme Court action, this time with a more satisfactory result to himself. Mr. Kellett was for a long time manager of the racing-stud and breeding-establishment of Messrs. Bell and Sons, at the Grange, Ipswich. After the sudden and lamented death of Sir Joshua Peter Bell, the Grange was sold, and Mr. Kellett was required to leave. It is clear from the evidence that his position was a confidential one, and he was implicitly trusted by his employers. He regarded his engagement as a yearly one. After the place was sold he declined to leave without notice, but he said:—"On the 14th April, eight men came to the Grange and said they were sent up to put me out by force." He estimated his emoluments as manager of the Grange at £1400 a year. He claimed £55 18s. 8d. on accounts stated, and £1000 damages for wrongful dismissal. Defendants put in a counter claim for £580, made up of items said to have been wrongfully charged by plaintiff as against defendants, and of bets which were denied by the firm. The jury brought in the following verdict:—"That plaintiff was entitled to the sum of £55 18s. 8d. sued for; that the defendants were not entitled to anything on account of servant's wages or bets paid; that plaintiff had been wrongfully dismissed, and that they awarded him £200 damages; also that there was no evidence to show that plaintiff's agreement with defendants was to be terminable on the sale of the Grange property."

Another action in the Supreme Court which has excited a little popular interest has been one instituted by "Professor Gilbert" against Mr. Woodyatt, the proprietor and editor of the *Maryborough Chronicle*, for libel. Damages were laid at £5000. The ground of action lay in a hotly-worded paragraph which criticised a certain lecture "to men only," on "Amativeness," delivered by the Professor at Maryborough. Nothing but a stern conviction of duty could have induced the journalist to run the risk of an action by the publication of such pungent criticism. The Professor "went for" the journalist. Mixed up with a notice of the lecture was a reference to the circulation of a villainously unclean pamphlet which has been scattered about promiscuously in several parts of this colony. The implication of the *Chronicle* was that the pamphlet and the lecture proceeded from the same source. This the Professor indignantly denied. The evidence seemed a little in his favour; so did the summing up of the judge; but the verdict of the jury was entirely against him. The Professor was nothing daunted by defeat. He immediately advertised that he would lecture in Brisbane on the same delicate subject.

The revision courts at Toowoomba have set a good example to the whole colony. The majority of the revising justices have recognised their responsibilities and faithfully discharged them. The stuffing of the Drayton and Toowoomba roll was somewhat appalling. Since the annual revision in 1881 there had been added 163 names to that roll. At the revision courts no less than 153 names were struck off. Some of the persons whom the names professed to represent were dead, others had left the district, not a few had never been known to reside in it. No attempt was made to prove that they did reside in it. Yet somebody on their behalf, or personating them, must have made the statutory declaration before the C. P. S., when the applications were put in. Most of the revising benches have acted on the assumption that all these applications were bona fide, and all the objections frivolous or malicious. That has been apparently the invariable rule in the metropolitan courts. It has been perfectly known that many of the new names had been placed on the rolls in violation of the statutory conditions, but the magistrates have grasped at technical objections to avoid the duty of investigation. If men are honest in seeking the franchise, why should they dread an investigation of their claims? When a man, or a number of men, fee sharp lawyers to defeat inquiry by technical points and paltry quibbles there is not unreasonable ground to conclude that inquiry is necessary. The success of the objections at Toowoomba is a saddening illustration of the want of conscientiousness which prevails among a certain section of Queensland politicians. Men with honourable aims will always seek them by honourable methods. It is no reckless statement to aver that hundreds of fictitious names have been placed on the supplementary annual lists, and the men who have tried to expose the fiction have had to pay the costs of lawyers who have defeated their honest efforts by technicalities.

To-day the members of the Opposition have courteously carried off their leader to a complimentary picnic. It is to be a very quiet affair, like the banquet given to Ministers by their party the day the Parliamentary session closed. Of that banquet not one of the city papers had any notice. Not a single representative of the press, so far as I can learn, was present. It is the same to-day. The jolly company will be very exclusive; no inquisitive stranger can enter the talismanic circle. I have reason to believe that this excess of selectness is not judicious. But the honorable gentlemen of the Opposition must be allowed to do their own complimentary business in their own way.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The following is from the Registrar-General's report:—

SYDNEY.—The births registered in Sydney during October number 290, viz.:—136 males and 154 females, being 74 more than the number of the deaths and 18 below the quinquennial average for the month. The number of deaths registered was 216, viz.:—109 males and 107 females. This total is 2 above the average for October during the preceding five years. Local diseases were the most fatal with 43.90 per cent. of the total, the principle causes being apoplexy, 7; convulsions, 7; heart disease 12; bronchitis, 9; pneumonia, 13; congestion of the lungs, 5; paralysis, 3; gastritis, 6; liver disease, 7; and nephria, 6. Zymotic diseases stand next in number with 20.84 per cent., the most prominent causes were diarrhœa, 24 (22 were infants); cholera, 4; syphilis, 4; delirium tremens and intemperance, 5. Constitutional diseases gave 16·21 per cent.; phthisis, 18; cancer, 6; dropsy, 5; abscess, 3, &c. The proportion of developmental diseases was 13·86 per cent. Premature birth, 4; teething, 3; old age, 7; and atrophy and debility (infants) 11, being the principal causes. Only five deaths (2·31 per cent.) were the result of violence, fractures, &c.; accident, sunstroke, infanticide, manslaughter, (fire), and drowning (suicide), one each. Seventeen persons of the age of 70 years and upwards died during October, viz., 9 males, one from cholera, aged 82; one aged 80, from bronchitis; one aged 78 from dropsy; one aged 75 from abscess of ear; two aged 77 and 77, from nephria; one aged 73, from hepatitis; and two, aged 68 and 72, from old age; and eight females, five aged 56, 62, 63, 72, and 76, from old age; and one aged 75, from lung disease; one aged 74, from cancer; and one aged 72, from brain disease. Forty-six deaths (21·29 per cent of the total number) took place in Public Institutions, viz.:—In Bourke Ward, Sydney Hospital, 25; and Hyde Park Asylum, 9; in Phillip Ward, Benevolent Asylum, 4; and in Fitzroy Ward, St. Vincent's Hospital, 5; Sydney Gaol, 2; and Reception House for the Insane, 1.

SUBURBS.—In the suburbs the number of births registered during October was 539, viz.:—262 males and 277 females, being 330 more than the deaths, and 174 above the average of the month in the years 1877 to 1881. The deaths numbered 209, viz.:—100 males and 109 females, being 58 more than the average of the previous five years. Of the causes of death those classified under the heading of local diseases were most fatal, with a proportion of 32·05 per cent. of the total, the principal contributors being cephalitis, 4; paralysis, 4; convulsions, 5; heart disease, 4; bronchitis, 13; pneumonia, 10; and liver disease, 5. Developmental diseases stand next with a per-centage of 25·35: Premature births, 11; teething, 6; atrophy and debility, 29; and old age, 4 (at the following ages—74, 77, 79, and 82); childbirth, 2; and malformation of skull, 1. Zymotic diseases gave 24·88 per cent., with typhoid fever, 7; diphtheria, 5; diarrhœa, 23; and want of breast milk, 9; as the prominent causes. Constitutional diseases were fatal to 13·90 per cent., the chief causes being dropsy, 3; phthisis, 19; and tabes mesenterica, 2. There were 5 violent deaths, 4 by accidents (fractures, &c., 1; burns, 1; drowning, 1; and sunstroke, 1), and 1 from injuries received (open verdict). The deaths at ages of 70 years and upwards were 8 males (one at 80, from bronchitis; one at 75, from diarrhœa; one at 72, from dropsy; one at 72, from paralysis; one at 76, from insanity; one at 70, from rheumatism; and two, aged 79 and 82, from old age); and 6 females (one aged 78, from heart disease; one aged 74, from apoplexy; two, aged 71 and 73, from bronchitis; and two, aged 74 and 77, from old age); total, 14. In the metropolitan division (Sydney and suburbs) the births for the month numbered 829, and the deaths 425, which are respectively 69 and 73 more than the corresponding figures for October, 1881. The infantile mortality in Sydney was at the rate of 37·96 per cent., which is 5·42 below the previous five years' average. The percentage in the suburbs was 60·76 or 8·39 above the average.

When an Irish alderman is patriotic, observes the London *Daily News*, he reminds one of that earnest character in the American hymn who always "did his level best." The Corporation of Drogheda, by a majority of one, has determined to confer no less sweet a boon than the freedom of that city upon Sir Garnet Wolseley. Sir Garnet's mother, it appears, was "a Drogheda lady," and therefore Drogheda has a natural right to triumph in his success. This is the view of Alderman Connolly, who supported his opinions by very strong and well chosen language. "Order is Heaven's first law, and so Sir Garnet obeys the call of his Queen." Here there appears to be a slight, perhaps pardonable, confusion between Sir Garnet and the plan of eternal happiness. When he came to Tel-el-Kebir Sir Garnet gave the word to "Charge!" "and the Egyptians dropped their arms like hot potatoes." The gallant alderman does not seem to have observed that the Royal Irish would have won little credit by beating a foe who dropped his arms like hot potatoes. The Egyptians were not quite so cowardly. Many a whipster who now sneers at our victory as an easy one would have cut a poor figure in a rush of 300 yards under several tiers of fire. But this is a digression. The alderman now dropped, or rather burst, into song, and declared that "the Irish Regiments" were the boys who fear no noise." By the way, the alderman said nothing about other British Regiments, who according to some accounts were present. Mr. Thackeray saw at Cupar-Fife a picture called "The Battle of Waterloo." It represented that glorious victory by the effigy of one Highlander, waving his claymore. In the same way Alderman Connolly's picture of Tel-el-Kebir has only room for the Royal Irish Regiment. The alderman ended with a verse in which historic truth and patriotic fire are so admirably blended that we must attribute it to the unaided muse of the gallant speaker himself.

> Hurra! Hurra!
> The deed of deeds is done.
> Sebastopol, China, Coomassie,
> And now Tel-el-Kebir is won.

By the way, the name of our victory is a puzzle to poets. Should they say,

> The fighting was not too severe,
> Upon thy plain, Tel-el-Kebeer;

or might an Irish bard sing thus—

> There they plied the bloody sabre,
> On the sands of Tel-el-Kabre!

The best authority seems in favour of accenting the ultimate syllable of Kebir, and pronouncing "bir" as "beer."

As a Christmas Present, what better can you offer a lady than a Sewing Machine; and if a thing is worth doing at all, it is surely worth doing well. Therefore, select such a machine as will be handsome in appearance, effective in capability, easy to work and learn, and possessing all the most recent improvements that modern skill and science can devise and perfect. Such a one is to be found in the "New Davis," the champion sewing machine of the world. Sold on liberal terms of time payment, in town and country. Illustrated catalogues and samples posted free to any address. R. O. Holtermann and Co., 435 George-street, Sydney.—[ADVT.]

LAW REPORT.

SUPREME COURT.—TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28.

SITTINGS FOR CAUSES.

Banco Court.—(Before his Honor the CHIEF JUSTICE *and a jury of four.)*

M'DONAGH V. HARTIGAN.

Mr. Rogers for the plaintiff. Mr. Salomons, Q.C., and Mr. Pilcher for the defendant.

This was an action for an assault committed in St. Augustine's Church, Yass. The defendant paid £50 into Court. The action was settled yesterday in Court, on the terms that the defendant should pay the plaintiff £25 beyond the amount paid in, and his costs as between attorney and client, and that he should make an apology.

KING AND ANOTHER V. LAMBERT.

Mr. Manning and Dr. Donovan, instructed by Messrs. Cope and King, for the plaintiffs; Mr. Pilcher and Mr. O'Connor, instructed by Mr. M. A. H. Fitzhardinge, for the defendant.

This was the second trial of an action by Messrs. King and Co., of Dangelong, Monaro, against the defendant, a station-holder, near Tumut, for breach of contract. On June 3, Wilkinson and Co., acting on behalf of Brown, agent for the defendant, wrote to King and Co., offering them 3000 ewes at 6s. 6d., to lamb about October; bills at four months were to be given. Nothing was said about inspection. It was afterwards arranged that the bills were to be at six months, and provision was made for inspection. The plaintiffs' manager, Beuzeville, went to the defendant's station and saw the sheep, and after such inspection Beuzeville took delivery, the plaintiffs giving their bills in payment. The sheep started for the plaintiffs' station, distant 240 miles, on June 20. After being a month on the road the ewes began to lamb. There being but scanty food, the weather cold, and the country bleak, the ewes had no milk for their lambs. Only 40 lambs in all survived, 260 ewes died on the road, and 400 died at Dangelong and in lambing; 562 died from causes attributable to lambing—in all 1222 ewes died. The plaintiffs brought this action to recover damages for this loss from the defendant, alleging that he had warranted that the ewes would not lamb before October. The defendant denied the warranty.

The plaintiffs' case was that the contract was in the terms of the offer in the letter of Wilkinson and Co. of 3rd June; that that letter was shown by Beuzeville to Brown, and that Brown showed a copy to the defendant and talked over the matter with him. This was denied by the defendant, who said he knew nothing of the letter until it was given in evidence. The plaintiffs further said that when Beuzeville inspected the ewes he was told that the rams had been put to them on 26th or 27th April, and that on Beuzeville remarking that some looked heavy, he was told that perhaps a selector's ram had got amongst them. This representation was denied by the defendant.

The action had previously been tried before Mr. Justice Faucett, when the jury found a verdict for the defendant. The Full Court granted a new trial on the ground that that verdict was against the evidence. The hearing was begun on yesterday, and lasted until 4 o'clock to-day, when the jury returned with a verdict for the defendant.

NEILL V. M'DONNELL.

This was an undefended action of ejectment.

Mr. Pilcher appeared for the plaintiff.

Verdict for the plaintiff.

HARRISON AND OTHERS V. WHITE.

Mr. Rogers for the plaintiffs. There was no appearance on behalf of the defendant.

This was an action by Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin, to receive money payable for hides sold to the defendant, and on accounts stated.

Verdict for plaintiff, £1668 0s. 9d.

Jury Court.—(Before his Honor Mr. Justice WINDEYER *and a jury of four.)*

JAMES V. EVE.

Mr. Stephen, Q.C., and Mr. Dawson, by Messrs. Dawson and Son, for the plaintiff; Mr. O'Connor, by Mr. Shepherd, for the defendant.

This was an action for slander. The plaintiff wrote to the Postmaster-General, calling his attention to the fact that one Mr. Knight, postmaster and letter-carrier for Macdonaldtown, was also an alderman for that municipality, and stating that his duties were inconsistent with each other. The Postmaster-General replied, and Knight resigned his office of alderman. A discussion on this took place in the council, at which the defendant, who is an alderman, spoke and said, "These representations were not made on account of his being postmaster for the borough, but on account of a malicious spleen on the part of Mr. James." This was the slander complained of. A second count for libel alleged that the defendant caused the above words to be entered in the minute book of the council. The council entered the words among the minutes, and these minutes were confirmed at a subsequent meeting at which the defendant voted.

Verdict for the plaintiff; damages, £100.

MOW SANG V. CHISHOLM.

Mr. Stephen, Q.C., Mr. Rogers, and Mr. Coghlan, by Messrs. Gannon and M'Laughlin, for the plaintiff; Mr. Owen, Q.C., and Dr. Donovan, by Mr. Cahill, for the defendant.

This was an action for trespasses to plaintiff's garden at Bankstown. The defendant as to casual trespasses on a small part of the land paid £5 into Court, and as to the residue pleaded not guilty, and that the land was his soil and freehold.

The hearing had not concluded when the Court rose.

In Equity.—(Before his Honor the PRIMARY JUDGE.)

BROWN V. PATTERSON.

Mr. Owens, Q.C., and Dr. Donovan for the plaintiff.

This matter was adjourned, by consent, for a week.

FOLEY V. KISS.

The hearing of this injunction motion was postponed for 15 days.

CHAMBERLAIN V. ANDERSON AND OTHERS.

Upon the motion of Mr. H. T. Burton, the order made in chambers as to the payment of money out of Court was confirmed.

DOYLE V. ALLEN.

Mr. Lingen moved for an injunction to the hearing of this matter.

Order as prayed.

LLOYD V. WIEN AND OTHERS.

Mr. C. J. Manning and Mr. Walker, instructed by Mr. John Shepherd, for the plaintiff; Mr. Knox and Mr. Lingen, instructed by Mr. G. M. Dunn, for the defendants.

The hearing of this suit was continued. The plaintiff's case having closed, his Honor decreed that the defendant, Louis Wien, having effected the settlement he could have no interest in the suit. He therefore decided in favour of plaintiff to that extent.

The other parties then held a consultation, and after some time the following terms of agreement were announced to the Court and ratified.—"Declared that the several alienations mentioned in the statement of claim are fraudulent and void as between the defendant Wien and his creditors and the plaintiff as official assignee in the estate, without prejudice to the rights of the defendant Pauline Wien and Fritz Jansen—that the said Louis Wien has no interest in the properties alienated as against the defendant Pauline Wien and Fritz Jansen. As between the plaintiff and the defendants Pauline Wien and Fritz Jansen it is decreed by mutual arrangement and consent that the suit be dismissed without costs, upon the terms that the said Pauline Wien shall pay the proved debts in the estate of Louis Wien amounting to £375 8s. 11d. less the sum of £146 10s. agreed by A. Friedman to be deducted from the amount of his proved claim; and also to pay the official assignee's costs agreed to at £160, and the costs of John Shepherd, solicitor, in various proceedings agreed to at £300; and that the defendant, Pauline Wien, do convey the land at Coogee to John Wilson in pursuance of a sale to him for the sum of £1650; and that the plaintiff thereupon be authorised to receive the said purchase money, less £600, or thereabouts, due to the Savings' Bank on mortgages, and shall pay the amount thereof into the hands of G. M. Dunn, solicitor, for the defendant, Pauline Wien, the said G. M. Dunn retaining thereout £160 as an agreed sum for his general costs; and undertaking to pay the balance into the hands of Pauline Wien, or to such trustee as she may appoint, for her sole and separate use, and benefit, apart from her husband and his debts and control. The furniture and chattels mentioned in the bill of sale of 29th December, 1879, to be held under the same, free from any claim by the plaintiff as official assignee. A certain action at law, pending between the defendant, Fritz Jansen, and the plaintiff, to be abandoned without costs. It is ordered that all caveats in connection with the Coogee property be withdrawn."

INSOLVENCY COURT.—TUESDAY.

(Before the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.)

CERTIFICATE APPLICATIONS.

His Honor directed that certificates of conformity should be issued to the following insolvents on payment of Court charges and expenses, namely:—Charles Reinier, Josiah England, James Wood, Henry Harris the younger, Michael Reache, John Frederick Lever, and John Kirkpatrick.

The following applications were adjourned for various reasons, namely:—William Whitten Davis, Thomas Henry Maberly, William Amos the younger, Hon Long, Francis James Barker, James Symonds Howes, John Wesley Pidgeon, Charles Moore, James Drummond, and James Macgregor. The applications of Robert Newtown, William Ley the younger, Henry Zeplin, and Sydney Cohen were struck out, applicants not appearing.

RULE NISI.

John Buckley v. Peter Lawson, of Capertee, innkeeper. Returnable 14th December. Mr. Stephen, official assignee.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29.

Banco Court.—Perry v. Borough of Balmain, Burt v. Benson, White v. Martin, Fletcher v. Suttor.

Jury Court.—Mowbary and another v. Chisholm, part heard; Jackson v. Goode, Bayliss v. Everitt, Keating v. Bank of New South Wales, Street v. Hardie and others, Melville v. Hunt.

Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.—Before his Honor the Primary Judge, at 10.30 a.m.: Motions for probates and administrations. Motions to pass accounts, &c.

Prothonotary's Taxation List.—In re Wm. Hellyer, gent., one &c., 10.30; Greedy v. King, 10.30; Goode v. Mellor and another, 10.30; Tuck v. Brown, 11.

Chamber List.—Bowen v. Howe.

Master's Office, at 11 a.m.—Coffman and others v. Draitt and others, adjourned warrant to proceed on accounts.

In Equity.—In Chambers, before his Honor the Primary Judge, at 11 noon.—Barger and another v. Brown and others, for time to file statement of defence; Verge v. Walsh, for time to file statement of defence. In Court.—Motions and Petitions generally: Taylor and another v. Bank of New South Wales, to speak to minutes; In re Christian's Infant, to be spoken to; Powell and another v. Cohen, motion to dismiss statement of claim; re Denis Maguire and trusts of Thomas Laidlaw's will, petition for vesting order.

INSOLVENCY BUSINESS.

Wednesday.—Mary John Rochester, Henry Morton, and Frederick Henry Jackson, third meetings; Thomas Argent, Sophia Radcliffe, Eliza Jane Evans, single meetings; Charles F. Sheridan, second meeting; Samuel Joseph Jackson, special for proof; Robert Bird, John Peel Barrington, Charles Venters, first meetings; John Murphy, special for proof; George Stevenson, first meeting.

DISTRICT COURT.—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29.

Causes.—Mortley v. Shepherd, Hurley v. Hayes, M'Rae v. Partridge, Nicholson v. Carratt and others, Daly v. Harmer, Callaghan v. Farrell, Bryant v. Hutchinson and another, Coulter v. Matthews, Turner and wife v. Mills and wife, Musson v. Macquarie.

POLICE.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

Mr. Crane, S.M., presided on the bench in the Charge Court yesterday.

Richard Yates, on a charge of having used indecent language in the bar of the York Hotel, King and York streets, whilst it was open to the public, was fined 40s., or in default imprisonment for one month. *John J. Farrelly* and *Jane Gordon*, also charged with having used indecent language, were fined similar amounts.

William Gray, on a charge of having assaulted and beaten one Charles Allen, was fined 40s., or in default imprisonment for one month, on a charge of having assaulted a constable in the execution of his duty. He was sentenced to be imprisoned for two months; and on a second similar charge was sentenced to imprisonment for one month in addition; and on a charge of having used obscene language in Sussex-street was fined 60s., or in default imprisonment for six weeks.

LICENSING COURT.

Messrs. Dillon (chairman), Clarke, and Crane, S.M.s, presided on the bench.

The following transfers were granted:—George Cooper, Rose Hill Hotel, Redfern, to John Adams; J. Samuel Bridgement, Rochester Inn, Camperdown, to Robert Richards; Mary Anne Murray, executrix in the estate of John Murray, deceased, Dungate Inn, Liverpool-street, to Mary Ana Murray; William Ryan, executor in the estate of Jeremiah Ryan, Californian Inn, Parramatta-street, to William Ryan; James Britton, Bank Hotel, Newtown, to W. Guthridge.

A billiard license was granted to W. H. Neich, Royal Oak Hotel, Parramatta.

Further extensions of time for building purposes were granted to D. M'Govern, Ashfield Hotel, Ashfield; T. Vaughan, Braidwood Hotel.

The application to change the title of Hart's Hotel to the George Family Hotel, Abercrombie-street, was granted.

The application for leave of absence to John H. Smith, Duke of Edinburgh Hotel, for a period of eight months, was granted.

Twenty-one auctioneers' licenses, and one pawnbroker's license were granted.

Charles Laws was charged with having, on the afternoon of the 31st October, permitted drunken men to remain on his premises. The evidence of the police was to the effect that entering the defendant's premises, the Commercial Hotel, Liverpool-street, at a quarter past 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the 31st ultimo, they saw five men seated in a room, of whom three were very drunk. The defendant said that he did not think he was liable to be punished, so long as he did not serve them with drink. He did not remove them, cause them to be removed by the police, or ask the men to go away. Mr. Bull appeared on behalf of the defendant, whose defence was that the men had gone into his house, had taken dinner there, but had not been served with drink. A fine of £2 was inflicted, in default imprisonment for 14 days.

Bridget Mary Theresa Gifford pleaded guilty to a charge of having neglected to keep the lamp in front of her licensed premises, the Golden Fleece Hotel, alight from sunset on the 9th till sunrise on the 10th instant, and was fined 5s., with 5s. 6d. costs.

Edward Davis pleaded guilty to having been thrice convicted of offences under the Licensing Act. Evidence was called to show whether the hotel was required or not. Sub-inspector Mackay stated that the hotel, the "Albion," situated in Albion-street, was not required in the neighbourhood, there being four other hotels within a radius of 300 yards of it. Mr. Gannon appeared on behalf of the landlord, and pleaded that the hotel was held in trust for orphan children, who would consequently suffer if it were disqualified. The Bench cancelled the license and disqualified the licensee for a term of three years, and made no order with regard to the house, which will accordingly also be disqualified, as the Act states that unless an order be made the house will be disqualified.

WATER POLICE COURT.

The bench in the Charge Court was occupied by Mr. Marsh, S.M., yesterday.

A number of persons were punished for drunkenness or other minor offences.

George Kennett, seaman, was charged with having assaulted Michael Cahill. It appeared that prisoner entered the Commercial Hotel, George-street, and called for six drinks, for which it was alleged he would not pay. The landlord then attempted to eject him, whereupon prisoner struck him on the head with his fist. The Bench found the charge proved, and fined prisoner 40s., or 14 days' imprisonment.

John Robertson, 80, was found guilty of having wilfully broken a pane of glass valued at £5, the property of Flavelle Brothers. He was ordered to pay for the same, or be imprisoned for one month. For abstracting a gold brooch, the property of the same firm, he was committed for trial.

Robert Crow, 14, found guilty of playing pitch and toss in Shelley-street, was fined 10s., or four days in gaol.

In the Licensing Court, which was also presided over by Mr. Marsh, 46 auctioneers' licenses were granted.

E. E. Smith, agent for Howard Smith and Co., was charged by the Marine Board with having endangered the life of John Smith, carpenter, by sending the steamship Laura to sea with her disc immersed, while the said John Smith was a passenger on board for Melbourne. Mr. Bennett, instructed by the Crown Solicitor, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Bull for the defence. At the conclusion of the evidence the case was dismissed on technical grounds. The register of the vessel proved only one member of the firm to be the owner; the man Smith would not swear that his life had been endangered; and it was thought by the Bench that if the marine authorities examined the vessel, and found her to be unseaworthy, they should have prevented her journeying to Melbourne.

Michael Laverty, labourer, charged with indecent exposure on Flagstaff Hill, was sent to prison for 14 days.

In the Summons Court the bench was occupied by Mr. Buchanan and Mr. Addison.

Frank Pollard was charged by William Carstairs with having, on November 21st, by words, attempted to persuade him to violate his agreement to serve Flood and Co. in the capacity of a labourer. Mr. W. Roberts, sen., appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Dargin (for Mr. Lovien) for the defence. Prosecutor said he saw defendant on November 21st, in the morning; he was then in the employ of Flood and Co., and worked in their wool stores, Macquarie-street; defendant, who was a stranger to him, accosted him, saying suddenly, "Are you working in these stores?" he was taken by surprise, but answered "Yes;" defendant said "Do you know you are doing a great injury?" he replied that he was not aware he was doing so, and that he was hard up, and had been taken on; defendant said, "Do you know that there are over a thousand men on strike?" he replied that he did not; he was hard up, and had to borrow money to obtain his breakfast; defendant said, "It will do you no good to work there, for some of the men are not very particular what they do;" he replied that he could not starve; this conversation took place while he was proceeding to work; defendant desired him to join the union, promising him that it would do something for him after the strike was over; he added to prosecutor, "If you go to work in these stores, I'll have to report you as a blackleg; prosecutor complained to the foreman, saying, "I believe I cannot go to work, I believe I am in danger if I do so;" the foreman advised him to go to work. Defendant said that all he did was to ask prosecutor if he was aware that the men were on strike, and to tell him that he was not there to entice him from his work; a Mr. Hughes charged him with trying to intimidate prosecutor; about 2500 men were out on strike; he was a member of the union; he declined to say whether this was the first person he had advised not to work. Some other evidence was taken in corroboration of prosecutor's statement, and the magistrate thinking the charged proved, fined defendant £10 or 14 days.

The summons list contained a large number of cases, many of which were postponed, as a heavy case of assault prevented their being proceeded with. Those dealt with were only of minor importance.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

The City Coroner yesterday held an inquest touching the death of a single woman named Annie Bredin, 22 years of age, who expired suddenly at the residence of her sister, No. 55, John-street, Woollahra, on the 27th instant. Esther Price, sister of the deceased, deposed that they had both recently arrived in this colony from Victoria; the deceased was enjoying very good health up to Sunday last, although occasionally she complained of indigestion; on Sunday, at about 1 o'clock p.m., she remarked that a pain had seized her in the vicinity of her heart, and subsequently in other parts of her body; witness prescribed for her, and she appeared to be greatly relieved; on the following day the pains returned, and witness proceeded to call in medical aid, but before her return home the deceased died. John Mildred Creed, legally qualified medical practitioner, deposed to having made a post-mortem examination of the body of the deceased. He was of opinion that death was caused by peritoneal inflammation arising from natural causes. A verdict was returned in accordance with the medical testimony.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."—Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities from whatever cause arising. For scrofula, scurvy, skin and blood diseases, and sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous. Thousands of testimonials. In bottles 2s 6d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each, of chemists everywhere. Proprietors, the Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.—[ADVT.]

IT is necessary, during hot weather, to avoid beverages likely to heat or stimulate the system. Cocoa, deprived of the superfluous oil, and guaranteed absolutely pure, is a most soothing, sustaining, and refreshing beverage. Be sure that you get Cadbury's Cocoa Essence when you ask for it, as imitations are often pushed by shopkeepers for the sake of extra profit. Makers by special appointment to the Queen.—[ADVT.]

Late Advertisements.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

MR. BARTON'S COMMITTEE will meet at BASS'S HOTEL, Pitt and Market streets, TO-DAY at 11 a.m. and 4 p.m.

SPECIAL MEETING AT 8 P.M. TO-NIGHT.

PRELIMINARY COMMITTEE, with power to add to their number:—

Mr. Robert Armstrong	Mr. W. H. Hicks
Mr. Benjamin Backhouse	Mr. Sebastian Hodge
Mr. E. C. Batt	Mr. G. E. R. Jones
Mr. Robert Butcher	Mr. George Moss
Mr. Vincent Brown	Mr. F. M'Donald
Mr. C. J. Buckland	Mr. A. G. Mackenzie
Mr. Sidney Cohen	Mr. John Newton
Mr. William Clark	Mr. Philip Sheridan
Mr. Alfred Chandler	Mr. Richard Teece
Mr. H. M. Faithfull	Mr. T. F. Thompson
Mr. F. Bevill	Mr. A. J. Brady
Mr. M. J. Caraher	Mr. T. Thornton Gray
Mr. F. Curtiss	Mr. R. Byrnes
Messrs. Keary Brothers	Dr. Belgrave
Messrs. Fitzgerald and Collins	Mr. G. J. Brady
Mr. C. Bath	Mr. S. H. Smyth
Mr. Owen Friend	Mr. H. Harris
Mr. R. T. Kirby	Mr. A. Julian
Alderman Dean	Mr. J. Borlase
Mr. J. C. Cattell	Mr. Francis Punch
Mr. G. F. Jones	Mr. James Brierly
Mr. F. E. Sloper	Mr. Thomas Chapman
Mr. Josiah Mason	Alderman Beare
Mr. W. F. Edmunds	Mr. A. S. Gilder
Mr. William Henderson	Mr. J. C. Cattell
Mr. A. Ashdown	Mr. R. D. Adams
Mr. J. B. C. Miles	Mr. George Gerrard
Mr. R. A. Watson	Mr. Arthur Hill
Mr. P. W. Creagh	Mr. F. B. Freehill
Mr. Joseph Lowe	Mr. J. G. M. Wild
Mr. Joseph Haynes	Mr. J. Swadling
Mr. J. T. Wiltshire	Mr. C. F. Stratton
Mr. D. G. Alsop	Mr. D. Williams
Mr. G. H. Greenwood	Mr. H. B. Bromfield
Mr. H. Boist	Mr. J. Kirkpatrick.
Mr. H. Chambers	

SIDNEY COHEN, FRANK M'DONALD, G. E. RUSSELL JONES, Hon. Secs.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY. INTELLIGENCE, ABILITY, and STERLING HONESTY.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

EDMUND BARTON for EAST SYDNEY.

MR. BARTON'S COMMITTEE WILL MEET at CENTRAL COMMITTE ROOMS, BASS'S HOTEL, PITT AND MARKET STREETS, THIS MORNING at 11 O'CLOCK, THIS AFTERNOON at 4 O'CLOCK, and SPECIAL MEETING TO-NIGHT at 8 O'CLOCK. Members of Committee specially requested to ATTEND ALL THESE MEETINGS.

EDMUND BARTON, for EAST SYDNEY.

G. E. RUSSELL JONES, SIDNEY COHEN, FRANK M'DONALD, Hon. Secs.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY. SUPPORT THE CONSTITUTIONAL CANDIDATES.

G. E. RUSSELL JONES, F. M'DONALD, S. COHEN, Hon. Secs.

PARKES FOR EAST SYDNEY.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE are requested to meet at 10.30 a.m., at Hodge's Commercial Hotel, Castlereagh and King streets, to make arrangements for the election.

J. S. JAMIESON, HENRY GORMAN, Hon. Secs.

RENWICK FOR EAST SYDNEY.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE are requested to meet at 10.30 a.m., at Hodge's Commercial Hotel, Castlereagh and King streets, to make arrangements for the election.

ANDREW ALLAN, Hon. Sec.

ALDERMAN GREEN FOR EAST SYDNEY.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE are requested to meet at 10.30 a.m., at Hodge's Commercial Hotel, Castlereagh and King streets, to make arrangements for the election.

J. H. JAMIESON, ANDREW ALLAN, Hon. Secs.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

All members of S. Burdekin's Committee are requested to meet at Wood's Palace Hotel, corner George and Hay streets, at half-past 10 o'clock sharp.

W. COCHRAN, W. T. NEWELL, R. LUCAS, Secs.

BALMAIN ELECTORATE.

Alderman JOHN TAYLOR will address the Electors THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at Leichhardt Hotel, at 7.30, and Elswick Hotel, at 9.

THURSDAY EVENING, at Waterview Hotel, at 7.30, and at Town Hall Hotel, at 9.

FRIDAY EVENING, Albion Hotel, at 7.30; Barr's Waverley Hotel, 8.30; Dick's Hotel, 9.30.

W. M. BURNS, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS of BALMAIN and LEICHHARDT.

VOTE for JOHN TAYLOR, "a modified Licensing Act."

VOTE for JOHN TAYLOR, "and improved Land Laws."

VOTE for JOHN TAYLOR, Prosperity to the Electorate and Country generally.

BE EARLY AT THE POLL, and GIVE HIM A VOTE.

W. M. BURNS, Hon. Secretary.

GLEBE ELECTORATE.

M. J. FITZPATRICK will meet and address the electors at the Lady of the Lake, Bay-street, at a quarter to 8; and at the Excelsior Hotel, Lyndhurst-street, at 9, THIS EVENING.

J. SWARBRUCK, Sec.

VICKERY FOR PADDINGTON.

ELECTORS favourable to the Return of E. VICKERY will please MEET EVERY EVENING at 8 p.m., at the undermentioned places, where Committees will be formed: ACKLAND'S HOTEL, Queen-street, Woollahra; WINDSOR CASTLE HOTEL, Windsor-street, Paddington; WHIFFIN'S WAVERLEY HOTEL.

VICKERY FOR PADDINGTON.

WAVERLEY COMMITTEE. With power to add to their number.

John Williams	James Thompson
W. Henderson	S. A. Fulford
W. H. Simpson	T. R. Walker
Thomas Read	H. Waddington
J. Hubert Newman	T. J. Iredale
James Green	E. A. Lorking
John Helms	W. H. Thomas
R. C. Dawson	J. P. Wills
J. Corbett	Wm. Gregory
H. Martin	J. Marshall
R. Watkins	J. C. Tucker
A. E. Hough	H. P. Bradley
A. Leverrier	A. A. Stoneham
P. J. Dunbar	R. M. Morgan
A. F. Newman	T. White
W. Thomas	R. Lindsay
John Allin	J. Hope
H. Wood	J. M. Hagnest
G. J. Waterhouse	George Fletcher
John Pettie	Jos. Humbley.

Committee meet every evening at Waverley Hotel, at 8 p.m.

E. E. A. OATLEY, T. J. DICKSON, WM. WILEY, Joint Secs.

VICKERY FOR PADDINGTON.

PADDINGTON COMMITTEE. With power to add to their number.

W. Legge	G. W. Oldham
T. Cumming	J. S. M'Elveney
J. S. Hassan	Alderman Johns
J. Loutet	A. H. Warner
H. G. Nicholls	Wm. Steel
W. Bowmaker	E. W. Cook
J. Carill	James Watson
J. Hall	Joseph Light
G. W. Hill	J. Wilmott
D. Yates	D. E. Stewart.

Committee please meet EVERY EVENING, at Windsor Castle Hotel, 8 o'clock.

E. E. A. OATLEY, T. J. DICKSON, WM. WILEY, Joint Secs.

W. J. ALLEN FOR PADDINGTON.

Mr. W. J. ALLEN will address his friends and supporters, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at M'Enerney's Rushcutter Bay Hotel, at 7.30, M'Enerney's Royal Hotel, Rushcutter Bay, 8.30, Mr. Graham's Horticultural Hotel, Point Piper-road, at 9.30.

ELECTORS ATTEND.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—Parliament having been dissolved, you are now called upon to elect four representatives for the new Parliament; and, having been asked by an influential deputation to allow myself to be placed in nomination, I beg to inform you that I have consented, and do now solicit your suffrages in the forthcoming election. I may state that it was not my intention to offer myself this time for election, but having been requested to do so, I felt it my duty to yield, and will now give you my opinions upon the leading questions of the day, regretting that I have not had more time at my disposal to make you more fully acquainted with them.

THE LAND BILL.—I strongly object to the bill introduced by Sir John Robertson, known as the Consolidating Land Act, but would advocate the introduction of a measure that would meet the requirements of the present day.

THE EDUCATION ACT.—This measure received my support when I was in Parliament three years ago, and I would not consent to any alteration, except such as would make education free, which principle I advocated at the time of the passing of the Act.

THE LICENSING ACT.—This Act requires amending, as acknowledged by its best supporters, and I shall, if elected, give it my best attention.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—I am in favour of the introduction of a bill which will embody provisions for local self-government.

CIVIL SERVICE SUPERANNUATION BILL.—I am in favour of a Civil Service Superannuation Bill.

EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.—I am, and have always been, in favour of the eight-hour system, and would support the adjustment of the hours and also the wages of all working men in Government employment on the same basis as those in private establishments.

The foregoing is a brief outline of my views upon some of the leading questions of the day, and if you should honour me with your confidence by electing me one of your representatives, I shall endeavour to do all that I can to discharge my duties honestly, faithfully, and independently.

JOHN HARRIS.

Grenville, Ultimo, November 28, 1882.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS and the ADJUSTMENT OF GOVERNMET EMPLOYEES' WAGES, so as to place them on a more satisfactory basis.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, Who has always supported THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS and TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS and an Increased Government Endowment.

JOHN HARRIS, Mayor of Sydney, for SOUTH SYDNEY.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and a Civil Service Bill.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and an Improvement in the Land Laws.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and a Local Government Bill.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the maintenance of the Education Act.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the amendment of the Licensing Act.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Extension of the Railway to the Circular Quay.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS.

JOHN HARRIS for SOUTH SYDNEY.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY vote for JOHN HARRIS, who has always contributed to the advancement of the colony.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Adjustment of Government Employees' Wages, so as to place them on a more satisfactory basis.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, who has always supported the Eight-Hour System.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and Technical Education.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and Increased Government Endowment.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Extension of the Railway to Circular Quay.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS.

JOHN HARRIS FOR SOUTH SYDNEY.

ELECTORS OF SOUTH SYDNEY, VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, who has always contributed to the advancement of the colony.

JOHN HARRIS, MAYOR OF SYDNEY, for South Sydney.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and Civil Service Bill.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and a Local Government Bill.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Maintenance of the Education Act.

VOTE FOR JOHN HARRIS, and the Amendment of the Licensing Act.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS.

WILLIAM THOMAS MUSTON will address the Electors as under:—

North Willoughby, School of Arts, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 8 o'clock.

Lane Cove, Waterhouse's and Jenkins', Thursday Evening.

Manly, Bagnall's Hotel, Friday Evening.

Pittwater, Newport and Collins', Monday Evening.

Roll up and support an energetic Native, who has the time and ability to serve you.

VICKERY FOR PADDINGTON.

WOOLLAHRA COMMITTEE. With power to add to their number.

J. H. Caruthers	D. Sands
Henry Heron	A. H. Wilson
James Swan	Wm. Knust
T. Cowlishaw	James Churchill
H. H. Ould	Thos. Saunders
W. H. Thompson	P. Oatley
Waltham Rush	E. J. Kingston
W. C. Fry	F. Giles
Samuel Thompson	E. Wrench
Alfred Carter	H. B. Pickering
J. R. Oakes	H. S. Thompson
J. H. Tisdale	S. Graham.

Committee will please meet EVERY EVENING, at 8 o'clock at Ackland's Hotel, Queen-street.

E. E. A. OATLEY, T. P. DICKSON, WM. WILEY, Joint Secs.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD, the Right Man in the Right Place.

MACQUARIE WARD. S. BURDEKIN, M.L.A. VOTE for the INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE, who will SERVE YOU HONESTLY.

MACQUARIE WARD. S. BURDEKIN, M.L.A. VOTE for the MAN who HAS THE TIME and the ABILITY to SERVE YOU.

S. BURDEKIN for MACQUARIE WARD.

Rally round the Man who never deprived the Working Man of his Liberty and his Rights.

Public Baths. Free Footpaths. Good Streets and Less Taxes.

TENDERS wanted for brickwork; labour only. Apply Roslyn House, Trafalgar-terrace, South Kingston.

FOR SALE, 24-feet Keelson BOAT, centreboard, coppered, sound; also 22-feet Keelson BOAT, centreboard, coppered, well found. Apply at Stannard's Boat-shed, Double Bay.

ENGINEER.—Wanted, a competent Engineer, one accustomed to brick machinery; to a thoroughly intelligent man a liberal salary will be given. Apply to Mr. Curlewis, Warren Brick Works, St. Peters, Newtown.

PIT-SAWYER wanted, sober. Apply to Harry, shoeing smith, Queen's-place.

TO MASONS.—Wanted, CUTTERS. G. Cook, opposite Post-office, Randwick.

WANTED, a good female COOK. Fahy's Railway Hotel, George-street West.

WANTED, handy Labouring MAN for builder's yard. 218, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, 3 or 4 IMPROVERS to the Dressmaking. Apply 55, Liverpool-street, corner of Harbour-street.

WANTED, a smart active BOY, to help in kitchen. Apply early, Oxford Hotel, King-street.

WANTED, GIRL, about 15, to assist in fruit shop and light housework. 57, New Pitt-street.

WANTED, a good Shoeing and General SMITH, a short distance in the country. Apply after 9, to Foster Brothers, George-street South; one used to country preferred.

Auction Sales.

ORDER OF SALE
of
SUNDRY PROPERTIES,
to be sold by Public Auction,
at the
ROOMS, 133, PITT-STREET,
at 11.30 o'clock,
THIS DAY, NOVEMBER 29.

CITY PROPERTY. PUNCH'S HOTEL, situate at the CORNER of PITT and KING STREETS, standing on a block of land having 51 feet frontage to PITT-STREET, and 42 feet 2 inches to KING-STREET.

CITY PROPERTY. THAT MAGNIFICENT RANGE OF PREMISES known as HOFFNUNG'S WAREHOUSE, situate in PITT-STREET. The LAND has a frontage of 61 feet 8 inches to PITT-STREET, by a depth of about 141 feet 3 inches.

CITY PROPERTY. The RESIDENCE and WORKSHOP for many years occupied by the late JAMES CURTIS. The LAND has a frontage of 52 feet to HUNTER-STREET. Also, on the NORTH SIDE, a block of land having a frontage of 31 feet.

CITY PROPERTY. A GRAND BUSINESS SITE of Land situate at the Corner of MACQUARIE-STREET and ALFRED-STREET, with a frontage also to the CIRCULAR QUAY.

HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

HOFFNUNG'S WAREHOUSE, in PITT-STREET. The Sale of this Grand CITY FREEHOLD will take place at our Rooms, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, THIS DAY.
Special attention is directed to this important sale of mercantile property. Plans ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY, 29th NOVEMBER.

IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE JAMES CURTIS, ESQ.

CITY PROPERTIES.

LOT 1.—HUNTER-STREET, SOUTH SIDE.—The RESIDENCE and WORKSHOP for many years occupied by the late Mr. James Curtis. The Land has a frontage of 51 feet 10 inches to HUNTER-STREET, by a depth of from 51 to 54 feet.

LOT 2.—HUNTER-STREET, NORTH SIDE.—BLOCK of LAND, having a frontage of 31 feet, by a great depth of 141 feet on one side and 99 feet 8 inches on the other, with a small piece running towards Phillip-street, an average depth of 60 feet.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the Executors in the Estate of the late James Curtis, Esq., to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
THIS DAY, 29th November,
The ABOVE-DESCRIBED VALUABLE BLOCKS OF CITY LAND.

SOLICITORS TO THE ESTATE.—Messrs. Robberds and Son, Castlereagh-street.
PLAN, prepared by Messrs. REUSS and HALLORAN, can be seen at the Rooms.

*** These properties are for sale to close accounts. Both are well-positioned—Lot 1 adjoins the property resumed by the GOVERNMENT, upon which land the CENTRAL TRAM OFFICE is likely to be erected; and Lot 2 adjoins those two new 3-storied residences in course of erection, and for business purposes. This block is almost equal to a corner, as it faces ELIZABETH-STREET.

MACQUARIE-STREET,
CIRCULAR QUAY,
opposite Government House Grounds.

THAT MAGNIFICENT CORNER BLOCK
at the junction of
MACQUARIE-STREET
and
ALBERT-STREET,
with good frontage also to
CIRCULAR QUAY,
adjoining and near to the WOOL STORES of Messrs. John Bridge, Richardson and Wrench, Marsden, Talbot, Flood, and others, opposite "THE" WATER POLICE COURT, and close to Mort's Wool Stores, Maiden, Hill, and Clark's, Harrison, Jones, and Devlin, Limited, Hinchcliffe's, and the Custom House.

THE BEST AND MOST DESIRABLE BLOCK OF VACANT LAND
at the
CIRCULAR QUAY,
having THREE FRONTAGES close to the SHIPPING, and with TWO LEVELS for LOADING and UNLOADING.

The following are the measurements:—
90 FEET to MACQUARIE-STREET
165 FEET 4 INCHES to ALBERT-STREET
48 FEET 8 INCHES to CIRCULAR QUAY,
As per LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS, which are obtainable at the Sale Rooms.

To Wool Merchants, Produce Brokers, Capitalists, Shippers, and Investors.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received POSITIVE INSTRUCTIONS to sell by public auction, at the SALE ROOMS,
PITT-STREET, at 11.30 o'clock,
THIS DAY, 29th NOVEMBER,
All that MAGNIFICENT CORNER BLOCK, with frontages to
MACQUARIE-STREET
ALBERT-STREET
CIRCULAR QUAY.

Plans, prepared by Messrs. Reuss and Halloran, are ready.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29,
at 11.30 o'clock.

CITY OF SYDNEY.

Messrs.
HOFFNUNG AND CO.'S WAREHOUSE,
No. 117, PITT-STREET.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT and VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY
IN THE VERY HEART OF THE CITY,
adjoining
Messrs. DALTON BROTHERS' MAGNIFICENT PILE OF BUILDINGS,
and immediately opposite to
VICKERY'S BUILDINGS.

The most unique and architecturally perfect stone buildings in Sydney.

The PROPERTY possesses a frontage of 61 feet 8 inches to PITT-STREET, by depths of 141 feet 3 inches and 138 feet 2 inches on the north and south sides respectively, and certainly occupies one of the BEST CENTRAL BUSINESS POSITIONS in the CITY.

The PREMISES were erected in 1870, in a MOST SUBSTANTIAL and EXPENSIVE MANNER throughout, with MASSIVE STONE FRONT and exceptionally handsome elevation, and consist of FIVE FLOORS including BASEMENT, divided into WAREROOMS and SUITES of CAPITAL OFFICES, with fire and thief-proof STRONG ROOMS necessary for the proper conduct of a LARGE MERCANTILE BUSINESS.

LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS, showing the FRONT ELEVATION, and also the RELATIVE POSITION of the BUILDING to other Properties in PITT-STREET, GEORGE-STREET, KING-STREET, and HUNTER-STREET, can be obtained at the Rooms.
On inspection of these plans it will be at once conceded that Messrs. HOFFNUNG'S WAREHOUSE occupies a TRUE MERCANTILE CENTRE, obtainable in no part of Sydney, except between HUNTER and KING STREETS.

The most prominent Business Premises close by are those of the UNION BANK, ORIENTAL BANK, CITY BANK, E., S., and A. C. BANK, BANK of N. S. WALES, COMMERCIAL BANKING CO. of SYDNEY, MERCANTILE BANK, the GENERAL POST OFFICE, PUNCH'S HOTEL, VICKERY'S BUILDING, SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, COMMERCIAL UNION INSURANCE CO., UNITED INSURANCE CO., AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY, MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION, Messrs. DAVID JONES, and CO., THOMPSON and GILES, PRINCE, OGG, and CO., and others. These and others too numerous to mention, show a great concentration of business in this particular spot.

CAPITALISTS, MERCANTILE FIRMS, INVESTORS, DIRECTORS of PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, and others are invited to inspect the PLANS, and also the PREMISES.

The AUCTIONEERS are instructed to intimate that Messrs. S. HOFFNUNG and CO. are determined that the premises SHALL BE SOLD on 29th NOVEMBER, the FIRM NOT REQUIRING THEM after completion of their NEW WAREHOUSE, which will be in about 12 MONTHS' TIME—they will keep possession until then, and pay a rental equivalent to £3000 per annum.

The TITLE is under TORRENS' ACT, and the PROPERTY is UNENCUMBERED.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Messrs. S. HOFFNUNG and CO. to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, Pitt-street, SYDNEY, at 11.30 o'clock,
THIS DAY, 29th NOVEMBER,
Their MAGNIFICENT RANGE OF WAREHOUSE PREMISES, consisting of TWO BUILDINGS—the one fronting PITT-STREET, and the other the STORE at rear, well known as one of the FINEST and most IMPOSING BUILDINGS in all the COLONIES, possessing the advantages of HANDSOME STONE FRONT, a NOBLE ENTRANCE, LOFTY, and WELL-LIGHTED FLOORS, IMMENSE STRENGTH in CONSTRUCTION, and at the same time being almost NEW, the same having been constructed SPECIALLY for the FIRM in 1870.

Messrs. S. HOFFNUNG and CO. are disposing of their present premises SOLELY IN CONSEQUENCE of their BUSINESS HAVING INCREASED so ENORMOUSLY during the PAST DECADE, that the space, although very large, and the accommodation immense, is ALTOGETHER INADEQUATE for the MAGNITUDE of their BUSINESS, and it is well known that they are NOW ERECTING next the GENERAL POST OFFICE, in PITT-STREET, a MAMMOTH PILE of BUILDINGS, of PRINCELY GRANDEUR, which will be far and away the LARGEST MERCANTILE PREMISES south of the line, and which will have a FLOOR SPACE of 3½ ACRES, and be higher than the GENERAL POST OFFICE.

Being so ADMIRABLY ARRANGED and STRONGLY CONSTRUCTED, the BUILDING can easily be adapted for use as
BANKING or INSURANCE PREMISES
OFFICES and SOLICITORS' CHAMBERS
WOOL STORES and SALE ROOM,
or it can be utilised as at present for a
LARGE MERCANTILE WAREHOUSE.

PLANS showing the above suggested alterations, and also the FRONT ELEVATION as at present, and with TWO ADDITIONAL STORES (making the building higher than Dalton's), can be seen at the AUCTION ROOMS.

DAY OF SALE,
WEDNESDAY, 29th NOVEMBER.

LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS ready.

AUCTIONEERS' NOTICE.

SPECIAL.

WE invite the attention of CAPITALISTS, INVESTORS, MERCHANTS, WOOL BROKERS, and others, to our important Sales of

CITY FREEHOLDS,
THIS DAY, Wednesday, as under:—
1. PUNCH'S HOTEL.
2. HOFFNUNG'S WAREHOUSE.
3. HUNTER-STREET PROPERTIES, in the Estate of the late James Curtis, Esq.
4. CIRCULAR QUAY BLOCK, with frontages to the Quay, Alfred-street, and Macquarie-street.

Sale to commence at 11.30 prompt.

HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

CIRCULAR QUAY WOOL STORE SITE. SALE, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, at our Rooms, in Pitt-street, of that grand Corner Block, MACQUARIE and ALFRED STREETS, with frontage also to the Quay. Plans ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

IN THE ESTATE of the late JAMES CURTIS. THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 11.30 o'clock, we sell in our Rooms, the valuable City Blocks in this Estate, HUNTER-STREET (north side), and HUNTER-STREET (south side). See long advertisement. Plans ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

PUNCH'S HOTEL, PITT-STREET and KING-STREET. THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11.30 o'clock, we sell this CORNER CITY FREEHOLD by public auction, at our Sale Rooms, in Pitt-street. The attention of capitalists, mercantile men, public companies, banks, and others is specially invited. Plans ready.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

DAY OF SALE, WEDNESDAY, 29th NOVEMBER.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE,
in consequence of retiring from business,

"THE CORNER."

PITT-STREET KING-STREET.

PUNCH'S HOTEL.

THE MOST CENTRAL CORNER SITE IN SYDNEY.

Those RENOWNED and OLD-ESTABLISHED PREMISES
at the
CORNER OF PITT and KING STREETS
(the prime business corner in town),
known throughout the world as
PUNCH'S HOTEL.
PUNCH'S HOTEL.

Substantially built of brick on stone foundations and basements, with a pleasing front, and capable of adaptation to mercantile purposes.

Close to the ARCADE, the GENERAL POST OFFICE, Hoffnung's new premises, the Evening News Office, the LAW COURTS, and other notable centres of business, it enjoys an unrivalled position, as the foot traffic of the centre of the city converges at this corner.
It commands the traffic of Pitt-street, King-street, portion of George and other streets at right angles to King-street.

The OPPOSITE CORNER has been purchased by the AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY, who have already plans prepared for a
SINGULARLY NOBLE EDIFICE
tenders for the erection of which are now advertised for.
Improvements are going on all around. New shops, warehouse, office premises, and mercantile warerooms—the demand for such in the city centre being far in excess of the supply.

PUNCH'S HOTEL
stands on a BLOCK OF LAND having the following measurements:—
51 FEET FRONTAGE to PITT-STREET
42 FEET 2 INCHES to KING-STREET,
with a Depth of 64 Feet on the North Side.

The ACCOMMODATION INCLUDES—
1. BASEMENT FLOOR
Four Large and Dry Cellars.

2. GROUND FLOOR.
Two Large and Handsomely-fitted Bars, having 5 entrances, two dining-rooms, compact kitchen with large Cooking Range, &c.

3. FIRST FLOOR.
Large meeting room, two billiard rooms, lavatory, bedroom, and storeroom; also patent W.C.

4. SECOND FLOOR.
Six good bedrooms, bathroom, linen closet, with landing on to the roof, which is fitted up for drying clothes.

The whole of the premises are well drained to the main sewer.

TO CAPITALISTS, BANKING INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE COMPANIES, BUILDING SOCIETIES, AND OTHERS.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from FRANCIS PUNCH, Esq., to sell by public auction at their SALE ROOMS, in PITT-STREET, at 11.30 o'clock,
THIS DAY, NOVEMBER 29,
PUNCH'S HOTEL PROPERTY
(the most successful stand in Sydney),
at the junction of
PITT and KING STREETS, SYDNEY.
LITHOGRAPHS OBTAINABLE AT THE ROOMS.

Messrs. GANNON and M'LAUGHLIN, Solicitors for Vendor.

IN consequence of the CRICKET MATCH and the ELECTIONS, which are to take place next Saturday, the sale of
LYNTON HEIGHTS,
Illawarra Railway Line,
has been
POSTPONED
for one week, namely, until
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

FOUCART-STREET, BALMAIN.

TWO COMFORTABLE W.B. COTTAGES, situate fronting FOUCART-STREET, each containing verandah and balcony, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c.; at present let at 10s per week. The LAND has 30 feet frontage by a depth of 85 feet, and is situate near Darling-street and Callen Park, within easy walking distance of the Bald Rock ferry. Title, Freehold.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock prompt on SATURDAY, 2nd December,
The above-described property.

TERRACE-ROAD, MARRICKVILLE.

TWO BLOCKS of LAND, each having 100 feet frontage to the TERRACE-ROAD, by a depth of 350 feet, being lots 10 and 11, sec. 1, of MOFFATT'S ESTATE; also, lot 19, sec. 1, having 100 feet frontage to the RIVERSIDE-CRESCENT, by 316 feet deep. THESE BLOCKS overlook COOK'S RIVER, are opposite Berry's market garden, and close to Wardell's-road to Petersham.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock prompt, on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2,
The above-described allotments as per plan on view at the Rooms.

GOLDEN GROVE ESTATE, DARLINGTON.

TWO ALLOTMENTS of LAND having a frontage of 35 feet to the OLD NEWTOWN-ROAD, by a depth of 80 feet to a lane at rear, being Lots 12 and 13, Paling Subdivision, Golden Grove Estate, as per plan at the Rooms.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock prompt, on SATURDAY, 2nd DECEMBER,
The above described allotments.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

BALMAIN.

TWO COMFORTABLE W.B. COTTAGES, on stone piers, situate fronting Lachlan-street, containing 5 and 4 rooms respectively; the land has 60 feet frontage by a depth of 90 feet, through to Thomas-street.
TITLE, FREEHOLD.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock prompt, on
SATURDAY, 2nd DECEMBER,
The above-described properties.

MONDAY, December 4.

SUBIACO,
PARRAMATTA RIVER and KISSING POINT-ROAD.

SUBDIVISION SALE
of about
NINETY (90) ACRES
of this
BEAUTIFUL ESTATE,
in
194 ALLOTMENTS.

The portion to be sold includes that part of the SUBIACO ESTATE extending from the charming CONVENT GROUNDS to the main KISSING POINT-ROAD, and bounded by the VINEYARD ESTATE on the one side, and by the Orphan School Creek on the other side.

The property has been very carefully laid out by Mr. Dove, licensed surveyor, into
NINE (9) SECTIONS,
the lots ranging from 66 FEET frontage up to 100 FEET, with depths up to 220 feet, with frontages to
SANDHURST-STREET
GARDEN-STREET
GROVE-STREET
VICTORIA-STREET (from Parramatta to Ryde)
VINEYARD-STREET
MARS-STREET
ELDER'S-ROAD
BRIDGE-STREET
COLLEGE-STREET
KISSING POINT-ROAD.

The convenience of this property to
THE RIVER, PARRAMATTA, and RYDE,
coupled with the well-known salubrity of the climate, renders it a most desirable spot for COUNTRY VILLAS, removed just outside the busy hum of Parramatta, and in the centre of the gardens and orchards of this favourite suburb.
The Northern Railway Line, too, will pass close by, thus bringing very close to town.

Plans are ready. Terms, liberal.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the MOTHER PRIORESS to sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, PITT-STREET, at 11.30 o'clock,
MONDAY, 4th DECEMBER,
The Subiaco property, as above described.
Plans can be had at the Rooms, or they will be forwarded by post.

SUBIACO ESTATE, PARRAMATTA RIVER.

90 ACRES,
NEXT to the CELEBRATED VINEYARD ESTATE,
for SALE by Public Auction, in
194 ALLOTMENTS,
at our Sale Rooms, in Pitt-street,
MONDAY, 4th DECEMBER, at 11.30 o'clock.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

GEORGE-STREET,
CITY OF SYDNEY.

On the business side of the street.

Between the
GENERAL POST OFFICE and HUNTER-STREET,
close to
Messrs. THOMPSON and GILES
and opposite
the BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES,
and
the COMMERCIAL BANK.

FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS STANDS.

THE PREMIER POSITION FOR SHOPS.

THE VERY CENTRE OF GEORGE-STREET.

Those business premises occupied by

(A) Messrs. W. A. PALING and CO., Pianoforte and Music Warehouse.

(B) Messrs. JOSEPH BULLARD and CO., Clothiers and Mercers.

(C) Messrs. WILLIAM BULLARD and CO. (late Reading), Book and Stationery Depot.

(D) Messrs. FLAVELLE BROTHERS and ROBERTS, Jewellers and Silversmiths.

(E) THE GLASGOW ARMS HOTEL.

Messrs. PALING'S PREMISES have a frontage of 33 FEET 8 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of about 99 feet to Cunnolme-lane at the rear (as per plan).

Messrs. JOSEPH BULLARD and CO.'S PREMISES have a frontage of 29 FEET 8 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of about 100 feet to Lloyd's-court at the rear (as per plan).

Messrs. W. BULLARD and CO.'S PREMISES have a frontage of 18 FEET 4 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of about 100 feet to Lloyd's-court at the rear (as per plan).

Messrs. FLAVELLE and CO.'S PREMISES have a frontage of about 22 FEET 4 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by a depth of about 100 feet to Lloyd's-court at the rear (as per plan).

The GLASGOW ARMS premises have a frontage of 19 FEET 7 INCHES to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of about 100 feet to Lloyd's-court at rear (as per plan).

TITLE FREEHOLD. For particulars apply to
A. H. M'CULLOCH, Esq., M.P.,
Solicitor, Sydney.

TERMS, VERY LIBERAL.

Most of these leases expire in April next.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, in PITT-STREET, at 11.30 o'clock,
MONDAY, 4th DECEMBER,
The above-mentioned
BUSINESS PREMISES,
occupying
UNEQUALLED POSITIONS
in the
CITY OF SYDNEY.

Plans are ready.

WAVERLEY.

TO BUILDING SOCIETIES, SPECULATORS, INVESTORS, and OTHERS.

SPLENDID SUBDIVISION BLOCK of LAND,
having extensive frontage to
OLD SOUTH HEAD-ROAD, containing
an area of over
10 ACRES,
known as Roberts' Grant, and situate opposite the Cooper Estate, and a short distance beyond the well-known
BONDI ESTATE.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock on
WEDNESDAY, 6th DECEMBER,
THE ABOVE-DESCRIBED VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND, situate at WAVERLEY, being a grant to Roberts.

PLAN ON VIEW AT THE ROOMS.

PARISH OF GORDON, LANE COVE.

TWO BLOCKS OF LAND,
containing
40 ACRES OF LAND
and
40 ACRES 1 ROOD 2 PERCHES respectively.
Situate fronting a Government-road, just off the Stony Creek Road, and close to the main Lane Cove-road.

*** This land is close to the Public school, and is in the famous orchard locality of Lane Cove.

TITLE, CROWN GRANT.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, 6th DECEMBER,
The above-described land, as per plan at the Rooms.

*** As land at the Lane Cove is all being subdivided, and sold in allotments, no opportunity to secure an intact block containing a good area should be missed.

PLAN ON VIEW.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

BALMAIN—A COTTAGE RESIDENCE.

Weatherboard Cottage Residence, with shingled roof, situate in ST. MARY'S-STREET, a few yards south of PEARSON-STREET, containing four rooms and two kitchens, &c., at present occupied by Mr. Britten.
The land has a frontage of 24 feet by a depth of 63 feet to a reserved road at the rear.

SOLICITORS—Messrs. Want, Johnson, and Scarvell, Pitt-street.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from MORTGAGEES to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6,
The above-described comfortable cottage residence, situate within three minutes' walk of the Darling-street Ferry.

Splendid views are obtained from this spot, extending to Bradley's Head.

WAVERLEY.

A CHOICE BUILDING SITE, having a frontage of 51 feet to NEW WAVERLEY-STREET, by a depth of 130 feet along a road 40 feet wide, being Lot 10 of a Subdivision close to the Council Chambers, and within a few minutes' walk of the Tram.

TITLE, TORRENS'.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th December,
The above-described Allotment of Land.

RAINBOW-STREET, COOGEE.

A Choice BLOCK of LAND, having 165 feet frontage to Rainbow-street, between Arden and Brook streets, by a depth of 163 feet, being lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, sec. G, of a Subdivision as per plan.

TITLE, TORRENS'.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th December,
The above-described SITE at Coogee, close to the tram.

ROSE-STREET, BALMAIN.

A CHOICE BLOCK of LAND, having 50 Feet frontage, by a depth of about 88 Feet, being Portion of Section 3 of the Birchgrove Estate, known as the Church Reserve, situate close to Ferdinand-street.

Title, Freehold.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th December,
The above-described block of land, as per plan on view at the Rooms.

THREE ALLOTMENTS, BIRCHGROVE ESTATE, BALMAIN.

LOT 1 SECTION 2, having 50 Feet 2 inches Frontage to Louisa-road, by a depth of 60 Feet along Iron Cove-road, and 75 Feet on the other side. Also, LOTS 7 and 8 SECTION 7, each having 80 Feet frontage to LOUISA-ROAD, a depth through to the waters of Snail's Bay.
Title, Freehold.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th December,
The above-described land, as per plan.

BURWOOD, OPPOSITE BURWOOD PARK.

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING-HOUSE, built of brick on stone foundations, slate roof, containing verandah, balcony, hall, 6 rooms, kitchen, pantry, &c., gas and water laid on. The land has 40 feet frontage to the Burwood-road, by a depth of 120 feet.

TITLE, TORRENS'.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, 6th DECEMBER,
The above-described House. Key to inspect may be obtained from Gibbs' Store, opposite Burwood Railway Station.

KOGGERAH, adjoining the POST OFFICE.

A Grand BLOCK of LAND, containing an area of 10 ACRES, situate close to the Post-office, Church and Parsonage, and Mr. Bowen's property, having 10 chains 3 links, fronting to the MAIN ROCKY POINT-ROAD, along a road 30 feet wide, by a depth on one side of 28 chains 17 links and 22 chains 25 links on the other, running back to the ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE, NOW BEING CONSTRUCTED.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.
Solicitor for the Vendor, T. Thornton Gray, Temple Court.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th December,
The above-described block of 10 acres, situate a short distance from Mr. Schofield's property, adjoining the BEXLEY ESTATE, as per plan on view at the Rooms.

LARGE MOUNTAIN BLOCKS.

IMMENSE RAILWAY FRONTAGES.

BLAXLAND (Wascoe's) and KARABAR STATIONS,
390 ACRES,
adjoining the property of William Deane, Esq.,
to be sold as under.

LOT 1.
50 ACRES, close to KARABAR PLATFORM and SIDING, with extensive railway frontage, and adjoining the properties of Messrs. W. H. Pinhey, Edward Reading, and William Deane.
Plan at the Rooms.

LOT 2.
339 ACRES 3 ROODS, extending from KARABAR STATION almost to BLAXLAND (Wascoe's), on the opposite side of the line to Lot 1, with IMMENSE RAILWAY FRONTAGE, and surrounded by the properties of William Deane, Esq.
Plan at the Rooms.

To Building and Land Societies, Land Speculators, Mountain Residents, Capitalists, and Investors.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, PITT-STREET, at 11.30,
on
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6th,
50 ACRES and 340 ACRES of
MOUNTAIN LAND,
with enormous frontage to the Railway, between the Railway Stations at
KARABAR and BLAXLAND (Wascoe').

NOTE.—The present DRY SEASON is all in favour of BUYERS. Get the blocks CHEAP NOW, and re-sell in subdivision NEXT SEASON.
A large trade in timber is carried on from KARABAR. There is a SIDING for 10 trucks, and large quantities are sent almost daily to Sydney.

RILEY-STREET, SURRY HILLS.

DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 310, Riley-street, just past Fitzroy-street, Surry-street, built of brick on stone foundations, with slated roof, containing 4 rooms, kitchen, shed, &c., balcony and verandah.
The property is occupied by Mr. Roubin, and is connected with the sewer.

TITLE, RILEY ESTATE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 6th DECEMBER.
The above snug investment, situate on the heights of Surry Hills, six doors south of Fitzroy-street.

SATURDAY WEEK, 9th December.

LYNTON HEIGHTS.

FOREST-ROAD.

close to ARNCLIFFE HEIGHTS,
between TWO RAILWAY STATIONS,
and on the MAIN ROAD.

On the ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE
in course of construction.

The Coming Suburb.
BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES.
Great Elevation and Grand Views.

LYNTON HEIGHTS,
the property of the Sydney and Suburban Permanent Mutual Building and Land Investment Association, is to be sold on
EXTRAORDINARILY EASY TERMS,
namely:—
10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT ONLY; balance may extend over a PERIOD of YEARS, at the purchaser's option, with right to pay up and get complete TITLE
UNDER TORRENS' ACT
at any time.

LIBERAL ASSISTANCE TO BUILD
will be granted on the Association's easy methods of repayment.

LYNTON HEIGHTS,
so called from its similarity to that famed watering place in Devon, is situated opposite Mr. Davies' fine residence, on the Forest-road, and opposite the well-known Ocean View Estate, and WITHIN 800 YARDS of the
MARKED-OUT RAILWAY STATION
on the ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE,
which will be distant from SYDNEY about the same distance as
ASHFIELD is.

NOTE FOR BUYERS.—This being the Association's FIRST LAND SALE, they have decided on selling the land
WITHOUT RESERVE! WITHOUT RESERVE!

The instructions to the Auctioneers are to SELL EVERY LOT to the HIGHEST BIDDER, and on the exceptional terms of only
10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT, &c.

Remember that LYNTON HEIGHTS TITLE is under the REAL PROPERTY ACT, consequently there will be the MINIMUM of EXPENSE to BUYERS, and Expedition in Issue of Certificates of Title.

NO MORTGAGE REQUIRED.

HARDIE and GORMAN are instructed to sell by public auction, on the Ground, at LYNTON HEIGHTS, FOREST-ROAD, BEXLEY, at 3.30 o'clock,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER,
The whole of the estate of the Sydney and Suburban P. M. B. and L. I. Association at Bexley, in area about
40 ACRES of SPLENDID LAND,
with charming views, and which possesses all the advantages of HEALTHY ELEVATION, NATURAL DRAINAGE, WIDE ROADS, CONVENIENCE TO TOWN, and above all, an
IMMENSE PROSPECTIVE VALUE.

Buyers on 2nd December may safely reckon on doubling their money by the time the railway is open, which will, it is expected, be within 2 years, as the contractors are energetically pushing on with the work.

LYNTON HEIGHTS
has been splendidly laid out by Messrs. Murray and Jones, under "Reid's Act," and due attention has been paid to sanitary laws, as this Estate will undoubtedly carry a large population in years to come.
This subdivision is very unique, and includes
8 SECTIONS,
with
153 ALLOTMENTS.

The frontages are to
FOREST-ROAD (100 feet wide)
WESTMINSTER-STREET (66 feet wide)
PRINCES-STREET (66 feet wide)
SACKVILLE-STREET (66 feet wide)
PARLIAMENT-TERRACE (66 feet wide)
BAY VIEW-ROAD (66 feet wide).

All wide thoroughfares, under "Reid's Act."

5000 LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS ARE READY.

20 SPECIAL CONVEYANCES ON DAY OF SALE.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

APPLY EARLY.

Refreshments provided.

MANLY PROPERTY.

By Order of the Executors of the late Rev. Thomas Smith.

BALGOWLAH.

13 ACRES at BASKET BAY, divided into 5 PADDOCKS, about 6 acres CLEARED and CULTIVATED, a portion being planted with FRUIT TREES, upon which is a NEW WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE, just completed, with all the necessary Outbuildings.
Within easy distance of the pier.

Preliminary Intimation.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the Executors of the late Rev. THOMAS SMITH to sell by public auction, at their SALE ROOMS, in PITT-STREET, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 13th DECEMBER,
The above-mentioned property at Manly, known as Rev. Thomas Smith's property.

PELIMINARY NOTICE.

In the Estate of the Late HENRY ROBINSON SMITH and his Widow (also deceased).

SHARROW,
BLIGH and CAMPBELL STREETS,
NEWTOWN,
Overlooking Victoria Park and the Universities.
Close to the Tramway
and the new Public School being erected.

A COMFORTABLE RESIDENCE of 7 ROOMS, Dressing-room, Kitchen, and other conveniences, erected on a Block of Land laid out into GARDEN and LAWN, having
82 FEET 6 INCHES FRONTAGE to BLIGH-STREET,
by a depth through to Campbell-street from 178 to 200 feet; also BLOCK of LAND adjoining, 40 FEET frontage to CAMPBELL-STREET by a depth of 101 FEET.

To be sold in a subdivision.

E. J. SLY, Esq., Vendor's Solicitor, Elizabeth-street.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their SALEROOMS, in Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13,
SHARROW, NEWTOWN, as above described.

The ATTENTION of BUILDERS is specially directed to this sale. A great deal of land is available for BUILDING PURPOSES, and the present residence could be altered with little expense.
The locality is fast improving and very convenient, and being open in the front overlooking the Reserve, is specially suited for RESIDENCES.

Inspection is invited.

COOGEE BAY. COOGEE BAY.

ST. KILDA
ESTATE,
close to
COOGEE BAY HOTEL
and the
COOGEE TRAM TERMINUS.

57 BUILDING ALLOTMENTS,
on the main road.
BUSINESS SITES, RESIDENCE SITES,
at COOGEE BAY.

Magnificent views and pure sea air, close to the bay and tram terminus, and within 25 minutes' pleasant run of the city.

The PLEASANTEST TRAMWAY TRIP out of SYDNEY.

NOTE.—The ST. KILDA ESTATE adjoins the CRICKET RESERVE, and is in every way a most desirable Estate to buy LAND IN, as every year COOGEE BAY with tram communication will increase in public favour as a daily resort for pleasure.

HARDIE and GORMAN will sell by public auction, on the GROUND, at COOGEE BAY,
SATURDAY, 3rd FEBRUARY,
The ST. KILDA ESTATE, in BUILDING PLOTS.

Mr. SURVEYOR THOMPSON is preparing PLANS of the ESTATE, which will issue in due course.

NITHSIDE, RANDWICK,
being sold solely on account of Mr. Curtis' removal to town.

A FIRST-CLASS SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, situate fronting COWPER-STREET and the Tramway, overlooking BOTANY, RANDWICK RACECOURSE, and the CITY, and within 25 minutes' ride by tram of King-street.

The HOUSE is built of brick on stone foundations, with shingled roof, and contains hall, 7 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, pantry, &c.
The LAND contains about 1a. 0r. 11p., portion of which is planted with trees and divided off into Lawn, Garden, Fowl Yard, &c.; gas, Sydney water laid on.

TITLE, TORRENS'.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 13th DECEMBER,
The above-described Villa Residence, situate at Randwick, surrounded by the highly-improved properties of W. H. Jenning, Esq., Mrs. Muir, Messrs. M'Guanne, Bradley, and others, and known as the residence of J. M. Curtis, Esq.
Inspection invited.

TO CLOSE TRUST ACCOUNTS.

CITY PROPERTIES.

MAGNIFICENT FREEHOLDS
HUNTER-STREET,
on the south side,
between
GEORGE and PITT STREETS,
adjoining and between the premises occupied by Messrs. A. A. DEBNEY and CO. (late Hobson and Whiting), and L. Moss, Music Warehouse.

No. 7, at present occupied by
Mr. W. H. M'CARTHY, Chemist.
Nos. 9 and 11, at present occupied by
Mr. EVAN JONES, Jeweller.

The property has a large frontage to Hunter-street, running back to the property recently purchased by Mr. Frederick Clissold.
The buildings are of a modern and substantial style, thoroughly suitable in every way for business purposes.

Vendor's Solicitors—Messrs. WANT, JOHNSON, and SCARVELL, Pitt-street.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, ON AN EARLY DATE,
The ABOVE-DESCRIBED centrally-situated
CITY INVESTMENT,
Nos. 7, 9, and 11, HUNTER-STREET.
Plan of which is now being prepared by Mr. Licensed Surveyor Binsted.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2.

WEST CALLAN PARK,
BALMAIN,
OVERLOOKING THE WATERS OF LONG COVE,
adjoining BELSARMEL (Lord's Estate),
and the
RESIDENCE of C. E. MORTON, Esq.

15 SPLENDID VILLA SITES,
fronting
MARY-STREET and COMMERCIAL-ROAD.

The proposed tram to LEICHHARDT and BALMAIN will pass in close proximity to this land.

MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST have received instructions to sell by auction, on the ground, on SATURDAY, December 2, at 3.30 o'clock,
15 SPLENDID VILLA SITES,
each having frontages of 33 feet, by depths of 99 feet.

TERMS—10 per cent. deposit, and the balance in 18 monthly payments.
TITLE, FREEHOLD.
PLANS at the ROOMS.
Lithographs can be obtained at Mr. Read's boatshed, Balmain.
SALE DAY—SATURDAY, December 2.
MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST, Auctioneers.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 12.

GRAND COUNTRY ESTATE,
6½ MILES FROM RAYMOND TERRACE,
CONTAINING 915 ACRES,
WITH HOMESTEADS, DAIRIES, &c.

TO BE SOLD IN ONE BLOCK.

A Splendid Chance for
SPECULATORS,
FARMERS,
or VINE GROWERS.

MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST have received instructions from Mr. Andrew Burg to sell by auction, in the Land Sale Rooms, on
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 12, at 11.30 o'clock,
A GRAND country estate, containing 915 ACRES of improved land, situated on the STROUD-ROAD and the road leading from RAYMOND TERRACE to TEUILBA, upon which is erected 2 houses as follows:—
1st. KELSO VILLA, a weatherboard house, containing 4 rooms, passage, verandah, detached kitchen, large underground tank, dairy, workshop, and small kitchen garden, all enclosed with a 6-feet paling fence; also joining which is a poultry yard, large fowlhouse, milking yard, 7-stall stable, hayshed, &c.
THE FRONT OF THIS HOUSE overlooks an orchard of 2 acres, planted with choice fruit trees in full bearing, and is enclosed with a substantial fence.

2nd.—A WEATHERBOARD HOUSE, containing 5 rooms, &c., at present licensed as a wine shop (under the new Act), and is doing a good business.
THE ESTATE is well adapted for grazing purposes, it being well grassed, and having a never-failing supply of water. 300 acres have been ringbarked of the useless timber.

The AUCTIONEERS wish to draw the attention of VINE-GROWERS, SPECULATORS, FARMERS, and others to the sale of this SPLENDID estate, as it is seldom such a property comes into the market.

Title freehold. Terms at sale.

Plan at the Rooms.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19.

THE WELL-KNOWN LONGSIGHT PROPERTY,
close to PARRAMATTA,
on the PENNANT HILLS-ROAD,
WITHIN 15 MINUTES' DRIVE FROM THE STATION.

44 ACRES 1 ROOD 14½ PERCHES.

TORRENS' TITLE.

COMFORTABLE RESIDENCE,
containing
6 ROOMS, KITCHEN, BATHROOM, and SERVANT'S ROOM.

MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST have been instructed to sell by auction, at the LAND SALE ROOMS, on TUESDAY, 19th DECEMBER, at half-past 11 sharp,
LONGSIGHT HOUSE and GROUNDS,
close to PARRAMATTA.

The LAND, comprising nearly 45 acres, has over 21 chains frontage to the main road, and slopes from the high land towards the TOWN, and the very fine and extensive views have given this estate the name by which it has been known for the last 40 years, during which lengthened period it has formed portion of the M'DOUGALL ESTATE.

The GROUNDS are nearly all cleared, and there are about 200 orange trees planted.

The RESIDENCE contains
DRAWING-ROOM, 20 feet x 15 feet,
DINING-ROOM, 21 feet x 15 feet,
3 BEDROOMS, and SMALL PARLOUR,
and outside kitchen, storeroom, and servant's room.

The WATER SUPPLY is abundant in all seasons.

CARDS TO VIEW can be obtained from the auctioneers.

TITLE, TORRENS'.
TERMS AT SALE.

TO RAILWAY CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, SQUATTERS, AND OTHERS.

WEDNESDAY, 20th December.

F. BACON and CO. have received instructions from James M'Guigan and Co. to offer for sale by auction, at GUNNEDAH, on DECEMBER 20,
The whole of their railway plant, lately in use in constructing the extension, Gunnedah to Narrabri. The plant, which may be inspected at the camp, near Gunnedah, consists of:—
1 powerful 6-wheeled coupled engine and tender (by Beyer, Peacock, and Co.), 1 small locomotive, 65 ballast waggons, horses, harness, buggies, saddles and bridles, horse rugs, tip-drays, anvils, bellows, portable forges, smith's tools, hammers, picks, planks, barrows, iron tanks (200 and 400 gallons), platelayers' tools, pumps, sawmill plant, portable engines, hardwood timber, pile engines, corrugated iron, nails, bolts, and a large quantity of useful materials, particulars of which will be supplied on application to
JAS. M'GUIGAN and CO.,
Gunnedah.

ANGE DISTRICT.

That magnificent Agricultural and Grazing Estate
CALEULA,
containing 680 acres freehold land
50 acres conditional purchase land
150 acres preemptive land
3840 acres leasehold land,
fronting CALEULA and KERR'S CREEKS, both permanently watered.

Situated
15 miles from ORANGE
7 miles from KERR'S CREEK RAILWAY STATION.
The IMPROVEMENTS consist of a good Dwelling of 9 rooms, Flour Mill in good working order, with 14 horse-power Engine, Hay Shed, Buggy House, 7-stall Stable, Blacksmiths' Shop, and other outbuildings.
On the Free Selection is a Woolshed, Cottage, and Kitchen.
About 60 Acres are Grubbed and Cleared, and 33 Acres are under Crop.
Posts are erected and bored for the Fencing, of about 2000 acres; the Wire and necessary Tools for finishing same are on the ground.
There are about 700 MIXED SHEEP (Merino)
12 HEAD of CATTLE.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, LIMITED, are instructed (in conjunction with Burke and Coulson, Orange), to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Circular Quay, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, 29th November instant, at half-past 2 o'clock,
The above-described valuable, compact and central property, with all stock and other belongings.

To an energetic man of small means this presents an opportunity seldom met with of securing a highly remunerative property. The country is well grassed, and those portions adapted for agriculture exceedingly rich. The milling profits must be added, and there is an excellent outlet for the sale of corn and chaff, for which trade there is ample accommodation and every convenience.
Inspection is specially invited, as our instructions are positive.
Apply for any further particulars to
HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, LIMITED, Sydney, or
BURKE and COULSON, Orange.

AUCTIONEER'S NOTICE.

I beg to inform my supporters and the public generally that, in consequence of the INTENSE EXCITEMENT over the Nominations for East Sydney this morning, I was obliged to POSTPONE my first sale in my New Property Salerooms, 124, Pitt-street, till THURSDAY, December 7th.
T. S. HUNTLEY, Auctioneer.
November 28.

WEST BOTANY, ILLAWARRA RAILWAY.

WINCANTON COTTAGE and GARDEN.

LOT 1.—A very pretty Cottage Residence of 5 rooms, storehouse, and kitchen, and garden land, having a frontage to Lady Robinson's Beach-road of 132 feet, by a side depth of 132 feet.

LOTS 2 and 3.—Very choice Building Sites adjoining the above, having each a frontage to the Forest-road of 50 feet by a depth of 132 feet. These very desirable freeholds are situate only half a mile over Cook's River Dam, and quite close to proposed Arncliffe railway platform, and adjoin the properties of Messrs. Eve and Brown.

NOTE.—These allotments are planted with fruit trees, and securely fenced.

ROCK VALE.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell the above properties at his New Auction Mart, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, 1882, at 11.30 sharp.

Terms, very easy. Title, Torrens'.

PLAN AT ROOMS.

REDMYRE,
at the Railway station.

All that very desirable cleared BLOCK of BUILDING LAND (grass paddock), situated on the north side of the railway line, close to the Railway Station, and adjoining "Baptiste's Bush," approached from Dives-street, in area about 2 acres.

T. S. HUNTLEY has been favoured with instructions to sell this valuable block of land, at his NEW AUCTION MART, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, 1882, at 11.30 o'clock.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

Terms, easy.

PETERSHAM.

ANDREAS ESTATE, CLOSE to RAILWAY STATION.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell by auction, at his new Auction Mart, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, at 11.30 o'clock,
A grand block of building land as a block. Title freehold. Having a frontage of about 217 feet to Andreas-street and about 285 feet to Station-street, all securely fenced; will subdivide into 26 cottage allotments, and give 24 feet lane to each allotment.

Plans, prepared by Mr. Surveyor Atchison, now ready.

GLADESVILLE.

8 SPLENDID BUILDING SITES,
commanding rich views of
PARRAMATTA RIVER,
with frontages to
GEORGE-STREET, LINSLEY-STREET, QUARRY-STREET } Lots 1 to 8, Section 7, of a subdivision
with a neat Cottage thereon.

The whole will be offered first as a block; if not sold it will then be offered in allotments.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

T. S. HUNTLEY has been favoured with instructions to sell the above very valuable property, at his new Auction Mart, on THURSDAY, December 7, at 11.30 o'clock.

GANNON'S FOREST
(Kingsgrove).

A GRAND SUBDIVISION BLOCK of 24 ACRES,
More or Less.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell by auction, at his new Auction Mart, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, at 11.30 o'clock,
The above fine property, which is situate a short distance off the Forest and Kingsgrove roads, and adjoining the properties of Dr. Alston, Messrs. Staples, Lord, and others.

Plan at Auctioneer's Rooms. Title freehold.

GLADSTONE ESTATE,
CANTERBURY-ROAD,
South Petersham.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT.

All those four substantially-built four-roomed brick Cottages standing on land having a frontage to Canterbury-road of 88 feet 2 inches by a depth of 100 feet.

T. S. HUNTLEY will sell the above, at his New Auction Mart, on THURSDAY, December 7, 1882, at 11.30.
The cottages are all let to respectable tenants, returning a rental of £83 per annum.
The property will first be offered as a whole; if not sold will be offered separately.

TITLE, TORRENS'.
Terms easy.

MARRICKVILLE.

AT THE TRAMWAY TERMINUS.

All those 4 very superior SHOPS and DWELLINGS, containing shops, 5 domestic rooms, bathroom, pantry, washhouse with copper, city water and gas laid on, substantially built of brick on stone, with Bangor slate roof, all let to respectable tenants, standing on land having 60 feet frontage by a depth of 100 to a lane at side and rear thereof. Weekly rental £5.

TITLE, TORRENS'. VERY EASY TERMS.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell by auction, at his NEW PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 124, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 7, 1882, at 11.30,
The above highly desirable property, which, from its favourable position for business premises, must steadily increase in value. Its prospective value is very large, as the neighbourhood is rapidly improving, consequent upon the accessibility to it by tramway, railway, &c.

Torrens' title. Very easy terms.

Note.—The sale day is December 7, at the Rooms, 124, Pitt-street.

"GOOD WINE NEEDS NO BUSH."

QUEEN'S GROVE.

ASHFIELD HEIGHTS.

This magnificent property has been subdivided by
LARGE VILLA SITES
(with a fine recreation reserve in the centre of the Estate), which command rich and extensive landscape views in every direction; in fact this ESTATE is
THE VERY PICK
of
ASHFIELD,
itself the
QUEEN OF ALL THE SUBURBS.

THE FRONTAGES are wide, the DEPTHS EXTENSIVE.
The natural Drainage is good.
The locality is extremely healthy.
It is accessible by train OVER EIGHTY TIMES DAILY.
The yearly tickets are a mere nominal sum.
Every trade is represented there.
Every religious denomination is also represented.
IT HAS A FINE SCHOOL OF ARTS AND A GRAND PARK.
QUEEN'S GROVE IS ONLY 5 MINUTES' WALK FROM THE STATION.
QUEEN'S GROVE is surrounded by good properties. It can never become a poor locality.
The PROPOSED TRAMWAY TO BANKSTOWN will pass close to the western end of QUEEN'S GROVE.

What's in a name? A good deal if you are making choice of a residence. Think how nice
QUEEN'S GROVE, ASHFIELD HEIGHTS,
will look on your notepaper, when writing to dear friends over the sea, telling them how you are getting on in your adopted home.
There are no miserable 20-feet allotments at
QUEEN'S GROVE.

The terms are very liberal—10 per cent. deposit, balance by 8 or 12 quarterly payments, at the option of the buyer, with interest 8 per cent. added.

The proprietor of QUEEN'S GROVE ESTATE is going to Europe, and has ordered every lot to be sold. Buy one or more of them, and secure a vote for Canterbury.

T. S. HUNTLEY and CO. has been instructed to sell the above grand property, on the ground, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, December 9, 1882, at 3 o'clock.

Free Train. Free Lunch.
Free 'Bus on day of sale.

TORRENS' TITLE. TORRENS' TITLE.

Note.—Plans are now ready. Apply 124, Pitt-street. Remember the day of sale is SATURDAY, December 9, at 3.

CAPITAL INVESTMENTS may be made this week at the Royal Furnishing Arcade. Beautiful goods.

ST. LEONARDS SITES.

EIGHT SPLENDID BUILDING ALLOTMENTS in WHALING-STREET, a few feet east of ALFRED-STREET, and within easy walking distance of the ferry, for AUCTION SALE, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 15th December, at 11 o'clock.
Plan at the Rooms.
Terms liberal.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

GREAT SALE
of all the unsold
ALLOTMENTS
of the SUBDIVISION of
MANSES' GRANT,
NORTH SHORE.

By order of the Proprietors.

Preliminary Notice.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the proprietors to sell by public auction, ON THE GROUND,
on SATURDAY, 16th DECEMBER NEXT,
at 3 o'clock p.m.,
All the unsold allotments in the above subdivision, having frontages to
RAGLAN-STREET
MISTRAL-STREET
MAGIC-STREET
M'ALPINE-STREET
SVERGE-STREET
VIOLET-STREET
MORAN-STREET,
each of a quarter of an acre and upwards.

PLAN on VIEW at the ROOMS.

LITHOGRAPHS are now in course of preparation, and, when ready for issue, due notice will be given.

Terms very liberal.

Auction Sales.

MARRICKVILLE.

COTTAGE and TEN CHOICE Building SITES, at the corner of TERRACE-ROAD and WARDELL-ROAD, adjoining Mr. STARKEY'S, a few yards from the SURVEYED LINE of TRAMWAY from MARRICKVILLE to CANTERBURY, and 15 minutes' walk from the present TRAM TERMINUS AT MARRICKVILLE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

Marrickville Subdivision :—

Lot 3 has 40 feet 5 inches frontage to TERRACE-ROAD, depth 123 feet, on which is a COTTAGE of brick on stone foundation, with verandah front and rear, and containing hall, 4 rooms, yard, water, &c.

Lots 1, 2, 4, and 5 have frontages of 39½ feet to 43½ feet to TERRACE-ROAD, depths 123 feet to 127 feet. Lot 1 is at the corner of Wardell-road.

Lots 6 to 11 have each 36 feet frontage to WARDELL-ROAD, depths from 163½ feet to 187 feet.

, A beautifully-situated and liberal subdivision in an improving part of the popular borough of Marrickville, within 15 minutes' walk of the tram terminus, and the tramway extension to Canterbury is surveyed past the land.

Lithos. at the Rooms.

TERMS LIBERAL. 20 per cent. deposit, balance 3, 6, 9, and 12 months, at 6 per cent. per annum.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE.

NORTH ANNANDALE ESTATE.

KILLARNEY, a brick-built COTTAGE RESIDENCE, in NELSON-STREET, west side, south of COLLINS-STREET, and close to PARRAMATTA-ROAD.

It has verandah front and rear, and contains hall, 5 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, stable, fowlhouse, and yard; water from well and tank.

The LAND is part of lot 26 of section 3 of this central estate, having 33 feet frontage to Nelson-street, with the great depth of 198 feet.

, A well-built and neatly finished Cottage Residence in an advancing suburb, which is shortly to be connected with the city by trams.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on

FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

Killarney Cottage, on North Annandale Estate.

Plan at the Rooms. Torrens' title.

Messrs. COPE and KING, Pitt-street, are Solicitors of the Vendor.

SUBURBAN LANDS.

LEICHHARDT.—Lots 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 19 of DONOVAN'S PADDOCK, fronting HILL and ANNESLEY STREETS. Lots 9, 13, 14, 15, and 16, have each 40 feet frontage to HILL-STREET, depth 112 feet. Lot 19 has 40 feet frontage to ANNESLEY-STREET, depth 112 feet.

LOWER RANDWICK.—Lots 12, 18, to 22 of the OMNIBUS COMPANY'S SUBDIVISION, opposite FENNELLY'S, and close to the TRAM TERMINUS.

LANE COVE-ROAD.—Lots 20, 21, 22, and 23 of Sec. 2 of the GREAT NORTHERN TOWNSHIP, in area 2 ACRES 2 ROODS 16 PERCHES, at the corner of HIGH and WARWICK Streets, having 332 feet frontage to the former, and 388 feet to the latter.

This land has been cleared. It is only a few yards off the Lane Cove-road, nearly opposite Waterhouse's Hotel, and handy to the omnibus.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above lands.

Plans at the Rooms.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

HOMEBUSH.

On the high cleared ground at the Railway Station, south side of the line.

TWO delightfully situated VILLA SITES, being Lots 29 and 30 of Section 2 of the first subdivision of the celebrated UNDERWOOD ESTATE, each having 50½ feet frontage to HOMEBUSH-CRESCENT, with depths of about 160 feet.

, Choice and elevated sites, with a north-eastern aspect, immediately at the railway station, and close to first-class residences.

They will be very valuable in a few years for business purposes.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above described choice building sites at Homebush.

Inspection invited.

Plan at the Rooms. Title, Torrens' Act.

BONDI.—SUBDIVISION BLOCK.

SAHEL'S grant of 5 Acres and 25 Perches, having 429 feet frontage to DENISON-STREET, with a depth of 445 feet on one side and 504 feet on the other.

This Block is a few yards south of Waverley-street, the main road to Bondi Bay. A good block for a subdivision.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above-mentioned grant at Bondi.

* This suburb is shortly to be connected with the city by trams.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

Messrs. COPE and KING, Pitt-street, are Solicitors of the Vendor.

ROCKY HALL, WILBERFORCE.

IMPROVED DAIRY AND AGRICULTURAL FARM, about 640 ACRES, adjoining the Wilberforce Common, about 8 miles from Windsor, and 4 miles from Wilberforce.

TERMS, one-third cash; residue at 6 per cent.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on

FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER,

at 11 o'clock,

ROCKY HALL, WILBERFORCE,

640 acres adjoining the common.

The improvements comprise a stone-built residence, containing 6 rooms, dairy, stables, and other outbuildings. About 200 acres are cleared and subdivided, a portion under crop. The residue is well timbered, and nearly the whole is enclosed.

☞ A capital opportunity is now afforded to secure, on liberal terms, a capital well-watered improved farm, conveniently situated, and adjoining a Government common of 10,000 acres. Possession in March next.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

SUBURBAN ALLOTMENTS.

ENMORE, Newtown. CORNER Block, lot 6 of sec. 2, FERNDALE ESTATE, south of Enmore-road and Judge Josephson's Estate. It has frontages of 50 feet to CAMDEN-STREET, and 90 feet to Ferndale-street.

, A good allotment, handy to the tram and Enmore-road.

BALMAIN. Lots 26 and 27 of SPRINGSIDE ESTATE, close to Darling-road, near Callan Park, and having 60 FEET frontage to SPRINGSIDE-STREET, with a depth of 85 feet.

PITTWATER. Lot 2, sec. 2, Township of Josephton, in area 2 roods 12 perches, near the STEAMERS' WHARF.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above suburban lands, plans of which can be inspected at the Rooms.

GLENMORE-ROAD.

BLOCK No. 4 of the DEEPDENE ESTATE, opposite OLIVE BANK ESTATE, and adjoining the grounds attached to the residence of M. H. STEPHEN, Esq., Q.C.

It has the following frontages—48 feet 8 inches to GLENMORE-ROAD, 25 feet 10 inches to Deepdene Crescent, depth 80 feet 5 inches on one side, and 104 feet 9 inches on the other.

, A capital Block on this favourite street, and surrounded by good properties.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The abovementioned site, on the Glenmore-road, Paddington.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

DULWICH GROVE, PETERSHAM,

between Denison-road and Old Canterbury-road.

GOOD BUILDING ALLOTMENT, No. 5 of section 3, having 40 FEET frontage to GROVE-STREET, with a depth of 119 feet on one side and 140 feet on the other.

☞ A capital site, in a rapidly-improving part of Petersham, beyond the Lewisham Estate.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above capital allotment at Petersham.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

HUNTER'S HILL.

PARRAMATTA RIVER.

FIVE ALLOTMENTS of land fronting FERRY-ROAD, adjoining CUNEO'S Recreation Ground, and almost opposite CUNEO'S HOTEL; also SIX ALLOTMENTS at the rear, fronting a RESERVED ROAD.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock,

The following valuable allotments of land, Hunter's Hill:—

LOT 1.—Having 27 FEET frontage to FERRY-ROAD, 27 feet to a lane at the rear 20 feet wide, with a depth along a RESERVED ROAD of 132 feet.

LOTS 3, 4, and 5 have each 21 FEET frontage to FERRY-ROAD, with depths of 132 feet extending to a lane at the rear 20 feet wide.

LOT 6 has 21 FEET frontage to FERRY-ROAD, with a depth of 152 feet, with back entrance from a lane 20 feet wide.

LOTS 7 to 11 have each 30 FEET frontage to a RESERVED ROAD, with depths of 132 feet.

LOT 12 has 28 FEET frontage, with a depth of 132 feet.

☞ The above are all nice building allotments, situate right in the centre of Hunter's Hill, handy to the steamers' wharf, where the ferry steamers call regularly on their way to and from the city. The view from this land is very picturesque, embracing the beautiful scenery of the Parramatta and Lane Cove Rivers.

As these allotments will be absolutely sold on the above date, persons in search of really good sites in this locality would do well to inspect the above prior to day of sale.

PLAN on view at the ROOMS.

TERMS, LIBERAL.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

BALMAIN,

CORNER BLOCK of LAND, KING-STREET, and a ROADWAY, being lots 12, 13, and 14, KING'S SUBDIVISION, having 99 FEET frontage, with a depth of 120 feet.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above-described land at Balmain, between Darling-road and Grove-road, beyond the Town Hall.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

Title, Torrens' Act.

A. MACKINLAY, Esq., Elizabeth-street, is solicitor of the mortgagee.

SPRING-PLACE, PADDINGTON,

off Prospect-street, near Glenmore-road, close to South Head-road and Gipps-street.

TWO BRICK-BUILT COTTAGES, on stone foundations, iron roof, containing each 2 rooms and kitchen, and known as HARBOUR VIEW. The Land is 26 feet 7 inches frontage x 42 feet 8 inches. One is occupied by Mrs. Sheehy.

, A good investment for saving people; the position is close to Victoria Barracks and Glenmore-road, where TRAM stops.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH will sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, December 1, at 11 o'clock,

The above small handy letting houses.

LEICHHARDT, NEAR PETERSHAM.

ANNAN VIEW ESTATE,

CATHERINE-STREET.

SUBSTANTIALLY-BUILT and neatly-finished COTTAGE RESIDENCE, at the corner of FOWLER-STREET, between CATHERINE and MACKENZIE STREETS, close to Mr. Stehr's residence, and lately in the occupation of Mr. Hudson.

CORNER BLOCK of LAND, adjoining the above.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, December 1, at 11 o'clock,

Lot 1—ALL that corner block of land, being lot 7 of the ANNAN VIEW ESTATE, LEICHHARDT, having a frontage to FOWLER-STREET of 75 feet, 127 feet 5 inches to a continuation of Fowler-street, and 80 feet 2 inches to a lane at the rear; on which is erected a COTTAGE RESIDENCE, of brick on stone foundation, slate roof, verandahs front and rear, and containing wide hall, 4 rooms, kitchen, servant's room, and washhouse fitted with copper, weatherboard stable, fowlhouse, and large shed.

WATER is supplied from two large iron tanks at the rear.

Lot 2—An eligible BUILDING SITE, being lot 6 of the same estate, having 49 feet 8 inches frontage to FOWLER-STREET, and a width at the rear of 82 feet 6 inches, with lane at rear and side.

, This block adjoins lot 1.

Attention is specially directed to the sale of the above-described cottage residence in the rapidly increasing suburb of Leichhardt; it is well built and neatly finished throughout, and from its elevated position commands an uninterrupted and extensive view.

Terms very liberal.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

SHARES, SHARES,

460 SHARES in the

REFORM GOLD-MINING COMPANY, LUCKNOW.

12s per share paid up.

1000 SHARES IN

BRICKWOOD TIN-MINING COMPANY,

£1 paid up.

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on

FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER,

at 11 o'clock,

The above-mentioned shares.

To SPECULATORS, QUARRYMEN, and OTHERS.

CANTERBURY.

BLOCK OF LAND, in area 3 acres 1 rood 20 perches, bounded River, Woolcott, Caroline, and Ida Streets, about a quarter of mile beyond COOK'S RIVER, east of CUP and SAUCER CREEK.

, On this Property there is good Quarrying Land.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above described block at Canterbury, portion of REDMAN'S SUBDIVISION.

Further particulars in a future advertisement.

Plan on view at the rooms. Title, Torrens'.

GLENMORE-ROAD, PADDINGTON.

DEEPDENE CRESCENT.

FOUR VILLA ALLOTMENTS, each 37½ feet frontage, by 80 feet in depth. These are very eligibly situated in a healthy, popular, and handy suburb, only a few minutes walk from the tram on South Head-road.

Rentals in this neighbourhood are favourable for investment, and a good demand exists for dwellings here.

TO BUILDERS,

SPECULATORS, and Others.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH will sell by public auction at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above desirable building allotment, part of M'Carthy's Deepdene Estate.

Terms at sale.

GOLDEN GROVE ESTATE, EVELEIGH.

LOTS 11 and 12 of CURLEY'S SUBDIVISION of portion of SECTION 27, having 30 FEET frontage to RAGLAN-STREET, between ABERCROMBIE and ROSE STREETS, depth 100 feet, extending to a lane.

, A capital block of building land on this central, important, and valuable estate.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above land, in Golden Grove Estate, Eveleigh.

Plan at the Rooms.

FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER.

FOR PEREMPTORY SALE.

FIRST-CLASS IMPROVED ESTATE.

RICH WHITESTONE LAND,

SUTTON FOREST.

Portion of the Celebrated Estate of the late Henry Badgery, Esq., adjoining Vine Lodge, surrounded by Greenhills, Mount Broughton, Colversleigh, and other noted Properties, close to the MERYLA RAILWAY PLATFORM, and within view of the Celebrated

HILLVIEW ESTATE, SUTTON FOREST,

the Governor's Country Seat.

ROCKLEY.

794½ ACRES, being the whole of THROSBY'S 740-ACRE GRANT, and a measured portion of 60 acres between it and the Government Road. This well-known and Valuable Property consists of RICH AGRICULTURAL and FATTENING GRAZING LAND, mostly of trap formation, well watered, and considerably improved. The greater part has been cleared, with the exception of shelter and splitting timber, and a large area has been grassed with rye and clover.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on

FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER,

at 11 o'clock,

The above desirable first-class property.

☞ It is only necessary to state that Rockley was one of the early selections of the late Mr. Throsby (afterwards purchased by the late Mr. Badgery), to satisfy buyers with regard to the nature and value of the land, and as the proprietor's instructions are

ABSOLUTELY TO REALISE,

the sale affords one of few opportunities which occur for securing a SUPERIOR IMPROVED ESTATE in the most popular district of the colony, close to the railway, and within a few hours' access of the metropolitan and southern markets.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

Terms liberal.

CONNELLY'S BUSH, ST. GEORGE,

BELMORE-ROAD, close to Bond's-road.

TO SPECULATORS,

BUILDING SOCIETIES.

100 ACRES well-situated Land, fronting BELMORE-ROAD and Government-road, also Bond's-road; all fenced in on boundary and subdivided into paddocks and bush. On it is a serviceable weatherboard Cottage of 5 rooms, known as Mr. BEAUMONT'S PROPERTY, opposite BRAND'S.

About half of the land is cleared, a part planted with well-growing crop of oats, &c.

The RAILWAY to ILLAWARRA will bring this district into new important notice, promote settlement, as in the case of the numerous suburbs around Sydney, and thereby enhance largely the value of this

EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD BLOCK.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

INSPECT THE LAND.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st December, at 11 o'clock,

The above, 100a. 2r. 19p., parish of St. George, being grants on Bishop's plans, Nos. 19, 20, and 22, to Ryan, Trotter, and Dowell respectively, attention to which is directed as an opportunity to acquire a large area for future profitable subdivision, in one of the healthiest suburbs around the Metropolis.

Terms at sale.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE

of Mr. John Kinloch.

PEREMPTORY SALE

of

Large Block of Land,

situated in PROSPECT-STREET,

WAVERLEY,

With the FOUR STONE DWELLING-HOUSES now in course of erection thereon. Also, adjoining block of Land, having a frontage to Prospect-street, at the corner of a 12-foot lane.

IN TWO LOTS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, the 4th DECEMBER next, at 11 o'clock,

The abovementioned property, in two lots, viz.:—

LOT 1.—All that block of land, being Lot No. 14 of the subdivision of Vickery's Tannery Estate, having a frontage of 137 feet to Prospect-street, by a depth of about 126 feet, upon part of which there are in course of erection, of stone and brick,

FOUR TWO-STORY DWELLING-HOUSES,

together with a large quantity of building material now on the ground.

LOT 2.—All that block of land adjoining the above, being Lot No. 13 of the same subdivision, having a frontage of 50 feet, by a depth of 126 feet, and bounded on one side by a lane 12 feet wide.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

Terms at sale.

TO HOTELKEEPERS AND OTHERS.

REGENT-STREET,

a few feet south of CLEVELAND-STREET.

That old-established and centrally-situated Business House, the BELFAST WINE VAULTS.

Recently occupied by W. WILLIAMSON, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock,

A SEVEN YEARS' LEASE (from 1st December next), LICENSE, and the GOODWILL of the above well-known hotel. Rental, £6 per week, and taxes.

The stock and furniture must be taken by valuation.

☞ This property is in the market solely on account of the present occupant retiring from business.

☞ A splendid opportunity for an active and industrious man to secure a competency.

These premises have been in possession of the Williamson family for 34 years. The last two tenants made fortunes herein.

The house has recently been enlarged and placed in thorough order.

It contains 10 rooms, 3 cellars, bathroom; stable, coachhouse, garden, large yard, with back entrance.

Inspection invited.

By ORDER of the MORTGAGEES,

with the concurrence of the

TRUSTEES IN THE ESTATE

of

Mr. JOHN KINLOCH.

IMPORTANT SALE OF

VALUABLE PROPERTIES

in the above Estate,

comprising,

LOT 1.—A large Block of Land, containing

52 ACRES, 1 ROOD, and 6 PERCHES,

situated on the

CANTERBURY-ROAD,

and bounded on its north-eastern line by the

KINGSGROVE-ROAD,

near

COOK'S RIVER,

about one mile from Prout's Bridge.

LOT 2.—About 7½ ACRES of Land, being Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Section 20 of the subdivision of portion of the Canterbury estate known as Sydenham Farms, and bounded by Duntroon, Floss, and Garnett streets, a short distance from Cook's River, and adjoining the property belonging to Mr. Starkey.

LOT 3.—Block of Land, containing an area of 150 ACRES, 3 ROODS, and 30 PERCHES, situated at SOUTH CREEK, about three miles from the RAILWAY STATION.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions, as abovementioned, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, 4th December next, at 11 o'clock,

The above valuable properties, full particulars of which will be published in a few days.

Plans on view at the Rooms.

TERMS at SALE.

WOOLLAHRA.

Ocean and Albert streets.

THREE BLOCKS of SEMI-DETACHED RESIDENCES,

being Nos. 1 to 6, Albert-street, commencing at the corner of Ocean-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, the 4th December next, at 11 o'clock,

The above eligibly-situated and tastefully-finished villa residences, in one or more lots.

ALBERT-STREET.

BLOCK 1.—Villas Nos. 1 and 2. No. 1 is situated at the corner of Ocean and Albert streets, and contains verandah and balcony, hall, dining-room with folding doors, pantry, five bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen, laundry with large yard and side entrance.

RENTAL, £120 per annum.

VILLA No. 2. has similar accommodation on the ground floor to the above, but has one bedroom less. RENTAL, £96 per annum.

BLOCK 2.—VILLAS Nos. 3, and 4, ALBERT-STREET. Nos. 3, and 4, fronting Albert-street are similar in all respects to No. 2. RENTAL, £96 per annum each, or £192 yearly.

BLOCK 3.—VILLAS Nos. 5, and 6, fronting Albert-street, are also similar to Block No. 2. RENTAL, same as above, viz., £192 per annum.

Each block has a frontage of about 75 feet to Albert-street, by a depth of about 120 feet, with side entrances, and is subject to a ground rent of £10 per annum for the next six years, and a slightly increased amount for a further period of 66 years.

Water and gas are laid on to all the premises.

Title, the well-known Point Piper Estate.

Cards to view the premises may be obtained on application to the Auctioneers Pitt-street, where the fullest particulars of the property will be given.

Terms at sale.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

TO CLOSE A PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNT.

CITY FREEHOLD PROPERTIES.

Lot 1. ALBION and MARY-STREETS.—CORNER BLOCK, comprising SHOP and DWELLING; TWO HOUSES, Nos. 48 and 50, ALBION-STREET; TWO HOUSES, Nos. 60 and 62, MARY-STREET. Rental, £7 per week.

Lot 2. CLEVELAND-STREET, opposite CROWN-STREET.—TERRACE of SIX 3-story RESIDENCES, Nos. 87 to 97, CLEVELAND-STREET, Surry Hills, immediately opposite Crown-street. Rental, £10 10s per week.

ALDERSHOT LODGE, a commodious Cottage Residence, in BAPTIST-STREET, at rear of the above. In one or two lots.

Lot 3. PARK-ROAD, MOORE PARK.—Choice CORNER BLOCK, comprising TWO RESIDENCES, Nos. 304 and 306, PARK-ROAD, at the corner of Regent-street; and TWO RESIDENCES, Nos. 71 and 73, REGENT-STREET. Rental, £5 5s per week.

Lot 4. DEVONSHIRE-STREET.—TWO HOUSES, Nos. 115 and 117, on the south side, a few feet east of ELIZABETH-STREET. Rental, £2 2s per week.

Lot 5. RILEY-STREET, SURRY HILLS.—TWO RESIDENCES, Nos. 323 and 325, a few feet from ALBION-STREET. Rental, £2 5s per week.

Lot 6. KIPPAX-STREET, SURRY HILLS.—THREE HOUSES on the south side of this street, a few yards west of WATERLOO-STREET. Rental, £3 per week.

Lot 7. FOVEAUX-STREET, ALBION ESTATE.—TWO DWELLINGS, Nos. 33 and 35, opposite Macquarie-street. Rental, £1 12s per week.

Lot 8. MACQUARIE-STREET, ALBION ESTATE.—CORNER BLOCK, comprising TWO HOUSES and a SHOP, Nos. 235, 237, and 239, Macquarie-street, and two Houses in side lane. Rental, £3 14s per week.

Lot 9. MACQUARIE-STREET, ALBION ESTATE.—RESIDENCE No. 192, one of Thomas-terrace, a few yards south of Albion-street. Rental, £1 per week.

Lot 10. MACQUARIE-STREET, ALBION ESTATE.—RESIDENCE No. 188, on the east side of the street, a few yards from Albion-street. Rental, £5 per month.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 4th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above mentioned city investments, full particulars of which will shortly be published.

Terms at sale.

Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

COTTAGE, No. 460, BOURKE-STREET, east side, between FITZROY and PHELPS STREETS; TWO HOUSES, Nos. 41 and 43, MARSHALL-STREET, at rear.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above city property, full particulars of which will shortly be published.

Terms at sale.

NEWTOWN.

BLOCK of BUILDING LAND, Lot 4 of Section 3 of Bruce's Subdivision, REIBY ESTATE, having frontages of 36 feet to KEY-STREET, and — feet to COLLEGE-STREET; depth, 100 feet.

, A good Site for two Residences. It is between Station and Reiby streets, and only a few yards south of Enmore-road, along which the tram runs.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock,

The above Land at Newtown.

TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

Plan at the Rooms.

COOGEE.

ORIGINAL GRANT (MARCH'S), 1 ACRE and 2 ROODS, being Lot 4 of Section 10, SUBURBAN BLOCKS, VILLAGE of COOGEE.

It has 220 feet frontage to the north side of PEROUSE-STREET, between MOUNT and BROOK STREETS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above-described grant at Coogee, only a few minutes' walk from the tram terminus.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

Messrs. DEANE and DEANE, Elizabeth-street, are Solicitors of the vendor.

WILLUMUMINA HOUSE,

RIVER VIEW TERRACE,

BURWOOD,

together with the HIGHLY IMPROVED GROUNDS, about one acre in extent, surrounding it, adjoining

BURWOOD PARK.

Preliminary Notice.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from E. J. TEBBUTT, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on

FRIDAY, 8th DECEMBER,

at 11 o'clock,

The above favourably situated

RESIDENCE and GROUNDS,

full particulars of which will be given in a future advertisement.

Cards to view on application.

Terms at sale.

PETERSHAM,

close to the Railway Station.

VALUABLE BLOCK of LAND, being lots 2, 3, 4, and 5 of sec. 14 of SYDENHAM ESTATE, at the corner of TERMINUS and RAILWAY STREETS.

It has 204 feet frontage to TERMINUS-STREET, about 190 feet to RAILWAY-STREET.

This extensive and valuable corner block of land overlooks the railway line at Petersham immediately at the station.

It will be offered in one or four lots, as per plan on view.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above-described land at Petersham Station.

Messrs. STEPHEN, LAURENCE, and JAQUES, Pitt-street, are Solicitors of the Vendors.

ST. LEONARDS, SUBDIVISION BLOCK.

CAPITAL CORNER BLOCK of 5 acres 1 rood, having large frontages to MARKET-STREET, at the junction with Wilson-street, a little beyond the well-known residence of Thomas Dalton, Esq., and in proximity to other first-class properties.

To SPECULATORS and Others.

TORRENS' ACT TITLE.

TERMS—One-fourth cash; balance, liberal credit.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above eligibly-situated block of land in the quickly-advancing suburb of North Shore, well suited for subdivision.

Plan on view.

GOOD BUILDING SITES.

BLIGH-STREET, NEWTOWN,

near the TOLLBAR,

and adjoining the

GROUNDS attached to ST. PAUL'S COLLEGE,

also VICTORIA PARK.

SIX CHOICE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, being the western part of the grounds attached to the property known as ST. STEPHEN'S PARSONAGE.

Each lot has 20 feet frontage to BLIGH-STREET, just off the main NEWTOWN-ROAD, with depths of 100 feet to 102 feet, extending to a lane 20 feet wide at the rear. Lot 6 has also a frontage on the west to a lane 20 feet wide.

They will be submitted to competition for 50 years' lease, at an annual rental to be determined by the biddings at the auction. Full particulars as to building restrictions and terms of payment can be obtained on application at the Rooms, Pitt-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the TRUSTEES of ST. STEPHEN'S PARSONAGE to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock,

The above six favourably and conveniently situated building sites, at the VICTORIA PARK, Newtown-road.

PLANS ON VIEW AT THE ROOMS.

TO BUILDERS, CAPITALISTS, and OTHERS.

SYDNEY COMMON,

MOORE PARK.

CHOICE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS,

GREEN'S-ROAD,

overlooking the Barracks, north of Moore Park-road, and between Albion and Napier streets.

PARK-ROAD,

between Regent and Gordon streets, overlooking the Cricket Ground, Agricultural Society's Ground, and the Rifle Range.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock,

Splendid allotments on the Sydney Common estate, at Moore Park.

Further particulars in a few days.

PLANS ON VIEW AT THE ROOMS.

TRANMERE.

LONG COVE BRIDGE.

FIVE DOCK.

DEEP WATER FRONTAGES.

SALE ON THE GROUND.

SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER next,

at 3 o'clock.

TRANMERE ESTATE,

LONG COVE,

PARRAMATTA RIVER.

67 ACRES, extending from Lyons-road to the WATERS of LONG COVE, and including the whole of the DEEP WATER FRONTAGE of SISTERS' BAY, a few yards from the western end of the NEW BRIDGE, connecting

BALMAIN WITH FIVE DOCK,

which places this valuable and beautifully situated Estate within EASY DISTANCE OF THE CENTRE OF SYDNEY.

TRANMERE

has been subdivided, not into building allotments, but into LARGE VILLA SITES, each nearly HALF-AN-ACRE in area, and a few ACRE SITES, extending from SISTER'S CRESCENT to the deep water frontage of SISTER'S BAY.

TERMS OF SALE:—15 PER CENT. CASH Deposit, RESIDUE in 7 YEARS, at 5 PER CENT. per annum interest.

LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS at the Rooms.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction,

ON THE GROUND,

on

SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER NEXT,

at 3 o'clock,

TRANMERE ESTATE,

FIVE DOCK,

PARRAMATTA RIVER,

most LIBERALLY SUBDIVIDED into VILLA SITES, fronting WIDE ROADS, a few have also extensive frontages to SISTER'S BAY, LONG COVE.

The marvellous beauty of the position of these sites is beyond description. They are on a GENTLE MEADOW SLOPE from LYONS-ROAD to LONG COVE BRIDGE, overlooking with an EASTERN ASPECT, the WIDE PLACID WATERS OF THE BAY, and commanding views which, for extent and loveliness, are not surpassed by any on the FEW CHARMING PICTURESQUE INLETS of the PARRAMATTA RIVER.

The difficulty of access, which has rendered this beautiful locality to a great extent unknown, has now been removed by the completion of the

LONG COVE BRIDGE,

which brings it within easy access by a good carriage drive from the foot of Market-street.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is directed to the SALIENT advantages this subdivision enjoys.

SPACIOUSNESS in AREA, each site 66 feet to 238 frontage, with depths varying from 223 to 494 feet.

PROXIMITY to SYDNEY—20 minutes' drive, which will be considerably shortened by a contemplated STEAM TRAMWAY.

DEEP WATER to the frontage of the bay sites.

BEAUTY of POSITION—magnificent scenery, with all its sweetening influences.

UNEQUALLED LIBERALITY in TERMS of PAYMENT—15 PER CENT. CASH, RESIDUE in 7 YEARS at 5 PER CENT. per annum.

TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

Apply for LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS, and inspect prior to sale. Each site is pegged and numbered.

PURCHASERS will be taken to the Ground FREE OF COST on day of sale.

SATURDAY, 9th December.

GREAT LAND SALE AT MOSS VALE.

UNDERWOOD'S FLATS,

SUTTON FOREST.

UNDERWOOD'S 1000 ACRES,

adjoining the

VILLAGE of SUTTON FOREST,

overlooking the

GOVERNOR'S COUNTRY SEAT,

HILLVIEW,

and the well-known properties of Messrs. Nicholson, Badgery, Tange, and others,

and opposite the country residence of the

Hon. W. B. DALLEY.

This valuable estate is subdivided into

LARGE FARM HOMESTEADS,

VILLA BLOCKS,

fronting the old Argyle and other roads.

It consists of

RICH WHINSTONE HILLS,

ALLUVIAL FLATS,

most favourably situated in this popular

ELEVATED HEALTHY DISTRICT.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Hanrahan's Hotel, Moss Vale, on

SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER,

at 3 o'clock,

That celebrated estate known as

UNDERWOOD'S 1000 ACRES,

SUTTON FOREST,

about 1½ mile from

MERYLA Village and Railway PLATFORM,

and about 3 miles from the

MOSSVALE RAILWAY STATION,

SOUTHERN LINE,

fronting the old ARGYLE-ROAD, and extending thence to the village of Sutton Forest, and to the properties of Messrs. Elsmore, Frank, Charles, and Andrew Badgery, Sewell, and others.

A judicious subdivision has been made by the Surveyors, Messrs. Atchison and Schleicher, into country villa blocks, and farms of larger areas. The lots will be so offered that buyers may obtain what acreage they may desire. Wide roads intersecting the Estate give good access to every lot.

☞ Underwood's Flats is well known and acknowledged to be one of the richest and most valuable Estates in the county of Camden, in a district noted for good land, and a climate adapted for the growth of cereals and fattening grasses. Perhaps no 1000 acres in the colony has a larger proportion for its area of deep, fertile, arable soil, watered by numerous never-failing springs. Like most of the surrounding district, the formation is volcanic, and the natural features are low basaltic hills, gently undulating, and alluvial flats, all of the richest and most productive character, equal if not superior to the very best lands in the Illawarra coast district for dairy or agricultural purposes.

The elevation above sea level exceeds 2000 feet, and the locality is remarkably healthy, having already become popular as a summer resort from the enervating heats of Sydney and low coast districts. The Estate is surrounded by Villa Residences and Homesteads, and as sites for similar retreats this subdivision is unsurpassed, extensive beautiful views being obtained from its numerous hills and green slopes; while the position and proximity to the Railway Station, together with the numerous special trains provided at low tourist rates, give very favourable access to the metropolis.

Every lot is pegged and numbered on the land, and Lithographic Plans can be obtained at the Rooms, or inspected at the several hotels in Moss Vale and Sutton Forest.

Terms exceedingly liberal—15 per cent. cash deposit, residue can remain secured on the land for 3, 5, or 7 years, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

WATSON'S BAY.

Faithfully built and charmingly situated COTTAGE RESIDENCE, with 3 roods and 14 perches, at the junction of the OLD and NEW SOUTH HEAD ROADS, near the LIGHTHOUSE, and only 10 minutes' walk from the STEAMERS' WHARF.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. J. Harris, to sell by auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th December, at 11 o'clock,

The abovementioned property, on an elevated spot, thereby commanding splendid views. Inspection invited. Terms at sale.

Further particulars in a future advertisement.

ENMORE ROAD, NEWTOWN.

PREMISES known as

THE MARRICKVILLE-ROAD HOTEL,

at the corner of the ENMORE-ROAD and FRANCIS-STREET, opposite the property of Mr. JUDGE JOSEPHSON.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street,

on FRIDAY, 15th DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock,

All that corner block of land, having 120 FEET frontage to ENMORE-ROAD and 100 FEET frontage to FRANCIS-STREET, on which are erected those commodious business premises known as

THE MARRICKVILLE-ROAD HOTEL,

built of stone, brick, and weatherboard, and containing in all bar, 11 rooms, storeroom, and kitchen, detached stable, good yard at side and rear.

☞ A favourably-situated investment in a populous and improving part of ENMORE, on the TRAM ROUTE, and fronting the MAIN BUSINESS THOROUGHFARE of this valuable part of this flourishing suburb.

Possession of the premises will be given immediately on completion of the deeds.

Inspection is invited.

SUMMERHILL SITES.

On the high land, north side of the line.

CHOICE ALLOTMENT,

fronting the RAILWAY, east of BOGAN-STREET.

THREE ALLOTMENTS

in BOGAN-STREET, a few yards north of the line.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 15th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above-described sites at Summer Hill.

Title, Torrens'.

PLAN AT THE ROOMS.

SMITHFIELD.

WETHERILL PARK ESTATE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street,

on FRIDAY, the 15th day of DECEMBER, 1882,

at 11 o'clock precisely,

Lots 1 and 2 of section I. of the

WETHERILL PARK SUBDIVISION,

having a frontage of 660 feet to WILLIAM-STREET by a depth of 660 feet to MARY-STREET,

being 10 acres in area.

Terms, £50 cash, balance by 10 quarterly instalments WITHOUT INTEREST.

TITLE, UNQUESTIONABLE.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

TO SPECULATORS, CAPITALISTS,

BUILDING SOCIETIES, and OTHERS.

HUTCHINSON ESTATE,

REDFERN,

adjoining

CHISHOLM ESTATE,

purchased by the Government for

RAILWAY WORKSHOPS.

By order of the EXECUTORS of the Estate of the late W. WILLIAMSON, Esq.

That VALUABLE and EXTENSIVE BLOCK of LAND, in area 7 ACRES 2 roods and 22 perches, having frontages to REGENT (formerly Botany-road), BOUNDARY, GIBBINS, ROSEHILL, CORNWALLIS, and MARGARET STREETS, on which are erected

HOTELS, SHOPS, and DWELLINGS,

returning a large annual income.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 15th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above important and centrally situated estate, full particulars of which will shortly be published.

TITLE, LEASEHOLD, 16 years to run; ground rent, £800 per annum.

FIVE DOCK—IRON COVE BRIDGE,

now so easily and quickly connected with Sydney.

SPLENDIDLY-SITUATED Subdivision Block of 1 acre 2 roods 20 perches, being the whole of SECTION 6 of the celebrated BOURKETOWN ESTATE, having 264 feet frontage to each of Bowman and Polding streets, and 273 feet frontage to each of Gipps and Miller streets.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 15th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above elevated, well-situated block of Suburban Land at FIVE DOCK, surrounded by wide streets, and commanding an extensive view of varied scenery. Worthy of inspection.

Terms at sale.

CLEARING SALE, SURRY HILLS LAND.

TO BUILDERS, LANDLORDS, MECHANICS, &c.

CAPITAL CORNER BLOCK of Building Land, having frontages as follows, viz.:—

90 feet 6 inches, RILEY-STREET

73 feet 3 inches, LANSDOWNE-STREET,

subdivided into 5 allotments, facing RILEY-STREET, with reserved way at rear.

TWO OTHER BUILDING PLOTS, viz. respectively:—

30 feet RILEY-STREET, extending to COLLEGE-STREET.

30 feet LANSDOWNE-STREET

70 feet COLLEGE-STREET.

TITLES, TORRENS' ACT.

TERMS LIBERAL, viz., ¼ cash, balance 6, 12, and 18 months, with 6 per cent. interest.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 15th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above conveniently situated building land in the handy district of Surry Hills.

Plans on view.

ROCKY POINT-ROAD,

Leading to and near SANS SOUCI,

and convenient to SANDRIDGHAM.

TO SPECULATORS,

BUILDING SOCIETIES, &c.

LOT 1 contains 148a. 0r. 12p.

LOT 2 contains 31a. 3r.

These valuable, extensive, eligibly situated blocks of suburban land in the above healthy neighbourhood have each a considerable frontage to the main ROCKY POINT-ROAD and the road leading therefrom to

SANDRINGHAM HOTEL.

, From their large areas they offer special favourable opportunity for liberal subdivision in a district soon to be brought within convenient reach by the BAY-STREET STATION of the ILLAWARRA RAILWAY, now pushing ahead; and further, to be the more readily approached by the promised TRAMWAY to join said station and extend on to SANS SOUCI via SANDRINGHAM, thereby passing close to these lands now to be submitted.

TERMS will be very LIBERAL.

TITLE UNQUESTIONABLE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH will sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 15th December, at 11 o'clock,

The above-described important blocks of subdivision land.

Plan on view.

GLENMORE-ROAD, PADDINGTON.

TWO RESIDENCES in GOOD HOPE-STREET, East Side, near GLENMORE-ROAD, known as Mr. G. Davidson's property.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 8th December, at 11 o'clock,

All that block of land having 32 feet 6 inches frontage to Good Hope-street, east side, with a depth of 90 feet on one side and 83 feet on the other, on which are erected TWO RESIDENCES of brick on stone foundations, slate roofs, with balconies front and rear, and containing each hall, 6 rooms, washhouse with copper, bathroom with shower and plunge; yards, &c., at rear. The gas and city water are laid on.

☞ A substantially built property, in a favourite part of the borough of Paddington, north of the Glenmore-road, opposite Olive Bank Villa.

By Order of the Executors of the Will of the Late Mr. JOHN JAMES M'KONE.

ENMORE-ROAD and LONDON-STREET, VALUABLE CORNER ALLOTMENT, adjoining Mr. Cole's Property.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 15th DECEMBER,

at 11 o'clock,

All that corner allotment of land, being Lot 58 and part of Lot 59 of section 5 of the South Kingston Estate, having the following frontages:—

33 FEET to the ENMORE-ROAD

115½ FEET to LONDON-STREET

33 FEET to a LANE at the rear.

☞ This is a very valuable business site, at the junction of two main thoroughfares, in this populous suburb.

Messrs Julian and Borlase, Hunter-street, solicitors of the estate.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

By order of the Trustees of the late Hon. T. W. SMART.

UNRESERVED SALE.

COUNTRY ESTATE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on

FRIDAY, 15th December,

at 11 o'clock,

COUNTY of BLIGH—640 ACRES, Hughes' grant, near Lowe's grant, Goolma Creek.

COUNTY of MACQUARIE—Hughes' grant of 827 Acres, on Piper's Creek, between M'Garvie's and Bowman's grants and Hughes' 80-Acre grant on Limeburners' Creek, close to town of Macquarie.

TOWN of BROULEE—Lots 10, 11, and 12, section 3, each half an acre.

The county plans, showing position of the above grants, can be inspected at the Rooms.

Terms at sale.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE MR. JAMES CONLEY.

MARY VILLA, NEWTOWN.

A neat COTTAGE RESIDENCE, at the corner of MARY and CHARLES STREETS, NEWTOWN, near St. Stephen's Church, north of the NEWTOWN-ROAD, and now in the occupation of Mr. Gannan.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 15th December,

at 11 o'clock,

ALL THAT CORNER BLOCK OF LAND, having 66 feet frontage to MARY-STREET, and 60 feet frontage to CHARLES-STREET, on which is erected of brick on stone foundation, shingled roof, MARY VILLA, a COTTAGE RESIDENCE, with verandah front and rear, and containing 6 rooms and kitchen, flower garden, and large yard; water laid on to the premises.

☞ A neatly-finished, substantially-built residence, close to the trams and omnibuses, in retired convenient locality, 3 minutes' walk from the Railway Station.

Terms at sale.

GREAT SALE OF THE SEASON.

ON THE GROUND.

SATURDAY, 16th DECEMBER.

MERYLA PLATFORM,

near

MOSS VALE.

THE SANATORIUM OF THE SOUTH,

2200 feet above Sea Level.

NEW VILLAGE OF MERYLA,

situate on the

SOUTHERN RAILWAY LINE,

south of MOSS VALE,

and about

one mile from SUTTON FOREST.

BLOCKS of ALL AREAS,

consisting of

BUSINESS SITES

VILLA PLOTS

HOMESTEAD BLOCKS

SMALL FARMS,

carefully laid out and subdivided by Mr. Licensed Surveyor BINSTED.

MERYLA is but 1½ mile from the HILL VIEW ESTATE, lately purchased as a

PERMANENT COUNTRY VICE-REGAL RESIDENCE.

The SOIL is magnificent, being of whinstone or trap formation and is equal to any in the DISTRICT, and the land is of that pleasing undulatory character for which this healthy and popular locality is noted.

SPECULATORS would do well in obtaining some of the VILLAGE SITES for future BUSINESS PURPOSES, as from its position, its accessibility by rail, its proximity to the VICE-REGAL RESIDENCE, MERYLA will ere long be a place of no small importance.

The Railway Department have decided to put up a WAITING-ROOM and PLATFORM ON THE GROUND. The work being now in progress this will cause a constant stream of traffic from SUTTON FOREST and DISTRICT, and it is not unlikely that MERYLA will be made the VICE-REGAL STATION.

BUSINESS MEN whose avocations are of that exhaustive nature as to necessitate frequent changes to a LIGHTER, FREER ATMOSPHERE away from the EFFECTS of the SEA AIR, will find MERYLA the best position in which to secure VILLA SITES. It has all the advantages of ACCESS and PURE AIR of BOWRAL, BURRADOO, and MOSS VALE, yet from its present obscurity it is obtainable at a much lower figure.

To those whose health has been shattered by various causes, or who suffer from pulmonary complaints, MERYLA is an asylum where they are bound to improve. The LIGHT DRY AIR of this locality cannot fail to be beneficial. Let them secure a HOMESTEAD BLOCK and reside at MERYLA. The gain in health and strength will more than compensate for the outlay.

TO THRIFTY MEN of small means, or EMIGRANTS who are on the look out for a PLACE OF SETTLEMENT, MERYLA offers great advantages. Secure a small farm. The SOIL is of such a character that it will produce AN ABUNDANT HARVEST with the smallest possible amount of labour.

FIVE ACRES of LAND at MERYLA, judiciously planted with FRUIT TREES, will give a sufficiency for the COMFORTABLE SUPPORT of a MAN and his FAMILY.

THE LAND will be sold on the Ground,

SATURDAY, the 16th DECEMBER,

at NOON.

FREE SPECIAL TRAINS will leave SYDNEY on the morning of the sale at 7.50, will call at several places on the route, and RETURN TO SYDNEY in the evening of the same day.

THE TITLE OF MERYLA IS THE SIMPLEST and BEST.

TORRENS' ACT.

THE TERMS under which the ESTATE will be sold will be suitable to the position of all classes.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

NOTICE.

POSTPONEMENT of the FIRST DAY'S SALE

of the

HONORABLE EDWARD FLOOD'S CITY PROPERTIES

from 30th NOVEMBER instant to

THURSDAY, the 7th DECEMBER next,

in consequence of the plans not yet being ready for inspection.

THREE DAYS' SALE

of

CITY, SUBURBAN, and COUNTRY PROPERTIES.

FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD.

By order of the

HON. EDWARD FLOOD, M.L.C.

FIRST DAY OF SALE,

THURSDAY, 7th DECEMBER NEXT.

SECOND DAY OF SALE,

SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER NEXT.

THIRD DAY OF SALE,

SATURDAY, 16th DECEMBER NEXT.

TITLES UNQUESTIONABLE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from

The Hon. E. FLOOD, M.L.C.,

to sell by public auction, at the places, and on the days, and at times, abovementioned, the following:—

FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD CITY, SUBURBAN, and COUNTRY PROPERTIES, viz.,

FIRST DAY'S SALE,

at the ROOMS, PITT-STREET.

CITY PROPERTIES.

MARLBOROUGH TERRACE.

LOT 1.—DARLINGHURST HEIGHTS.

THREE SUPERIOR THREE-STORY DWELLING-HOUSES, Nos. 349, 351, and 353, LIVERPOOL-STREET, DARLINGHURST, with neat verandah Cottage at the rear, in Wellington-place.

LOT 2.—PRINCE and KENT STREETS.

All that block of land, having frontages to Prince-street and Kent-street, with FOUR 2-STORY DWELLING-HOUSES, Nos. 127, 129, 131, and 133, Prince-street.

2 COTTAGES and FOUR BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, fronting a wide lane.

2 COTTAGES, Nos. 140 and 142, Kent-street.

This block will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

LOT 3.—TRAFALGAR-TERRACE.

THREE DWELLING-HOUSES,

Nos. 116, 118, and 120, KENT-STREET.

LOT 4.—BLOCK OF LAND,

CASTLEREAGH-STREET,

TWO SHOPS, Nos. 220 and 222, abutting on Dixson's new factory.

LOT 5.—LARGE COTTAGE RESIDENCE,

at the corner of DEVONSHIRE and ELIZABETH STREETS, occupied by Mr. Newman.

LOT 6.—GEORGE-STREET, REDFERN.

FIVE ALLOTMENTS in GEORGE-STREET, near William-street, together with the buildings thereon.

LOT 7.—ALBION-STREET.

EIGHT ALLOTMENTS, 12, 13, 14, 15, having frontages to ALBION-STREET.

LOTS 16, 17, and 19 to Church-street, and Lot 18 to a lane leading therefrom.

The whole of this block is nearly opposite the residence of George Hill, Esq.

MOORE PARK.

LOT 8.—Corner Block of Land DOWLING and FITZROY STREETS, together with the cottage thereon.

Three Allotments in Hutchinson-street, close to Moore Park.

SUBURBAN PROPERTIES.

DOUBLE BAY.

LOT 9.—CADAXTON HOUSE and GROUNDS, now in the occupation of Percy Simpson, Esq.

LOT 10.—Allotment of Land, adjoining the above.

LOT 11.—TWELVE ALLOTMENTS of Land, Nos. 4 to 15, having frontages to the waters of DOUBLE BAY and Hill-street.

LOT 12.—TEN ALLOTMENTS, Nos. 1 to 6 and 13 to 16, having frontages to WILLIAM-STREET with depth extending to HILL-STREET.

COUNTRY.

LOT 13.—60 acres on the Kurrajong known as James Flood's Grant.

LOT 14.—50 acres at Coolamin Creek, known as E. Flood's Grant.

LOT 15.—640 acres, Jervis Bay, known as E. Flood's Grant.

SECOND DAY'S SALE.

THE CLARENDON ESTATE,

WAVERLEY HEIGHTS,

subdivided into

CHOICE ALLOTMENTS,

within a few minutes' walk of the

TRAMWAY TERMINUS at WAVERLEY.

Lithos. now ready.

THIRD DAY'S SALE,

HEIGHTS OF COOGEE,

OVERLOOKING THE GOVERNMENT RESERVE

and the

PACIFIC OCEAN.

THE SEABOROUGH ESTATE,

containing about

10 ACRES,

subdivided into

40 ALLOTMENTS.

Lithos. now obtainable.

Plans on view at the Rooms, where further particulars may be obtained, or by reference to the extended advertisement in each Saturday's Sydney Morning Herald.

Terms, liberal.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1417095

Auction Sales.

ORDERS OF AUCTION SALES
by
CHAS. MOORE and CO.,
123, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 29th instant. — 43 packages Ironmongery, Galvanised Iron, Steel, Nails, &c., ex NORTHAMPTON; also, Galvanised Iron Tubs, Iron Garden Seats, Pedestals and Vases, Varnishes, Seaming, Tea, and Counter Twines, Plough Rope, Spunyarn, Fishing Lines, &c.

THIS DAY, 29th instant. — On the premises, 418, George-street near Royal Hotel, STOCK OF BOOTS and SHOES, by order of Mr. JOHN FLETCHER (who is relinquishing the retail portion of the business), at 11 o'clock sharp.

TO-MORROW, 30th instant. — Summer Clothing, Shirts, French Felt Hats, Damask and Loom Cloths, Handkerchiefs, Longcloths, Shirtings, Prints, &c.

FRIDAY, 1st December. — 63 Cases Austrian Chairs of every description; also, 295 Cases American Wood and Cane Seated Chairs, ex Filadelfia.

MONDAY, 4th December. — At FARNHAM, RANDWICK, the residence of the late GEORGE MOORE, Esq., J.P., by order of the Executors, the Whole of the Elegant HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.
29 TONS BAR IRON,
in ¾, 1, and 1¼ inch.
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
10 tons bar iron, ¾ inch
10 ditto ditto, 1 ditto
9 ditto ditto, 1¼ ditto.
NO RESERVE.
Terms at sale.

TO IRONMONGERS, BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, &c.
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 29th instant,
at 11 o'clock sharp.
ON ACCOUNT OF SOUTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY.
Ex NORTHAMPTON.
43 Packages of
WIRE NAILS, CLOUTS
GALVANISED IRON
DOUBLE SHEAR STEEL
GRINDSTONES, SCALES,
DAMAGED BY SEA WATER.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp,
43 packages of the above goods, just received ex NORTHAMPTON, consisting of—
TWE in double triangle.
1-10—10 cases wire nails
—1 case iron clouts
28-34—27 cases galvanised iron, Anvil brand
2—1 case octagon and double shear steel
46-85—35 grindstones, assorted sizes
20—1 cask scales.
WITH ALL FAULTS.
NO RESERVE.
Terms, cash.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp.
An UNRESERVED and CLEARING SALE of the Stock of
Mr. JOHN FLETCHER,
George-street, near Royal Hotel,
who is relinquishing the Retail portion of his Business.
The Stock consists of
Very Choice Lines in
MEN'S BOOTS and SHOES
LADIES' Ditto Ditto
CHILDREN'S Ditto Ditto.
Also,
SHOP FIXTURES and FITTING.

On WEDNESDAY Next, 29th instant, at 11 sharp.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed by Mr. John Fletcher, George-street, near Royal Hotel (who is relinquishing the retail portion of the business), to sell by auction, on the Premises, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp,
The whole of his stock of
CHOICE BOOTS and SHOES
SHOP FITTINGS and FIXTURES.
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATEVER.
Terms at sale.

To Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Grocers, Shipchandlers, Painters, &c.
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 29th inst., at 11 o'clock sharp,
an Extensive Consignment of
GALVANISED IRON TUBS
IRON GARDEN-SEATS, HALL TABLES
GARDEN and PORTAL VASES and PEDESTALS
(from the Meadow Foundry Co., Limited)
LANTERNS, VARNISH, BRUNSWICK BLACK
SEAMING, TEA, and COUNTER TWINE, MATCHES
PLOUGH LINES, 3 and 4 strand
FLAX SPUN YARN, in 3 qualities
FISHING LINES, 20 and 30 yards, assorted weights
&c. &c.

Ex Cambrian Prince, Trafalgar, and Cambrian Queen.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed by the shippers to sell by public auction, WITHOUT ANY RESERVE, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp,
275 packages of the above goods, consisting of:—
2283- 4—5 crates galvanised iron tubs, 22, 24, and 26 inch. M'C in diamond.
250- 4—5 cases, containing HALL TABLES, imitation bronze, GARDEN SEATS, with and without backs, VASES and PEDESTALS, PUNCH STOPS, FRUIT PLATES, assorted sizes. P in diamond.
1- 2—2 casks brass lanterns and globes
15- 20—6 cases varnish in railway rubbing, wearing body; best carriage, No. 1 coat, C. P. Japan, enamel top dressing, black rubbing, and Japan gold size
17- 18—2 casks Brunswick black, quarts
5058- 4—2 cases, each 50 bundles, seaming twine, 3 and 5 fold
5134- 30—6 ditto Italian counter twine, 3½oz. balls
34939- 29—10 ditto matches
5100-5104—5 bales ¾, 3-strand plough lines
5095- 9—5 ditto 1, 4-strand ditto
5110-5112—3 ditto flax spun yarn, A
5113-5115—3 ditto ditto ditto, B
5116-5133—18 ditto ditto ditto, C
5098-5100—3 ditto fishing lines, 10, 12, 16 oz.; 1½, 1¾, and 2 st., 6 threads, 20 yards; 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 st., 30 yards.

The auctioneers desire to call the attention of the trade to the above SPECIAL LINES, just landed from the Cambrian Queen and Trafalgar. Every line will be sold WITHOUT ANY RESERVE. Sale will commence as usual at 11 O'CLOCK PROMPT.
Terms at sale.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
SALVAGE GOODS FROM THE LATE FIRE.
On account of whom it may concern.
Consisting of
Cases of
HATS
DRAPERY
PORTMANTEAUX
&c., &c.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 sharp.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed by those concerned to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Salvage drapery goods from late fire, consisting of:—
1— 1 case black Paris hats
2— 1 ditto straw and leghorn ditto
4— 1 ditto ditto ditto
5— 1 ditto hard felt ditto
7— 1 ditto glengarry and cloth caps, and soft felt hats
8— 1 ditto black Paris hats
9— 1 ditto hats, assorted
6— 1 ditto men's hard felt hats
10 boxes ditto ditto
31 black portmanteaus
8 Devon ditto
35 basil ditto
16 solid leather ditto.
The above goods will be sold, WITH ALL FAULTS, being more or less damaged by FIRE and WATER.
Terms are NET CASH.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp,
Invoices of
SUMMER CLOTHING, FELT HATS
OXFORD, HARVARD, and WHITE SHIRTS
DAMASK CLOTHS, HANDKERCHIEFS
LONGCLOTH, PRINTS, SHIRTINGS
DRESS GOODS, ALPACAS, &c.
Ex Darling Downs.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp.
Invoices of the above goods, comprising—
JC in square.
78—1 case gent.'s fancy worsted suits
81—1 ditto men's fancy tweed trousers
86—1 ditto ditto black diagonal P. of W. coats
87—1 ditto ditto fancy tweed trousers
88—1 ditto ditto ditto ditto suits
92—1 ditto ditto light tweed trousers and vests
96—1 ditto ditto fancy diagonal sacs and vests
74—1 ditto ditto oxford shirts, washed and boxed
74—1 ditto ditto Harvard, ditto
75—1 ditto ditto white ditto, H.B.
206—1 ditto damask and loom table cloths
207—1 ditto ½ and ¾ cambric handkerchiefs
750—1 ditto Horrockses' twilled longcloths, 2 Nos.
16—1 ditto fancy zephyr prints
163—1 ditto fancy angolas, cashmeres, checks, &c.
166—1 ditto ditto homespuns and serges
17—1 ditto men's soft felt hats
&c., &c.
Terms at sale.

TO FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN, SHIPPERS, DEALERS, &c.
On FRIDAY next, 1st December, at 11 o'clock sharp.
An Original and Well-assorted Invoice of
63 Cases of
AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD CHAIRS,
in every variety.
295 Cases of
AMERICAN CANE and WOOD SEATED CHAIRS,
in
Wood-seat Windsor, Baltimore and Washington Bent Rim, and Bar-room
Cane and Wood Seat Grecian, Parlour, Bed, and Dining Room
Cane and Wood Seat Children's, high and low.
Ex Philadelphia.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY next, 1st December, at 11 sharp,
358 cases Austrian and American chairs, comprising:—
G L over C.
31-33—3 cases, each 36 Austrian walnut chairs, No. 11
50-53—4 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, No. 13
54-58—5 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, No. 14½
59-60—2 ditto, ditto ditto ditto shop ditto, No. 14
62-64—3 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, No. 1
65-68—4 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, No. 2
69-71—3 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, No. 4
72—1 ditto, 12 ditto ditto ditto, No. 17
73—1 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, with rail, No. 17
74-76 3 ditto, ditto ditto ditto ditto, No. 21
77-8 —2 ditto, 24 ditto ditto arm chairs, No. 7
79-82—2 ditto, 24 ditto ditto, No. 11
80-1 —2 ditto, ditto ditto folding chairs, Nos. 21 and 23
83—1 ditto, 36 ditto shop chairs, No. 14
84-6 —3 ditto, ditto ditto chairs, No. 15.
295 Cases
AMERICAN CANE and WOOD SEATED CHAIRS, in wood seat, Windsor, Baltimore, Washington, bent rim, and barroom
Cane and wood seat Grecian, parlour, bed, and dining room
Ditto ditto children's high and low
&c., &c.

Attention of buyers is called to the above choice shipment, being the finest and best assorted that has ever been offered in this market.
As the instructions are positive, every line must be sold
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.
Terms at sale.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE
of
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
at
FARNHAM, RANDWICK,
residence of the late
GEORGE MOORE, Esq., J.P.,
on MONDAY, 4th December, at 11 o'clock.
Full particulars and catalogues shortly.
CHAS. MOORE and CO., Auctioneers,
123, Pitt-street.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
A GRAND EXHIBITION of BRITISH and CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURES
will be held
at the SALE ROOMS, 322, George-street, during the SECOND week in DECEMBER, from 10 o'clock a.m. to 4 p.m., and will be followed by a SERIES of SALES by AUCTION until the whole are disposed of, from 11 to 1 in the Mornings and 2 to 4 Afternoons.
OVER £30,000 OF INVOICES
of
ELEGANT ART FURNITURE
MAGNIFICENT HAND-PAINTED DRESDEN
ROYAL GLAZE MAJOLICA
SUPERB GOLD JEWELLERY and PRECIOUS STONES, from the FIRST and MOST FASHIONABLE ATELIERS in the WORLD.
Beautiful HIGH-CLASS ENGLISH CHINA, GLASS, and CERAMIC-WARE.
CHOICE OIL PAINTINGS and WATER COLOUR DRAWINGS,
ELEGANT FRENCH BRONZES
ELEGANT Assortment of BRITISH PLATED GOODS.
The Whole forming a most
VALUABLE COLLECTION of WORKS of ART and VERTU, in every way suitable for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS,
WEDDING PRESENTS,
BIRTHDAY GIFTS,
of
EXCEEDING VALUE, FASHIONABLE STYLES,
and
ARTISTIC DESIGNS.
FURTHER PARTICULARS in FUTURE ISSUE, and FULL DESCRIPTION in BOOK CATALOGUES now in course of PREPARATION.
THE EXHIBITION
will
BE OPEN
to
THE INSPECTION OF THE PUBLIC
for
SEVEN CLEAR DAYS AT LEAST,
and will be
FOLLOWED
by a
SERIES OF UNRESERVED AUCTION SALES,
MORNING and AFTERNOON,
until
THE WHOLE ARE CLEARED OUT.
In announcing the
ABOVE UNPRECEDENTED EVENT
the Auctioneer can, with every confidence, assure the community that
THE WHOLE OF THE DIFFERENT MANUFACTURES
are
DIRECT CONSIGNMENTS
from the most
FASHIONABLE HOUSES in LONDON
and the
CONTINENT of EUROPE,
and which will be a
GUARANTEE
of the
GENUINE CHARACTER of the SALES.

LOUIS COHEN has the honor to announce that he has been favoured with instructions to hold a
GRAND EXHIBITION
and subsequent
SALES BY AUCTION,
at the Sale Rooms, 322, George-street,
the
SECOND WEEK in DECEMBER,
Of one of the MOST VALUABLE Collections of Works of Art and VERTU EVER SUBMITTED for Public Sale in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.
Date of Sale in a future issue.

Unreserved Sale by Auction
of
LARGE CONSIGNMENT of AMERICAN MANUFACTURES,
now landing,
ex Samaria, from New York.
On Account and Risk of the Shippers.
HARDWARE
IRONMONGERY
WOODWARE
CLOCKS, &c., &c.

LOUIS COHEN has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the Rooms, 322, George-street, as soon as landed, due notice of which will be given,
178 packages of
AMERICAN GOODS,
in the above lines.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Announcement.
HIGHLY-ATTRACTIVE SALE
of
SUPERIOR ENGLISH FURNITURE of every description, selected by the IMPORTER from best LONDON HOUSES.
Now landing, ex Dartford, from London.

LOUIS COHEN has been favoured with instructions from the importer, Mr. D. H. DAVIS, to sell by auction, at the Rooms, 322, George-street, on an early day, as soon as landed, 96 cases SUPERIOR ENGLISH
FURNITURE
PIER GLASSES
PIANOFORTES,
&c., &c.
Date of sale and full particulars in future issue.

ENTIRE DAY'S SALE, TO-MORROW,
24 Cases of FANCY GOODS,
For Unreserved Auction Sale.

KELLETT and ALFORD are instructed by the consignees to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 86, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, Thursday, at 11 sharp,
A large shipment of seasonable goods, as
Paper bags, sizes, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 10
Fancy stationery, writing desks
Dolls, toys, in tin and wood; fans
Christmas cards, illuminated cards
Glass inks, cricketing goods
Hollow balls, purses, pipes
E. P. butters, cruets, teapots, spoons and forks
Fancy jewellery, Cutlery, books.
A well chosen invoice of JAPANESE GOODS, including
Revolving cigar stands, cigar and match stands
Smokers' stands, scent stands, satchels, &c.
110 TINS SWEETS, comprising assorted lollies, mixtures, conversations, peppermint, sugar dates, French jellies, &c.
10 cases AUSTRIAN CHAIRS, Nos. 14, 18, 20.

To Parties Furnishing, Agents, and others.
THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at Rosemount, corner of Old Canterbury-road and Prospect-road, Summer Hill, on account of the present proprietor leaving the locality,
The whole of the surplus furniture,
Dining-room suite, hair-seated covering; maroon silk-covered drawing-room suite; walnut inlaid centre tables; whatnots, &c.; superior full trichord piano, by Weber; Berlin walnut frame; superior Brussels and tapestry carpets, wardrobe (mahogany), duchesse toilets, chests of drawers, pier glass, engravings, ornaments, E. plated ware, glass, china and crockery, plunge and shower baths; double-seated buggy, in excellent condition; quantity of poultry; pigeons, comprising carriers, Antwerps, &c.
A waggonette will convey intending purchasers, free of charge, from the Summer Hill Station to Rosemount, from 10 a.m.; trains to 11.

THE Royal Furnishing Arcade will be Open this day from 8 o'clock a.m. until 9 o'clock p.m.

ORDER OF SALE.

THIS DAY, NOVEMBER 29. — 187 PACKAGES CHINA, EARTHENWARE and GLASS, also KEROSENE LAMP CHIMNEYS, large, medium, and small, ex MITREDALE, from Liverpool; and 15 Cases Sheffield E.P. WARE (Package Sale).

THURSDAY, November 30. — At the TEMPORARY FURNITURE SALE ROOMS, 233, George-street North, 47 PACKAGES FINE WORKS of ART, in KERAMIC-WARE, HAND PAINTED PORCELAIN, CHOICE DESSERT SERVICES, &c., &c., ex PHASIS, from London.

FRIDAY, December 1. — 67 CASES, ex Garonne (s.), from London, a MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT of OIL PAINTINGS, in every STYLE of ART.

On an EARLY DAY. — At the TEMPORARY SALE ROOMS, 233, GEORGE-STREET NORTH, 55 CASES LONDON-MADE FURNITURE, &c., ex GRECIAN, from London, UNDER INSTRUCTIONS from the CONSIGNEES.

HARRIS and ACKMAN,
Auctioneers,
107, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 29th NOVEMBER.
FOR SALE BY AUCTION,
Ex Hans, from London.
UNRESERVED PACKAGE SALE
of
SHEFFIELD ELECTROPLATED WARE,
consisting of
4 CASES E. P. TEA and COFFEE SERVICES
2 ditto E.P. BUTTERS
5 ditto ditto CRUETS.
4 CASES, consisting of
E.P. BUTTERS, SUGARS, VASES, PRIZE CUPS
CRUET STANDS, GOBLETS, CREAM JUGS
PICKLE FRAMES, BISCUIT BOXES
3 CASES B.M. TEAPOTS, &c., &c.
To Ironmongers, Shippers, Storekeepers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above by AUCTION, at the ROOMS, 107, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 29th NOVEMBER, at 11 o'clock.
NO RESERVE.
TERMS AT SALE.

THIS DAY, 29th November.
FOR SALE BY AUCTION,
Ex MITREDALE, from LIVERPOOL.
187 Packages EARTHENWARE, CHINA, and GLASS,
comprising—
DINNER WARE, in white granite, blue and pink lined, &c.
TOILET SETS, white and gold, white granite, granite printed and sponged
CUPS and SAUCERS, white and gold, blue figured, printed and sponged
EWERS and BASINS, JUGS, BOWLS, MUGS, PUDDING BASINS
SALAD BOWLS, CHAMBERS, BUTTERS, TOY CANS, &c.
GLASS WATER BOTTLES
STONE and CHINA FILTERS
KEROSENE CHIMNEYS, large, medium, and small
FESTOONED Ditto, ditto ditto.
To China and Earthenware Dealers, Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will SELL the ABOVE by AUCTION, at the ROOMS, 107, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 29th November, at 11 o'clock,
No reserve.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 30th November.
HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION
of
FINE WORKS OF ART IN KERAMIC WARE,
which will be held at our temporary Furniture Salerooms, 233, George-street North, in order to effect a thorough and elaborate display.
57 PACKAGES, ex PHASIS, from LONDON,
comprising—
Elegant HAND-PAINTED CHINA
RICHLY DECORATED DESSERT SERVICES
DEJEUNER TETE-A-TETE SETS, TOY JUGS
Fancy Jugs, Bowls, Matchholders
Lotus FANCY CHINA, in Silver Gold and Colours
FLOWER STANDS, JARDINIERES
Decorated FLOWER POTS, ROSE BASKETS
Birdnest Brackets, Umbrella Stands, Turquoise
SUPERB PORCELAIN FIGURES, highly embellished
WEDGWOOD VASES, GARDEN SEATS
TOBACCO JARS, SPILL POTS, FLOWER HOLDERS
PICKLE STANDS, BREAD TRAYS, CHEESE STANDS
EGG BASKETS, SHELL BASKETS
PUNCH BOWLS, BOSTON VASES
BIRDS, ANIMALS, &c., in Rich China
SINGLE and DOUBLE TOILET SETS, in the newest styles
BREAKFAST and TEA SETS, in profuse variety
SARDINIERES, TRIPODS, &c., &c.
To Connoisseurs, Admirers of Fine Art Productions, Fancy Repositories, Gentlemen Furnishing, Glass, China, and Earthenware Houses, &c., &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to SELL the ABOVE BY AUCTION, at the TEMPORARY FURNITURE SALE ROOMS, 233, GEORGE-STREET NORTH (where an elaborate and thorough display can be effected), on THURSDAY NEXT, 30th NOVEMBER, at 11 o'clock,
NO RESERVE.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER.
FOR SALE BY AUCTION,
Ex GARONNE (s.), from LONDON,
67 CASES, comprising
A MOST MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF
OIL PAINTINGS, OLEOGRAPHS,
AUTOTYPES, &c., &c.,
embracing—
LAND and SEA SCAPES
ARCHITECTURAL VIEWS, ORIENTAL SCENES
FARMYARD SCENES, SHEEP and CATTLE PIECES
RIVER and LAKE SCENERY
BATTLE SCENES, TYPES of BEAUTY
HUNTING, RACING, and YACHTING PICTURES
HEADS, FLOWERS, and FRUITS
HISTORICAL PICTURES,
&c., &c.
To Artists, Fine Art Dealers, Picture Buyers, Parties Furnishing, Hotelkeepers, Furniture Warehousemen, and the public generally.

HARRIS and ACKMAN are instructed to sell by auction, without any reserve whatever,
The above named CAPITAL SELECTION of PICTURES, in EVERY STYLE of ART, on FRIDAY NEXT, 1st DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock, at the ROOMS, 107, Pitt-street.
ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE.
NO RESERVE.
TERMS, LIBERAL, AT SALE.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION,
which will be held at the
TEMPORARY FURNITURE SALE ROOMS,
233, GEORGE-STREET NORTH, near CHARLOTTE-PLACE,
known as Johnson's new buildings,
55 CASES LONDON-MADE FURNITURE
FRAMEWORK
MIRRORS
PIANOFORTES, &c., &c.,
Landed in excellent condition,
ex GRECIAN, from London.
BY ORDER OF THE CONSIGNEES.
To Furniture Warehousemen, Shippers, Private Buyers, &c., &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN beg to announce the receipt of INSTRUCTIONS from the CONSIGNEES to SELL BY AUCTION, at their TEMPORARY FURNITURE SALE ROOMS, 233, GEORGE-STREET NORTH, on an EARLY DAY, of which DUE NOTICE will be given,
THIS HIGH CLASS SHIPMENT
of
LONDON-MADE FURNITURE, &c., &c.
FULL PARTICULARS in future issue.
DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES in course of preparation.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, at 11 o'clock.
FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION,
ex Sophocles, from London.
19 CASES OIL PAINTINGS, OLEOGRAPHS, &c.,
comprising
LAND and SEA SCAPES
Architectural Views, Oriental Scenes
FARMYARD SCENES, SHEEP and CATTLE PIECES
RIVER and LAKE SCENERY
Hunting and Racing Pictures
HEADS, FLOWERS, and FRUITS
HISTORICAL PICTURES, &c., &c.
To Artists, Fine Art Dealers, Picture Buyers, Parties Furnishing, Furniture Warehousemen, and the Public generally.

B. R. HARRIS and CO. have received POSITIVE INSTRUCTIONS to sell the above GRAND SELECTION of PICTURES, WITHOUT ANY RESERVE, at their Rooms, 28, O'Connell-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock.
NOW ON VIEW UNTIL SALE DAY.

THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock.
25,000 FEET ALHAMBRA GOLD MOULDINGS,
comprising
1, 1½, and 2 in. GOLD MOULDINGS
1½ and 2 in. WALNUT ditto
1½ in. B. and G. and ROSEWOOD ditto
¾ and 1 in. SLIP ditto.

B. R. HARRIS and CO. are instructed to sell the above by auction, at their Rooms, 28, O'Connell-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock.
FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock,
now landing ex Filadelfia.
96 CASES (JEROME'S) CELEBRATED CLOCKS,
in NICKEL, MARBLE, and WOOD.
To the Trade, Jewellers, Pawnbrokers, and Others.

B. R. HARRIS and CO. have received instructions from the CONSIGNEES to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 28, O'Connell-street, TOMORROW, THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock, 96 CASES (JEROME'S) CELEBRATED CLOCKS.
No reserve. Terms at sale.
Full particulars to-morrow.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock.
WATCHES and JEWELLERY,
comprising—
LADIES' and GENT.'S GOLD and SILVER WATCHES
9 and 15 CARAT SUITES, LOCKETS, NECKLETS
DIAMOND CLUSTER HALF-HOOP RINGS, &c.

B. R. HARRIS and CO. will sell THE ABOVE by auction, at their Rooms, 28, O'Connell-street, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock.
No reserve.

IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION
at
BISHOPSCOURT, RANDWICK,
on
THURSDAY, 30th NOVEMBER, at 11 a.m.,
of
VERY SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, GLASS
BRILLIANT TONED GRAND PIANOFORTE by COLLARD and COLLARD
BOOK CASES
MAHOGANY CHAIRS, COVERED MAROON MOROCCO
DRAWING-ROOM SUITE
HANDSOME INLAID CABINET
CARVED GILT FRAME PIER GLASSES
BEDSTEADS, HAIR MATTRESSES
MASSIVE DOUBLE-WINGED MAHOGANY WARDROBE, with Plate-Glass Door
SINGLE WARDROBE, Plate-Glass Door
MAHOGANY DOUBLE WASHSTAND, MARBLE TOP and MAHOGANY SHAPED DRESSING TABLE, with Swing Glass to Match
CARPETS and HEARTHRUGS
Fenders and Fire Irons
PATENT MANGLE
Laundry and Kitchen Utensils, &c.
WINES,
LANDAU,
BROUGHAM,
DERBY PHAETON,
HARNESS and STABLE IMPLEMENTS,
3 COWS,
CART,
and GARDEN IMPLEMENTS, &c., &c.

TO PRIVATE GENTLEMEN, PROPRIETORS OF HORSE REPOSITORIES, FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN, COMMISSION AGENTS, AND OTHERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from Simeon Pearce, Esq., attorney for the Executors of the late Bishop of Sydney, to sell by auction, at BISHOPSCOURT, RANDWICK, on Thursday, 30th November, at 11 a.m.,
VERY SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Brilliant-toned Pianoforte, LANDAU, BROUGHAM, DERBY PHAETON, HARNESS, COWS, &c., &c.
Catalogues obtainable at the Rooms.
The carriages, cows, and wines will be sold at 2 p.m.
ON VIEW this day from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., and before commencement of sale on Thursday.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
THE FINE ARTS.
VERY INTERESTING SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION
on
TUESDAY, 5th December, at 3 p.m.
at the
AUSTRALIAN AUCTION MART, SPRING-STREET,
of a
SUPERB COLLECTION of VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS
from the Collection of the late
H. VON. BODEN, Esq.,
by the Undermentioned Celebrated Artists:—
GOGARTEN, KRUCHEN, BECHI, RITTER, WEINBERGER, BUSTICK, GERLACH, NOCKEN, DOHMEN, LACHEUWITZ, BACHMANN, HOHMANN, JACOBY, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Mart, Spring-street, on TUESDAY, 5th December, at 3 p.m.,
A LARGE NUMBER of EXQUISITE SUBJECTS painted in OILS, from the collection of the late H. Von Boden, Esq.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
Highly Important and Very Attractive
SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION,
at the
Residence of John Gardyne, Esq.,
CRAIGSTONE,
No. 25, Upper William-street, Darlinghurst,
on
TUESDAY, 12th DECEMBER, at 11 a.m.
of his
Truly Elegant and Fashionable
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
The latest designs now prevailing in the West End of London, in Spanish Mahogany, Ebonised and Gold, Huon Pine, and other Valuable Woods.
COLEBROOKDALE CASTINGS, &c., Superb Hand-painted, Artistic CHINA, of French Manufacture; Choice Dresden CHINA, Real WEDGEWOOD-WARE, Richly Engraved and Cut GLASS from Vienna, for table use and interior decoration, ELECTROPLATE of the first quality; handsome Brussels CARPETS, and HEARTHRUGS to match; Ornamental HEARTH TILES and MARBLE FENDERS, Choice STATUARY, Valuable WATER-COLOURS and OIL PAINTINGS, very fine Proof ENGRAVINGS, highly-finished AUTOTYPES, and other works of art
Rich-toned PIANOFORTE by COLLARD and COLLARD
Large Patent MANGLE, Patent Compressed Air WASHING MACHINE, Kitchen and Laundry UTENSILS, and a large number of miscellaneous Household Requisites.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from John Gardyne, Esq., to sell by public auction, at his residence, Craigstone, No. 25, Upper William-street, Darlinghurst, on TUESDAY, 12th December, at 11 a.m.,
The truly elegant household FURNITURE, CHINA, PLATEGLASS, PICTURES, PIANOFORTE, &c., &c.
Catalogues in course of preparation.

POINT PIPER.
COOPER ESTATE.
AUCTION SALE on the Ground.
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
WATER FRONTAGES to PORT JACKSON.
WATER FRONTAGES to DOUBLE BAY.
WATER FRONTAGES to ROSE BAY.
MARINE VILLA SITES.
VALUABLE BUSINESS SITES.
CHARMING BUILDING SITES.
LIBERAL FRONTAGES. LONG DEPTHS.
Every allotment commands an UNINTERRUPTED VIEW, which CANNOT BE BUILT OUT.
TITLE FREEHOLD (unquestionable).
TERMS EXCEPTIONALLY EASY, viz.:—20 per cent. deposit, balance by 4 equal instalments at 1, 2, 3, and 4 years from day of sale, with 6 per cent. interest.
SPECIAL STEAMERS and 'BUSES.
LITHOS. now READY.

BATT, RODD, and PURVES have received instructions to sell the above exceptionally valuable estate, by public auction,
on
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER,
at 3 p.m.,
ON THE GROUND.
The property has been liberally subdivided by Messrs. REUSS and HALLORAN, Licensed Surveyor, into
82 LARGE ALLOTMENTS, as follows:—
SECTION 1.—12 allotments, having FRONTAGES of from 66 to 142 feet to the waters of DOUBLE BAY, WOLSELEY and WHARF ROADS, by DEPTHS of from 176 to 350 feet.
SECTION 2.—16 allotments, having frontages varying from 66 to 115 feet to the WATERS of PORT JACKSON, WHARF and WOLSELEY ROADS, by depths of from 70 to 259 feet.
SECTION 3.—20 allotments, having FRONTAGES of from 66 to 171 feet 3 inches to WENTWORTH and HILL STREETS, and WOLSELEY-ROAD by DEPTHS of from 172 to 254 feet.
SECTION 4.—6 allotments, having FRONTAGES of from 100 to 223 feet to WOLSELEY-ROAD and WENTWORTH-STREET, by depths of from 110 to 165 feet.
SECTION 5.—17 allotments, having FRONTAGES varying from 66 to 300 feet, facing NEW SOUTH HEAD and Wolseley Roads, private road, and Hill-street, by DEPTHS of from 167 to 318 feet.
SECTION 6.—11 allotments, having frontages of from 75 feet 9 inches to NEW SOUTH HEAD ROAD, a private road, and a Government road, running through to the WATERS OF ROSE BAY.
POINT PIPER occupies an unrivalled position. It is bounded on the north by the waters of Port Jackson, on the south by New South Head-road, on the east by the waters of Rose Bay, and on the west by the waters of Double Bay, and only 10 minutes' of Sydney by water, or about 15 minutes' by road.
The Auctioneers beg to draw SPECIAL ATTENTION to the large area of DEEP WATER FRONTAGE open to selection. This class of property is very seldom in the market, and is daily becoming MORE VALUABLE, and as to obtaining sites in any way equal to those in this Estate, "IT IS AN UTTER IMPOSSIBILITY."
LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS NOW READY.
POCKET PLANS and PAMPHLETS, with VIEW of the Estate, now in the Press.
Special Steamers and 'Buses will convey intending purchasers to the property on day of sale,
viz.,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

OUR NEW PROPERTY CIRCULAR (34th issue) IS NOW READY.
COPIES FREE on application.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

BUILDING MATERIALS
of Substantial House, No. 187, Elizabeth-street,
ADJOINING GORMAN'S CLARENDON HOTEL.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, November 29, at half-past 2 o'clock,
The whole of the building materials contained in the house, No. 187, Elizabeth-street, substantially built of brick on stone foundation, consisting of bricks, stone, hardwood, joist and flooring boards, window sashes, doors, &c.
No reserve.
Terms cash.

Postponed until the 11th December, on account of the Elections.
BUILDING MATERIALS of PREMISES
at
CORNER OF PITT AND KING STREETS,
about to be pulled down to make room for the new buildings to be erected for the
AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY.
Consisting of
BRICKS, STONE, HARDWOOD JOISTS and FLOORING-BOARDS, DOORS, SASHES, LEAD, &c.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions from the manager of the AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY, to sell by auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, 11th December, at 3 o'clock,
The whole of the building materials of the premises at the corner of
Pitt and King streets.
No reserve. Terms, cash.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.
STANMORE-ROAD,
NEXT MARSHALL'S HOTEL.
A splendid Allotment, having a frontage to Stanmore-road of 36 feet, with depth of 97 feet.
Title, Torrens'.
Liberal terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, November 30, at 11 o'clock a.m., the following superb property, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket:—
HURSTVILLE,
ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE,
A grand block of land, consisting of 37¾ acres, about 9 miles from General Post Office; a capital block for subdivision.
A rare chance in this fast-rising and salubrious locality for speculators and others to operate. Adjacent blocks have realised to the advantage of those purchasing, subdivision lots being eagerly competed for and sold at high figures. Mr. Petitt, land agent, will show intending purchasers over the ground.
Title good.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.
CROYDON.
CHATSWORTH ESTATE.
Title, First-class.
Three allotments, Nos. 1, 2, 3, in one block or separately, each having a frontage of 57 feet 3 inches to Liverpool-road, with depths from 160 to 180 feet. They are opposite the mansion of H. Hudson, Esq., and near to that of J. Mullins, Esq.
Also 2 allotments, Nos. 4 and 5, being part of above block, but fronting Devonshire-street; frontage, 50 feet, with depth of 156.
Liberal terms.
PADDINGTON.
VICTORIA-TERRACE, PADDINGTON-STREET.
All that piece and parcel of land, having a frontage of 42 feet to Paddington-street, with depth of 120 feet; upon which is erected a terrace of three houses, known as Victoria-terrace, substantially built of brick on stone foundations, slate roofs, each containing seven rooms, bathroom, and washhouse with copper, gas and water laid on, iron balconies back and front to each floor. The above are near Elizabeth-street, on north side. There is a grand panoramic view of Sydney harbour from back balconies, ranging from North Shore to Manly Beach. Large yards; drainage good. Let at a rental of 24s per week.
Title, Torrens'.
Liberal terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 30th November, at 11 o'clock a.m.,
The following allotments at
NORTH ANNANDALE,
TRAFALGAR-STREET,
two of the choicest allotments in the estate, situated on the highest ground, commanding view, and within a short distance of the Parramatta-road, being Nos. 10 and 11, of Messrs. Wells and Smith's re-subdivision, each having a frontage of 41 feet to Trafalgar-street, with a depth of 100 feet, fenced in, and adjoining Mr. Powell's property.
Small cash deposit. Balance, easy terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following Properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.
SUMMER HILL ESTATE,
SUMMER HILL,
Allotments 7 and 8, Section 2, each having 31 feet frontage to Tillock-street, with a depth of 130 feet.
Title, Torrens'.
ASHFIELD, TARINGA ESTATE,
John-street.
An Allotment, being part of Lots 1 and 2 of the Taringa Estate, having a frontage of 45 feet to John-street, with depth of 130 feet more or less.
Title, the well-known Ashfield Park Estate.
ASHFIELD, TARINGA ESTATE,
Alt and John streets.
One Allotment, being likewise part of Lots 1 and 2 of the Taringa Estate, having a frontage of 45 feet, with depth of 130 feet.
Title, the well-known Ashfield Park Estate.
Small deposit on each; balance, easy terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket,
PARRAMATTA,
Church and Harold streets.
BUSINESS PREMISES.
A large grocery and produce store, with loft and storerooms; also capital dwelling, containing 4 bedrooms, parlour, dining-room, kitchen, bathroom, and man's room, verandahs back and front.
There is an eight-horse power portable engine, chaffcutter, cornecracker, saw-bench, all covered by iron shed.
Also large iron shed, with two large double doors, wash-house, 4-stall stable, cart sheds, &c., &c.
Gas and water laid on.
The above are situated on a good block of land, having a frontage of 82 feet to Church-street, by a depth of 172 feet to Harold-street.
Everything in good working order, with every facility for carrying on a large and profitable business.
This property is specially well worth the attention of investors.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following Properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket:—
SMITH-STREET, SUMMER HILL.
A cottage, containing four rooms, kitchen, bathroom, verandahs back and front, built of stone, brick partitions, slate roof.
The above stands on an allotment having 50 feet frontage to Smith-street, with a depth of about 230 feet. Gardens back and front.
Underground tank, hold about 5000 gallons.
Title, Torrens'.
Liberal terms.
CURLEWIS-STREET, BONDI.
A weatherboard cottage, with iron roof, lath and plastered, containing hall, four rooms, outhouses, situated on an allotment having 50 feet frontage to Curlewis-street, depth 165 feet; well fenced; front laid out as lawn; two 400-gallon tanks, new.
With the above can be purchased an adjoining allotment of similar dimensions, levelled ready for building.
Title, Torrens'.
Further particulars on application.
Liberal terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket,
SUMMER HILL ESTATE,
SUMMER HILL,
facing Canterbury Old Road.
Lot 7 and part of lot 8, facing Canterbury Old Road, having a frontage of 45 feet, with a depth of 120 feet, with right-of-way to Tillock-street, on which are three substantial, newly erected, brick and stone, slated roof houses, containing 5 rooms each, with hall, verandah, bathroom, kitchen, pantry, and washhouse, with copper, two underground tanks and force pumps.
They are now let at a rental equal to 10 per cent. per annum.
Title, Torrens'.
Small deposit; balance, easy terms.
Also one and-a-half allotment of same estate, being part of lot 8 and whole of 9, having 45 feet frontage to Canterbury Old Road, with depth of 120 feet, inclusive of tank 15 feet by 12 feet, brick and stoned over.
Title, Torrens'.
Small deposit; balance, easy terms.
SUMMER HILL.
TORRENS' ACT ESTATE.
An allotment of ground, near Gelding's Nursery, having 40 feet frontage to Maddocks-street, with depth of 133 feet.
Title, Torrens'.
Small deposit; balance, easy terms.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, on THURSDAY, the 30th November, at 11 a.m., the following properties, at their Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket,
CANTERBURY OLD ROAD and ALBERT-STREET,
Borough of Petersham.
Three brick and stone houses with slate roofs, each having 5 rooms, hall, pantry, bathroom, and washhouse with copper. Each house has a frontage of 24 feet 6 inches to Albert-street, with depths of 104 to 128 feet, more or less. Grates and colonial ovens in each. Underground tanks and pumps. Gas pipes laid through all.
Also, one brick and stone slate-roofed house, containing 6 rooms, hall, pantry, kitchen, bathroom, and washhouse with copper, verandahs back and front, Grates and colonial oven. Underground tank, with force-pump. Gas pipes laid on.
This house stands on an allotment having 54 feet frontage to Albert-street, with depth of 104 feet to Canterbury Old-road.
All the above houses are plastered throughout, have good fittings, bay windows with upper balconies over same, and are well worth inspection.
Small cash deposits. Balance easy terms.
Title, Torrens'.

LAND. LAND. LAND.
Between ST. PETERS and MARRICKVILLE.
FIFTEEN ALLOTMENTS,
as under:—
7 Allotments, facing Sydenham-road, each 30 feet x 180 feet
3 ditto, facing Shirlow-street, each 30 x 125 feet
2 ditto, ditto ditto, each 30 by 137 feet
1 Allotment, Sloane-street, 22 feet 8 inches frontage by 114 feet
1 ditto, Fitzroy-street, 30 feet x 133 feet
1 ditto, corner of Faversham-street and Hans-place, 33 feet x 86 feet.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY will sell by auction, on the Ground,
SATURDAY, 2nd DECEMBER,
at 3 o'clock p.m.,
The above 15 allotments, inclusive of two corners. This land is two minutes from St. Peters new railway station, Illawarra line, on one side, and one minute from tramway station on the other.
A good speculation, as everything points to a village springing up around this important railway station, which will be open in 6 months, when these lots, there is every reason to believe, will be then of double or even treble value, which ought to commend itself to the attention of buyers on the look-out for payable investments.
Torrens' title.
Terms extraordinarily liberal.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, will offer by auction, at their Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket, on THURSDAY, November 30, at 11 o'clock, a.m.,
The following properties:—
MARRICKVILLE.
Woodlands-street, adjoining Council-chambers, a splendid allotment, situated on the highest ground in this favoured locality, 30 feet by 107 feet.
Torrens' title.
Terms at sale.
NEWTOWN.
Lord-street, Newtown, opposite to new railway station gates. Have tram line, an allotment, 33 feet by 131 feet. This is a good opportunity of securing a business site in proximity to the line of railway, as the station will be opened in about six months.
Torrens' title.
Terms at sale.
PETERSHAM-ROAD.
Near Empress of India Hotel, Marrickville, two semi-detached cottages, brick on stone, nine-inch work all through, iron roofs, containing four rooms, verandahs in front, separate wells, having a frontage of 32 feet to the Petersham-road, with a depth of 151 feet; securely fenced, outhouses. The above is within 3 minutes' walk of the Marrickville tram terminus.
Torrens' title.
Terms—small cash deposit, balance building society's terms.
ROSE BAY.
Ocean view, a grand corner allotment, having 20 feet frontage to the Avenue, with a depth of 115 feet 6 inches to a 20 feet lane.
Torrens' title.
Terms at sale.
MARRICKVILLE.
Cardigan-street. An allotment having 30 feet frontage to Cardigan-street, with a depth of 105 feet to a lane at rear, within two minutes of the proposed station, Illawarra line, and same distance from tram.
Torrens' title.
Terms at sale.

KENSINGTON GREEN.
Schofield's Platform,
Windsor and Richmond Railway.
NEXT SATURDAY WEEK.

WATKIN and WATKIN sell the above estate on date named.
Call and get a picture plan.
The newest idea out.
Special trains.
Full particulars in future advertisements.

LYONSVILLE.
FIVE DOCK.
NEXT SATURDAY.

WATKIN and WATKIN are instructed by the Board of the New South Wales Property Investment Company to sell by auction, on
NEXT SATURDAY, 2nd December,
LYONSVILLE,
another symmetrical subdivision, having frontages to Lyons-road (which the vendors, with a liberality worthy of imitation, have widened to 66 feet) to,
Moore-street, 66 feet
Denning-street, 66 feet
Short-street, 66 feet
Water Frontages to Five Dock Bay.
LYONSVILLE
is a beautiful park-like estate, extending from Lyons-road to the waters of Five Dock, the most prominent object in the landscape being the bridge connecting Five Dock and Gladesville.
The land has all been cleared, fit for immediate occupation, and is only a very short walk from Drummoyne Park or Birkenhead. This district from its nearness to the city,
now that the Bridge is open,
must rapidly progress, and land double, treble, and quadruple in value, especially as facilities for transit, either by a light railway or tramway, must be afforded by the Government.
The Title of LYONSVILLE, FIVE DOCK, is under
TORRENS' ACT.
Easier Terms could not be well wished for by the most exacting purchaser.
5 per cent. deposit, 5 per cent. in one month;
balance by fortnightly instalments of 5s 6d per £100 per fortnight.
NO PROMISSORY NOTES.
ASSISTANCE to BUILD.
Purchasers can have 90 per cent. of the value advanced them to build on building society's terms of repayments extending over 10 years.
These are advantages which should not be lightly esteemed.
No mortgages required.
Plans at the offices of the Company, Park-street; at Read's Boatshed, Balmain; or from us.

WELLINGTON ESTATE,
WATERLOO
CLEARANCE SALE.

WATKIN and WATKIN will sell the balance of this Estate, on the Ground, on SATURDAY NEXT, December 2, at 3 p.m.
Torrens' title. Easy terms.

ASHFIELD.
Corner of Milton and Norton streets.

WATKIN and WATKIN will sell at their Rooms 281, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, at 11.30 a.m.,
A block of land, having frontage of 100 feet, more or less, to Milton-street, and 95 feet to Norton-street.
Terms at sale.

POSTPONED.
NORTH SHORE. NORTH SHORE.
ON THE GROUND.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SALE OF THE SEASON, AND THE GEM OF ST. LEONARDS.
THE CARLOW ESTATE,
in
CARLOW-STREET,
ADJACENT to the RESERVE,
close to the old Convent,
WITHIN EASY ACCESS
to
THE FERRIES,
VERY HEALTHY POSITION
and
GRAND SCENERY.

BARKER and CO. (St. Leonards), have received instructions from the DIRECTORS OF THE NORTH SHORE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LAND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION, Limited, to sell by public auction, on the Ground,
The above,
SATURDAY, the 9th December, at 3 o'clock,
TERMS—25 PER CENT. DEPOSIT; the BALANCE at 6, 9, and 12 months, from DAY OF SALE, with 6 PER CENT. INTEREST. 2½ PER CENT. for CASH, IF PAID WITHIN ONE MONTH from DAY OF SALE.
TORRENS' TITLE.
LITHOS.
Lithos. to be obtained at the Auctioneers or the Building Association, North Shore.

RESIDENCE,
INDUSTRY,
SPECULATION.
HOMES FOR THE PEOPLE.
THREE TERRACES
45 HOUSES,
situated at DARLINGHURST, near St. Vincent's Hospital.
Easy Terms. Easy Terms.

CLEMENTS and M'CARTHY will sell by auction, on SATURDAY, December 2, 1882, on the Ground,
Great Barcom-street, Clements-street, and Clements-crescent, near St. Vincent's Hospital,
comprising
3 TERRACES,
and
2 DETACHED HOUSES.
To be sold in one or more lots to suit purchasers.
TERMS:
20 per cent. CASH on the fall of the hammer, balance by promissory notes at 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, and 24 months, bearing 7 per cent. per annum interest; or cash, at the option of the purchaser.
Be in time to secure a suitable Dwelling.
The terms are remarkably easy.
Remember the Day of Sale,
SATURDAY, December 2, 1882,
at 2.30 p.m.,
ON THE GROUND.
For particulars apply to CLEMENTS and M'CARTHY, Bathurst; or 141, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

BATHURST FREEHOLD.
To Trustees, Merchants, Capitalists, Speculators, and others.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR SAFE AND LUCRATIVE INVESTMENT.

CLEMENTS and M'CARTHY (in conjunction with CROAKER and CO.) have received instructions from the proprietor, W. C. Read, Esq., to sell by public auction, on SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER (prox.), at Stapleton's Hotel, George-street, Bathurst, at 3 p.m.,
The whole of his very valuable
CITY FREEHOLDS
known as
READ'S,
and adjoining
Messrs. Webb and Co.'s Great Western Warehouse,
in the
VERY CENTRE OF THE CITY OF THE PLAINS.
Lot 1. That well-known hostelry, STAPLETON'S METROPOLITAN HOTEL, with frontage of 33 feet to George-street
Lot 2. Mr. W. C. READ'S FAMILY RESIDENCE, with frontage of 33 feet to George-street
Lot 3. 33 feet to George-street by depth of 132 feet
Lot 4. 33 feet to George-street by 112 feet
Lot 5. 36 feet to George-street by 112 feet
Lot 6. 30 feet to George-street by 112 feet to Keppel-street.
Access is secured to the last four lots by a lane 20 feet wide from Keppel-street.
Particulars and plans can be obtained on application to the Auctioneers,
CLEMENTS and M'CARTHY,
CROAKER and CO.,
Bathurst.

POINT PIPER ESTATE
ROSE and DOUBLE BAYS.
The ONLY CHANCE to secure a WATER FRONTAGE SITE in this charming locality,
on
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
LITHOS. ready.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES, Auctioneers.

Auction Sales.

HORSES, VEHICLES, and HARNESS.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Bazaar, 244, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, All lots not specially advertised. And at 12 o'clock, Advertised lots. Sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown as advertised. Stabling: Charges moderate, and best forage obtainable.

Heavy Draught, Saddle, and Harness Horses.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
15 head of heavy draught horses, stanch and good in collar.
10 head of saddle and harness horses.

YASS HORSES.

30 Head of Heavy Draught and Harness Horses, to be sold at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, 29th instant.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Abraham Wade, Yass, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, the 29th instant, at 12 o'clock,
30 head of heavy draught and useful harness horses, all in good condition
A pair of grey geldings, very stylish buggy horses, and also a pair of creamy horses used to run together.

Kiama Horses.

Two Thoroughbred Fillies.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Denis Callagher to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Brown filly, 4 years, by Valentia by Yattendon, dam by Sir Charles, broken to saddle, with grand action.
Grey filly, 4 years old, by Greyskin by Yattendon, dam by Sir Charles, broken to saddle and sidesaddle, quiet and good.

YASS HORSES.

20 head of Heavy Draught and Coach Horses, to be sold at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. James Brossie to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock.
20 head of heavy draught and superior harness horses, all in good condition.

KIAMA HORSES.

Ten Heavy Draught and Useful Harness Horses, to be sold at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. William Jones to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Ten heavy draught and useful harness horses, stanch, and subject to trial.

30 Head of Broken and Unbroken Horses, to be sold at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Charles Boyd, Rainham Perth, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, the 29th instant, at 2 o'clock,
30 head of unbroken colts and fillies, suitable for van work, and a few good saddle and harness horses.

HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSE.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Peter Kirwin to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock.
A grey gelding, staunch in collar, and subject to trial.

Two Baker's Carts, Horses, and Harness.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on THURSDAY next, at 12 o'clock,
Two baker's carts, horses, and harness, all in good condition. Sold in consequence of the owner giving up business.

WEEKLY STOCK SALE.

INGLIS' STOCK SALE YARDS, 827, GEORGE-STREET.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, at their Stock Saleyards, TO-MORROW, Thursday, November 30, at 11 o'clock,
45 very superior milch cows, with calves, springers, and dry cattle.
At half-past 1 o'clock,
45 prime fat calves, from Marulan
35 ditto, from Breadalbane
70 ditto, from Campbelltown and Goulburn
100 very prime fat lambs, from W. V. Cooper, Esq., Currawang
30 extra prime fat wethers, estimated 70lb. each, ditto
60 corn-fed fat pigs, from Bowral and Moss Vale
90 ditto ditto, from Picton and Burragorang
50 ditto ditto, per steamer
60 store pigs.
At 3 o'clock,
50 paddock-fed fat cattle.

FAT CATTLE AND SHEEP AT HOMEBUSH.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, TO-MORROW, Thursday, November 30, at 11 o'clock,
500 very prime fat sheep, from S. Croft, Esq., Belmore Station, per rail from Narrandera
30 very prime paddock-fed fat cattle, from F. J. Roberts, Esq., Narrandera.

HORSES, VEHICLES, and HARNESS.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised, and at 12, all lots specially advertised.

Regular Sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.
Livery: In this department charges moderate, and best of forage.

PAIR CARRIAGE HORSES.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,
A well matched pair of bay geldings, 16 hands, 7 years, showing plenty of style and quality, thoroughly quiet in saddle and double harness, run splendidly together, and accustomed to tram. Being sold as owner is getting another pair more suitable for his vehicle.

SADDLE and HARNESS HORSE.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Rev. G. Woolnough to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,
A bay gelding, by Kingston, quiet in saddle and harness, and in good condition.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,
A dealer's van and harness, without reserve.

JAMBEROO COW and CALF.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from E. Smith, Esq., Jamberoo, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,
A splendid milch cow, with calf at foot, now in full milk, and will give 20 quarts per day.

NEAT TURNOUT.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,
A bay mare, quiet in saddle and harness, staunch, and accustomed to the tram; single-seated American hooded buggy and harness, in good repair, making a very desirable lot.

SADDLE and HARNESS PONY.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,
A black pony gelding, quiet in saddle and harness, and will stand tram.

FASHIONABLE TURNOUT.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from J. T. Brown, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,
A chestnut gelding, broken to harness, and quiet near tram, a grand goer; and also a splendid back, single seated buggy, by Southall, Goulburn, and good set of silver-plated harness, almost new, made by Simpson. Anyone requiring such a lot is invited to this sale.

18 Broken and Unbroken Horses, at Camperdown Yards, TO-MORROW, Thursday.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from George Traine, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, TO-MORROW, Thursday, at 2 o'clock,
18 head of horses, consisting of 2 unbroken colts (heavy draught), 10 saddle and harness horses; a pair of chestnut geldings over 16 hands; a pair of piebald geldings, broken to saddle; and pair of bay geldings, 15-2, by Explorer out of Guineida, by Chedda or Corebus out of Guineida (imp.), by Middlesex out of Molly, by Pantaloon. See Stud Book.

35 HEAD of MIXED HORSES, to be sold at Camperdown, on THIS DAY, the 29th NOVEMBER, at 2 o'clock, fresh from TARALGA.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from P. Mooney, Esq., of the Meadows, Taralga, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, the 29th instant, at 2 o'clock,
35 head of carefully selected horses, amongst which are powerful draught active cart or van. Also, some pairs of perfectly matched carriage or sociable horses. Mr. Mooney states in his letter that they are a very grand lot, and all in the pink of condition.

T. COSGROVE and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 182, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
3 saddle and light harness horses
2 grand hacks
4 draught horses
3 useful buggy or cab horses.

UPSTANDING SOCIABLE or CAB HORSE.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Johnston, Bondi, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 3 o'clock,
A steel-grey gelding, 4 years old, thoroughly broken to saddle, single and double harness, quiet, stanch, and fast trotter.

Three Upstanding Colts.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Three grand colts, suitable for cab or buggy work.

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF OMNIBUS, 15 HORSES, HARNESS, &c.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from Mr. W. W. Farell to sell by auction, at his Stables, Crystal-street, Petersham, at rear of Clarence Hotel, on TUESDAY next, 5th proximo, at 2.30 o'clock p.m.,
Omnibus, licensed to carry 37 passengers, with right of road from Petersham to Sydney
15 upstanding horses, in good condition
Harness and sundries.
The Petersham 'bus route is the best out of Sydney, and the above sale offers an opportunity to those anxious to go into 'bus business seldom met with.

GOULBURN.
Public Sale Yards.
TUESDAY, 5th December, 1882.

UNBROKEN HORSES.

SANDS and BELCHER have received instructions from R. C. Cooper, Esq., Willeroo, to sell by auction, at 11 o'clock as above,
15 UNBROKEN HEAVY COLTS and FILLIES, by Young General Chauncey
4 Unbroken fillies, by King Victor; suitable for saddle and buggy
10 Horses, broken to saddle and harness.

MUSCLEBROOK, SATURDAY, December 2.

1300 Superior STORE CATTLE, in good condition, and principally of fattening ages.

SPARKE and CLIFT have received instructions to sell by auction, at the above place, on SATURDAY, the 2nd December, 1882, at 2 o'clock, on account of Messrs. Campbell, Corbett, Pinkerton, and others,
1300 superior store cattle, from the well-known herds, in good condition, and the greater portion bullocks of fattening ages.
These cattle will be carefully classified and sold in lots.
Terms, cash.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, on THURSDAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1500 extra prime and weighty fat wethers, for Messrs. Dangar Brothers
At Ellis and Co.'s Yards,
100 prime fat lambs, W. J. Dangar, Esq.
100 prime fat lambs, J. F. Doyle, Esq.
30 prime fat calves, J. O. Morrice, Esq.

TO WOOL BUYERS.

FENWICK and KELLETT will sell by auction, at their Stores, Eagle-street, Brisbane, on FRIDAY, 1st December,
200 to 300 bales wool.

Wool Sales every FRIDAY MORNING, at 11 o'clock.

TRADE NOTICE.

GEORGE MAIDEN (for R. Goldsbrough and Co., Limited) has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, Homebush, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 o'clock,
Prime fat cows, for T. W. Seymour, Esq., Bellvale, trucked from Yass.
Also,
200 prime fat wethers, for same owner.
And at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, Sydney, at 2.30,
150 prime fat lambs, from Yass.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Limited, will sell by public auction, at the New Sale Yards, Homebush, on THURSDAY, the 30th November, at usual hours,
10 prime fat cattle, R. Belt, Esq.
2046 prime fat sheep, Peel River Company
602 ditto ditto, J. Clark, Esq.
500 ditto ditto, J. J. Strickland, Esq.
500 ditto ditto, J. Keane, Esq.
400 ditto ditto, W. Sawyer, Esq.
400 ditto ditto, R. Belt, Esq.

TRADE NOTICE.

FAT CATTLE. FAT SHEEP. FAT LAMBS.

HILL, CLARK, and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at Homebush, on THURSDAY, 30th instant,
123 Prime Fat Cattle, for A. Rodgers, Esq., Attunga.
101 Prime Fat Cattle, for Messrs. J. W. Smith and Co.
1000 Prime Fat Sheep, for Messrs. J. Robb and Co., Talawanta.
655 Prime Fat Sheep, for Messrs. Govan, Gilchrist, and Co., Weelong.
Also,
100 Prime Fat Lambs, for T. B. Webb, Esq.
Fat Cattle for Thursday.

JOSEPH LEEDS and WILSON will sell by public auction, at the New Yards, Homebush, THURSDAY next, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
on account J. A. Gardiner, Esq., Gobolion,
50 prime fat cattle.

WOOL and SHEEPSKINS.

MORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Wool Warehouses, Circular Quay, THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY, November 29), at 2 o'clock,
Sheepskins
Sacks wool.
And at 3 o'clock,
3300 bales wool.
Terms, cash.

Homebush, THURSDAY, the 30th November.

FAT CATTLE AND SHEEP.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, Homebush, on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 o'clock,
CATTLE.
211 prime fat cows, for Messrs. Swift and Hann
144 ditto ditto bullocks, ditto ditto
189 ditto ditto cattle for Messrs. Mackay Brothers.
SHEEP.
2313 fat merino wethers, on account of H. Newcomen, Esq.
200 ditto ditto ditto, ditto Messrs. Friend Brothers

R. P. SIMPSON has received instructions from F. Campbell, Esq., to sell by auction, on account of the Trustees of the late G. Campbell, Esq., at the new Saleyards, Homebush, on THURSDAY NEXT, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1355 prime fat wethers, in lots, from the celebrated Duntroon Estate.

T. SULLIVAN and SON have received instructions from Langloh Parker, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Corporation Sale Yards, Homebush, on THURSDAY next, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,
980 prime fat ewes, in lots.

TRADE NOTICE.

WILKINSON, GRAVES, and LAVENDER will sell by auction at the Homebush Yards on THURSDAY, 30th instant, at usual hours,
300 prime fat sheep on account of R. Bridge, Esq., per rail from Wagga.
300 prime fat sheep on account of G. W. Terry, Esq., per rail from Hay.
And at Ellis and Co's Yards at 2.30 p.m.,
200 prime fat lambs on account of R. Bridge, Esq., Murrumbidgee.

RICHARDSON and NIXON (successors to Messrs. T. R. and S. Smith) will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Newtown, at 7 o'clock,
Wood, posts and rails, &c., &c.
At Darling Harbour, at 8, ditto.

RICHARDSON and NIXON (successors to Messrs. T. R. and S. Smith) will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, chaff, &c., &c.

Hay, Straw, Chaff, Maize, Potatoes.

DENT and PERRY will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, chaff, maize, potatoes.

DENT and PERRY will sell by auction, at Newtown Station, THIS DAY, at 7 o'clock. Wood, posts and rails.

DENT and PERRY will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 8 o'clock. Wood, posts, and rails.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction at their yards, 791, George-street South, on THURSDAY next, at 1 o'clock,
60 prime fat calves, from Breeza
100 ditto ditto lambs ditto
30 ditto ditto heifers ditto.
The above are described as being extra good quality.

HAY, CORN, CHAFF, WOOD, POSTS, and RAILS.

GEORGE WELLS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 7 o'clock,
at Newtown Railway Station,
Wood, posts and rails, &c.

THIS DAY, at 8 o'clock,
at Darling Harbour Railway Station,
Wood, posts and rails, &c.

THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock,
at Darling Harbour Railway Station,
Hay, chaff, straw, potatoes, &c.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
at Hunter River Company's Wharfs,
Lucerne hay, corn, &c.

To Poultry and Pigeon Fanciers.

SEAFORTH PROCTER has received instructions from Mr. S. Francis to sell by auction, at his Mart, on TUESDAY next, December 5th, at 2 o'clock,
Game fowls; hen feathers, jungles and British; Hamburgs, Spanish, Brahmas, bantams; Aylesbury ducks, bred from prizetakers; fancy pigeons, comprising Antwerps, fantails, tumblers, and white rollers, the latter will perform at sale; also water-colour drawings of poultry and canaries.

FRIDAY next, December 1, at 11.30.

On the Caledonian Wharf, King-street West.

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION, the ENTIRE CARGO OF NEW ZEALAND PINE,

Ex Mary Bannatyne, from Wanganui.

29,251 feet Undressed Pine
50,171 ditto Dressed Pine,
comprising
SCANTLING
BOARDS, dressed and undressed
SHELVING, ditto
T. and G. FLOORING BOARDS, ditto
VARIOUS SIZES AND LENGTHS.
Also,
1600 POSTS and RAILS
5000 Hardwood 6ft PALINGS.

TATE BROTHERS will sell by auction, on the Caledonian Wharf, King-street West, on FRIDAY next, December 1, at 11.30 o'clock sharp,
THE ABOVE CARGO, in lots suit all particulars.
Terms, cash.

Sale THIS DAY, at 11 a.m.

THE SOUTHERN AUCTIONEERING COMPANY will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street West, nearly opposite Abercrombie-place,
Household Furniture and Effects, comprising—splendid iron tubular bedstead, cottage piano (good order), Austrian chairs, cretonne couches, pictures, E. P. ware, crockery, tables, &c., &c.
The above without reserve. Terms, cash.

THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock,
At 2, Cleveland-terrace, Regent-street, Paddington.

DRAWING and DINING ROOM FURNITURE
BEDROOM and KITCHEN FURNITURE, Cooking Utensils.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Slater to sell by auction, on the Premises, on THURSDAY, at 11.
The above, without reserve.

TOYS.—We, as manufacturers' agents, can hold out inducements to buy of us. American Novelty Co., Pitt-street.

CAPITAL INVESTMENTS may be made this week at the Royal Furnishing Arcade. Beautiful goods.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES.

LAVERACK and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 208, Pitt-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, December 5, 1882, at 11 o'clock. Unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. J. Solomon, Crown Loan Office, 276, Crown-street, Surry Hills, as under:—
1881.
May 23, brooch and earrings
November 8, gold ring; 18th, gold brooch
December 20, O. F. S. lever 8972; 26th, S. H. E. lever 4095
1882.
February 4, remnants of silk, pr. silver bracelets and lockets, pr. pictures; 21st, gold ring
April—5th, overcoat; 6th, gold suite; 13th, pr. gold earrings; 15th, gold earrings; 18th, gold ring; 22nd, pr. gold earrings; 29th, pr. trousers and vest
May—1st, suit clothes; 2nd, sil. hunt. geneva 65886; 5th, gold ring, gold albert and locket; 15th, silver albert, charm, locket, pr. silver solitaires, and gold pencil case; 18th, sil. hunt. watch 424589 and albert; 20th, black coat and trousers, sil. hunt. gen. 22514; 20th, 2 rings; 24th, sil. hunt. lever 69235, signet ring; 26th, silver hunt. watch 6849; 27th, sil. hunt. geneva 9870, 2 pr. trousers; 31st, h. c. f. geneva 3852.
June—3rd, 2 pairs black trousers and shirts; 5th, Holy Bible, gold brooch and earrings; 7th, fancy ring; 10th, o. f. geneva lever, 18 over 3; 11th, 2 pairs trousers and vest, signet ring, gold chain; 16th, gold seal and brooch; 19th, suit clothes; 23rd, gold necklet and locket; 26th, lady's gold albert; 27th, Holy Bible, single-barrel gun; 30th, sundries.
July—1st, pair gold earrings, sil. o. f. geneva 8076 and gold albert; 3rd, gold hunt. geneva 56035 and albert; 10th, ladies' gold albert and suite; 12th, pr. gold earrings and 2 rings; 13th, gold o. f. gen. 20113, sil. o. f. lever 3561; 18th, o. f. gold g. l. 2422 and albert; 25th, remnant cloth.
August—1st, trousers and vest, s. h. lever 486; 17th, signet ring; 19th, 3 books; 21st, pr. gold earrings; 23rd, s. h. watch 42973; 24th, remnant silk; 25th, gold ring, necklet, and locket.
Also, a large number of pledges upon which 5s and under have been lent.

BUILDING MATERIALS. BUILDING MATERIALS.
Continuation of Sale.
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY) AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock,
On the Premises, Ross and Australia streets, Camperdown,
300 yards from Fowler's Pottery,
Building Materials, comprising—
Flooring and Weatherboards, Scantling, Joists
Stone Foundations, Flagging, Steps, Slates
Iron Railings, Lead, Fencing, Stones, &c.
Also, Buggy Harness, Trace ditto
Sawbench and Sundries.

H. L. DUNN and SON have received instructions from J. Johnson, Esq., of Camperdown, to sell by auction, on the premises, TO-MORROW, Thursday, at 4 o'clock, the above.

THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,
Single-stone and Half-hoop Diamond Rings, Dress ditto, Ladies' and Gent.'s Gold and Silver Lever Watches, Gold Brooches and Earrings, Gold Necklets, Gold Alberts and Chains, Lockets, Trinkets, &c.

H. L. DUNN and SON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 274, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The unredeemed pledges pawned with Isaac Davis, of Liverpool-street, as above.

FRIDAY, 1st DECEMBER, at 2.30 o'clock.

INSOLVENT ESTATE of FREDERICK GAWTHORPE.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the Official Assignee to sell by auction, on the Premises, O'Connell-street, Newtown,
The above.
Without reserve.

MONDAY, December 4. 11 o'clock.

INSOLVENT ESTATE OF JAMES BLAKEY.

STOCK-IN-TRADE OF BOOTMAKER,
Consisting of—
Elastic Machines, Bootmaking Machines, Valuable Plant, Lasts, also Household Furniture.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the Official Assignee to sell by auction, on the Premises, Ballanning-street, Redfern,
The above.
Without reserve.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29.

At the CITY MART, at 11 o'clock.

IMMIGRANTS' SURPLUS STORES.
Ex Bann.

By order of the Agents, Messrs. John Fraser and Co.

To Grocers, Dealers, Storekeepers, &c.

FRASER and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, the November 29, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the
IMMIGRANTS' SURPLUS STORES,
comprising—
Preserved meats, tierces prime mess beef, preserved potatoes, prime mess pork, flour, oatmeal, cheese, butter, candles, raisins, tea, coffee, loaf sugar, treacle, pickles, rice, split peas, currants, mustard, pepper, limejuice, salt, sago, condensed eggs, methylated spirits, jams, barley, soap, baking powder, vinegar, &c., &c.
Also,
Ship's fittings, old lead, lanterns, &c.

WEDNESDAY, November 29.

At the CITY MART, at 11 o'clock.

COLONIAL SUGAR.
GROCERIES, OILMEN'S STORES, &c.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, November 29, at 11 o'clock,
Shipment of above.

WEDNESDAY, November 29.

At 3 o'clock.

THE ENTIRE SHIPMENT of AMERICAN LUMBER

Ex R.M.S. CITY OF NEW YORK.

Comprising
SKIRTINGS, ARCHITRAVES, MOULDINGS, DOORS, &c.

Under instructions from the NEW ZEALAND L. and M. AGENCY COMPANY.

To Timber Merchants, Builders, Contractors, and others.

FRASER and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 348, George-street, THIS DAY, November 29, at 3 o'clock,
The above shipment.

Bulk now landing on wharf, where intending purchasers may inspect prior to sale.

Full particulars in catalogue.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, November 29.

At the CITY MART, at 3 o'clock.

Messrs. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.'S shipment of
ARCHITRAVES, SKIRTINGS, MOULDINGS, DOORS, &c.

Just Landed.

Ex R.M.S. CITY OF NEW YORK.

Samples from bulk will be on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneers prior to sale.

To Timber Merchants, Builders, Contractors, and others.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on NOVEMBER 29, at 3 o'clock,
THEIR SHIPMENT.

Bulk now landing on wharf, where intending purchasers may inspect prior to sale.

Full particulars in catalogue.

TO THE TRADE.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, at 11.

3 CASES LADIES' STAYS ASSORTED } New
70 PIECES TAPESTRY CARPET } Patterns.
100 PIECES SOFT TWILL SHIRTING
300 DOZEN BROWN and WHITE TURKISH TOWELS
180 DOZEN MEN'S COTTON SHIRTS
50 Enos Union and Linen Ticking
Pompadour and Fancy CHECK PRINTS, H. C. Quilts and Toilets, 7-8 Hemmed Handkerchiefs, Black Silks, Dress Stuffs, one case Girl's White Straw Hats, 180 dozen LADIES' COLOURED HOSE, to clear, open stock (country consignments).

SPECIAL LINES MEN'S CLOTHING and BOOTS and SHOES.

JAMES RODD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, 11 sharp, THIS DAY, and hereby invites buyers of general drapery and clothing to inspect before the sale.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 4, at 11.

ALL THE IRON, WROUGHT and CAST.

BESSEMERS and GIRDERS.

COLUMNS and STANDARDS.

BRACKETS and BOLTS.

Crab Winches, Blocks, &c., in connection with the late GARDEN PALACE.

Upwards of 300 TONS now being assorted, and put into lots.

JAMES RODD is instructed by (James Barnet, Esq.) Colonial Architect, to sell by auction,
The above.

Printed lists, describing the lots, will be issued from the office of the auctioneer.

NORTH SHORE. NORTH SHORE.

POSTPONED. POSTPONED.

THE CARLOW ESTATE.
THE CARLOW ESTATE.

Until SATURDAY, the 9th December.

BARKER and CO., St. Leonards.

YOU WILL FIND it a pleasure to walk through the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Open until 9 p.m.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

J. R. HAMILTON, Auctioneer, is instructed to sell by public auction, on THURSDAY, November 30, at the Rooms, 198, Pitt-street, opposite Farmer and Co.'s, at 11 a.m.,
A consignment, direct from the manufacturers, of 100 electroplated tea and coffee sets
Clocks of every variety, in wood, marble; watchmakers' regulars, &c.
1 handsome set, clock and vase to match, under glass shade
1 clock and aneroid barometer combined
Ornaments of various kinds, and handsome diamond lady's suite
5000 lithographs by the Fine Arts Association, quantity of large chromos, dressing case, cruets, liquor and flower stands, vases, and lot of sundries
Jewellery, consisting of Rotherham's gold lever watches, ladies' and gent.'s gold and silver watches, suites of all kinds, diamond and other rings, gold and silver lockets, necklets, brooches, earrings, &c., &c.

TO PAINTERS, PAPERHANGERS, STOREKEEPERS, and OTHERS.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, 30th instant.

HAINS and PHILLIPS have received instructions to sell by auction, TO-MORROW, Thursday, on the Premises, at the corner of Bathurst and Sussex streets, at 11 o'clock
The entire stock of Paperhangings, 10,000 pieces, comprising—

Satins	Satins
Granites	Granites
Ceilings	Ceilings
Oaks	Oaks
Siennas	Siennas
Marbles	Marbles

And a variety of others, in lots to suit all purchases, too numerous to particularise; also paper racks and fittings.
Sale to commence at 11 o'clock sharp.
No reserve. Terms, cash.

POINT PIPER WATER FRONTAGES.
SALE DAY,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

LITHOS. on application to BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

Businesses for Sale.

HOTEL.—LEASE for 7 YEARS, the Goodwill and License of that OLD ESTABLISHED and SPLENDID BUSINESS HOUSE, Williamson's Wine Vaults in Regent-street and Cleveland-street, for AUCTION SALE, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY next, at 11 o'clock.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

FOR SALE (in consequence of having purchased a business in the city), the LEASE, LICENSE, FURNITURE, and GOODWILL of the PIER HOTEL, Manly. The house has just been painted, and the premises and furniture are in good repair. The hotel is doing a large and profitable business, and, as the summer season has now set in, there is a first-class trade secured. Bona-fide intending purchasers can obtain every information on application to the undersigned.
W. CALLAGHAN, Pier Hotel, Manly.

FOR SALE, LEASE, Goodwill, and Stock of Boots, Shoes, and Fancy Goods old-established BUSINESS.
W. FOXALL, Oxford-street.
Apply on premises.

FOR SALE, a 7 years' Lease, License, and Goodwill of Clarence Hotel, Parramatta-road, Petersham.

SODAWATER and CORDIAL BUSINESS, in full swing, for SALE; established 20 years in Melbourne, doing a turnover of £9000 per annum; lease (ground rent only) 4 years to run, and renewable; plant in thorough working order, capable of doing larger business; valuation low, proprietors going out of business, and leaving the colony. For particulars address Messrs. R. Montgomery and Co., merchants, 40, Little Collins-street West, Melbourne.

FOR SALE, LEASE, License, Furniture, &c., of Smith's Family Hotel, Petersham. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE, the ABERDEEN BOARDING HOUSE, having one of the best connections in Sydney; has accommodation for 56 boarders; nearly always full. For particulars apply J. D. Edward, 306, Kent-street.

FOR SALE, the FURNITURE and GOODWILL of a Boarding-house; cash, £80; rent, 25s a week. Inquire J. Davis, Railway Crossing, Petersham.

FOR SALE, the Lease, License, Furniture, and Goodwill of the WHY NOT HOTEL, Mansfield-street, Balmain, situated close to the Bald Rock Ferry. For all particulars apply to J. THORNTON, Why Not Hotel, Balmain.

BAKERY BUSINESS for SALE; horse and cart; everything in full work; cheap; suit beginner; low rent. Apply J. Herford, Golden Boot, opposite railway, George-street West.

FOR SALE, nice FANCY BUSINESS, with Dressmaking; good connection; terms low. Spec, P. O., P'sham.

FOR SALE, CAFE and REFRESHMENT Business, cheap. Proprietor leaving colony. A. P., Herald Office.

FOR SALE, a good City Hotel BUSINESS. Apply Arthur Cooper and Co., 371, Pitt-street.

TO CHEMISTS.—BUSINESS for SALE; reasonable terms; city. Apply PROSSER and CO.

FOR SALE, Drapery and Fancy BUSINESS, with good Premises in splendid locality, with large store at rear. Apply J. Allan, Tea Gardens, Waverley.

FOR SALE, established BUSINESS, town, doing large business; knowledge unnecessary; profit large; proof, satisfactory reasons for selling; price, £150. Particulars, 55, Pitt-street. Trial will be given, if required.

MUST BE SOLD.—Tobacconist and Hairdressing BUSINESS; good lease, low rent; best part of city; can be all let off.
THOMPSON and CO., 1½, Wentworth-court.

BUSINESS suit lady, underclothing, millinery, drapery, £150, including furniture. Thompson, 1½, Wentworth-court.

TOBACCONIST, city. £200, good fixtures and stock. Thompson, 1½, Wentworth-court. Lease of Shop in King-st.

JOSEPH and CO. offer HOTELS, city and suburbs; £250 to £5000. Particulars and cards to view 102, King-st.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT for SALE, large, and in a splendid stand in the city. It is always full, and the position first-rate; price and rent moderate; an opportunity really worth embracing. Cards, Ramsay, business agent, Arcade.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

For SALE, a first-class BUSINESS in the rising and flourishing town of Cobar.
The stock comprises Drapery, Jewellery, and Fancy Goods, carefully selected, and in first-class condition.
The business is thoroughly established, having a first-class connection, and doing a turn-over of from £6000 to £7000 per annum. Books can be shown.
The business can be rapidly increased, as Cobar is progressing fast, and when railway, which is now under survey, is completed, Cobar will stand second to none of our inland towns.
Buildings consist of double shop, one being set apart for drapery, boots and shoes, the other for jewellery, watchmaking, and fancy goods, both being connected by archway; at back, dining-room, parlour, and two bedrooms, attached kitchen, with servant's bedroom, W. C., 3 tanks, 2-stall stable, coachhouse, &c., &c.
The whole is situated on corner allotment, the best stand in Cobar.
Purchaser can have option of buying the lot, or stock only. Liberal terms given on application to undersigned. Sickness in family is the only reason for placing this lucrative business in the market.
N. BLUMENTHAL, Cobar.

BUSINESS for SALE.—Dairy and Plant, £230; Hotel, city, £1000. British Land Association, Pitt and Bathurst sts.

GRANT and CO., 10, Park-street, offer for POSITIVE SALE one of the best-established CONFECTIONERY and CATERING BUSINESSES in George-street, everything complete; rare opportunity. Full particulars at 10, Park-street.

FRUIT, Confectionery, and Tobacconist BUSINESS for SALE. No. 7, George-street West.

TO be SOLD, a bargain, the whole of the STOCK of a small Shop; owner about to leave the colony on very urgent business. Apply by letter, to M. C., Post-office, Parramatta-street, Sydney. Apply at once. Rent of shop, £1 per week.

GARLAND.—Hotels, £240, £325, £375, £450, £600, to £3000. Full particulars, 329, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-st.

GRANT and CO., 10, Park-street.—Hotels, £175, £200, £250, £300, £400, £600, to £7000. Assistance.

BOARDING-HOUSE and Restaurant for Sale, good neigh'bood, estab. 32 ys. Barker's news agency, 85, Sussex-st.

BOOT and Shoe Business for SALE, a bargain. Call at once. W. Richards, 41, Arcade, George-street entrance.

GROCERY and CONFECTIONERY BUSINESS for SALE, in Regent-st., low rent, lease; bonus for fixtures and goodwill, £40. This is a very good opportunity for new beginner. Apply G. R. Swyny, 10, Park-st., near George-street.

FOR SALE, at a sacrifice, owing to death in family, RESTAURANT and BOARDING-HOUSE, doing a large business; good stand; long lease. Thompson and Co., 1½, Wentworth-court, Elizabeth-street.

Produce, Provisions, &c.

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our Bathurst, Ashfield, and SYDNEY MILLS, also various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, cornmeal, cornflour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, The Sydney Flour Mills, Grafton Wharf.

JAMES PEMELL and CO., Millers, George-street, opposite Railway Station, Sydney. Silk-dressed, Superfine, Fine, and Seconds Flour, Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Patent Meal, Bran, Pollard, and all other Mill Produce. Best quality, lowest prices.

BUTTER, in kegs and tins; Bacon and Cheese, Oats, &c. HAWKEN and VANCE, 72, Sussex-street.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS.

FRY'S CARACAS COCOA,
In packets and tins.
Specially recommended by the manufacturers, is prepared from the celebrated cocoas of Caracas, combined with other choice descriptions.
"A most delicious and valuable article."—STANDARD.
FRY'S COCOA EXTRACT,
In packets and tins.
"Really consists of cocoa nibs deprived of superfluous oil, than which, if properly prepared, there is no nicer or more wholesome preparation of cocoa."—Dr. HASSALL.
FRY'S HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.
In packets and tins,
Is an article strongly recommended by many eminent medical men, and is admirably adapted for homœopathic patients, invalids, and for consumers generally.
15 Prize Medals awarded to J. S. FRY and SONS, Bristol and London.

FOR BREAKFAST.

CHOCOLATE-MENIER
received the Grand DIPLOMA of Honour, the highest prize awarded at the Paris Exhibition, 1878.
Annual consumption exceeds 22,000,000 POUNDS.
Sold everywhere—London, Paris, New York.

VINEGAR, in bulk and bottle. MONK'S Vinegar Works, 295, Sussex-street.

J. and J. WEARNE,
COMMERCIAL FLOUR MILLS,
405, Sussex-street, Sydney.
Silk-dressed superfine, fine, and seconds Flour; Wheat Meal, Corn Meal, Cow Meal, Corn (whole and cracked), Sharps, Pollard, Bran, and all other mill produce, the best and cheapest in Sydney.

PRIME HAMS, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Bran, Pollard, Superfine Flour, &c. J. DUFFIN, 37, King-street.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Houses and Land for Sale.

LYONSVILLE
is a lovely slope of nearly 20 ACRES, AT FIVE DOCK, symmetrically subdivided for the vendors,
THE NEW SOUTH WALES PROPERTY INVESTMENT CO., Limited,
4, PARK-STREET,
into 96 GRAND BUILDING SITES,
by Mr Licensed Surveyor BINSTED.

Terms—Only 5 per cent. deposit, 5 per cent. in one month, balance on Building Society's terms, extending over 10 years, with assistance to the extent of 90 per cent. to build, if required.

The Estate has been judiciously cleared of timber, presenting a beautiful park-like appearance; has charming water frontages to Five Dock Bay; and the streets all 66 feet wide.
The views from the spot form a perfect panorama.
This magnificent property is now connected with the city by means of the New Iron Cove Bridge; has a splendid frontage along that favourite drive Lyons-road to
DRUMMOYNE PARK and BIRKENHEAD,
which are within 5 minutes' walk of
LYONSVILLE.

LYONSVILLE will be sold by auction
ON THE GROUND,
by
WATKIN and WATKIN,
on NEXT SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, at 3 p.m.

TITLE—TORRENS' ACT.

Lithos. can be had and Photos. seen at the offices of the Company, 4, Park-street; or at the Auctioneer's Rooms, Pitt-street.

REMEMBER,
THE PROPERTY IS LYONSVILLE,
FIVE DOCK.

SALE DAY, NEXT SATURDAY,
December 2, at 3 p.m.,
The fortunate purchasers of this Estate will secure highly picturesque spots for homes, and investments which are sure to more than treble their value within the next two years.

Free conveyance of intending purchasers on the day of sale, also in the meantime daily to view.
Waggonettes daily from the Company's Offices, 4, Park-street, at 10 a.m., and 3.30 p.m., returning at 12 noon and 5.30 p.m.

PARSONS AND SMITH
have for PRIVATE SALE:—
BLACKFRIARS' ESTATE.—Good Building Block, 45 feet to Mountgate-street, by 78 feet deep.
BALMAIN, near New Bridge.—Two well-built brick Houses, each 4 rooms, kitchen, balcony, and verandah.
DARLINGTON.—Alma-street, Clare Cottage, containing 7 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, pantries, balcony and verandah, gas and water; title, Torrens'.
DARLINGTON.—Rose-street, Terrace of 3 Houses, let at 10s; also, House of 7 rooms, let at 18s a week.
KOGARAH.—Excellent Block of Land, 4 3-5th acres, on direct road between Illawarra Railway and Tom Ugly's Point.
LANE COVE RIVER.—Sunnyside Estate, Allotments 60 x 170, commanding good views of River.
LEICHHARDT.—A good Corner Block, having 264 feet to Catherine-street, by 166 along Hill-street; 70s a foot.
LEICHHARDT.—Three Acres of good Land on the new tram route; £1000 for the block.
LEICHHARDT.—A Terrace of well-built Houses, close to tram, returning 10 per cent.; title Torrens'.
MACDONALDTOWN.—Within five minutes of the station, faithfully built brick house of 4 rooms, kitchen, pantry, verandah and balcony, &c.
PETERSHAM.—Stokes' Paddock, Allotments 40 x 130, fronting West-street and Livingstone-road.
REDMYRE.—Wakeford's Orangery, brick Cottage, 5 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, bath, and pantry; land, 52 x 200.
ROOKWOOD, close to Station.—Corner Allotment, 89 x 150.
WAVERLEY.—At corner of Douglas and Carlton streets, 110 x 239, from 80s a foot.

PARSONS and SMITH, Property Agents,
139, Pitt-street.

DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street.—5-Acre Blocks, Riverstone, £10 deposit, balance monthly payments; no interest.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—1-acre Block, Rookwood, close to station; £160, terms.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Brick Cottage, 5 rooms, hall, and conveniences, 50 x 330, close to Ashfield station.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Brick Cottage, 4 rooms, hall, kitchen, &c., 40 x 150, 3 minutes' Croydon station.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Corner Lot, Burwood, 55 x 132; £70 deposit, balance terms.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Allotments close to Burwood station; 10 per cent. deposit, easy terms for balance.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Golden Grove.—Allotments in every street; 10 per cent. deposit, monthly payments.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Surry Hills.—House, 5 rooms and kitchen, good position; easy terms.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Homebush.—Flemington Estate; Lots 36, 37, sec. 1, each 50 x 200; cheap.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Fairmount Estate, Summer Hill.—Lots 34, 35, each 41' 6" x 116; $5s, Torrens'.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street.—Gosford.—Brisbane Water, with water frontage, 2 acres; £75 for lot, Torrens'.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Croydon.—9-roomed Brick House, with stable, &c.; £1450, £1000 can remain 5 per cent.; Torrens', close to station.
DEAKIN, 112, Pitt-street—Lot 16 section 1, Seaview Estate, Petersham; 60s; Torrens'; easy terms.

MACLEAY RIVER.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD FARM OF 470 ACRES,
Situated 7 miles from West Kempsey,
On the Main Road to Port Macquarie, and the road to Roland's Plains,
Known as Allen's Flat, Piper's Creek.

WELL WATERED WITH PERMANENT WATER.

Rich Soil. Well Grassed. Fine Timber.

WILL BE SOLD A BARGAIN.

T. S. HUNTLEY has received instructions to sell the above FREEHOLD, at his new Auction Mart, on THURSDAY, December 7, at 11 o'clock.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

GOOD WINE NEEDS NO BUSH.

Look out for Sale of the
QUEENSGROVE ESTATE,
ASHFIELD,
on December 9.
T. S. HUNTLEY, Auctioneer.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.
Petersham—Cottage, Denison-road, near station, 4 rooms, kitchen, hall, washhouse, garden, &c.; plenty of land
Petersham—2 grand Cottages, Wardell Hill, splendid position, 4 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, pantry, washhouse; 50 x 115
Petersham—Stone Cottage, hall, 5 rooms, kitchen, washhouse with copper, bathroom, gas and water; land, 50 x 118
Petersham—Norwood Hill, near station, splendid position, 6-roomed House and outhouses, well-built; land, 52 x 100; cheap
Petersham.—Splendid terrace of six 4-roomed Cottages, well let, good position, near station, over 11 per cent; splendid invest.
Newtown—Shop and 3 Cottages, corner block, returning over 10 per cent.; Houses, Cottages, and Allotments, Petersham, Summer Hill, Leichhardt, and all parts. For particulars see last Saturday's Herald, page 6; or, apply to
E. P. AGNEW, House, Land, and Estate Agent, Wardell-street, Petersham, opposite the railway station.

ORANGE ORCHARDS AND FARMS,
PARRAMATTA DISTRICT.

SPLENDID LIST.

Sendt or Property Circular
Parties wishing to inspect (by appointment) driven out free.
W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

AVENAL,
facing the Southern Line,
CANLEY VALE,
and
FAIRFIELD STATIONS,

FREEHOLD VILLA LOTS,
£7 10s each IN FULL.

TERMS: 10s deposit; balance, 5s a month per lot.
NO INTEREST.

Torrens' title.
STUBBS and CO., 322, George-street.

HOUSES and LAND for SALE, by W. RICHARDS.
Paddington. Sutherland-street—Terrace of 5 HOUSES, each 4 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, bath, gas and water.
Torrens' Title.

North Shore—HOUSE, 7 rooms, brick on stone; very cheap.

Waterloo—Terrace 7 HOUSES, return 10 per cent.

Newtown—HOUSE, 7 rooms, kitchen, side entrance; land, 60 x 100; a bargain.

Paddington—2 HOUSES, each 7 rooms, kitchen, bath, pantry, washhouse, gas and water; good investment.

Allotments of LAND at Granville, Burwood, Ashfield, Randwick, and Waverley, to be sold cheap.

W. RICHARDS,
41, Arcade, George-street entrance.

ASHFIELD. — Elegant VILLA, Chandos-street, 8 rooms, hall, kitchen, balcony, verandah, gas, and every convenience; £1400. Dunn and M'Keown, estate agents, 70, Elizabeth-street.

FOR SALE, two W.B. Houses, freehold, Eveleigh, near station; price, £800. Deane and Deane, 55, Elizabeth-street.

HOUSE and GROUND for SALE. Thomas Robertson, Church-street, Balmain.

PETERSHAM.—Houses, Cottages, and Allotments for Sale, cash or terms. D. and J. Harrison, Petersham Station.

PRINGLE, 130, King-st.—House Properties for SALE, from £175 to £16,000; money to loan, £250 to £20,000.

PRINGLE.—5 Houses, Surry Hills; rent £3 4s week, £1450, £750 may remain at interest; terms, 6 per cent.

PRINGLE has Allotments; no cash wanted for 18 months; Farms and Orchards on most easy terms.

PETERSHAM, near the station.—For Sale, a very choice block of LAND, 100 x 157, double frontage; a chance for speculators; splendid position for four 2-story houses; would let or sell well; only £500. Apply G. R. Swyny, 10, Park-street.

CROYDON, short distance from station, 2 splendid Allotments, each 100 x 180; £200 each; terms. G. R. Swyny.

RANDWICK.—Splendid Allotment, double frontage, 66 x 205, 3 minutes of present tram; 90s per foot. G. R. Swyny.

NEWTOWN, near new station, Goodsell's.—Good Allotment, 33 x 120, very cheap, only £4. G. R. Swyny, Park-st.

STANMORE.—For Sale, 2 fine Allotments, good position, 5 minutes from station, 66 x 101; £7 per foot. Swyny.

CHEAP LAND.—Avoca, Fairfield, £4 per lot; Avenel, 10s deposit, 5s per month. Dyson, 123, Elizabeth-street.

NEWTOWN.—2 HOUSES for £600, near tram, freehold; 4 rooms. DYSON, 123, Elizabeth-street.

WAVERLEY, best part, near tram terminus.—SEGENHOE and ROCKLEY, a pair of handsome, new, semi-detached villas; 8 large rooms, &c., every convenience for large family; grand view; easy terms. W. Griffith, Segenhoe.

ONE Hundred and Sixty Pounds cash, balance £1 week.—New HOUSE, 6 rooms, &c.; gas, water; Torrens' title. 1, Sandal-terrace, Reiby-street, off Enmore-road, Enmore.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

WENTWORTH FALLS.
A FIRST-CLASS COTTAGE RESIDENCE at WENTWORTH FALLS, on G.W. R., within 3 minutes' walk of the platform, and 1 mile from the WEATHERBOARD WATERFALLS, together with 17½ ACRES of LAND.
For Auction Sale at our Rooms,
WEDNESDAY, 6th DECEMBER.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.—SHERBROOKE, detached Villa Residence, situate in CAVENDISH-STREET, South Kingston, containing hall, 7 rooms, bathroom, and every convenience. Torrens' Title. For further particulars apply to HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

SUBIACO ESTATE, PARRAMATTA RIVER.
90 ACRES,
NEXT to the CELEBRATED VINEYARD ESTATE,
for SALE by Public Auction, in
194 ALLOTMENTS,
at our Sale Rooms, in Pitt-street,
MONDAY, 4th DECEMBER, at 11.30 o'clock.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

RANDWICK AND COOGEE.
For Private SALE, five choice and highly improved BUILDING SITES, at the junction of BOTANY and HIGH STREETS, RANDWICK, also five good VILLA SITES, Arden and Alexander streets, Coogee, 100 feet from tram. Plans at the Rooms.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TOWN OF SMITHFIELD.—For PRIVATE SALE, BLOCK of LAND, in area 14 ACRES, fronting GIPPS, ALBERT, and VICTORIA STREETS.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

DARLINGHURST-ROAD, opposite WILLIAM-STREET.—For PRIVATE SALE, VICTORIA-TERRACE Two First-class Family Residences, Nos. 250 and 252, VICTORIA STREET, at the corner of Upper William-street South.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

POINT PIPER — COOPER . ESTATE
Magnificent DEEP WATER FRONTAGES,
extending
from ROSE BAY to DOUBLE BAY,
for
AUCTION SALE, on the GROUND,
at 3 p.m.,
SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER.
Lithos, ready.
See auction advertisement.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

OUR NEW PROPERTY CIRCULAR (34th issue) IS NOW READY.

COPIES FREE on application.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

DARLINGTON.—GOLDEN GROVE ESTATE, old NEWTOWN-ROAD.—TERRACE of 6 splendid new Houses (with option of taking 14 more), thoroughly well built of brick on stone, with slate roofs, containing each 5 rooms, hall, kitchen, bathroom, lobby, pantry, washhouse, with COPPER; verandah, balcony, &c.; WATER and GAS laid on; GARDENS in front. TITLE FREEHOLD. Can be sold either together or SEPARATELY. B 444. BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

PADDINGTON, Windsor-street.—New Terrace of 5 HOUSES, built of brick on stone, slated roofs, each containing 4 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, balcony, verandah, &c.; water laid on; GARDEN in front; 20-FEET LANE at rear; TITLE, TORRENS'. To BE SOLD TOGETHER or SEPARATELY.
Also, PADDINGTON-STREET.—Terrace of 3 NEW HOUSES, SIMILAR to the above in EVERY RESPECT. B 459.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

FOURTEEN PER CENT. INTEREST.—£83 4s. per annum for £600. WATERLOO, Schimel-street, 2 NEW HOUSES, each 4 rooms, bathroom, back and front verandahs, balcony, &c; FRONT GARDEN and STABLES. Leasehold, 84 years unexpired, G. R. 2s 6d per week. Exceptionally easy terms. B 62. BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

RANDWICK.—Etholstone Estate, adjoining OBERON ESTATE, and within 100 yards of the TRAM LINE now being CONSTRUCTED 7 choice Villa SITES, only 18s, 25s, and 30s per foot. B. 483. BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

ULTIMO, corner Harris and M'Arthur streets.—Four SHOPS and Dwellings, built of brick on stone, slate roofs, containing each shop, 4 rooms, kitchen, verandah, &c.; gas and water laid on. Title, leasehold, 98 years' unexpired; G.R., £24 per annum. Price, corner shop, £650, others £600 each. B. 441.
BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

WAVERLEY.—Splendid ALLOTMENT for SALE, 50 x 120; Torrens title. Terms. Box 10, King-st. P. O.

FOR Private SALE, ALLOTMENT, 20 x 105, Elizth, Hargraves sts., Underwood Estate. Lukins, Bent-st., Pad.

LAND and HOUSES for immediate SALE, at the Glebe, new premises; leasehold, 36 years. Butcher's Shop, Grocer's Shop, large rooms attached; also, Private Dwelling-house, nine rooms, brick on stone, cheapest ever offered, at £1100; terms. Also, two Cottages, let at 10s per week, only £300.
GRANT and CO., 10, Park-street.

TO CAPITALISTS, Speculators, and Building Societies.—An ESTATE containing about Eleven Hundred (1100) Acres Rich Undulating LAND, well timbered, Brick House, and improvements. Railway station on the Estate; about 26 miles from Sydney.
J. E. VANCE, 72, Sussex-street.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE for SALE, replete with every convenience, large area of ground, trees and shrubs well grown, few minutes from station. Particulars, Mr. ROOKE, Emma Cottage, Denison-road, Petersham.

BALMAIN.—Water Frontage, nearly 100 feet, with 4 stone Cottages, nearly opposite Pyrmont Baths; also splendid Villa Block; magnificent water view, Elliott-street, Figtree Point. A. Bowen, Campbell-street, Balmain.

BALMAIN.—Splendid Business Sites in Darling and Mort streets; and Villa Sites at Snail's Bay; fine water views. Also Terrace Blocks, beautifully situated. A. Bowen, Campbell-street, Balmain.

J. SIMS has for SALE, a gentleman's beautiful Family RESIDENCE, situate at the corner of Selwyn and Albion streets, Paddington, close to Surry Hills and Moore Park, containing 9 rooms, hall, bathroom, kitchen, washhouse, pantry, large balcony, gas and water; one of the grandest promenades on the roof in the city. Apply on the premises; or 4, Selwyn-street, Moore Park.

FAIRFIELD HEIGHTS.
These Half-acre Blocks, payable by instalments of 10s a month, are suitable for RESIDENCE or INVESTMENT. The soil is rich; splendid views; and with the REDUCED FARES and frequent trains, Fairfield must become a populous suburb. Call for plan. The Vendor will meet the 1.55 train on SATURDAYS, to show the UNSOLD LOTS. R. NOTT, 313, George-street.

LAND! LAND! LAND!!!
TO WORKING MEN.—£6 deposit and 5s a week will purchase an Allotment adjoining tramway terminus at Marrickville.
TO CLERKS and OTHERS.—£15 deposit and 7s a week will purchase splendid Villa Site, great depths, at the Warren; assistance to build. All information at the offices of the Excelsior Building Co. and Bank, Limited, 171, York-street.
WILLIAM JARRET, Manager.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT.
Four of the neatest and best finished HOUSES in Toogood-street, Macdonaldtown, washhouse, copper, and every convenience, always let.
GEORGE WITHERS and COMPANY, Auctioneers, 136, Pitt-street.

SPLENDID INVESTMENT. A BARGAIN.
TERRACE of 3 HOUSES, Hereford-street, Forest Lodge, brick on stone, slated roofs, &c., substantially built, £865.
GEORGE WITHERS and COMPANY, Auctioneers, 136, Pitt-street.

COMPLETE GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE.
First-class Gothic VILLA, within few minutes' walk of Petersham station; land, 100 feet frontage. Cards to view, £1750.
GEORGE WITHERS and CO., Auctioneers, 136, Pitt-street.

ARTIZAN HOUSES.
For SALE, two newly-built COTTAGES at Day-street, Llswick Estate, each containing 3 rooms and kitchen, constructed of brick on stone foundation; frontage, 20 feet each by 100 feet in depth; plastered throughout, front room and hall corniced. Small deposit required; balance can remain in building society. For further particulars, apply to ARTHUR CUBITT, House and Estate Agent, 52, Sydney Arcade, King-street.

SUMMER HILL.—For SALE, grand business Sites, 20 ft. frontages; easy terms. Harrison's Coal Depot, Sum. Hill.

THE HAYMARKET AUCTION COMPANY, Limited, have for Private SALE, separately or in one lot, the undermentioned desirable RESIDENCES, on easy terms,
at ASHFIELD,
ELIZABETH-STREET,
Four substantially-built, new, semi-detached HOUSES, with slate roofs, each containing 5 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, pantry, and washhouse, underground tank, gas laid on, each house having 25 feet frontage to Elizabeth-street, with depth of 132 feet, well fenced.
Title, Crown grant.
Full particulars at Company's Property Sale Rooms, Corn Exchange, Haymarket.

FINE BLOCKS of LAND of one (1) acre each. Price, £40 per lot, on easy terms, at AUBURN PARK, adjoining good improved properties.
A pretty W. B. COTTAGE (new) of 5 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, and pantry; 3 acres of cleared land (fenced); within 20 minutes' drive from Rookwood station; 45 minutes from the city all the way.
A complete County HOUSE, three-quarters of an hour from the city, containing 8 rooms, kitchen, pantry, bathroom, &c., 2-stall stable, coachhouse, man's room, &c.; plenty of pure water; 11 acres of land (fenced), 4 acres under cultivation.
FOREST LODGE.—Good Investment; 2 SHOPS, with dwelling-houses, each 5 rooms, kitchen, &c.; also, COTTAGE at rear of 3 rooms, &c.

We receive Land or House Property for Sale by auction or privately on the lowest scale of commission.

P.S.—SEVERAL SUMS of Money to Lend on Mortgage at current rates. Apply to
PALMER, THOMPSON, and DENNY, Auctioneers, Brokers, &c., 113, Pitt-street.

NINE HUNDRED and SIXTY Acres splendid Wheat LAND for SALE or to LET, with pre-leases attached. The land is highly improved, and not a bad acre in it; has 1½ mile frontage to creek. Apply Thomas Finn, storekeeper, Canowindra.

STANMORE-ROAD, corner Holt-street, near station, price £8 per foot. G. R. Harrison, Albion Wharf.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.
Four Semi-detached COTTAGE VILLAS, situated in Yule and Westbourne streets, Petersham, close to 'Bus or Rail, and opposite Public Park. Price, £1800. Also, LOTS 8 and 9 of Sect. 1 of Oberon Estate, Randwick, facing Avoca-street; and Lots 29, 30, and 31, of sect. 3, Howard-street. Price, £3 per foot. W. Elphinstone, jun., of 472, George-street, opposite the Markets.

ST. LEONARDS, best position, ALLOTMENT 25 x 112, two frontages, £20 foot. Oatley and Cahill, 40, Hunter-st.

J. W. C. FLOWER, Auctioneer and General Agent, 126, Pitt-street, have for SALE,
Marine Villa, deep water frontage.—2 Marine Villas (new), rental £124; price, £1100, freehold.
Glebe Point.—3 new Houses, brick, on stone, 4 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, cop., water, gas, balconies, verandah; £1050.
Watson's Bay.—Stone Cottage, 9 rooms, shed, fowl-house, convenient.

FOR SALE, 2 well-built 6-roomed HOUSES, 5 minutes from Stanmore Station, £1350 the two. This is a very good property, faithfully built, and is only sold in consequence of the owner residing in the country. G. R. Swyny, 10, Park-street.

ASHFIELD, Arthur and Queen streets, only 5 minutes from Station.—For SALE, LAND, 86 x 155, near Public School, only £3 per foot. This is a fine elevated block of land, fenced; terms. Apply G. R. Swyny, 10, Park-st., nr. George-st.

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Drapery, Haberdashery &c.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS, PALACE EMPORIUM, HAYMARKET (ONLY), CALL ATTENTION TO THE FOLLOWING SPECIAL LINES:—

ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS' HOLD THE LARGEST STOCK OF ANTIQUE LACE IN SYDNEY.

At the PALACE EMPORIUM CAN BE OBTAINED THE MOST BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT of FANS. FANS. FANS. WE HAVE HAND-PAINTED at 3s 6d EACH, and OTHERS EQUAL TO HAND-PAINTED, at FROM 10½d EACH.

ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS RESPECTFULLY INFORM the MANY LADIES WAITING FOR THEIR PALACE KID GLOVES CAN NOW BE SUPPLIED.

At the PALACE EMPORIUM IS TO BE SEEN THE NEW SUEDE GLOVE, in TANS and LIGHT SHADES, 4-BUTTON, 6-BUTTON, 8-BUTTON, 2s 11d. 3s 11d. 4s 11d.

ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS HAVE A LARGE and VARIED STOCK of SWISS EMBROIDERY.

At the PALACE EMPORIUM (ONLY) CAN be OBTAINED EVERY ARTICLE REQUIRED for family and household use, EVERY REQUISITE for ordinary WEAR or PERSONAL ADORNMENT, in fact WE ARE the ONLY UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS for New South Wales, and stand unrivalled and unapproached in our efforts to MEET the REQUIREMENTS of the PUBLIC. ORDERS received by post have our CAREFUL and PROMPT ATTENTION.

WE HAVE BUT ONE ADDRESS, and that is ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS, PALACE EMPORIUM, HAYMARKET (ONLY).

E. WAY'S LACES. LACES. LACES. Point d'Alençon and Guipure, from 1s 3d dozen; Antique and Arabesque, from 1s 6d dozen; Point d'Art and Point Venise, from 1s 11d dozen; Brabant and Spanish, from 2s 4d dozen; Edelweiss Duchesse, &c., from 4s 6d to 30s dozen.

E. WAY'S SWISS EMBROIDERIES. Another shipment of these goods to hand. Five hundred pieces to select from, commencing at 1½d per yard to 4s 9d.

E. WAY'S RUFFLINGS. RUFFLINGS. RUFFINGS. Tarlatan White or Cream, 3s 6d to 8s 6d dozen; India Muslin, white or cream, 6s 6d to 11s 6d dozen; Lisse, white or cream, 9s 6d to 18s 6d dozen.

E. WAY'S LACE SCARFS, COLLARETTES, BOWS. Berthas and Muslin Squares, embracing the most choice and fashionable goods.

E. WAY, 213 to 219, Importer of the Latest NOVELTIES. Draper, Pitt-street.

BEAUTIFUL. BEAUTIFUL. EXTREMELY UNIQUE, BROCADED SATIN LACE (real) TRIMMED PARACHUTES, in all Prices, from 4s 11d to 23s 6d. 4s 11d to 23s 6d.

These Goods have just been Opened, and WERE ALL MANUFACTURED IN FRANCE.

EDWARD HORDERN and SONS, 668, Brickfield-hill.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR NEW STOCK of Prints and Sateens, Prints and Sateens?

SELF-ACTING SPRING BLIND ROLLERS. Hartshorn's. Hartshorn's. Awarded the first degree of merit at the International Exhibition.

ALL ROLLERS WARRANTED.

The only House in town that has any.

OUR cases of TOYS will suit any fancy business, from £1 upwards. American Novelty Co.

THE Royal Furnishing Arcade will be Open this day from 8 o'clock a.m. until 9 o'clock p.m.

Medical, Chemicals, &c.

MEDICAL. Our preparations have now attained such notoriety that they are now sold by every chemist and storekeeper in all towns in the colony.

The Instantaneous CURE for TOOTHACHE acts like magic. Price, 1s 6d bottle.

WORM LOZENGES, for persons of all ages. These Lozenges are in all cases a specific for Worms, and may be given to persons of all ages. 1s and 2s packet.

BOTANIC CREAM, for nourishing and beautifying the hair; superior to all other preparations, being a purely vegetable compound, and delicately perfumed. 1s 6d and 2s 6d bottle.

CARBOLIC JUJUBES, a specific for sore throat, whooping cough, hoarseness, tickling in the throat, and loss of voice. 1s and 2s 6d.

SOOTHING POWDERS, for children teething, surpass all other remedies of this class, and may be safely given to the most delicate children. 1s packet.

ANTACID AROMATIC MIXTURE, for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, &c. Acts splendidly in all cases. Sold in bottles, 2s 6d each.

EYE LOTION.—This is a most wonderful cure for Sore Eyes, Sandy Blight, &c. Sold in bottles, 1s.

RINGWORM LOTION cures in a few applications. Sold in bottles, with brush, 1s 6d.

CORN SOLVENT, a specific which never fails. Sold in bottles, with brush, 1s 6d.

DALMATIAN INSECT POWDER, for destroying fleas, bugs, mosquitoes, &c. The best Insecticide ever introduced. Sold in tins, 1s.

A. J. WATT and CO., Pharmacists, 528, George-street, Sydney.

Sold by all Chemists and storekeepers in every town in the colony.

SURGICAL APPLIANCES, &c. We keep in stock a large assortment of Ladies' Abdominal Supporters, Accouchement Bandages, Shoulder Braces, Flesh Gloves and Brushes, Vaginal Douches, Fountain Syringes, Enemas of all kinds, Gent.'s Body Belts, Allen's Food Warmers, Nursery Lamps, American and English Trusses of the most approved description, Throat Atomizers, Ear and Eye Syringes, Bougies and Catheters, Feeding Cups, Pessaries of every description, Elastic Stockings, Anklets, and Kneecaps, Urinals, Breast Relievers, Hypodermic Syringes, Conversation Tubes for deafness, Shepard's Bronchitis Kettle and Vaporizer, Breast Pumps, Nasal Douches, Respirators, Medicine Spoons, Clinical Thermometers, Caustic Holders, Spirit Lamps, &c., &c.

A. J. WATT and CO., Pharmacists, 528, GEORGE-STREET, Sydney.

PETER MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
THE ONLY RELIABLE BRAND, always PURE AND ACCEPTABLE TO THE PALATE, most EASY OF DIGESTION.
Perfected in its manufacture by the process invented by PETER MOLLER over 30 years since, and improved by constant additions, it NEEDS NO AFTER MANIPULATIONS, which only DETERIORATE THE QUALITY.
RECOMMENDED BY THE PROFESSION IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
SIXTEEN FIRST PRIZES AWARDED.
In Capsuled Bottles only, of Chemists, Storekeepers, &c.

THE GOOD OLD ENGLISH REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES. Established nearly 100 Years.

KAYE'S WORSDELL'S PILLS. The Best Family Medicine.
KAYE'S WORSDELL'S PILLS. Purify and Cool the Blood.
KAYE'S WORSDELL'S PILLS. A Mild but Effectual Aperient.
KAYE'S WORSDELL'S PILLS. Cure Indigestion, Headache.
KAYE'S WORSDELL'S PILLS. Cure Rheumatism, Gout.
KAYE'S WORSDELL'S PILLS. Cure Dyspepsia, Constipation.
KAYE'S WORSDELL'S PILLS. Cure Liver and Nervous Complaints.
Of all Chemists. Price—1s 1½d, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d per box.

LONG'S Compound Consolidated CASTOR OIL or PALMA CHRISTI PILL, the Great Liver Purge. LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS.—A few doses loosen the Phlegm, allay Tickling in the Throat, producing easy expectoration. In bottles, 1s and 2s 6d each. 1s 6d saved by taking the large size. Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.—Bugs, Fleas, Moths, Beetles, and all other Insects are destroyed by KEATING'S INSECT POWDER, which is quite harmless to domestic animals. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for "KEATING'S POWDER." Sold by all chemists.

CUT THIS OUT—IT MAY SAVE YOUR LIFE.—There is no person living but what suffers more or less with Lung Disease, Coughs, Colds, or Consumption, yet some would die rather than pay 3s 6d for a bottle of medicine that would cure them. Dr. A. BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderous cures astonish every one that tries it. If you doubt what we say in print, cut this out and take it to your druggist, and get a sample bottle for 6d, and try it, or a regular size for 3s 6d. All chemists. Wholesale by ELLIOTT BROTHERS, Sydney and Brisbane.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

THE STOMACH.—Everyone suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion, and the thousand tortures of the stomach out of order, should get a box of J. S. ABRAHAM'S PILLS (Dandelion), and you have a safe cure. 434, George-street.

ABRAHAM'S PILLS.—Prepared from Dandelion. They leave no injurious deposits in the stomach or blood.

COUGH WHILE YOU CAN! Because, after taking Dr. Thompson's American COLTSFOOT COUGH LINCTUS, you will not be able to cough. Price, 1s. Sold by all chemists and storekeepers, wholesale by all wholesale houses, and the Sole Agent for the Australian colonies, WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177, Pitt-street, next to Punch's Hotel.

KILL THE INSECTS AND THEIR EGGS with Clayton and Co.'s Great American Insect Exterminator. Price, in tins, with full directions, 1s, 1s 3d, and in large box, 1s 6d. Sold everywhere, and by the sole agent, WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177, Pitt-street, next to Punch's Hotel.

CLAYTON and CO.'S CAMPHOR ICE, an emollient and healing preparation for chapped hands. It softens and whitens the skin. Price, 6d; by post 10d. WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177 Pitt-street, Agent. Sold everywhere.

CLAYTON and CO.'S COUGH LOZENGES are wonderfully curative for coughs, and all bronchial complaints. Price, 18 cents (9d) per box, by post 1s 5d. W. H. SOUL, Pitt-street, agent for New South Wales. Sold everywhere.

GOLD MEDAL—FLAVOURING ESSENCES. The highest certificate was awarded for CLAYTON and CO.'S Lemon, Vanilla, Ratifia, Almond, Orange, Peppermint, Cloves, Cinnamon, Pine Apple, and Raspberry; also, for their very superior Cochineal for colouring. Price, 1s each. Sold by all grocers and storekeepers. Sole agent wholesale and retail—WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177, Pitt-street, next Punch's Hotel.

MARSHALL'S Tonic Nervine cures drunkenness by destroying alcoholic craving, 10s 6d. Marshall Bros., Market-st.

DOWNES' SPECIAL REMEDIES and PREPARATIONS for various complaints are greatly commended. Trusses and surgical instruments. Painless teeth extraction. Advice gratis. Dispensary, 30, Park-st. (Room, H.M.'s A.M. Staff.)

PAINE'S BALSAM of ANISEED cures coughs, colds, asthma, hoarseness, and huskiness in the throat. Prepared only, and for sale, at the Hall of Pharmacy, 78, King-street.

AUSTRALIAN CREAM of ROSES removes freckles, roughness of the skin, &c. Prepared at the Hall of Pharmacy, 78, King-street.

THE Royal Furnishing Arcade will be Open this day from 8 o'clock a.m. until 9 o'clock p.m.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Furniture, &c.

FURNITURE.—The Largest Stock in the colony. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-street.

DRAWING-ROOM CABINETS.—Early English, Anglo-Japanese, and Chippendale designs. Just opened. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Furniture Warehousemen, Spring and O'Connell streets.

DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.—Magnificent Suites, in Walnut, Oak, and Mahogany; Sideboards, Dinner Waggons, &c., to match. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Furniture Warehousemen, Spring and O'Connell streets.

FRAMEWORK for DRAWING-ROOM SUITES and OCCASIONAL CHAIRS. A VERY EXTENSIVE assortment in Chippendale, Early English, and other designs, which can be upholstered in any materials to meet the taste and requirements of buyers. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB.

FRAMEWORK for DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, Handsome and Massive, in Oak, Walnut, and Mahogany. The VERY BEST REAL MOROCCO SKINS and Materials for upholstery. Open to inspection. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

BEDSTEADS, nickel-plated, and black and brass; new shipments. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB.

BEDDING—All descriptions at lowest rates. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-street.

WASHSTANDS, with marble tops, 30s each. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-street.

GARDEN SEATS and Verandah Chairs.—Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, Spring and O'Connell streets.

BENTWOOD FURNITURE.—A very complete Assortment, just opened, many quite new designs.

OCCASIONAL CHAIRS in VERY GREAT Variety, all prices. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, O'Connell-street.

OFFICE FURNITURE, WRITING TABLES, Chairs, Stools, Desks, &c. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

IRON SAFES, various sizes. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Spring and O'Connell streets.

ICE CHESTS, all sizes, very superior make; examine before purchasing. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

TWENTY THOUSAND CIRCULARS, announcing a Special Christmas Season at the Royal Furnishing Arcade, are being distributed throughout the city and suburbs this week. It will be advisable to purchase at once. Do not wait until all is bustle and excitement. You will have better opportunities for selecting now than you will have in two or three weeks' time. The goods are not yet arranged in perfect order, but still they are on view, and those who come first will have the pick of the magnificent collection. There are thousands of choice and beautiful articles to select from.

EVERYTHING MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES AT THE LOWEST NET CASH PRICE. CAMPBELL BROTHERS.

TO-DAY, Wednesday, our Showrooms will be open from 8 o'clock a.m. until 9 p.m.

An express van having been provided, parcels, no matter how small, can be delivered immediately. CAMPBELL BROTHERS, Royal Furnishing Arcade, 426, George-street, Sydney, next the Royal Hotel.

IF YOU ARE ABOUT TO FURNISH a MANSION or COTTAGE call at ALEXANDER MOORE and CO.'S Labour Bazaar, 245 and 247, Pitt-street. ESTABLISHED 1840.

WHY should I Furnish at ALEXANDER MOORE and CO.'S?
BECAUSE You will find one of the Best Assorted Stocks in the city to select from.
BECAUSE It is the Oldest Established FURNITURE WAREHOUSE in the Colony.
BECAUSE You will be Liberally dealt with.
BECAUSE You will obtain Value Equalled by no other House in the Trade.
BECAUSE The Stock is Bought for NET CASH, and can be sold CHEAP on that account.
BECAUSE Both city and country buyers will meet with the best attention.
BECAUSE They are a well-known firm, where you can purchase elegant upholstered and substantial Drawing, Dining, and Bed room Furniture, of a really first-class quality, at prices which defy competition.
BECAUSE Every article is warranted, and not misrepresented.

Parties about to furnish are requested to bear the above facts in mind, and call at this well-known establishment before making their purchases elsewhere.

A large and varied assortment of Hall, Library, and Office Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Oilcloth, &c., &c., always kept in stock. Also large quantity of cheap Verandah Blinds and Lounges.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO., Furnishing Warehousemen, Auctioneers, Valuators, &c. Labour Bazaar, 245 and 247, Pitt-street.

TIME PAYMENT. TIME PAYMENT. H. LEVY and CO., CENTRAL FURNISHING ARCADE, 29, 31, and 33, Park-street. The only house in Sydney where you can furnish on the new time payment system, From £10 to £1000. NO BILLS OF SALE. All goods are marked in plain figures, and no deception.

CHRISTMAS. CHRISTMAS. FURNITURE. FURNITURE. FURNITURE. How to Make your Homes Comfortable. Why, is to call at H. LEVY and CO.'S CENTRAL FURNISHING ARCADE, 29, 31, and 33, Park-street, where you can get every description of Furniture, Bedsteads, Bedding, and every requisite for housekeeping. New Shipment of Goods just opened. Prices not to be equalled anywhere in the city. Come and judge for yourselves.

FOR SALE, a good Morocco SUITE (owner has not room for it). Address D. G., Herald Office.

THE AUSTRALIAN HOME-SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. To prevent fraud and deception, every genuine Home-Shuttle Machine bears the AUSTRALIAN COAT OF ARMS, and the words "MADE EXPRESSLY FOR M. MOSS & CO." 20,000 in use in Australia, so they need no "puffing." No. 1, Hand Machine, £4; No. 2, with treadle, £6; No. 3, with treadle, and cover to lock, £7. M. MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane.

THERE IS ENOUGH RACKET IN THE HOUSE in the day time without having the quiet of evening disturbed by a noisy clattering sewing-machine, though it may be the famed so-and-so's make, but noisy for all that. The general remark of those who first see the AUTOMATIC SILENT at work is, "How quiet!" The principle that these are made on does away with the possibility of noise, and being automatic or self-adjusting in their tension, they are so simple that a child can work them, and they will not wake the baby in the evening, which is a great object to some folks as well. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., Agents for the Willcox and Gibbs Automatic Silent Sewing-machine, 416, GEORGE-STREET.

FURNITURE.—Persons about to furnish would do well to visit COOK BROTHERS. Every household requisite at lowest cash prices.

CAPITAL INVESTMENTS may be made this week at the Royal Furnishing Arcade. Beautiful goods.

OUR cases of TOYS will suit any fancy business, from £1 upwards. American Novelty Co.

Horticultural, Farming, &c.

SEEDS and PLANTS.—ANDERSON and CO., Seed Merchants, 216, and 218, Pitt-street.

RYDE BONE MILLS.—Bones bought in any quantity; highest price given. Guaranteed pure dust always on hand. Apply JOHN FORSYTH.

YOU WILL FIND it a pleasure to walk through the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Open until 9 p.m.

TOYS.—We, as manufacturers' agents, can hold out inducements to buy of us. American Novelty Co., Pitt-street.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

General Merchandise.

BARRE JOHNSTON and CO., 22, Bridge-street, have for Sale—
R. Mills and Co.'s Celebrated LINCOLNSHIRE MINERAL WATERS
Martell's BRANDY, ***
D'Arcy's Celebrated OLD IRISH WHISKY, in case and bulk
Ogg's Famed OLD STRATHDEE, ditto ditto
Van Den Bergh and Co.'s BELL BRAND GIN
Van Vollenhollen's Pelsner GERMAN BEER, in pints and qts.
Condensed Milkman BRAND MILK
Atlantic and St. George's Bay LOBSTERS
HERRINGS—Marshall's, Bruce's, and Milne and Son's
HADDOCKS—Ditto, ditto, ditto
D. Rosenberg and Son's Celebrated LACQUER—GOLD, GREEN, and BLUE
FENCING WIRE—Ryland's Nos. 6, 8, and 10
Ditto, Nettlefold's, Nos. 8 and 10
Galvanised Corrugated Iron, Emu and Pelican Brands
HOOP IRON, at very low prices
TIN PLATES, Coke and Charcoal, of the best brands
WOOLPACKS—DUNDEES and CALCUTTAS
Red and White Deals and Flooring Boards

OLD "LOCHABER" SCOTCH WHISKY. The undersigned are in receipt of regular shipments of this favourite brand, and are prepared to execute orders for same, in bulk and case. DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO., Sole Agents.

ON SALE, BY THE UNDERSIGNED.
Gospel Oak Galvanized Iron, 24 and 26 gauge, Plain and Corrugated
Fencing Wire, Nos. 8 and 10
Hoop Iron, ¾, 1¼, and 2 inch
Sheepshears, Ward and Payne's No. 38, double bow
Woolpacks, 11lb. full weight; Seaming Twine.
Cement, Burham Co.'s, to arrive.
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.

BISQUIT DUBOUCHE and CO.'S BRANDY, dark and pale, in hogsheads, quarter-casks, and case. GARRICK and CO., Agents.

ALBURY WINE, ETTAMOGAH VINEYARD. The WINES of this vineyard, which have taken many prizes, including First Prize Certificate Sydney International Exhibition, can be obtained from all Wine and Spirit Merchants; also from the Stores of the Proprietors, 89, Pitt-street North. Prices after 1st March will be for vintages 1875 and 1876:—
Ettamogah Red, per dozen, quarts, 20s
Ditto White, ditto ditto, ditto, 20s
Ditto Reisling ditto, ditto, ditto, 20s
Ditto Muscat ditto ditto, ditto, 22s 6d.
Pints, 4s extra.
HARBOTTLE, BIDDULPH, and ALSOP.

W. H. ARIELL AND CO., Commission Agents and General Merchants, 343 and 345, Kent-street, Sydney. Agents for the undermentioned:—
Swallow and Ariell's celebrated prize biscuits, comprising a variety of 70 kinds—Canterbury, Normanby, and Christmas family cakes, plum puddings, mincemeat, infants' food, self-raising aerated flour, treacle, and golden syrup
Excelsior Mills prize Victorian oatmeal, pearl barley, and dressed rice
Dillon and Burrows' superior assorted prize confectionery
J. Kitchen and Son's No. 1 mottled and toilet soaps
S. Capper and Co.'s superior assorted essences, 1 and ½ oz. bottles; blacking, blue, hair oil, and extract of soap
A. M. Hunt and Co.'s celebrated prize baking powders, all sizes
R. Whittingham and Co.'s prime York hams, paper bags, carraway seed, oilmen's stores,
AND A LARGE VARIETY OF NOVELTIES.

TO TANNERS AND DEALERS IN GRINDERY.—Ex MAIL STEAMER, Black OIL, in casks and cans, in lots to suit purchasers. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., York-street, Wynyard-square.

BOTTLED STOUTS FOR SALE. Combe's Sout and Barclay Perkin's Stout, in champagne bottles. GEORGE LLOYD, Bridge-street.

FLOWER STANDS, for holding flowers in pots, made of iron and wire, handsomely painted and bronzed, suitable for rooms, halls, balconies, verandahs, and conservatories. EASTWAY BROTHERS, Wire Workers, 413, George-street.

FLY TRAPS, to catch them by thousands, price 1s 6d, 2s 6d, and 3s each. Eastway Brothers, 413, George-street.

GARDEN TOOLS, suitable for ladies' use and children, 2s, 2s 6d, 3s 6d set. Eastway Brothers, 413, George-street.

FISH.—Why be without fish when you can buy a Fish TRAP? Eastway Brothers, 413, George-street.

MEAT SAFES.—Hanging wire Meat Safes at reduced prices. Eastway's, 413, George-street.

TABLE CUTLERY, just landed, and cannot be equalled at the price, as under:—
Table Knives, 6s 6d, 8s, 10s 6d, 13s, 18s the half-dozen
Dessert Knives, 5s, 6s, 7s 6d, 10s, 12s the half-dozen
Plated Forks and Spoons at equally low prices.
EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-street.

NOTICE. We beg to give notice that we have transferred the New South Wales Agency of John Stephens, of Gloucester, the manufacturer of Stephens' celebrated brand Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, Jams, &c., to Messrs. CATTELL and CO., to whom we request the trade to send all orders in future. ROYLE and CO., Bond-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE ON SPOT, AND TO ARRIVE. STEPHENS' OIL STORES. Pints PICKLES, hexagons and rounds; VINEGAR, bulk and bottled; Salad and Castor OILS; SAUCES, CAPERS, JAMS, &c., &c., &c., by CATTELL and CO., Sole Agents.

TANKS.—Ship's Iron Water TANKS, from 100 to 400 gallons, cheap. W. Robison, 67, Sussex-street.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN WINES.—Frontignac, Muscadine, Tokay, Port, Sherry, and Claret. H. S. Bird and Co.

CARMICHAEL'S PORPHYRY, equal to the finest Rhine Hock (awarded 1st Prize at the Garden Palace); pints, in 3 dozen cases, 12s 6d dozen; quarts, 1 and 2 dozen cases, 21s dozen. H. S. BIRD and CO., agents, Circular Quay.

WIRE Meat Covers, extra strong, made of tinned wire, just landed 500, from 1s 6d each; also Wire Meat Safes, our own make, wholesale and retail. EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-street.

ON SALE, BY THE UNDERSIGNED.
Flour—Victorian and New Zealand, in sacks and quarter-sacks
Oatmeal—Tasmanian and New Zealand, in 7lb bags
Cornsacks—Full weight Calcuttas
Salt—Rock, coarse, and fine, latter in 100lb bags
Linseed and Linseed Meal
Jams—Hawkins', Peak's, Tasmanian and Sydney Companies
Hops—Tasmanian, new crops to arrive. Malt Barley, both Cape and Malting Wheat, Oats, Maize, Bran, Pollard, Peas, Potatoes, Onions, Chaff, Hay, and Straw
Wattle Bark—Best Tasmanian, Victorian, and New South Wales, both ground and chopped
Bonedust—Primest quality, any quantity
Bacon, Hams, Cheese, and Butter
Cement—500 Casks best Portland, Falcon brand.
TATE BROS., Sussex-street.

AUSTRALIAN WINES bought in bulk. Offers received by Schmedes, Erbslöh, and Co., 34, Pitt-st., Sydney.

DATES in boxes or bags, Yellow Sugar; Tea, half-chests and boxes; Sugar Mats; bright large Rattan and medium Rattan Matting, Malacca Canes, Tapioca, Table Rice; Soap, tablets and bars; Coal Baskets, &c. Fisher, 21, King-st. W.

PATENT LEVER CLOTH MANGLES, 70s each. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

THE FAMOUS DOLLY WASHER, with Mangle and Wringer combined. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, George-st.

AMERICAN Fruit Preserving Bottles, pints, quarts, and ½-gallons. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-st.

AMERICAN BARROWS, made of Ash, light and serviceable, only 20s each. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, Geo.-st.

FRETWORK Designs, Fretwood, Bracket Saws and Blades; a fine assortment. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, Geo.-st.

THE BANNER JELLY TUMBLERS, 4 sizes, have an easily fastened metal cover; the nicest idea for jellies, preserves, or honey in the comb, for table use. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

NECESSARIES for the COMING SUMMER.—Halliday's, Cheavin's, or Jowett's FILTERS, all first-class ICE CHESTS, strong and substantial, of approved make. STAR SPRING BEDS, made to suit any bed, of best steel wire, and suit itself to the pressure of body. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-st., 4 doors from Royal.

THE Eureka Lath and Scroll SAW, £4; has 20-in. iron bed and take-up bearings. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, Geo.-st.

A NEW American CORNSHELLER, the A. B. C. It is well worth inspection. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, Geo.-st.

THE COMING FRUIT SEASON. To meet the requirements of this we have a fine stock of the celebrated MASON'S PRESERVING BOTTLES, which have the porcelain lined screw caps. Also a new and capital kind, called the LIGHTNING. Prices for both kinds, 8s, 10s, 12s per dozen for pints, quarts, and half gallon (being a reduction of 2s on last year's prices), and 7s, 9s, 11s per dozen, by case of 6 dozen pin's, 6 dozen quarts, 6 dozen half-gallons. Packing for less than three dozen, 1s 6d extra.
HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street, Sydney.

CATCH THE FLIES.—Crystal FLY TRAPS, suitable for the drawing-room or the kitchen, very effective and very clean. Price, 1s 6d each. The trade supplied. WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 177, Pitt-street, next Punch's Hotel.

TANKS, best London make, on SALE. J. T. and J. Toohey, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-street.

WE wish to call the attention of the fishing public of New South Wales to our very superior FISHING LINES, made by our own men, and of the best materials possible to get, specially for our patent thread lines, which are very light but very strong. They are made all sizes and lengths, from 12½ yards to 100 yards long; price, from 3d to 4s 6d each. Also, just opened, some very superior Hollow point Limerick fishhooks, both light and strong. Colonial made silk fishing lines, 2s, 2s 6d, 3s each. Very superior silk twist, 2d, 3d, 4d, 6d each. Hooks on single and double gut and on wire, and every description of fishing tackle, wholesale and retail. EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-street.

TABLE CRUETS just landed, ex Samaria, from New York. A good 4-hole Cruet, 7s 6d, 10s, 12s, 16s, 21s, and upwards; Jam Jars, from 3s 6d each; Biscuit Barrels very cheap; plated Salvers or Waiters, a bargain, suitable for hotels, &c., price 3s 6d, 5s, 7s 6d, 10s each; very good Toast Racks from 5s each; Teapots, Bread Platters, &c., equally cheap. EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-street.

TWINES.—Shop Twines, all sizes, cheapest place in town. EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-street.

FOR SALE, cheap, GALVANIC BATTERY, Stand, and Bunsen's cell complete. Apply by letter, J. Power, Post-office, Parramatta-street, Glebe.

POINT PIPER WATER FRONTAGES. SALE DAY, SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER. LITHOS, on application to BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

THE Royal Furnishing Arcade will be Open this day from 8 o'clock a.m. until 9 o'clock p.m.

CAPITAL INVESTMENTS may be made this week at the Royal Furnishing Arcade. Beautiful goods.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Professions, Trades, &c.

APPRENTICES and IMPROVERS wanted. Larcombe and Co., Regent-street, Redfern.

A SMART YOUTH wanted, as Collector, references required. John Brown, timber merchant, St. Leonards.

AN INTELLIGENT YOUTH required as Clerk in our packing room; must write a good hand. Apply by letter. David Jones and Co.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
EXAMINATION for JUNIOR CLERKS.
A TEST EXAMINATION for the appointment of Six Junior Clerks will be held at the Society's Office, 87, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, December 6th, commencing at 10 a.m. Competitors must have attained the age of 16 years, and will be required to pass a satisfactory examination in the following subjects:—1. Arithmetic. 2. Algebra, to the Binomial Theorem, inclusive. 3. The use of Logarithms. 4. Writing from Dictation. 5. Reading aloud. 6. English Grammar and Composition.
The Directors reserve to themselves the right to appoint any of the applicants who pass a satisfactory examination.
The successful applicants will be required to enter on their duties on the 2nd January, 1883, and to enter into articles to serve the Society for 3 years, at a salary of £25 for the first year, £50 for the second, and £75 for the third.
On the completion of their articles, the Clerks will have the opportunity, in conformity with the regulations (copy of which may be inspected at the Office), of advancing by a graduated scale to a salary of £300 per annum at the end of the eighth year of service.
Applications must be made on the printed forms to be obtained at the Office, and must be sent in not later than THURSDAY, 30th instant.
By order of the Board, ALEXANDER J. RALSTON, Secretary. Sydney, 14th November, 1882.

BLUESTONE PITCHER DRESSERS wanted. Apply M. Cuninghame, Struth's Wharf, King-street.

BOILERMAKER.—Wanted, a handy MAN, to do a job at Richmond River. Nicoll, Sussex-street.

BOOTMAKERS wanted, for bluchers and children's, 1s per dozen, rise of wages. 661, George-street.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, a MAN, to do general repairs. 33, Cooper-street, Redfern, off Elizabeth-street.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, Machinist, to take work out; also, Makers. R. Cunningham and Son, 113, George-st. W.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, two GIRLS, to tie off. E. Hilton and Co., Bullanaming-street, Redfern.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, MEN for repairs, both stand and knee. J. Landers, 67 and 84, Market-street.

BRICKLAYER wanted for small job at Balmain. Harold Brees, architect, 338, Geo.-st., over Mountcastle's.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

BRICKMOULDERS wanted for the country railway contract work; long job, good wages. Briscoe, Drysdale, and Co., 397, George-street.

BUILDING SOCIETY.—SECRETARY and MANAGER required immediately for a Progressive Building Society in the city. Address until Friday, "Manager," Herald Office.

CARPENTER'S IMPROVER wanted. Eldridge, Palace-street, Petersham.

COMPOSITORS wanted. Joseph Cook and Co., 354, George-street.

CAPITAL INVESTMENTS may be made this week at the Royal Furnishing Arcade. Beautiful goods.

CLERK OF WORKS.—Wanted at once, a first-class CLERK OF WORKS, well up in masonry, able to draw and enlarge details. Apply by letter only, with salary required, to Mr. G. A. Morell, C.E., Architect, 156, Pitt-street, Sydney.

DRAPER'S ASSISTANT, for the country, strictly sober, experienced man. Young and Lark.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, a good SALESWOMAN. Mrs. Kingston, 27, Oxford-street.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, young Lady as SALESWOMAN, with knowledge of millinery. 142, William-street.

DRESSMAKER.—Wanted, Machinist, Assistants, Improvers, Apprentices, salary to begin. 50, Oxford-street.

DRESSMAKERS.—Good Skirt HANDS wanted; also, APPRENTICES. Mrs. Williamson, 664, George-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, a competent Dressmaker. Apply No. 4, Miles-st., off Crown-st., near tram terminus.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, good Body HANDS; also, skirt Hands. 48, Wynyard-square.

DRESSMAKING.—Good Skirt HAND; also, IMPROVERS. Miss Scanlon, Forbes-st., nr. William-st., Wool.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, Assistants, Improvers, and Apprentices. Miss Hall, 169, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

DRESSMAKING.—A good Dressmaker required; permanent sit., comfortable home. 31, Merriman-st., Miller's Pt.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, IMPROVERS; liberal wages, and the art of Cutting Taught; also, an orphan Girl, as companion to a lady. Apply Mrs. Bonus, Botany-road, Waterloo, opposite News Office.

DRESSMAKERS. DRESSMAKERS. Wanted, several GIRLS for our dressmaking room; must be able to sew neatly; good salaries to efficient Body and Skirt Hands. HORDERN BROTHERS, 211, Pitt-street.

DRAPERS.—Wanted, two or three smart DRAPERS, who understand their business, for our Manchester Department. Apply early, HORDERN BROTHERS, 211, Pitt-street.

GALVANISED-IRON WORKER.—Wanted, a good inside Hand. S. R. Underwood, Mount-street, North Shore.

GOOD Brush HANDS wanted, early. Williamson, and Stone, painters, &c., 88, Moorhead-street, Redfern.

GOOD FENCERS wanted. Apply R. Willis, back of Congregational Church, Waverley, at 8 a.m.

GOVERNESSES and Tutors introduced to Families by Mrs. Mead, 55, Hunter-street, corner Elizabeth-street.

GROCER required, for the country, able to drive and be useful, good opening for a hardworking young man. Apply after 10 o'clock, to Henry Bull and Co., Pitt-street.

GENERAL STORE ASSISTANT.—Wanted, young Man, 17 or 18, as IMPROVER, must be good writer, have had experience in counter work (Protestant), respectable; salary, £60, board with proprietor's family. Address until Friday morning, at 10, enclosing references or copies, to Halifax, General Post Office.

HAIRDRESSER.—Good Haircutter and Shaver; good wages. Mr. Fensi, Mount-street, North Shore.

HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, young Man, permanent. J. Clamp, 781, George-street South, opposite Christ Church.

JUNIOR CLERK wanted; state age, experience, and salary expected. Box, 314, G. P. O.

LEGAL.—Wanted, Copying CLERK. Engrosser, Warrington, 79, Elizabeth-street, opposite Wentworth-court.

LAW.—Wanted, by a country Solicitor, in considerable practice, a well-educated Articled CLERK, 18 years or over, to reside with a fellow pupil, in the principal's house. Address, by letter, A., care of Gordon and Gotch, news agents, Sydney.

LIFE ASSURANCE.—Required the services of Energetic CANVASSERS, by a popular and first-class Mutual Life Assurance Office. Apply, stating references and previous employment, to Grantham, Herald Office.

MACHINIST wanted, for factory. Inquire Purcell, grocer, Ocean-street, Woollahra.

MILLINERY.—Wanted, a Junior Saleswoman; also, Apprentices for workroom. Mrs. Hopson, 590, George-st.

MILLINERS.—Wanted, first-class MILLINER, for leading country Store; liberal salary to good hand. Apply C. T. Hobbs and Co., 132, Pitt-street.

MEDICAL.—Wanted, a well-qualified young Man, with good testimonials, as Junior PARTNER in a good practice in the New England district. Apply in writing, with full particulars as to qualifications, &c., to Medicus, Herald Office.

MILLINERS. MILLINERS. Wanted, 4 or 5 MILLINERS, for our Millinery Workroom, must be neat workers. Apply to Head of Millinery Department, HORDERN BROS., 211, Pitt-st.; good wages to excellent, tasty workers.

OUR cases of TOYS will suit any fancy business, from £1 upwards. American Novelty Co.

PAINTERS.—Wanted, good Brush HAND and Paperhanger. Coach and Horses Hotel, Randwick.

PAPERHANGER wanted. A. Bowen, Campbell-street, Balmain.

PLASTERERS wanted, 3 months' work. Punch's new house, top of Lavender Bay steps, North Shore.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—LADY required; having experience preferred. Studio, Waterloo-chambers, at 11 a.m.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—OPERATOR required. Apply Studio, Waterloo-chambers, at 10 a.m.

RESPECTABLE Youth wanted for counting-house. Apply, by letter, Thompson and Giles, Denison House.

ROLL-TURNER wanted. City Iron Works Co., Pyrmont.

REQUIRED for country, young MAN, must understand shipping, loading drays, receiving wool, &c., able to write good hand and make himself useful in country store; none need apply without good references. D. Moses, 40, Sydney Arcade, 10 to 11.

SADDLERS and Collar Makers wanted. Apply at once, Smart and Mitchell, 58, York-street, Sydney.

SMART BOY, leaving school, wanted for shipping office. Address J. W. G., Herald Office.

SMART Youth, with slight knowledge of counting-house work required. Wm. Perry and Co., George-street.

STONE CARVERS wanted at once. Apply P. Newland, Saunders' quarry, Ultimo.

TAILORING.—Wanted, a YOUTH, to learn pressing. 105, Liverpool-street.

TAILORESSES.—Wanted, COAT HANDS, constant work, good pay. Triggs and Gould, 14, Park-street.

TAILORESSES.—Trousers HANDS wanted; highest prices to competent hands. Benson and Newman, 492, Geo.-st.

THE attention of competent Masters is directed to care H.B.P.W., in professional column of each Saturday's Herald.

TO BOOTMAKERS.—Wanted, a General WORKMAN. George Moore, 115, Lower George-street.

TO BUTCHERS.—Wanted, a good SHOPMAN. Apply 585, George-street, next Crown Hotel.

TO CHEMISTS.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT, for the country. Elliott Brothers, 72, Pitt-street.

TO DENTISTS.—Suitable APARTMENTS, excellent position, Hyde Park. E. T., G. P. O.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, ASSISTANT, for country. W. Gardiner and Co.

TO DRESSMAKERS.—Wanted, good Costume HANDS; outdoor. Mrs. Kingston, 27, Oxford-street.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, good Haircutter and Shaver; good wages steady man. 342, Elizabeth-street South.

TO JOINERS.—Wanted, a good MAN, for fixing. Apply 58, Walker-street, Redfern, between 7 and 8 a.m.

TO MASONS.—Wanted, some Foundations putting in by the perch. W. Thornton, Darling-street, Balmain.

TO PAINTERS.—Wanted, good HANDS. C. E. Gent, 166, Macquarie-street South.

TO PARENTS.—Wanted, respectable LAD, to learn drapery. Liberal salary. E. Arnold, Oxford-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, a good Coat HAND; also, Trousers HAND. Apply E. Kron, 109, King-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good Coat and Trousers MAKERS. 311, George-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, first-class Coat MAKERS. Peapes and Shaw.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, 2 Coat HANDS, for the country. Wiseman Brothers, 12, York-street.

TO TAILORS.—A good SEWING-MACHINE for SALE. 147, Phillip-street.

TO TAILORS.—2 good Coat HANDS wanted. Howes, George-street.

TO TAILORS.—First-class IRONER wanted. R. C. Hagon, 127, King-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good Frock HANDS; £3 10s a week; constant. R. J. Dunford, 33, Oxford-street.

TO TAILORS.—Coat, Trousers, and Vest HANDS wanted. 12, Bond-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Trouser and Vest HANDS; good wages. R. J. Dunford, 33, Oxford-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, first-class Vest HANDS. 295, George-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—A Trousersmaker wanted, indoors; constant work. G. Thomas, 233, Pitt-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, two Trouser HANDS, for the country. Wiseman Brothers, 12, York-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—A good Vest and Trouser Hand wanted, at once, good wages. J. Wilson, 626, George-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, a good Waistcoatmaker, accustomed to order work. Apply E. Kron, 109, King-st.

TO CHEMISTS.—Wanted at once, an ASSISTANT, dispensing business. Apply Bladon's Health Saline Works, Parramatta.

TO CHEMISTS.—Wanted, JUNIOR, good dispenser, for the country. E. Prosser and Co., wholesale druggists, 175, Pitt-street.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, for the country, a good General HAND. Apply by letter to C. Newton, Brothers, and Co.

TO THE BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, a respectable young MAN for the country, seat work. Full particulars at John Hunter's, 57, York-street.

TO COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS.—Liberal commission to competent men travelling up country to push good brands wines, spirits, and general lines. None but experienced men need apply. Refs. required. Apply Confidence, Herald Office.

TO SUPERINTENDENTS OF PERMANENT WAY.—Wanted at once, a thoroughly competent SUPERINTENDENT, capable of undertaking survey work, checking, &c. Apply by letter only, with references and salary required, to Mr. G. A. Morell, C. E. Engineer, 156, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO MINING MANAGERS.—Star of Peace Tin-mining Company, Registered, Upper Ringarooma, Tasmania.—APPLICATIONS will be received, addressed to the undersigned, up to Wednesday, 13th December proximo, for the appointment of Mining Manager to the above Company. Applicants must be thoroughly conversant with lode mining in all its branches; also dressing of the ore on the best principles. Applications must be accompanied by testimonials, and state salary required. J. WILLIAMS, Manager, Launceston.

WANTED, SAFEMAKERS. Wearne's Fireproof Safe Depot, 220, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WANTED, six first-class MILLINERS. Apply O'Brien's stores, corner Elswick and Marion sts., Lehhdt.

WANTED, two first-class Brush HANDS. Apply W. Watters, Church-street, Parramatta.

WANTED, 6 young Ladies, as Apprentices to millinery and sales. W. F. Kinsett, late Bardsley, Glebe-road.

WANTED, a competent DRESSMAKER, by the day. Pearl Cottage, Cavendish-street, Stanmore.

WANTED, for Maitland, an experienced Hand, for glass, earthenware departmt. D. Cohen and Co., Spring-st.

WANTED, for country store, young Man, as Clerk, with knowledge of drapery. W. Gardiner and Co., Geo.-st.

WANTED, BAKER and small goods Maker, for Goulburn. Glue's Agency, 44, Hunter-street.

WANTED, strong Youth, as Store ASSISTANT, wholesale grocery. Glue's Agency, 44, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a Man to Build a Closet; find material. 9, Rowe-street, off Pitt-street.

WANTED, Rough CARPENTER, to put up a shed. Apply early, 381, Kent-street.

WANTED, BRICKLAYERS. Apply at the Camp, St. Peters. C. and E. Millar.

WANTED, a strong LAD used to butchering. G. M. Woods, 96, Albion-street.

WANTED, good Coach Smith, also strong Lad for drill machine. Robertson's Coach Factory, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a HORSESHOER or HELPER. Apply 166, Cleveland-street, Sydney.

WANTED, 2 Rubble MASONS. Apply John Kellet, on job, near Keating's Hotel, Botany-road.

WANTED, a competent DRESSMAKER, by the day; also a young GIRL. 221, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, MACHINIST, for Dressmaking. Thos. Baker, opposite Cathedral.

WANTED, PLASTERERS. Apply Regent-street, op. Hudson's; only good men need apply. T. Taylor.

WANTED, a good Rubble MASON, George Cable, near Waverley Council-chambers.

WANTED, a MAN, to do Plastering and Colouring. Apply between 10 and 11 o'clock, 37, King-street.

WANTED, BRICKLAYERS. Apply Quay-street, Ultimo, at 10 o'clock.

WANTED, a STRIKER. Apply Nicholls, blacksmith, Charles-street, Forest Lodge, close to tram.

WANTED, young MAN, accustomed to butchering. F. Hopkins, 167, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a good DRESSMAKER, also two or three Assistants. Mrs. Wilson, Buckingham and Devonshire sts.

WANTED, at once, a competent DRESSMAKER. Apply 108, Blackfriars-buildings, George-street West.

WANTED, good SCABBLERS and CUTTERS. Trebeck's Store, Bridge-street, opposite Lands Office.

WANTED, a steady BAKER accustomed to small-goods. Alexander, Newtown. Single man preferred.

WANTED a young MAN, accustomed to the butchering. W. C. Whitby, Cook's River Dam.

WANTED, an IMPROVER to Carpentering. Apply J. Lane, Cook's River-rd., St. Peters, next Foresters' Hall.

WANTED, Trousers HANDS. J. Davies and Co., 309, George-street.

WANTED, MAN to make gate and fowl coop. 132, William-street.

WANTED, Apprentices to the Carpentering, Plastering, and Upholstering. Cook Brothers, Harris-st., Ultimo.

WANTED, good JOINERS. D. F. Aitchison, 18, Moore's-road, Miller's Point.

WANTED, two LADS, for shop. J. M'Nab, 594, George-street.

WANTED, a LAD, for boot warehouse. M'Murtrie, Kellerman, and Co., 65, York-street.

WANTED, two BOYS, about 15, to learn Slating. L. Oliver, slater, Bakewell's-buildings, Wells-street, Redfern.

WANTED, two good SLATERS. L. Oliver, slater, Bakewell's-buildings, Wells-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a Carpenter and Improver. W. Davies, Glebe-street, near St. Mark's School, Double Bay.

WANTED, good CARPENTER for fitting. 9 o'clock, 70, Bathurst-street.

WOOLSORTERS wanted for Liverpool at once. Apply Haigh and Son, Exchange.

WANTED, good PLUMBER, also BELLHANGER. 97, George-street West, 9 o'clock; or Manly Beach, 12. J. Day, plumber.

WANTED, a PARTNER, to travel; the best spec on record; £100 cash required. Apply J. A. T., Railway Hotel, George-street South, 3 p.m. Good. Good.

WANTED, thoroughly competent Man, as PASTRY-COOK and CONFECTIONER; references required as to proficiency and sobriety. Mrs. O. Sullivan, Burwood (late W. L. Bruce).

WANTED, for the Toowoomba Chronicle, Queensland, published three times a week, a Gentleman to be SUB-EDITOR and REPORTER. Must have a good knowledge of shorthand; permanent situation for a competent person. Apply Edwards, Dunlop and Co., 46 and 48, York-street, Sydney.

WANTED, FIRST-CLASS POLISHERS, CABINETMAKERS, and UPHOLSTERERS. ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS, Palace Emporium, Haymarket.

WANTED, a duly qualified MEDICAL PRACTITIONER for Gulgong Hospital, Manchester Unity and Grand United Lodges of Oddfellows; appointments guaranteed, worth say £200 per annum. A good general practice easily worked, no opposition; nearest medical men Mudgee (20), twenty miles; Wellington (50), fifty miles, and Coolah (60), sixty miles distant.
Vacancy arises in consequence of present resident leaving district on 13th proximo.
Applications to be forwarded addressed Mr. Ramsay, Chairman of Committees, Gulgong, and sent in not later than 1st proximo.

POINT PIPER WATER FRONTAGES. SALE DAY, SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER. LITHOS, on application to BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

ELECTORS of SOUTH SYDNEY.—Be up and doing. Attend to your own interests by giving the Haymarket Auction Company, at the Corn Exchange, Haymarket, a Plumper at their Sales of Land and Properties on THURSDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m., when the inducements they will offer will fully compensate you for any loss you may sustain for the present, with a sure future before you of doing well, by advantageously laying out your loose cash in the many attractive lots for sale. So roll up, and be in time.

Coal, Firewood, &c.

DARLING HARBOUR COAL and WOOD YARD, Matthew-street. ALFRED PULLEN, late foreman of the Bowenfels Coal Depot, begs to inform the public and customers that he has started business as above, and that all orders intrusted to him will meet with the full weight and attention as in Mr. W. H. Bogie's time. Orders by post to 30, Terminus-street.

YOU WILL FIND it a pleasure to walk through the Royal Furnishing Arcade To-day. Open until 9 p.m.

Building Materials.

KAURI PINE, N. Z.—400,000 feet T. and G. Flooring, 6 and 4 in., seasoned. G. F. Mason, Patent Slip Wharf.

KAURI PINE, N.Z.—Doors, Sashes, Casements, Architraves, Skirting, Mouldings, &c. G. F. MASON.

MANTELPIECES, &c.—General Workers in Marble, Slate, and Stone. Patten Brothers, 302, Pitt-street.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

Miscellaneous.

TANKS.—Ship and corrugated iron TANKS for SALE, cheap. S. R. Underwood, Mount-street, North Shore.

BOYS' Velocipedes, 22s; Perambulators, 16s; Invalids' Carriages (all kinds), at Anderson's Factory, Parramatta-st.

BABIES' four-wheel Sleeping Carriages, Cradles, Rockers, Swings; also Repairs. Anderson, Parramatta-st.

FULLER'S Great Christmas CARD EXHIBITION now on. 385, 387, George-street.

FOX TERRIERS for SALE—imported. Apply barque Mirzapore, Grafton Wharf.

FOR SALE, pure-bred Retriever PUPS, by prize sire and imported dog. J. West, Evans-street, Balmain.

FOR SALE, just arrived, three Scottish Mavis Cock BIRDS, in splendid condition. 1, Prince-street.

FOR SALE, four English Grey LINNETS, in full song; £1 each. T. Daniels, Campbell-street, Glebe.

COCKATOO PARROTS, Cockatoo Parrots.—Cockatoo Parrots, 2s per pair. HY. BILLS, Circular Quay.

GAS STOVE Victory cooking daily. Grilling over the flame to-day. Raleigh, inventor, 253, Elizabeth-street.

LEFT-OFF Clothing and Old Gold Jewellery wanted, large or small quantities. Dawson, 135, Bathurst-street, E.

RANDWICK.—Wanted, a small Allotment of LAND, at Randwick, nr. tram ter., for cash. W., 353 Box, G.P.O.

WANTED, two good Stone DRAYS. John Try, builder, Victoria-street.

SOCIABLE.—Wanted, secondhand light SOCIABLE, to carry 4. Address, stating price, Post-office, Waverley.

WANTED, good Saw Bench and Belting, not less than 3in. complete. Particulars and price to Box 637, G. P. O.

WANTED, SNAKES of all kinds. Little Barnum, Herald.

WANTED, a large TANK and 50 to 60 gallon BOILER. H. Field, 304, Palmer-street.

WANTED, 200 Loads of SAND, to be delivered at Ultimo. Apply Cook Bros., 537, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED to purchase, some old Building MATERIAL. Flours, 126, Pitt-street.

WANTED, Second-hand Fireproof Iron SAFE. Maker, size, and price, M., care of Gordon and Gotch.

WANTED to Purchase Building Allotment near Tramway Works, Randwick. Jones, Post Office, Paddington.

WANTED to RENT, an enclosed YARD, with one or more Storerooms attached, suitable for storage of machinery. W. B. Henderson, Superintendent of Drills, Department of Mines.

WHY go to the Markets when you can buy Cockatoo Parrots at 2s per pair from HARRY BILLS, Bird Dealer, Circular Quay. All other varieties of birds to arrive soon, and will be sold cheap.

ORANGE ORCHARDS AND FARMS, Parramatta district. SPLENDID LIST. Send for Property Circular. Parties wishing to inspect (by appointment) driven out free. W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

POINT PIPER ESTATE, ROSE and DOUBLE BAYS. The ONLY CHANCE to secure a WATER FRONTAGE SITE in this charming locality, on SATURDAY, 9th DECEMBER. LITHOS, ready. BATT, RODD, and PURVES, Auctioneers.

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

GENERAL NOTICE.—The HERALD can be obtained from the following newsvendors, who are authorised to receive advertisements:—

TOWN.

Gordon and Gotch	355, George-street
W. B. Lee	George-street, opposite Royal Hotel
F. Barker	85, Sussex-street
G. Wallace	113, King-street East
J. Croft	William and Yurong and Stanley streets
Mrs. Fleming	Post-office, Pyrmont
J. E. Spragg	Oxford-street
Cook and Co.	90, Central Oxford-street
George Hill	794, George-street
William Nash	1, Campbell-street, near A. J. S. Bank
R. Iredale	140, Oxford-street, next Commercial Bank
J. J. Cooper	Opposite Wesleyan Chapel, Glebe Road, and Railway Bridge, Parramatta-street
J. Collis	305, George-street West
Bookstall Company	Railway and other Stations
H. W. Foster	144, William-street and Castlereagh-street
Berghoefer	Pitt-street South
A. J. Ashdown	137, Bathurst-street
W. Oalnan	326, Sussex-street

SUBURBAN.

S. Y. Burnett, 34, Queen-st., Woollahra	Woollahra, Rushcutter Bay, and Double Bay
J. Penberthy	Paddington
C. G. West	Newtown, Cook's River, Camperdown, and Darlington
Mrs. J. Hinchcliffe	Post-office, Waterloo; Alexandria
Howe, C.	Post-office, Botany
Mrs. Mithell	Botany Road, Redfern
J. W. Small	Balmain
S. Downs	Forest Lodge, Glebe Point
William Deacon	Milson's Point, North Shore
T. M. Deacon	North Shore
Pinkerton and Son	St. Leonards
Charles H. Turner	Concord
J. Watson	Petersham
W. Rowley	Newtown
G. J. Wiley	Waverley
W. Slocombe	Canterbury
John Croker	Five Dock and Ashfield
G. Evans	Manly Beach
J. Wilson	Hunter's Hill
J. Kuhn	Randwick
D. Alderton	Burwood
R. Hawkins	Burwood
A. Allen	Druitt Town and Enfield
A. R. Howell	Gladesville
W. Johnson	Elizabeth-street South, Strawberry Hill
F. Vickery	Macdonaldtown
J. Pike	Redmyre
G. Watson	Ashfield, Summer Hill, and Croydon
H. Clements	Leichhardt

COUNTRY.

Adelong	And. Smith
Araluen	A. Vider, junr.
Appin	E. W. Fieldhouse
Albury	George Hunter
Bathurst	J. H. Berney
Bathurst	W. J. Maish
Bowenfels	M. Lynch
Baulkham Hills	J. Kelly, Parramatta
Berrima	James Taylor
Bowral	James Taylor
Braidwood	A. Vider
Burragorang	C. T. Cross
Blandford	N. Asser
Bombala	A. G. Flavelle
Bega	A. G. Flavelle
Bungonia	W. Martin
Campbelltown	E. W. Fieldhouse
Camden	C. T. Cross
Carcoar	J. A. Moss
Cobar	— Collou
Cootamundra	Messrs. Matthew Bros.
Cowra	R. Stevenson
Clarence River	Messrs. Dean and Co.
Delegate	A. G. Flavelle
Dubbo	Julius Caro
Dapto	W. Hewlett
Eden	A. G. Flavelle
Gunning	F. W. Connolly
Goulburn	W. Martin
Goulburn	J. Walsh
Gundagai	M. Nortch
Glen Innes	Marshall and Vincent
Grafton	A. J. Cubitt
Hinton	R. Blair
Hartley	Maurice Lynch
Homebush	A. Allen
Inverell	R. S. Millington
Ironbarks	R. J. Stace
Jerry's Plains	William Moya
Jerringong	T. J. Fuller
Jamberoo	T. J. Fuller
Kempsey	Otho Dangar
Kiama	J. Reutora
Little Hartley	Maurice Lynch
Liverpool	C. A. Scrivener
Lambton	T. Grierson
Lithgow	M. Lynch
Lithgow	J. G. Moller
Lawrence	Messrs. Dean and Co.
Mudgee	W. Hall
Moss Vale	James Taylor
Muswellbrook	W. Clendining
Morpeth	J. Keating
Murrurundi	Mrs. C. Gordon
Macleay River	Otho Dangar
Marulan	H. Montgomery
Merriwa	R. Dansey, Turlingah
Milton	H. C. Blackburn
Maitland, East and West	R. Blair
Merimbula	A. G. Flavelle
Montefiores	R. A. Stace
Molong	W. Coomber
Menangle	E. W. Fieldhouse
Newcastle	F. Alcock
Ditto	R. Jameison
Nattai	H. W. Edwards
Narrellan	C. T. Cross
Nelligen	A. Vider
North and South Grafton	Dean and Co.
Orange	Messrs. Lessells & Sons
Parramatta	C. E. Fuller
Ditto	J. J. Beukers
Penrith	A. Colless
Picton	W. Coull
Port Macquarie	James Butler
Pambula	A. G. Flavelle
Queanbeyan	W. G. O'Neill
Ryde	Mrs. Pope
Richmond	R. H. Ducker
Raymond Terrace	E. W. Shaw
Rocky Mouth	A. Cameron
St. Mary's South Creek	Mrs. Montague
Smithfield	J. Maxfield
Singleton	J. Wright
Seaham	R. Blair
Singleton	W. Meyn
Scone	N. F. Asset
Sutton Forest	James Taylor
Sofala	J. Fulton
Tamworth	Blackall and Hunt
Tenterfield	C. Cavanough
The Oaks	C. T. Cross
Tumberumba	Mrs. Langford
Tumut	L. Casperson
Ulmarra	Messrs. Dean and Co.
Ulladulla	H. C. Blackburn
Wollongong	W. Hewlett
Windsor	Mrs. Neilson
West Maitland	C. W. Clark and R. Blair
Wagga Wagga, opposite Railway Station, North Wagga	E. D. Leyshon
Wagga Wagga	L. S. Joseph
Waratah	W. Harris
Wagga Wagga	W. C. Hunter
Wallerawang	W. Windsor
Wellington	— Pike
Young	G. F. Oll
Young	Messrs. Hopkins & Gain

BUSINESS BEFORE POLITICS.—Lyonsville, Five Dock, next SATURDAY. WATKIN and WATKIN.

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Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of the late JOHN HURLEY are invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Alpha House, Campbelltown, at 1 o'clock, THIS DAY, the 29th instant.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. A. PHILLIPS are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved DAUGHTER, Ann Winifred, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON; to move from his residence, No. 122, Morehead-street, Redfern, at 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. T. DIXON, Undertaker, 25, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN SLATTERY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved GRANDDAUGHTER, Ann Winifred Phillips, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON; to move from her parents' residence, 122, Morehead-street, Redfern, at 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. T. DIXON, Undertaker, Oxford-street.

THE WIFE of the late CHARLES DALEY respectfully invites the FRIENDS of her late beloved HUSBAND, to attend his Funeral; the procession to move from his residence, Queen-street, Chippendale, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at a quarter-past 2 o'clock, to Haslem's Creek Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES CAMPBELL are respectively invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved FATHER-IN-LAW, Samuel Brooke; to move from his late residence, No. 10, Australia-street, Newtown, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, for Newtown Station, thence to proceed by train to the Necropolis. MELVILLE and SONS, Undertakers, Australia-street, Newtown.

Books, Publications, &c.

READ TODAY'S AUSTRALIAN SPORTSMAN.

Latest Parliamentary Tips, by one who knows. Electioneering Training Notes. Full particulars of Pedigree, &c. To be had of all News Agents, price 3d.

Don't go home without the AUSTRALIAN SPORTSMAN.

PRELIMINARY. PRESENTATION ARTICLES FOR XMAS, 1882.

NOW LANDING. NOW LANDING.

GOODS RARE, GOODS CHASTE, GOODS CHOICE, GOODS CHEAP, GOODS DEAR, GOODS SMALL, GOODS GREAT, GOODS RICH, GOODS POOR.

UNSURPASSED BY PREVIOUS IMPORTATIONS of any house.

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS From LONDON, from FRANCE, from GERMANY.

RICH, RARE, CHOICE, CHASTE.

ARTICLES FOR PRESENTATION, THIS CHRISTMAS, at FULLER'S PRESENTATION DEPOT, 385 and 7, GEORGE-STREET.

FULLER'S Great Christmas CARD EXHIBITION now on. 385, 387, George-street.

NEW SOUTH WALES IN 1881. Published by Authority. 172 pages royal 8vo.; Being a brief descriptive and Statistical Account of the Colony. With Coloured Map, Population Diagram, and a variety of Statistical Tables. Also the Tariff, Immigration Regulations, Current Rates of Wages, Prices, &c. Price 2s 6d. THOS. RICHARDS, Government Printer. January, 1882.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR CARDS.—Largest, cheapest, and best assortment in Sydney. EDWARD R. COLE, corner of George and King streets.

CASH-BOOKS, LEDGERS, and JOURNALS 25 per cent. cheaper than any other shop. EDWARD R. COLE, corner of George and King streets.

THREE and SIXPENCE 1000 good Cream-laid ENVELOPES. Edward R. Cole, George and King streets.

NINEPENCE 5 quires good Cream-laid NOTEPAPER. Edward R. Cole, George and King streets.

COLE'S SIXPENNY EXERCISE BOOK; largest and cheapest in Australia. EDWARD R. COLE, corner of George and King streets.

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AS BOOKKEEPER; no objection to country; references. A. Z., Herald Office.

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A RESPECTABLE Youth is anxious to obtain a SITUATION in a gentleman's office or warehouse. Address G. A., care of Box 634, General Post Office.

A RESPECTABLE Young PERSON wishes for an ENGAGEMENT as Working Housekeeper. Apply No. 3, Bardekin's Cottages, off Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo.

AS BOOKKEEPER and CORRESPONDENT.—A gentleman, aged, 30, is seeking an ENGAGMENT; excellent references. C. M., Herald Office.

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A YOUNG LADY, with excellent references, and four years' hospital experience, desires PASSAGE to England in consideration of services as nurse or attendant. Address Alpha, West End Cottage, Spicer-street, Woollahra.

BY competent Coachman, good groom; first-class references, knows town well. Competent, Herald Office.

BY excellent female and male Cooks, Grooms and Coachmen, &c. Simmonds' Registry, 222, Castlereagh-street.

BY steady respectable man, GROOM, garden, milk, and useful references. M. N., Herald Office.

BY young Man, as competent Coachman, first-class refs., city, open 3 days. C., The Home, 83, Market-street.

BARMAID.—A young Lady of good experience in Melbourne and Adelaide desires a first-class situation in Sydney. Open till Saturday. Address, B. G., Carlton Club Hotel, Elizabeth-street.

DAILY WORK wanted. Mrs. Sears, No. 8, King-street.

DISENGAGED, 4th Dec.—Invalid Nurse, or English Governess, or N. Woman; refs. Cragg's Prot. Registry.

HOSPITAL Dresser, Dispenser, and Bookkeeper wants an APPOINTMENT; good testimonials. Address T. C. A., Gordon and Gotch.

RESPECTABLE young Man, strong, wants SITUATION. All., care of M'Goff, 10, Campbell-street, Sydney.

SEVERAL first-class GOVERNESSES, with first-class references, Disengaged. Mrs. Mead, 55, Hunter-street.

SITUATION wanted, as Working Housekeeper, by respectable middle-aged person. Refs. 4, Arthur-street.

SMART LAD for office wanted. Apply D. Moses, 40, Sydney Arcade.

STATION Carpenter, good, wants EMPLOYMENT, married. R. B., Herald Office; no family.

TO Tradesmen and Others.—Experienced Bookkeeper is desirous of evening Employment, terms mod. N. S., Herald.

TO LIVERY STABLE KEEPERS AND SUCH.—A sober Man wants to learn a Groom's work, and offers a few weeks' or months' labour for his board and lodging, that he may learn; no wages. Address Groom, Herald.

TO WAREHOUSEMEN.—Wanted, by first-class Salesman, MANAGEMENT Manchester, slop, or stuff department; large experience; well known to town and country buyers; open one week. Manchester, Herald Office.

TO MASTER MILLERS.

An experienced, practical Miller is open for ENGAGEMENT; a good stone-dresser; good references. J. Allsopp, Moodie-street, Balmain, Sydney.

WAITING ENGAGEMENT, new arrival, as Baker, town or country. J. D., 126, Market-street.

WANT PLACES.—Eld. and young Men, good refs., useful for in or out door work. 83, Market-street.

WANTED, WASHING by the day. E. A., 25, East-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, by respectable Girl, a PLACE to assist in housework. Apply 49, Hugo-street, Eveleigh Estate.

WANTED, comfortable Situation, as General Servant, one child 4 years old. E. A., 25, East-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, SITUATION, as Housemaid or Parlourmaid, in hotel or family; refs. Apply Experience, Herald.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Enginedriver; good testimonials. Apply H. D., 39, Merriman-st., Miller's Pt.

WANTED, SITUATION in a solicitor's office, 4 years' exp., shorthand writer. J. Mc., Law, Herald.

WANTED, by respectable Youth, SITUATION in grocer's shop; good refs. D. Riggelsford, Campbelltown.

WANTED, a SITUATION for a useful young Lad. Apply M. N. Convent, Balmain East; address by letter.

WANTED, by steady young Man, SITUATION, as Carter. Apply 49, Clarence-street, back Petty's Hotel.

WANTED, a SITUATION, Lady Help or Housemaid. Address M. J. Smyth, General Post Office, Sydney.

WANTED, by widow, with little boy, SITUATION, housekeeper or general servant. M., Herald Office.

WANTED, Situation, by respectable trustworthy man, garden, milk, general useful, subs. 94, Cooper-st., S. H.

WANTED, a SITUATION for respectable young girl, 16, to assist in housework. M. D., Paddington P.O.

WANTED, a SITUATION as Barmaid, assist housework if required. H. H., G. P. O.

WANTED, SITUATION as Plain Cook. Address C. G. 47, Erskine-street.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Grocery or Ironmongery Hand, in a country store. Apply by letter, addressed B. A., G. P. O.

WANTED, by an elderly Man, come up from the country, a JOB, as Enginedriver; no objection to do a little blacksmithing if wanted; land and sea experience. Address R. E., Herald Office.

WANTED, by a respectable Youth, a SITUATION in a grocer's or stores, has some knowledge of packing; country not objected to; has excellent references. A. W., care of Mr. S. Hood, Campbell and Norton streets, Glebe.

Servants Wanted.

A GOOD COOK and Laundress required in Ashfield; good wages. Mrs. Watson's registry office, Ashfield.

A GOOD House and Parlour MAID wanted; references required. Apply 9 till 12, 99, Victoria-street North.

A LAD that can use a paint brush; also, a BOY. Wormald, Venetian blind maker, 112, Oxford-street.

A LADY HELP, assist in general housework; treated as one of family. Address C. H., Post-office, Burwood.

ALL Classes SERVANTS wanted, good situations, daily. Miss Hall, Registry, 109, Elizabeth-street.

A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, to be useful. 413, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

AN ACTIVE and sober MAN wanted as Light Porter. 78, King-street.

A RESPECTABLE BOY wanted. Ennever and Appleton, wholesale confectioners, 251, Castlereagh-street.

A RESPECTABLE GIRL about 11 wanted, to be useful. No. 3, Bligh-street.

A RESPECTABLE girl wanted, as General SERVANT; no family; railway suburbs. Holiday, Herald Office.

A RESPECTABLE Girl wanted as General Servant; small family. 61, Elizabeth-street, near Hunter-street.

A SMART BOY wanted. 12, Bond-street.

A TIDY GIRL wanted to mind Baby. Walters, 229, George-street West.

AT the Servants' Home, Market-street, Female Servs., H. Keepers, N. Women, Ladies' Helps, &c., wanted.

A YOUNG Person wanted, as HOUSEMAID; four in family. Levoni House, William-street South.

ASHFIELD.—Wanted, a BOY to look after a horse and make himself useful in garden; sleep at home. Apply Mr. Henty, Alexander-crescent, Ashfield.

A STEADY, respectable, sober Man, as GROOM and COACHMAN, one who thoroughly understands horses, and competent to take charge of stables. J. G. Cousins, Imperial Hotel, Mount Victoria. Open till Tuesday, 5th December.

BARMAIDS.—Wanted, 2; sleep out, if preferred. Apply early, City Bank Hotel, 122, Pitt-street.

BOYS, 14 to 16 years, wanted several, for the Australian Rope Works, Bourke-street, Waterloo.

CARTERS wanted, to draw 500,000 bricks from Exhibition to Paddington; good pay. Apply Section 3.

DROVER (sheep) wanted, acquainted with N.W. district; well recom. Mr. McCulloch, Wentworth-ct., Elizabeth-st.

GARDEN LABOURER, married man, with family, for the country. J. Graham and Co., Markets.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted, £1 per week, for New Caledonia; 2 in family. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-street.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted; good wages. 109, Lower George-street.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted in small family, boy kept. Mrs. Turner, Hastfell, John-street, North Annandale, Petersham 'bus corner of King and Clarence streets every half-hour; fare paid.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY—Nyngan to Bourke. 600,000 Cubic Yards of Excavation, by day work or piece work; highest wages given. Mann, Carey, and Co., contractors, 257, George-street, or Main Camp, Girilambone.

HOUSE and Parlour Maids wanted, General Servants, and young Girls. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-street.

HOUSEMAID and WAITRESS wanted; good wages. Apply 30, Kent-street North.

MARRIED Couple wanted, at once, suburbs, gent.'s house, good wages; Cook, laundress, North Shore, gent.'s house, splendid wages, holidays given; C. and L., Woollahra, situation highly recommended; also Gardener. Cragg's Registry.

PARLOURMAIDS wanted: Housekeepers, Cook and L., every other class. Mrs. Killick, 217, Castlereagh-st.

PLASTERER'S LABOURER wanted. Apply Crown Inn, tram terminus, Crown-street.

PORTER and Generally Useful.—Young MAN wanted, milk, drive horse and cart, work about store and yard; wages, £40; must be prepared to leave by steamer on Saturday. Apply, with references, Thomas Field and Sons, Sussex-street, at 9.30 on Friday morning, not before.

REQUIRED at once, a competent COOK and Laundress; references. Mrs. D. Fisher, Lavender Bay.

RESPECTABLE BOY wanted, must have first-class refs. as to honesty and character. Apply, by letter only, to Hardy Brothers, jewellers, 13, Hunter-street.

SHARP LAD wanted, about 15, for a stationer's shop. Apply, 9 to 10 to-day, 80, Oxford-street.

STRONG BOY wanted. Apply Mr. Gray's buildings, Toxteth-road, Glebe Point.

SECOND SECTION, Wallerawang and Mudgee Railway.—Wanted, Pick and Shovel MEN. Apply to Reuben Wood, 348, George-street, Sydney.

SECOND SECTION, Wallerwang and Mudgee Railway.—Wanted, Pick-and-shovel MEN. Apply on the works Fishburn and Morton, Capertee.

TO PARENTS.—An active BOY wanted. T. M. Alcock, jeweller, 673, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, a KITCHENMAN. 31, York-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT. 132, William-street.

WANTED, a WOMAN, to wash by the day. Kingston House, 167, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, to assist in Housework. Kingston House, 167, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, smart WAITER. Apply early, American Restaurant, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. E. Rice, 500, George-street.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, one used to furniture preferred. A. B. Pyke, 172, Liverpool-street.

WANTED, an active GIRL for housework. Corner Burton and Dowling streets, near Gaol.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 623, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, 10 a.m.

WANTED, a young MAN, to work and make himself useful. Hyde Park Exhibition, Oxford-street.

WANTED, young MAN, to deliver meat; must be accustomed to business. L. Clode and Co., King-street.

WANTED, a GROOM. Apply Driscoll's stables, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a General Servant, washing put out. Apply Mrs. Eldridge's, next Wesleyan Chapel, York-street.

WANTED, a competent Bar and Cellar MAN. Apply Commercial Hotel, King and Castlereagh streets.

WANTED, a smart Errand BOY, 12s 6d per week. H. L. Summerfield, the People's Tailor, 235, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 14 years of age. Apply Mrs. Loret, druggist store, Botany-road, Waterloo.

WANTED, a respectable young GIRL, as nurse. Apply 386, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, a smart little BOY. G. M. Woods, butcher, 99, Albion-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, must be a good plain cook. Mrs. Trickett, Trickett's Hotel, Bridge-st.

WANTED, a first-class WAITER. Sydney Club, 37, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, United States Hotel, corner of Druitt and Sussex streets.

WANTED, smart Second COOK and Kitchenman. Evening Star Dining-rooms, Pitt-st. South, Haymarket.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 11, to assist in housework. 614, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. T. M. Alcock, 673, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, good COOK, for restaurant. Railway pier, Lackey-street, off Hay-street, Darling Harbour.

WANTED, a good WAITRESS, for restaurant. 637, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, a sober young MAN, to drive a tipcart, 39, Thomas-street, Eveleigh Estate, Redfern.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID, also KITCHENMAN. Plunkett's Hotel.

WANTED, a WETNURSE. Apply to Lady Stephen, 24, College-st., between 9 and 11, Wednesday and Thursday.

WANTED, a Single MAN, for the country. Apply John Ritchie, 2, King-street West.

WANTED, Single MAN, to work in orchard. Apply J. Cox, North Ryde.

WANTED, middle-aged Woman, for Bowral; and 30 Servants, this day. Mrs. Donnelly, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID; also General Servants. Mrs. Whitebread's Registry, 48, George-street West.

WANTED, respectable useful GIRL; sleep at home. Next to Albion Hotel, Glebe-street, Glebe.

WANTED, a steady Young MAN, as bread carter. Apply Gardiner and Francis, Regent-st., North Kingston.

WANTED, a respectable young MAN, for the door. Photographer, 610, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a WOMAN, to Wash, also a good SERVANT GIRL. 391, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, respectable young Girl, as NURSE. 198, William-street.

WANTED, respectable Girl, as COOK and LAUNDRESS, or General Servant. Miss Benjamin, 7, D'Hurst-rd.

WANTED, useful young GIRL. 18, Orwell-street, Darlinghurst, off Victoria-street North.

WANTED, a respectable SERVANT, small family. Apply 20, Florence-terrace, Australia-st., Newtown.

WANTED, a clean strong GIRL as nurse. Apply to Mrs. Gilbert, 588, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a MAN to make himself useful. Apply T. M. Browne, butcher, 154, William-street, Wool'm'loo.

WANTED, House and Parlour Maid, also Nurse; sisters preferred, for Balmain. 149, Dowling-st., W'm'loo.

WANTED, three MEN to drive, must know town well. Apply J. Bennis' stables, St. Peter-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; also, a NURSEGIRL. Apply after 9 o'clock. 118, William-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Rankin, 145, Rushcutter's Bay.

WANTED, respectable young General Servant, three in family. Apply early, 200, Victoria-st. S., Darlinghurst.

WANTED, sober MAN to cut firewood, with circular saw. Farrell's Coal Yard, Woolloomooloo Bay.

WANTED, General SERVANTS; wages 14s, 15s, 16s; immediate engagements. 120, Elder-st., nr. Oxford-st.

WANTED, a young MAN, for kitchen. Agricultural Hotel, Haymarket.

WANTED, young Woman as WAITRESS, restaurant. 220, George-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, for small family. 215, George-street North.

WANTED, a COOK and Laundress, and a useful GIRL. Palmoral, 225, Macquarie-street North.

WANTED, by young Man, a Home, in private family, Woollahra preferred; bath indisp. Coona, Herald Office.

WANTED, at once, Restaurant COOK; also, General Servant. Beach's Dining Rooms, 118, Harris-st., Ultimo.

WANTED, a smart young MAN, to make himself useful. Punch's Angel Hotel, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a competent COOK and LAUNDRESS; references required. Mrs. Hixson, Dawes Point.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, to be useful. R. Ralph, Raglan-street, Waterloo.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. Moxham, Peacock's Point, Balmain.

WANTED, a good KITCHENMAN, used to a Restaurant. 9, Margaret-street.

WANTED, a young MAN, for Butcher's shop. Campbell and Smith streets, Surry Hills.

WANTED, GIRL, to mind a Baby. 30, Rose-street, Darlington.

WANTED, a good sober GROOM. Woodler's Horse Repository, Pitt-street.

WANTED, 25 MEN clearing light timber. Apply R. Young, next Post-office, Ryde.

WANTED, a good strong GIRL, for plain housework. Mrs. Ogle, 399, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply Belgrave-terrace, No. 1, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, two competent MEN as horse drivers. John Brown, timber merchant, St. Leonards.

WANTED, for Glebe Point, thorough General SERVANT, 2 in family, wash and iron well. 10, Abercrombie-st.

WANTED, for country hotel, Man, as COOK; must be young and active. A. Cooper and Co., 371, Pitt-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Mrs. Lacey, Young-street, Croydon.

WANTED, AXEMAN, Chainman, also Cook, for surveyors' camp. W. H. Binsted, 73, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, young Girl, General SERVANT, private family. Apply 13, Cowper-terrace, Church-hill.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Carlisle House, Norwood-street, Petersham.

WANTED, respectable BOY, able to milk, make himself useful. Cleveland House, opp. Old Exhibition.

WANTED, a good COOK, for survey party. Apply after 5 o'clock this day. Ch. Christie, Ferry-rd., Glebe Pt.

WANTED, good Chinese COOK, able to understand and speak English. Coogee Bay Hotel.

WANTED, smart girl as General SERVANT; highest wages. Apply after 10, 122, Forbes-street.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as COOK. Apply to Mrs. Myine, Como, Darling Point.

WANTED, a BOY. J. Barron, sailmaker, corner Kent-street and Gas-lane.

WANTED, a smart BOY. Cameron's, 82, King-street.

WANTED, Pick and Shovel MEN. Apply, with tools, Mort's Dock, Balmain.

WANTED, a smart LAD, generally useful in a store; reference required. C. Kingsborough, 129, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a House and Parlour MAID. Apply S. Mark's Vicarage, Darling Point.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, to mind a baby. Apply 18, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo, 9 and 10 to-day.

WANTED, a drick CARTER; also, a MAN to make shop Bricks. Gore-hill Brick Works, North Shore.

WANTED, a MAN, to garden, milk, and generally useful. Apply to D. Mitchell and Co., Clarence-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT; German preferred. Care of Mr. J. D. Langley, St. Philip's Par., Church-hill.

WANTED, MAN to work an orangery; wife to wash, &c. Apply J. H. Knibbs, 9, Market Wharf.

WANTED, M. Couples, for up line and suburbs, eld. Couple for 2 in family, single Men. 83, Market-street.

WANTED, Chinese and other Cooks, Kitchenmen, Waiter, first-class hotels; Tip-carters. 83, Market-st.

WANTED, Gardener, take charge; young Men, milk, farm work; Boy, ride, milk—all country. 83, Market-st.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; must sleep at home. Apply 154, King-street, opposite Supreme Court.

WANTED, a smart BOY, to work in cellar. Apply E. Greer and Co., 15, Macquarie-place.

WANTED, Surveyor's Cook, Farming Men, Gardeners, Milkmen, Grooms, Married Couples. 14, Hunter-street.

WANTED, two first-class Shirt IRONERS. Apply 15, Bligh-street, opposite Union Club.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID and a WAITRESS. Tighe's Hotel, Pitt-street.

WANTED, at Blackwall Stores, FORTY MEN. Apply Stores, Circular Quay.

WANTED, a respectable General SERVANT, that could sleep at home. 99, Macquarie-street South.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID, used to hotel. Blue Bell Hotel, Erskine-street.

WANTED, WASHERWOMAN, this morning, early. Apply 86, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a sober Man, as GROOM and Coachman. Hawkes and Co.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 255, Kent-street, near Margaret-street.

WANTED, an active WAITRESS. Club House Hotel, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. 92, Hunter-street.

WANTED, useful GIRL, with reference. 2, Domain-terrace.

WANTED, Monthly NURSE; also Woman, to wash. Apply W. G., Paddington Post-office.

WANTED, a respectable young GIRL. 27, Regent-street, Paddington.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; good wages. 17, Regent-street, near railway station; reference.

WANTED, sober MAN, drive tipcart. After 8, Foley's Hotel. E. Moore.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply Emu Inn, 55, Regent-street, Redfern.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, who can cook. Apply at once, 39, George-street North.

WANTED, competent NURSE, one infant; good House and Parlour, town. Miss Fowler, 205, Castl'gh.-st.

WANTED, man Cook, married Couples, Laundresses, Servants, all capacities, town, country. Shepparde, E'st-st.

WANTED, a single MAN, to drive horse and cart. Apply Stepney Hotel, Alexandria.

WANTED, a respectable light PORTER, with references. R. A. Kurts, 504, George-street.

WANTED, a middle-aged Woman, to assist in housework. 36, Little Albion-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a BOY for undertaking. Hart and Ferguson, undertakers, 845, George-street West.

WANTED, a smart respectable BOY, to be generally useful. Refreshment Rooms, Railway Station, Sydney.

WANTED, thorough COOK and Housemaid, G. Servants, M'Mahon's Registry, 126, Market-st., 290, Crown-st.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply William English, Hotel, Crown and Liverpool streets.

WANTED, 2 respectable Girls, as General Servants. Webb's Railway Hotel, George-street.

WANTED, 2 strong BOYS, used to smith's shop. No. 48, Belmore-street Coach Factory.

WANTED, a respectable young GIRL, for general housework. 340, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; wages, 13s per week. Ellis, 155, Oxford-street, next Clarke's, grocer.

WANTED, a smart BOY. W. Westbrook, boot warehouse, 108, Queen-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, tidy GIRL, about 13, to mind baby. Apply 128, Cobden-terrace, Devonshire-street, S. H.

WANTED, tidy little GIRL, to nurse a baby. Apply Arbela, 139, Queen-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, a useful MAN. Punch's Hotel, Pitt and King streets.

WANTED, two CARTERS; must be used to horses. References necessary. 20, O'Connor-st., 10 this morning.

WETNURSE wanted; to reside in the house. No. 4, Lorne-terrace, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, thorough good MAN for orchard, Castle Hill; wages, 30s—increase to good man. Orchard, Herald Office.

WANTED, four (4) good WASHERS; also, 2 good Shirt IRONERS. Apply early, 498, Elizabeth-street, near Cleveland-street.

WANTED, for the country, a MAN, who understands horses and kitchen gardening, must be well recommended. Apply by letter to T. F., Herald Office.

WANTED, a respectable middle-aged Woman, as General SERVANT in the country for the summer months, small family, no washing. Rockley, Elizabeth Bay.

WANTED, a strong LAD, of 16 or 18, to assist in stereotype department. Apply to H. H. Newman, Herald Office.

WANTED, an active young GIRL, to assist in housework; one willing to be taught. Strathspey House, 187, Macquarie-street.

WANTED, a steady young MAN, to work in a bakehouse and look after two horses. Apply, by letter, D. S. B., Croft, William-street.

WANTED, a HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID, no family. Apply to J. Page, between 1 and 2 p.m., third floor, 287, George-street.

WANTED, a first-class plain COOK; must be thoroughly competent, sober, and unmarried; references required. J. G. Cousins, Imperial Hotel, Mount Victoria.

WANTED, two MEN to drive brick-teams. Apply at once John Try's Buildings, Victoria-street. D. Shechy.

WANTED, a competent HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID, and NURSE and NEEDLEWOMAN; good references indispensable. Apply Mrs. Barton, Russell Lea, Five Dock.

WANTED, an experienced BARMAN, responsible position, for Pier Hotel, Manly; references required. Apply between 10 and 11, at Hunt's International Hotel, King-street.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as General SERVANT (another kept), for Boulevard, Petersham; a nice comfortable home, light work, out half day each week and every other Sunday; easy, near town. Mrs. Hopson, 590, Geo.-st.

WANTED, a young Person, as LADY HELP, to take charge of four little girls; youngest two years old, and to do needlework; a comfortable home and fair salary. Apply by letter, A. B. C., Post-office, Ryde.

WANTED, a farming Man, £40; a Gardener, milk, &c., £1; Waiter and useful, 17s 6d; young Men, to garden, milk, groom &c., £1; 2 married Couples, to groom, garden, milk, wife laundress or cook, £80. Simmonds' Reg., 222, Castlereagh-st.

WESTERN RAILWAY.—DUBBO TO NYNGAN.

Constant Employment for good men, forming permanent way, and gravel pits, &c.

Wages, 1s to 1s 3d per hour, eight hours per day.

A. and R. AMOS, Contractors.

YOUNG Girl, about 16, wanted as General HELP; no children. 143, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

Apartments, Board and Residence.

A BEDROOM, furnished, for a gentleman, partial board if required; bath, gas. 30, Nithsdale-street, Hyde Park.

ACCOMMODATION for boarders, single rooms and balconies, terms moderate; bath. 49, Bathurst-street.

ACCOMMODATION for married couples at 39, George-street North; baths, harbour view.

A FURNISHED ROOM to LET, suit a Dressmaker. 164, Woolloomooloo-street.

A LARGE front BEDROOM vacant, 223, Macquarie-street North. Terms moderate.

ALPINE HOUSE, 233, Macquarie-street North.—Vacancies for families, ladies, and gentlemen.

APARTMENTS.—Front Balcony Double BEDROOM, harbour view. 169, Macquarie-street, opposite Domain.

APARTMENTS, 175, Macquarie-street, near Domain entrance. VACANCIES for gentlemen. Terms moderate.

APARTMENTS, unfurnished or partly furnished, mar. couple, 5 min. G. P. O. Sanford, 216, Castlereagh-st.

APARTMENTS vacant, for a married couple and gentlemen. 103, William-street.

APARTMENTS, Strathspey House, 187, Macquarie-street.

APARTMENTS, Sitting and Bed Rooms vacant, private family, no children. 292, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

APARTMENTS to LET, city and suburbs. W. Richards, 41, Arcade, George-street entrance.

A VACANCY for Lady and Gentleman, or two Gentlemen. 106, Phillip-street.

AVOCA HOUSE, 22, Wynyard-square.—Vacancies for Boarders.

A PERSON, having a larger house than she requires, would LET part to a respectable person. Apply No. 16, Darlington-terrace, Sheppard-street, Darlington.

BOARD and Residence for 2 gents in private family. 71, Cleveland-street, Surry Hills.

BOARD and Residence for single men, terms 18s; bath and gas. 12, Francis-street, Hyde Park.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for 2 respectable tradesmen. Apply No. 10, Napier-terrace, Napier-street, Paddington.

BOWENFELS FAMILY HOTEL, by Mrs. A. Webb. First-class accommodation for visitors.

BALCONY front ROOM to LET, well furnished as bed and sitting room; no children; gas, bath, copper, use kitchen, and all conveniences; suit married couple. 305, Crown-street, opposite Public School, Surry Hills.

BALMAIN WEST or other suburbs.—Wanted, middle of December, BEDROOM and SITTING-ROOM, for lady and gentleman, with board and attendance; use of piano; stabling, if possible. C. B. A., Herald.

BOARD and Residence in gentleman's family offered to two gentlemen; beautiful villa, large grounds, overlooking harbour; terms, 50s per week; references exchanged. Apply Box 714, General Post Office.

CHANGE OF AIR.—APARTMENTS vacant as a farm house. Apply Mrs. Thos. Waite, Elm Vale, Mittagong.

CENTRAL QUARTERS (separate room) can be obtained by Gentleman of fair social position in house in best part of city. Apply, in first instance, Mrs. Mead, 55, Hunter-street.

DARLINGHURST.—APARTMENTS vacant, Rutland House, 221, Victoria-street, near William-street.

DARLINGHURST.—Vacant, comfortable furnished Apartments; piano, gas, and bath. 231, William-street.

DURHAM HOUSE, 120, Palmer-street, 5 doors below William-street.—Vacancies, ladies and gentlemen, moderate.

ELDEN HOUSE.—Very superior Accommodation for two or three gentlemen. 151, Phillip-street.

ELLERSLIE HOUSE, 20, Wynyard-square.—Vacancies for gentlemen, piano, bath. Terms, 21s.

ELM COURT, Moss Vale.—Superior private Boarding Establishment. J. Lawson, 265, Geo.-st., or A. Bray, Elm Ct.

FURNISHED Apartments, use of kitchen, verandah, ground floor, no children. 27, Hutchison-st., nr. Moore Park.

FURNISHED ROOM to LET, suit two gentlemen. No. 2, Ann-street, off Macquarie-street South.

FURNISHED or unfurnished ROOM, in cottage, quiet, bath. 34, Waterloo-street, Surry Hills.

GUNSLER'S HOTEL, North Terrace, Adelaide.

HYDORA HOUSE FAMILY HOTEL, Blackheath, nearest hotel to Govett's Leap. R. T. Hanks, proprietor.

MANLY.—Private BOARD and RESIDENCE for families and gentlemen. 1, Post-office Villa, Corso.

MOSS VALE for pure air, pure milk, and good cuisine. Apply Mrs. THOS. LOVELLE'S, Moss Vale.

MOSS COTTAGE.—To LET, 4 rooms and kitchen, furnished; 16s week. Mrs. Trumfield, Mosman's Bay.

MOUNT Victoria.—Stratford Cottage. Mrs. Atkin has comfortable private accommodation; piano. Terms mod.

MRS. BUTTON, 7, Grosvenor-terrace, Charlotte-place Church-hill.—Vacancies for boarders.

MANLY BEACH.—Kilminister's Clarendon Hotel, facing ocean. Drawing-room SUITES, families and gentlemen; baths, &c.

MOUNTAIN AIR.—VICTORIA HOUSE, MITTAGONG.—Mrs. M'ARA can accommodate visitors for change of air. Families will find comfortable airy rooms, bath, piano, grand scenery, buggy to station. Terms, £1 10s, child, half-price.

MOUNT VICTORIA.—Visitors to the Blue Mountains will find good ACCOMMODATION at Manning's Royal Hotel (late Holmes). Terms moderate. Charles Manning, proprietor.

PRIVATE APARTMENTS for ladies or gentlemen, close to tram. 84, Queen-street, Woollahra.

PRIVATE APARTMENTS for a few gentlemen, board optional. 120, Botany-street, Moore Park.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE for 2 gentlemen. Mrs. Bull, Richmond Cott., Norwood-st., Petersham.

PRIVATE Board and Residence for a young man. 51, Denison-street, North Kingston, Newtown, near station.

PERRY'S FAMILY HOTEL, MOUNT VICTORIA. ANNIE C. PERRY, Proprietress.

TERRALTA, Blackheath.—Private Boarding Establishment. Mrs. Loosley, proprietress, or 110, Market-st., Sydney.

TO LET, furnished Apartments, or single men boarders. Apply 486, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, near Moore Park.

TO LET, furnished BEDROOM, suit single gentleman. 165, Forbes-street, three doors above William-street.

TO LET, Sitting-room, 2 double beds, board, suit elderly couples. Apply Permanent, Post-office, Picton.

TO LET, furnished, a Front Balcony ROOM, with use of kitchen. 303, Crown-street, Surry Hills, opposite school.

TO LET, 2 or 3 furnished ROOMS, with use kitchen, piano. 118, Dowling-street, Moore Park.

TO LET, 3 large ROOMS, newly papered, 11s; 2 rooms, kitchen, 9s. Mrs. J. Walter Smart, Moore Park.

TO VISITORS.—Four beautifully-furnished Rooms, with or without board. 57, Lower Fort-street.

TWO or three ROOMS, suitable professional or other gentlemen. 197, Liverpool-street, Hyde Park.

TWO unfurnished ROOMS to LET, one with balcony, with use kitchen. 32, Arthur-street, Surry Hills.

TWO Unfurnished Rooms to LET, by widow lady; none with children need apply. 41, Queen-street, Woollahra.

TWO respectable Mechanics will find comfortable HOME; no children. 313, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

TEACHERS, Literary Societies, Classes, Committees.—Large, well lighted and seated ROOM, situated in most central, convenient, yet select part of Syney is obtainable. Apply, first instance, Mrs. Mead, 55, Hunter-street.

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL, MOUNT VICTORIA, is in the vicinity of all that is worth seeing on the Blue Mountains; magnificent scenery, beautiful walks and drives, myriads of ferns. Every comfort; charges strictly moderate. Letters and telegrams attended to. John G. Cousins, proprietor.

VACANT, a nicely-furnished ROOM, use of kitchen; suit married couple, 10s. Mrs. Ogle, 399, Crown-street, S. H.

VACANCIES for Gentlemen, 25s. Macquarie House, 217, Macquarie-street.

VISITORS to Blue Mountains.—Superior Accommodation, Wascoe House, Blaxland; terms. Mrs. De Josselin.

WYOMING, the Valley, Blue Mountains.—Best Accommodation; terms mod. Letters attended. C. Fluke.

A GENTLEMAN and his wife req. BOARD, for a few weeks, in Darlinghurst. Domus, P. O., Paddington.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM required by a gentleman, in a private family, and in a healthy locality. State terms, &c., to G. H., 630, George-street.

BLUE MOUNTAINS.—Wanted, Furnished COTTAGE, four or five bedrooms, for four months; Wentworth Falls, Katoomba, Blackheath, or Mount Wilson. State terms and particulars to X. Y., P. O., Randwick.

LADY wants plain BOARD and RESIDENCE; no other lodgers; widow preferred. State terms to J. G., Post-office, Newcastle.

LODGINGS.—Wanted, furnished BEDROOM, in quiet locality, near Haymarket, wanted by gentleman, out all day. State lowest terms, &c., to No. 390, Herald Office.

REQUIRED in Burwood, a ROOM, suitable for a school. Hope, Post-office, Burwood.

REQUIRED, BOARD, RESIDENCE, and EDUCATION for two Children, and partial Board and Residence for Gentleman, in a healthy locality. State terms and particulars to R. P. X., Herald Office.

SINGLE GENTLEMAN requires BEDROOM with harbour view; partial board; bath indispensable. Address, stating terms, Permanency, Herald Office.

TO LANDLORDS.—Wanted, HOUSES, all over city and suburbs. W. Richards, 41, Arcade, George-st. entrance.

TWO respectable young Men, Board and Residence, Woollahra or Paddington. Homely, Woollahra Post-office.

WANTED, a single furnished Bedroom, near Hunter-st.; private family pref. State terms, N. L. J., Herald.

WANTED, furnished COTTAGE, containing 6 or 7 rooms; Waverley preferred. State terms, M. F., Herald.

WANTED, two Furnished ROOMS, with use of kitchen. State terms to W. B., Herald Office.

WANTED, by young man, a HOME in private family, 5 minutes from Bay-street, Glebe; bath indispensable. Address Scartan, Herald Office.

WANTED, clean, unfurnished ROOM, by quiet person, where no lodgers; easy terms. L. G., Herald Office.

WANTED, BOARD and Residence, on the Mountains, Southern line. T. H., 67, Pitt-street.

WANTED, by a young gentleman, BOARD, &c., in private family; state terms. Box 344, G. P. O.

WANTED, Furnished ROOM by married couple. Apply, stating terms, XYZ, Post Office.

WANTED to Rent, 5-roomed RESIDENCE, on tram route. Carr, 20, Jamison-street.

WANTED, respectable BOARDERS. Mrs. Kennedy, 107, Liverpool-street, near George-street.

WIDOW Lady requires balcony ROOM, board, quiet, few minutes' walk from town. G. W. Croft, William-st.

WANTED, early in December, a HOUSE, containing not less than 10 bedrooms, also two sitting-rooms. Vicinity, Macquarie, Bligh, Elizabeth street north, or Wynyard-square. Address Domus, Box 706, G.P.O.

WANTED to Exchange, a Villa RESIDENCE, of 10 rooms, in one of the suburbs along the line, for a 6-roomed COTTAGE in a similar position, difference either way to be adjusted. Parsons and Smith, agents, 139, Pitt-street.

WANTED, by a young gentleman whose business leads him to travel the country districts, occasional BOARD and RESIDENCE in a central portion of the city. Not adverse to extra charge, in order to secure the comforts of a home. Address stating terms, Phono., Herald Office.

To Let.

A FOUR-ROOMED HOUSE to LET. North Kingston, Trade-street, close to Newtown station.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen. W. B. Moore, Elizabeth-street, Ashfield.

A SPLENDID furnished HOUSE to LET, 5 rooms, water frontage. T. Butement, 135, Pitt-street.

A SEVEN-ROOMED HOUSE, 2 balconies, harbour view, gas, water, stove in kitchen, finished first-class, every convenience £1. S. Whelan, corner Elizabeth and Sutherland streets, Paddington.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, on the Prospect-road, that very unique Residence, known as ROSEMOUNT, replete with every possible convenience; also, first-rate stabling, &c.; area, 6½ acres. E. Ramsay, house agent, Sydney Arcade.

A SMALL country RESIDENCE, with about 20 acres, for £1 per week; divided into paddock, orchard, and garden; pure air, plenty of water; not far from a post-office, and near enough to city 'bus. E. Ramsay, house agent, Arcade.

BALMAIN.—COTTAGE to LET; rent, 9s; 4 rooms. A. Bowen, Campbell-street, Balmain.

BALMAIN WEST.—W. B. HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen, large yard, fine view. W. Thornton, Darling-street West.

BLACKHEATH.—To LET, for not less than three months, ALTAIR, 6 rooms. G. R. Harrison, Albion Wharf.

BOWRAL.—To LET, Furnished COTTAGE. Apply to Mrs. Von Arnheim, 27, Upper William-street South.

BRUMBY-ST., nr. Devonshire st.—To LET, House, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c.; rent, 15s. G. R. Swyny, 10, Park-st.

BAKER'S SHOP and DWELLING of 5 rooms, bakehouse, oven, and stabling, fittings are optional; splendid stand, in a main thoroughfare; low rental; lease, about 3½ years. F. RAMSAY, House Agent, Arcade.

COTTAGE to LET, Darling-street, Balmain. E. R. Cole, George and King streets.

COTTAGE to LET, 2 rooms and kitchen. Surrey Cottage, Reuss-street, Leichhardt, Petersham.

CROYDON.—To LET, comfortable 6-roomed COTTAGE, kitchen, pantry, and washhouse; good view, large allotment, only 7 minutes from station; rent, 25s per week. Apply G. Watson, house agent, Charlotte-street, Ashfield.

DOWLING-STREET.—No. 41, 6 rooms, balcony, passage, water, low rent. Mr. Baass, 275, George-street.

DARLINGHURST.—To LET, Glenview-street, HOUSE, every convenience. Mr. Stodden, on premises; or J. O'Grady, Mount Pleasant, Paddington-street, Paddington.

DIDLISTON, Pyrmont Bridge-road, Camperdown, 10 minutes' walk from Forest Lodge tram or 'bus.—Large stone COTTAGE, drawing-room, dining-room, 5 bedrooms, and attics, bath, store, kitchen, laundry, stable, man's room, coachhouse, &c.; garden, paddock, large yard, gas, and water. Apply on premises, or to H. E. Jones, 77, Pitt-street.

FAIRMOUNT Cottage, Summer Hill.—To LET or Sell, 1¼ Acre, 6 minutes from station. T. Moore, 207, Oxford-st.

FOSTER-ST., No. 16.—To LET, House, 6 rooms, washhouse, balcony; rent, 18s. G. R. Swyny, 10, Park-street.

FRONT OFFICE, 359, George-street, nearly opposite the General Post Office; 20s.

FURNISHED small HOUSE to LET, in town. Apply 165, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo. Rent moderate.

FURNISHED small House, for 1 or 2 months; piano, linen, &c.; 1 min. station. Apply Petersham Post-office.

FRONT OFFICE to LET, first floor, 317, George-street, lately occupied by Mr. T. W. Warren. For terms, apply to Mr. Millett, on premises; or to Mr. Warren, at his new store, 50, Clarence-street.

FOREST LODGE.—To LET, No. 2, Magnolia-terrace, a desirable well-finished RESIDENCE, situate on the healthiest part of Pyrmont Bridge-road, close to the Forest Lodge 'bus stand, also to tram terminus; 7 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, washhouse, &c.; bells, blinds, gas throughout; city water; rent, 32s 6d. Apply to A. M'Govisk, at the terrace.

GLENMORE-ROAD, Paddington.—No. 84, to LET. Apply at No. 82.

GLEBE.—To LET, good new HOUSES, at from 14s to 22s 6d per week. Apply to G. T. Bean, Denman-street, Glebe, opposite Police-station.

HOUSES to LET at Paddington, Newtown, Petersham, and Waterloo. W. Richards, Arcade, 41, Geo.-st. entrance.

KENT-STREET.—To LET, on a building lease for 21 years, GROUND, 33 by 70, in Kent-street, near Margaret-street. Apply Box 144, Post Office.

LARGE FLAT and OFFICE to LET, ground floor, near Exchange. Apply 17, Macquarie-place.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, large new Buildings, adjoining St. Thomas' Church, West-st., every con., rent mod.

NORTH ANNANDALE.—To LET, COTTAGE, View-street; four rooms in main building, servants' rooms, bath, kitchen, stove, copper; £1 week.

NEAR ST. MARK'S CHURCH.—To LET, semi-detached COTTAGE, situated in Cross-street, Double Bay; ample ground, and water laid on; 15s per week. Apply next door. 'Bus passes.

NORTH SHORE, Mosman's Bay, new COTTAGE, 6 rooms, wide hall, pantry, bathroom, washhouse, plentiful supply of water, splendid views of harbour and ocean; rent, £65 year. Oatley and Cahill, auctioneers, 40, Hunter-street.

NORTH SHORE.—A detached Villa RESIDENCE in splendid order, situate in CARLOW-STREET, known as ANNAVILLE, containing 9 rooms, 2 servants' rooms, kitchen, bathroom, pantry, copper, balcony, verandah, &c., close to the reserve; rent, £150 per annum and taxes. Keys at Mr. Gale's, next door. Agents, HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

NO. 60, MACLEAY-STREET, known as Montague-terrace, to be LET, on the 15th proximo, containing on the ground floor, dining and sitting rooms, kitchen, scullery and pantries. On first floor drawing-room, 3 bedrooms, bath, &c., and large balcony. On the second floor, 4 bedrooms, nursery, and linen closet. On the third floor, 3 rooms. This well situated building commands an excellent view of the Harbour and Domain. Further particulars can be obtained between 9.30 to 10 o'clock a.m., and 2 to 3 o'clock p.m., from G. M. Alexander, agent, 17, Hunter-street.

OFF Begg-street, Paddington.—To LET, very nicely-furnished 6-roomed HOUSE, 45s. E. Ramsay, Arcade.

OFFICE, best position, newly done up, mod. rent, suit any business or profession. 309, George-st., nr. Hunter-st.

OFFICES and CELLARAGE to LET, from 25s. Apply Mackenzie and Cape; or Royle and Co., Bond-street.

OFFICES to LET, those large rooms lately occupied by Messrs. R. Towns and Co. W. M. Attwood, 253, George-st.

OFFICES.—To LET, two large front ROOMS, venetian blinds; first floor. 311, George-street.

OFFICES TO LET. Market-chambers, George-street, opposite the Markets, and near the Central Police Office. PARSONS and SMITH, 139, Pitt-street.

OFFICES and extensive CELLARAGE to LET in CAPE'S-CHAMBERS, Bond-street, between George and Pitt streets, opposite Bank of Australasia and London Chartered Bank, and close to Exchange; suitable for public companies, solicitors, merchants, warehousemen, &c.; rentals from 25s per week. Apply to Mackenzie and Cape, Pitt and Bond streets.

OFFICES TO BE LET.

OFFICES, Lyons-buildings, George-street, opposite Bridge-street.

Two STORES, George-street North, opposite Queen's Wharf.

HARDIE and GORMAN, Agents, 133, Pitt-street.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, &c. Apply W. T. Brown, Bishop-street, Petersham.

PETERSHAM, Rofe-st.—Violet Cottage, 3 rooms, wash, city water; pretty Cottage, 11s. G. Swyny, Park-street.

PARRAMATTA.—To LET, HOUSE, Macquarie-street, 6 rooms, kitchen, stable, gas and water. Apply Gilbert H. Smith, George-street.

PARRAMATTA.—To LET, stone COTTAGE, Rose-hill-street, 6 rooms, kitchen, stable and outhouses, paddock, and plenty of water. Apply Gilbert H. Smith, George-street.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, General STORE, doing good trade, splendid position; the owner has other business to attend to; stock at valuation. Alfred, Annandale Post-office, Parramatta-road.

PARSONS and SMITH have to LET.

BANKSTOWN, at corner of Liverpool and Rookwood roads.—A Butcher's Shop and Dwelling-house of 3 rooms and kitchen, &c., large yard and smokehouse, boiler, sausage-machine, and every convenience.

CHARLOTTE-PLACE.—A first-class House, containing 8 rooms, kitchen, &c.; gas and water, and every convenience.

DAWES POINT.—Family Residence of 8 rooms, kitchen, &c., commanding a splendid view of harbour.

FURNISHED COTTAGE at Burwood, close to station, containing 7 rooms, kitchen, laundry, garden, and paddock.

PARSONS and SMITH, Agents, 139, Pitt-street.

REDFERN.—To LET, No. 6, Margate-terrace, Turner-street, copper, 6 rooms; rent, 15s. Apply 101, Redfern-st.

RYDE.—Freak COTTAGE, late Captain Simpson's, commodious, acre ground, just repaired. Apply H. Selwyn Smith, 97, Castlereagh-street.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST DOCTORS.

CHANGE OF AIR AND CHANGE OF SCENE.

To be LET, or Exchange.
Detached COTTAGE, Manly Beach, 7 rooms
Detached COTTAGE, Darlinghurst, 8 rooms
Pretty COTTAGE and Grounds, Redmyre, 6 rooms
COTTAGE, detached, St. Leonards, 7 rooms
HOUSE, Darlinghurst, 9 rooms
COTTAGE, Elizabeth Bay, 6 rooms
HOUSE, Double Bay, 6 rooms
HOUSE and Grounds, Glebe Point, 8 rooms, &c., &c.

W. P. WOOLCOTT, Bell's-chambers.

SHOP to LET, corner new Canterbury and Wardell roads, Petersham; every convenience.

SHOP and DWELLING to LET. 71, Regent-street, Redfern, opposite Hudson Brothers' Sawmills.

SHOPS to LET, with and without stables. Cook Brothers, Harris-street, Ultimo.

SHOP to LET, corner of Church and Harris streets, Pyrmont; suitable for any business; good stand. Apply 71, top of John-street, Pyrmont.

STORE.—Two FLOORS to LET, with patent hoist, &c. Apply G. Harrington, 630, George-street.

SUMMER HILL, 6-roomed HOUSE, bath, washhouse, shed, every convenience, 25s; close station. J. Thomas, S. Hill.

SURRY HILLS, close to Belmore Park, small HOUSE, rent, 12s per week. Oatley and Cahill, 40, Hunter-street.

STORE, or part of Store, ground floor, wanted, Clarence-street, between King and Margaret streets. Apply W., 333, General Post Office.

SURRY HILLS, 725, Bourke-street, near tram terminus and Moore Park.—Excelsior-terrace, 6 rooms, kitchen, bath, and washhouse, &c.; rent only 25s. Key on premises.

SHOP and 5 ROOMS, 77, Goulburn-street, £1; House, 6 rooms, £1; also, Houses, 4 rooms, city, 10s, to LET. Apply 9 to 10, morning, at 331, Castlereagh-street, near Goulburn-street.

STANMORE STATION.—To LET, next month, those superior new HOUSES, 7 rooms, bath, kitchen, and washhouse, &c., facing the line and Annandale Park, with 8-feet balconies; rent only 30s. A. Cubitt, Arcade.

SYDNEY TATTERSALL'S BUILDINGS.—Superior Offices and splendid Shops, also one elegant Room, to LET, in this magnificent structure, the very heart of the city. Plans, &c., with E. Ramsay, agent, Sydney Arcade.

STORES, Clarence and Druitt streets, opposite Town Hall.—To be LET, those two new STORES, now being erected, and to be finished early in February, each three story and basement; cart entrance from Druitt-street. For particulars apply G. R. Swyny, 10, Park-street.

STORES in CLARENCE-STREET.—To be LET, from about 1st February next, the GROUND FLOOR and BASEMENT of capital Stores in CLARENCE-STREET, near Erskine-street, specially suitable for wine merchant, foreign import firm, or wholesale business. A fine position, with first-class arrangements. HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

TO BUTCHERS.—To LET a SHOP and DWELLING, doing a good trade. Apply to 109, Crown-road, Ultimo.

TO LET, SHOP and Dwelling, adjoining Synagogue, Castlereagh-street. 311, George-street.

TO LET, 2 SHOPS and STORES in that newly-erected large building in Pitt-st., near Bathurst-st. 238, Pitt-st.

TO LET, 137, Dowling-street, Vere de Vere-terrace, 9 rooms. Apply Mr. Furness, William-street.

TO LET, furnished HOUSE, in fashionable suburb, new piano and furniture. Address Woollahra, Herald.

TO LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, copper, 16s. Elton-terrace, High-street, Woollahra, nr. tram term.

TO LET, 231, Forbes-street, Darlinghurst, six-roomed HOUSE, gas and bath. Mountcastle, 335, George-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, fronting Government Reserve, Birch Grove, Balmain. Apply on premises.

TO LET, a SHOP, 4 rooms. Apply corner Crown-road and Quarry-street, Ultimo.

TO LET, 3 new HOUSES, Terminus-street, Petersham, opposite the station. Apply Captain Bainbridge.

TO LET, OFFICES, situate at corner of Bond and George streets. W. Foy, 266, George-street.

TO LET, Butcher's Shop or other Business, in Duke-street. Apply Little House Hotel, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, Harris-street, Ultimo, baker's SHOP, 6 rooms, &c.; rent, 25s week. 760, George-st., Haymarket, first floor.

TO LET, a 7-roomed HOUSE. Inquire 53, West-st., Darlinghurst.

TO LET, SHOP and DWELLINGS, Harris-street, Pyrmont; COTTAGES, Petersham. Healey, Victoria Wharf.

TO LET, three new HOUSES, Park View-terrace, bottom Bay-street, facing Wentworth Park. Rent, 21s.

TO LET, HOUSE, five rooms, large yard. 467, Riley-street, near Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, 4, Matilda-terrace, Moore Park-road, 4 rooms, kitchen, balcony. Key No. 1.

TO LET, No. 2, Alpha-terrace, Denison-square, Surry Hills, 7 rooms and bathroom. Apply No. 3.

TO LET, six-roomed HOUSE, gas, water laid on, convenient. Abigail, Denison-street, Newtown.

TO LET, 3 new WORKSHOPS, also suitable for storage rooms. Simmonds' Registry, 222, Castlereagh-st.

TO LET, 5-roomed HOUSE, water; 12s week. Inquire Mrs. Pope, Denison-street, Woollahra.

TO LET, ROSEBANK VILLA, Rosebank-street, Darlinghurst, furnished, for a period of three or six months. Apply on the premises.

TO LET, FARMHOUSE, 4 rooms, furnished with all requisites, 7 miles from Mittagong; rent, 10s week. Apply by letter, A. Corrie, 165, Pitt-street, Redfern.

TO LET, SHOP, King-street, between George and Pitt streets, grand position for jeweller or any business. By letter, Shop, Gordon and Gotch.

TO LET, at Concord, a 6-roomed HOUSE, with detached kitchen, outhouse, 5-acre paddock; 25s week. Mrs. T. Johnson, 3 and 5, Markets.

TO LET, three HOUSES, every convenience; 4 rooms and kitchen. Apply C. W. Stapleton, Lachlan-street, off Bourke-street, near Johnson's Nursery, Surry Hills.

TO LET, on and after 1st December, CELLAR now occupied by T. V. Rauch and Co., 65, Pitt-street. Apply to James C. Taylor, accountant, 99, Pitt-street.

TO LET, new HOUSE, 4 rooms, hall, kitchen, washhouse, bath, balcony, stove, &c.; city water; close to tram and rail. Mr. Brooks, Diana House, Australia-street, Newtown.

TO be LET, a first-class BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT, situate best part of city, and doing a good business; furniture can be had at a valuation. Parsons and Smith, agents, 139, Pitt-street.

TO LET, new PREMISES, with handsome stone fronts, suitable for offices or first-class shops, George-street, opposite Circular Quay. Apply North Queensland Mining Investment Company, 83, Pitt-street.

TO LET, on lease, those large Business PREMISES lately erected in Pitt-street, south of Bathurst-street; also, large STORE at rear, suitable for factory, workshop, &c. J. A. Brown, 238, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a comfortable COTTAGE, in good order Leicester-place, off Underwood-street, Paddington, containing 6 rooms, &c., gas, water, close to tram. Keys next door. Hardie and Gorman, 133, Pitt-street.

TO LET, Enmore, Simmons-street, semi-detached Villa CLIFTON, 6 rooms, bathroom, and washhouse, with copper, side buggy entrance; rent, 22s 6d; gas and water. Apply Hawthorne, next door; or Herr Francik, 8, Thomson-st., Darlinghurst.

TO LET, or for SALE, Petersham, a comfortable nine-roomed W.B. HOUSE, 10 minutes from station; garden, outhouses; healthy situation; 2 acres, double frontage; rent, £130, principal only. Box 299, G. P. O., Sydney. Easy terms.

THE AMELIA PALACE BUILDING will be to LET for Boarding-house and Store, or first-class Hotel, in one of the best streets in Penrith, now nearly completed. Apply J. E. Williams, Mount Clare Park; or the Mayor (A. Colles), High-street, Penrith.

TO LET, in Leicester-street, off old South Head-road, Paddington, HOUSES, near tramway, containing 6 lofty apartments, bathroom, laundry, copper, balconies and verandahs, water and gas laid on; rents, £5 per month, landlord paying taxes. Gerald Phillips, Pitt and Bond streets.

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SYDNEY.—Printed and published by JOHN FAIRFAX and SONS, at the office of the *Sydney Morning Herald*, Pitt and Hunter streets, Wednesday, November 29, 1882.